careely enough clothing to cover us for the succeeding winter, God has blessed the people, and through the wisdom and the power and influence wisdom and the power and influence that He has given to this people they have built, as I have said, a common wealth in these mountains that is the admiration of every unprejudiced man. These so called Mormon thieves," these "Mormon intlaws," these people who were considered unworthy to live in Illicis and in Missouri have come tere, and we behold to-day huntreds of settlements, hundreds of dites, built in the most admirable diles, built in the most admirable namer. A government exists here for the protection of the poor as well is the rich; and I have often said, that when we take into consideration the fact of the poverty of the worle, that we have had an influence of the poverty of the state of the poverty of the povert tion the fact of the poverty of the mople, that we have had an influx wery year of about 3,000 on an average of foreign immigrants, unacquainted with our methods of living, to familiar with our climate, coming here stripped—that is, coming sere with very little to aid them—this one of the most wonderful bings that a community like this an absorb so many records annually.

an absorb so many people annually and show no evidences of pauperim. We have no paupers. Now, my brethren and sisters, these results—and I think them under the circumstances significantter the circumstances significant—
nee due to the blessing, wisdom,
power and guidence of our God.
We have been sustained here by
His arm. Yet at the same time we
have been treated like a step-child
by our parent government. Loyal
we are to the core; believing as
we do that the constitution of our
country is inspired of God; looking
noon this form of government as spon this form of government as God given and as the best possible form of human government; not withstanding we entertain these views, we have been treated from the beginning as though we were glens and as though we were a stephild instead of one born legally and atitled to the blessings that the he compact of the Union are entitled

we have had this sort of treatment from the beginning. Every act of ours has been viewed with jealousy. Nevertheless, we have prospered. God has been with us. His blessing has been upon us to these mountains, not because in these mountains, not because governors have been sent here not of our choosing; not because federal officials have been sent here in whose selection we have had no voice; not because for reveral years back it has almost been deemed a qualification for officers to hate the "Mormon" people among the "Mormon" people among whom the federal officials were going to serve; but because there has whom the federal officials were going to serve; but because there has been a union in the midst of the people, there has been a wisdom, bere has been a power in the govinnent which God has given. God has developed true statemanship in the midst of these Latter-day Saints. There are hundreds of men in this community who can take a body of people and go into these desert wilds and build up a city, or a number of cities, and govern and control them in a manner that if the whole world were governed in that way would produce the grandst and happiest results. We have demonstrated our capacity for self government, and it is inherent it may be said in the people, springing, as I believe, from the wisdom and blessing that God has bestowed upon men. There is no community to-day within the conflues of these United States that can furnish so many practical men of this character as can the Latter-day Saints, and the evidences of it are to be seen in the good order that prevails throughout these mountains from horth to south and from east to west, wherever the Latter-day Saints live north to south and from east to west, wherever the Latter-day Saints live and have influence. I praise God for it. I claim no credit for man in I claim no

no room for expansion in cur old pes-

again took the stand and said: I have felt the exertion almost too much for me. I am not very strong in body at present, but I will con-

We consider as Latter-day Saints that we have rights here, and al-though we have been dealt with, as we would call it, rather sourvely by the government that ought to foster us, yet at the same time we have strictly adhered to the letter of the law, even in the face of the assumed purity those people (our enemies) profess to attach to themselves. We have not resisted any of these things, but have treated those men who came as our oppressors, if you please, with kindness and due respect notwithstanding they have in-troduced many things in our midst at variance with the laws and con-stitution of the United States, and with our rights as American Citi-zens. We have yielded for the time being, but we purpose in behalf of ourselves, of our children, in behalf of the institutions of this nation, and of