The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 38. TUESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1896, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXIX.

MR. ALLEN SWORN IN

No Doubt Concerning the Election of Utah's Congressman.

LEGISLATIVE TRANSACTIONS.

The House and Senate in Session—Meetings of Congressional Committees.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The House today adopted a joint resolution authorizing Lieutenant Sidney E. Jordan, of the Fifth U. S. artillery, and Captain E. C. Carter, assistant surgeon of the U. S. army, to accept medals from the British government.

Member-elect Allen (Utah) was sworn in, the judiciary committee reporting that there was no doubt concerning his eligibility.

Loud, (Rep., Cal.) reported from the committee on postoffices a resolution calling upon the postmaster general for information concerning the number of clerks employed since June 30, 1895, to do the work formerly done by calculating machines; the number of clerks in twenty of the largest postoffices whose salaries have been reduced, the number increased and the number of new men employed since June 30, 1894, with the reasons therefor and the results in the matter of efficiency.

A report from the committee on judiciary calling upon the attorney general for information as to what steps, if any, he had taken to enforce the laws of the United States against trusts, combinations and conspiracies, and what further legislation, if any, is needed, was made by Henderson (Iowa).

The resolution was adopted.

On motion of Dingley a resolution was adopted calling on the secretary of the treasury as to the amounts received from licenses of the Alaskan seal islands each year from May, 1890, and from 1889 to 1890, and the number of skins taken each year; also the cost of policing Bering sea and the North Pacific each year since 1890 and the amounts paid for the support of natives of Alaska.

A report made by Aldrich (Rep., Ill.), chairman of the committee on accounts, recommending the appointment and release of sundry minor officials of the House, evoked a warm discussion in which Johnson (Ind.) and Walker (Mass.), both Republicans, attacked the alleged combination and controlled the appointment of House officers.

The recommendation of the committee on accounts were approved and at 1:35 the House adjourned until tomorrow.

THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—In the Senate today Jones (Dem., Ark.) reported from the finance committee a free silver substitute for the House bond bill and gave notice that he would call it up tomorrow and ask the Senate to consider it.

Morrill, chairman of the finance committee, notified the senate that the substitute was opposed "by every Republican member in the committee."

The bill went on the calendar.

Hoar offered a resolution which was referred to the finance committee, providing that hereafter any contemplated issue of United States bonds shall first be advertised at least twenty days, and such bonds shall be sold to the highest bidder.

FOR SCHOOLS OF MINES.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—A favorable report was made by Senator Dubois from the committee on public lands today on the bill granting twenty-five per cent of the proceeds of the sale of mineral lands to various public land states for the support of schools of mines.

DISCUSSING CUBAN AFFAIRS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7. — Several members of the House consulted the leaders today regarding the introduction of resolutions for the recognition of the insurgents of Cuba as belligerents.

It is quite likely, however, the Cuban question will not come up for discussion until the committee on foreign affairs makes a report.

Representative Sulzer of New York called at the state department today, accompanied by President Palma, of the Cuban revolutionary committee, Secretary Quesada, Horatio Rubens, a prominent Cuban sympathizer, and Marquez Sanguilly (now held in the Morro castle, Havana.

Secretary Olney was absent at the cabinet meeting, so the party did not see him. They left a large bundle of papers for his inspection. It is believed the main purpose of the visit was to secure energetic action in behalf of the imprisoned Sanguilly, who claims American citizenship.

ON PACIFIC ROADS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The first meeting of the House committee on Pacific railroads held to-day was largely a formal affair for organization and while no definite step was taken toward framing a plan to adjust the indebtedness of the roads to the government, it was decided to begin that work at once and hold the first meeting for the purpose on Saturday next. The hearings of interested parties, if any are granted, will be brief.

TARIFF AMENDMENTS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The Republican senators went into caucus at 10:30 today, but adjourned at 12 to meet again after the conclusion of the day's session of the Senate. The entire time of the caucus was consumed in discussing proposed amendments to the tariff bill, but no formal expression was secured upon any of them, this being left until the afternoon session. The prevailing sentiment appeared to be against all amendments and a tendency favorable to reporting the bill as it came from the House. Several senators expressed doubts as to the wisdom of the bill in any shape, and there was an evident disposition to regard the bill as purely an emergency measure.

Senator Quay moved the adoption of the House bill, but the motion was lost sight of in the general discussion.

Baker, the new senator from Kansas, made a vigorous speech in opposition to the House bill, if it came before the Senate unamended. He said if any tariff legislation was to be enacted, he thought it should be done on Republican and protection lines. He also favored a course of non-action in view of the declaration of the administration that the present tariff would afford all the revenue needed. He thought, however, if any legislation should be attempted this time, changes should be made in a few schedules only, such as those covering wool and sugar, which should be reformed upon purely protection lines.

Other speeches were made by Senators Allison, Aldrich, Perkins, Hale, Chandler, Hawley and Barrows. Senator Barrows contended for an advance in the rates on chemicals, oils, metals and agricultural products, while Perkins advocated its strong language the placing of sugar on a footing of equality with other products.

Allison and Aldrich explained briefly the attitude of the Republican members of the finance committee, saying that they were of the opinion that if any changes were to be made they should be in a way of increasing the House rates on agricultural products, spirits and pottery and adding sugar to the list to be increased 15 per cent.

At 2 o'clock Voorhees took the floor to discuss the gold reserve resolution introduced by Sherman several days ago. He said last Congress passed a bill which carried ample revenue for the government and a small surplus besides. The Supreme Court had stripped the measure of $30,000,000 of revenue by a decision that was a surprise to nearly every intelligent lawyer on the floor. While discussing the decision of the court, he would observe comity between the co-ordinate branches of the government, but he would say the income tax decision was one of the most remarkable ever delivered and was so considered by a majority of the people, including able lawyers everywhere.

NO LONGER DENIED.

The Rumor of a U. S. Naval Demonstration in Turkey.

CHICAGO, Jan. 7.—A special from Washington says: It is no longer denied that the big armored cruiser New York and probably other vessels in Admiral Bunce's squadron, if not the entire fleet now lying in readiness in Hampton Roads has been ordered to be in readiness for a voyage to Gibraltar in case the Turkish government does not promptly answer the demand by Minister Terrell's peremptory demand for immediate reparation for the destruction of American property and the injury to American citizens by Turkish subjects. In any event it is understood that the cruiser New York may leave for the Mediterranean shortly moreover, the departure of the other vessels depending on the contingency of the Turkish attitude undergoing a material change.

ITALY AGAINST ENGLAND.

Serious Tension Existing Between the Two Countries

On Account of the Perilous Position of the Italian Expedition in Abyssinia.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—A dispatch to the Herald from Berlin says: Serious rumors are in circulation here regarding the situation of Italians in Erythrea. Their position is said to be almost desperate. It is learned that the tension between England and Italy in regard to the refusal of the former power to allow the latter to disembark troops at Zeilay has become very serious.

IN A DIFFICULT POSITION.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—A dispatch to the Herald from St. Petersburg says: A dispatch from Massowah says that the Italians have retired from Adowi to Adjgrath and were harassed en route by the Abyssinians. In an interview M. Leontiff said that the Italians were in a very difficult position. He thinks that the report that the Abyssinians want food is not true. King Menelik collects a percentage of the corn grown which he sells in time of peace but has not sold for three years, having hoarded it for this war.

Retreat will make an immense difference in the attitude of the doubtful tribes. As for King Cojem being an enemy of King Menelik, that is untrue, M. Leontiff says. The Italians have now retreated 300 kilometers, and it will take 100,000 men to beat the Abyssinians. The opinion here is that the Abyssinian question is going to assume extensive proportions.

Railway Communication in Cuba.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—The central cable office of Western Union Telegraph company sent out the following today: "Railway communication between Havana and the Cuba Submarine company's station at Batabano has been re-established. Trains leave twice a day at 6 a. m. and 2 p. m. occupying about two same hours. Telegrams for West Indian points south of Havana can go forward via Key West subject to some delay."

A GREAT DISCOVERY.

Light That Penetrates Organic Substances as Glass.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—A dispatch to a local paper from London says:

The noise of war alarms should not distract attention from the marvelous triumph of science which is reported from Vienna. It is announced that Prof. Roetgen of the Wurzburg University has discovered a light which for the purposes of photography will penetrate flesh and most other organic substances. The professor has succeeded in photographing metal weights which were in a closed wooden case; also a man's hand which shows only the bones, the flesh being invisible. The Chronicle correspondent says the discovery is simple. The professor takes a so-called Crooke's pipe, viz: a vacuum pipe with an induction current going through it, and by means of rays, which the pipe emits, photographs on ordinary photographic plates. In contrast with the ordinary rays of light these rays penetrate organic matter just as ordinary rays penetrate glass.

He had also succeeded in photographing hidden metals with a cloth thrown over the camera. The rays penetrated not only the wooden case containing the metals, but the fabric in front of the negative. The professor is already using his discovery to photograph broken limbs and bullets in human bodies.

Belmont and Mrs. Vanderbilt.

NEW YORK, Jan 7.—A local paper says:

The marriage of Oliver H. P. Belmont and Mrs. Alva Vanderbilt will be celebrated at the residence of the latter on January 23. On January 25 they will sail for Europe. Much was the information given last night by one who is on the closest terms with Mrs. Vanderbilt.

Insurgents Round Havana.

HAVANA, Jan. 7.—The insurgents are still in the vicinity of Havana, but their movement are not of sufficient importance to chronicle in detail. The number of insurgents at Managua and Calabazar, fourteen miles from this city, have been increased, but it is now believed that Havana itself will not be attacked for some time. The insurgents have burned a mixed train from Cardenas near Bangualoca, and the Spaniards claim they assaulted the women among the passengers.

THE BRITISH WAR OFFICE.

Unusual Activity Displayed Starts Sensational Rumors.

The Army Reserves and Part of the Militia to be Mobilized, It is Thought.

LONDON, Jan. 7.—The Globe this evening prints sensational news under the following scare headlines: "Activity in the War Office—Anticipated Military Measures." The Globe then states the war office has sent a special military messenger this afternoon to the colonial office, stating, it is rumored, that important orders are pending. A dispatch from the military camp at Aldershot says the general belief, almost backed by proof, prevails that the authorities are considering the mobilizing of the army reserves and part of the militia. The men employed in the ordnance stores are very busy.

Nominated by the President.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The President has sent the following nominations to the Senate. Lieut. Col. William E. King, corps of engineers, to be member of the Missouri river commission. To be members of the California debris commission: Col. Chas. Russell Suter, Major Chas. E. L. B. Davis, Capt. C. E. Gillette, all of the corps of engineers. Treasury: Third Lieut. William H. O'Day, of Pennsylvania, and Third Lieut. Henry L. Peckham, of Rhode Island, to be second lieutenants of the revenue service.

Assignment of a Large Firm.

PORTSMOUTH, Jan. 7.—Padras Bros., manufacturers of ladies' shoes, assigned with assets of $180,000 and liabilities $150,000. The firm employed 750 hands and had seventeen salesmen. The local creditors are protected by mortgages amounting to $97,000.

No Fear for the Baltimore.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—No alarm is felt at the navy department over the U. S. S. Baltimore, reported at San Francisco to be overdue. She was sailing under orders to stop at Yokohama, and if she had laid up there a week for any cause, would not yet be due.

THE TRANSVAAL TROUBLE.

A Reuter's Correspondent in Prison as a Spy.

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 7.—Mr. Lotty, correspondent of Reuter's Telegram company here, has been imprisoned upon suspicion of being a spy in the interests of the British Chartered South Africa company.

SEMI-OFFICIAL DENIAL.

BERLIN, Jan. 7.—A semi-official denial was issued this morning of the statement from Cape Town, contained in a dispatch to the Times of London, that Dr. W. J. Leyds, secretary of state for Transvaal, with the secret fund at his disposal had floated the German Colonization company with the intention of introducing 5,000 German military settlers into Transvaal.

WILL NOT RECOGNIZE ENGLAND'S CLAIM.

BERLIN, Jan. 7.—At a special audience which Dr. W. J. Leydsl, secretary of state of Transvaal, had with Emperor William today, his majesty decided he would not recognize any claim of suzerainty over Transvaal. Great Britain by treaty, 1844, claims suzerainty over Transvaal republic.

Calling for Information.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The House committee on judiciary today agreed to report a resolution calling upon the attorney general for information why proceedings have not been taken to enforce the the anti-trust law. The House adopted the resolution.

Killed His Wife.

SPOKANE, Wash., Jan. 7.—Frank Denison of Rockford unexpectedly returned home last night and found his wife in the company of Patrick Hickey. The enraged husband ran into another room for his shot gun. Hickey escaped from the house. Mrs. Denison was about to follow and had reached the door, when she received the contents of both barrels of the gun in the back, killing her almost instantly. Denison then pursued Hickey, but before he could overtake him, he was disarmed and placed under arrest. Denison and Hickey are prominent business men of Rockford.

MORGAN HEARD FROM

The Syndicate Must Have the Whole Bond Issue or Nothing.

NO SENTIMENT IN WALL STREET.

The Government's Gold Reserve Entirely at the Mercy of a Few Financiers.

CHICAGO, Jan. 7.—A special from Washington, D. C., says:

Now comes the important information from Mr. Morgan who has formed or is forming a bond syndicate, that he will take all the bonds offered by the government or none. This is his ultimatum.

The experts in finance know what this means. Hear what the best one in the government says under cover of confidence:

"The syndicate will get the bonds, because speculation is a cold-blooded game. There is no sentiment in Wall street. It is well enough to speak of patriotism and brotherly love among the citizens of a nation, but these sentiments do not spring from the hearts of men who corner gold. Just as sure as these bonds are sold, just that sure will Wall street get them. A bank in Steubenville, Ohio, the National Exchange bank, telegraphed today offering to take $20,000 of the bonds at $112. Other banks, I am told, have sent similar messages to Mr. Carlisle. A dozen or more of them were received before noon. But there were no messages from New York or from Philadelphia or from Boston. These cities harbor the men who control the gold of this country. They may not have it themselves, but they have a way of getting it. When you have learned the intricacies of finance you will learn that the bankers and brokers of New York, with their affiliations and connections reaching across the sea, can hand themselves together under the present laws and manipulate the gold reserve of this government as nicely as an engineer manipulates his throttle."

There is a belief expressed in other quarters that in the end the syndicate will control this bond issue just as it did the last. It is thought that while the public may subscribe to some extent, the great financiers, the men who would have formed the syndicate, will go together and make a price for practically the whole issue which would be higher than the average individual would care to give, and which would compel the secretary of the treasury to award the bonds to the combination.

Secretary Carlisle was prompted to write his bond call by news which he had received from Secretary Olney who had been in New York and who was then on his way to Washington. Just before 9 o'clock Sunday night Mr. Olney rescued Washington and was driven immediately to the White House. A few minutes later Mr. Carlisle and Attorney General Harmon were summoned to the White House by telephone. Then the secretary of state, reading from the notes he had made at his home, dictated the call, which was later made public. What information did Mr. Olney bring from New York? That is a question not so easily answered. The men who know are few. The private secretary to the President was besieged for information on this point, and in reply to all questions he remarked that he belonged to the great majority who know nothing. Some of the men whose opinions are worth something believe that the Blanchard-Elkins's resolution which was discussed so warmly in the Senate Friday afternoon was responsible in part for the sudden issue of the bond call. By this resolution Senator Elkins sought to declare the sense of the Senate to be against the sale of bonds to a syndicate, or, in other words against a private sale. The resolution rests on the calendar of the Senate as unfinished business, to be taken up at noon today.

ASK FOR RECOGNITION.

Object of the Visit of Cuban Revolutionists at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—It is learned that the chief purpose of the leaders of the Cuban revolutionary party in coming to Washington today was to push vigorously the movement to secure recognition of the two belligerents by this government. They came to the secretary a brief but forcible presentation of the claims of the insurgents to recognition. Recently the House adopted a resolution calling upon the state department for all information in its possession concerning the revolution. President Palma and associates immediately began a compilation of evidence in justification of their cause. It is probable the documents were given to Secretary Olney or that their substance will soon be transmitted to the House. There is a strong sentiment in the House, which has been advanced by the recent successes of the Cubans, that this government should do all in its power, consistent with international usages, to assist the patriots. President Palma predicts that the insurgents will capture Havana within three months and that the Cuban republic will be established in six months if it has the recognition of the United States.

After Mr. Pulitzer.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—In the Senate, Mr. Lodge called attention today to the recent telegrams between the Prince of Wales, the Rothschilds and other well known British subjects and Mr. Pulitzer of the New York World, concerning the Venezuelan and Transvaal policies of the government. He said they were in contravention of a statute of the United States forbidding such communications between private citizens and officers of foreign governments, and the attorney general should prosecute Pulitzer for thus attempting to influence this government.

Gray of Delaware defended Pulitzer.

The Obituary List.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—Major James Clarence Post, U. S. A., died last evening at the home of his father-in-law, John T. Pettit. He was born in this city and was appointed a cadet at West Point on July 1, 1861. At one time he served the American legation in London. Of late years Major Post was detailed to the engineering corps in the department of the East. He was a member of the University club.

LONDON, Jan. 7.—Sir Julian Goldsmith, the well known Hebrew philanthropist, is dead. He was born in 1846.

LEIPZIG, Jan. 7.—Philip Reclam, the publisher, is dead.

One Rebellion Ended.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The acting Portuguese minister, Senor Taveira, has received a cablegram announcing the capture of Gungunhana and a note tendered by Captain Mousinho. The news of the capture of the leaders of the rebellion in Mozambique causes the greatest enthusiasm in Lisbon, and it is considered in Portugal the capture means the end of the rebellion.

Sending Gold Away.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—Lazard Freres & Co. have drawn $1,000,000 gold at the sub-treasury for shipment tomorrow. Hesselbache, and Inselheimer also ship $500,000 gold bars.

The total of the gold engaged up to 1 o'clock today for tomorrow's shipment is as follows: Lazard Freres $1,000,000 in gold bars, Hesselbach, Inselheimer & Co. $500,000 in gold bars and $500,000 in gold coin.

RUN ON THE GOLD RESERVE

Fears Formerly Expressed About to Be Realized.

Evident Efforts to Force the Secretary to Abandon His Popular Loan Program.

CHICAGO, Jan. 7.—The Post's Washington special says: The fears entertained of a run on the gold reserve bid fair to be realized. Information was received at the treasury department today that orders for the importation of gold had been cancelled and that $6,000,000 would go out by tomorrow's steamers.

Private advices from New York also tell of large withdrawals for domestic exportation. This is what the administration feared more than the withdrawals for exports. "Scare dispatches" poured into Washington this afternoon from Wall street news agencies asking for the latest about the treasury situation. It is not improbable that the secretary of the treasury may be forced to abandon his popular loan program and make another syndicate deal within ten days or two weeks to protect the reserve against annihilation. The reserve will be down to $58,000,000 by tomorrow night on known figures.

Josie Hill Dead.

Josie Hill, the notorious Salt Lake courtesan, who was shot by Sid Larkins, a desperate and jealous lover, at Idaho Falls, on Christmas night, is dead. Contrary to expectations in some quarters, she made no confessions criminating any person in the Callahan murder. But she emphatically declared that she was innocent and that the killing was done by a masked man to her unknown. Miss Hill may and may not have told the truth. She was a woman of extraordinary fortitude and will power, capable of even facing death with a die on her lips, if by such a course she could shield a person whose secret she had sworn not to divulge. Larkins is still in jail and will have to stand trial in the Idaho courts for murder.

COLONEL WINDER "CANED."

The D. A. and M. Society Honors Its Worthy and Capable President.

At 10 o'clock yesterday (Monday) morning, just before the moving of the Inaugural procession, the directors of the D. A. and M. society met in special session at the secretary's office in the Constitution building, and worked a pleasant surprise on Col. John R. Winder, their worthy and capable President, and one of the oldest workers in behalf of the Territorial Fair.

The meeting was called to order and Secretary Pyper was requested to read a resolution which had been unanimously adopted at a previous meeting. The resolution was as follows:

Whereas, The board of directors desire to express their appreciation of the efforts and kind consideration of Colonel John R. Winder in his official capacity as president of the D. A. and M. society; therefore, be it

Resolved, That a committee consisting of Directors Spears, Empey and Simon be appointed to purchase a gold headed cane on behalf of all of the directors, and at a suitable time to present the same in the name of the directors to their respected and worthy fellow laborer.

Mr. Simon then presented Colonel Winder with a beautiful gold headed cane properly inscribed and bearing proclamation date, January 4th, 1896, and in a most speech expressed the esteem and confidence felt for the president by his associates and expressed the hope that he might carry the cane until he should be 100 years old.

President Winder, responding, said that he was taken by surprise, and felt overwhelmed with the expression of good will on behalf of the directors. He had enjoyed his two years' labor with the present board very much, and felt satisfied with their work and especially with the success of the last fair.

Colonel Winder also said he had been connected with the society from the first year of its organization. This was in 1856, forty years ago. In that year he was elected a director under Edward Hunter, then president. He continued a director during the incumbency of President Woodruff, whom he succeeded as the society's president. He filled this office until 1890, and was reappointed president in 1894. He could not say contrasting the conditions in the past and those surrounding the people at the present time. Under Statehood the society should administer a great work in developing the resources of this glorious commonwealth. He earnestly concluded, "Let your watch cry be progression and the industries of the State will, but your influence and help. Personally, I don't know whether I shall live the hundred years so wished by Mr. Simon or not, but whatever number of years I do live I desire to fill them worthily and for the good of all our people." In all his experience, this was the first time, Col. Winder said, he had ever been honored in this manner and hoped he should continue to live in the esteem of the directors and of his co-workers and friends.

Hand shaking followed and the meeting adjourned to look in the parade.

TRANSFERS OF MINING STOCK.

The Bulls and Bears Still Continue to Put Up and Knock Down.

The mining stock exchange knocked down to business again today and before adjourning the session quite a number of transfers had been made. On the board for listed stocks appeared the name of East Golden Gate, leading many to believe that the property had been admitted by the listing committee, but after a sale of 200 shares of the property, Mr. Ryan interrupted the proceedings by declaring that East Golden Gate was not a listed stock, and should not appear on the board. Application for the listing of the property had been made, but as yet no definite action had been taken upon it. He therefore moved that it be stricken from the board, and the motion carried, all the members supporting it but Hill who voted negatively. This action, however had no effect on sales made, they being simply recorded as nonlisted sales.

Another feature which created some little nonsensicalness, occurred when Hill offered 1,000 shares of Dalton stock at 10 cents, and right on top of that sheets made a similar offer. Mr. Andrew, not being cognizant of Mr. Hill's offer, accepted the offer made by Sheets, when Hill pulled for the ruling of the chair. The chair ruled that inasmuch as Mr. Hill was the first to make the offer, the transaction rested between he and Mr. Andrew.

The values fixed by today's call are as follows:

LISTED STOCKS.

Mines	Asked	Bid
Alliance		4
Alice	60	45
Alpha	8	6
Bullion Beck		4.25
Commercial Quartz	25	15
Cecilia	4.25	
Deer Trail	4.50	
Eureka Hill	4.50	
Grand Central		
Gold Chain		
Horn Silver		
Iron Blossom	1.90	1.75
Lehigh	2.50	2.25
Mammoth	1.87½	1.45
Marion		
Ontario	9.50	9.25
Ontario Extension		
Rio Grande		
Silver King Consolidated		
Tetro Tunnel		
Uncle Sam	1.62½	1.25
Utah	1.00	.50

UNLISTED CALL.

For Little Pittsburg stock bidders asked 2½ cents, at which figure some was sold, closing bid 2½ cents.

East Golden Gate received a bid of 57½ cents after some had been sold for 55 cents, but none was offered at that figure.

Allen offered 75 shares of Geyser at $1.45, which was taken by Thompson. More was wanted at the same figure but none could be found.

Fifteen cents was asked for Rogan while 10 cents was the highest bid.

Utica was offered at 55 cents, Dalton for 94 cents and Gold Belt for 10 cents but there were no takers.

Ten cents was wanted for Comstock; highest bid 2 cents.

Old Fred was placed on the market at $1, but not a bid was made.

One dollar and five cents was asked for Hecla stock, while the highest bid was 95 cents.

Holders of Eagle stock offered it at 40 cents, which brought out a bid of 25 cents.

Stock in the State Bank of Utah was offered at $70; highest bid $65.

One hundred dollars was asked for Z. C. M. I., the bid being $97.

Deseret National Bank was held at $200, receiving a bid of $194.

Clark, Eldredge stock was put up at $85, and closed with a bid of $72.50.

The following stocks were offered at the respective figures, with no bids: Cleveland, 55 cents; Bullion-Beck Tunnel company, 20 cents; Commercial National Bank, $85; Deseret Savings Bank, $125.

Natural Gas stock was placed on the market at 9 cents, but buyers refused to give more than 7½ cents.

Cunnington & Company stock asked $90; highest sale only bid $50.

SALES OF LISTED STOCK.

Lowe to Colborn 300 shares of Anchor stock at $½ per share.

Sheets to Hill 100 shares of Mammoth at $1.45 per share.

UNLISTED SALES.

Sheets to Lowe 3,000 Little Pittsburg at 3½ cents.

Lowe to Germaine 1,000 Little Pittsburg at 3½ cents.

Allen to Thompson 75 Geyser at $1.45.

Hudson to Lowe 1,000 Little Pittsburg at 3½ cents.

Hill to Andrew 1,000 Dalton at 10 cents.

Andrew to Sheets 500 Rogan at 15 cents.

Germaine to Colborn 100 East Golden Gate at 55 cents.

Germaine to Hill 100 East Golden Gate at 55 cents.

J. I. A. Lecture Series.

The second lecture of the Mutual Improvement series will be delivered by Bishop Orson F. Whitney next Sunday at 8 p.m. The subject will be Oratory, Poesy and Prophesy. All are invited.

The morning officers' meeting has been postponed.

FATAL MERCUR FIRE.

A Large Portion of the New Mining Town Destroyed.

GEO. BARNARD BURNED TO DEATH,

Narrow Escape of Other Persons—A Heavy Blow to the District —Buildings Uninsured.

The fire fiend went out on a devastating tour last night with the result that one man, George Barnard, of Brigham City, was burned to death, and other persons subjected to an experience that they will never forget. In all about $25,000 worth of property was destroyed. Not one cent's worth of insurance was carried, and policy writers throughout the city have been felicitating themselves accordingly, while unfortunate owners of destroyed business blocks and residents are in dire distress and despair.

The fire, it appears, had its origin in a room of the Lewis hotel where an attache of the place was engaged in drawing off gasoline. From some unknown cause the fluid ignited and in a remarkably short space of time the blaze had enveloped several of the nearest buildings. Being lumber concerns the flames found easy burning fuel. The news of the calamity that had so suddenly overtaken the camp traveled even faster than the conflagration itself and miners appeared on the scene from every direction and worked as only human beings can under such circumstances. But proper facilities for fighting fire were not at hand and they made very slow progress.

When the flames had been beaten back and extinguished the hotel where the blaze started, Caldwell Bros.' butcher shop, the Golden Gate saloon, Joseph Lippman's recently purchased cigar store, F. M. Bishop's assay office and a number of other buildings with their contents had been reduced to ashes. The total loss, it is said, will closely approximate, if not exceed $25,000. The lamentable feature is that there was no guard against loss, all the insurance companies refusing to write policies until better provisions are made for extinguishing fires. But for the heroic work of business men and miners sides the fire would have been much greater. The Mercur hotel and immediately surrounding buildings were made special marks for protection and were overhung with wet blankets, kept so by continuous streams of water. Other buildings were torn down in order that the path of the devourer might be cut off.

George Barnard, a bartender at the Lewis hotel, and a resident of Brigham City, perished in the flames. His remains were charred beyond all human semblance. He was thirty years of age and unmarried. S. J. Moody, of Ogden, who occupied a room in the hotel near that of Barnard, had a very narrow escape as did also several other persons. Lewis, the owner of the hotel, recently went to Mercur from Beaufiful, his former home.]

A NARROW ESCAPE.

A Bullet from a Winchester Rifle Finds Its Way Into a Bed-room.

Mr. William J. Willes, of 425 Fourth street, Twentieth ward of this city, called at the News office this afternoon and exhibited a bullet from a Winchester rifle which came whizzing into his bed-room yesterday morning about 9 o'clock, a few minutes after his wife had finished putting the room in order. The leaden bullet came through the shingled roof into the room and tore a large piece of plaster from the ceiling, and landed on the bed, which Mrs. Willes had just finished making. She heard firing going on about a block east of the house and thinks the missle must have come from that direction. The lady and her husband thinks this is a narrow escape, and so it is. Too much care cannot be exercised in the use of firearms, and this should be a warning.

UTAH POULTRY SHOW.

Chickens, Geese, Ducks, Pigeons and Rabbits of the Finest Type, Now on Exhibition.

The Utah Poultry association opened its ninth annual exhibition today in the store rooms formerly occupied by the People's Equitable Co-op. at Nos. 5 and 7 East Temple street. This year's collection of birds is the best that has ever been placed on exhibition in this city, and goes to show that poultry fanciers in Utah are rapidly awakening to a sense of the fact that greater profits can be made from keeping fine-bred poultry than is realized from the raising of "scrubs," if such a term is allowed in the parlance of poultry-raisers. Not only are chickens, ducks, geese and pigeons on exhibition, but rabbits also, ranging from the sage-brush cotton-tail to the finest Malagascar, are among the curiosities seen at the Utah Poultry show. The exhibit will remain open all this week, closing on Saturday night, and all who are in any way interested in the results of the farm-yard would do well to pay it a visit.

Licensed to Wed.

Clerk Stanton issued marriage licenses today to Daniel Lunn, aged 22, and Amy A. Harper, aged 24; to Joseph A. B. Bond, aged 23, and Margaret C. Bloomfield, aged 18, all of this city; John Sellstrom, aged 42, of Murray, and Mary Bergh, aged 35, of Salt Lake.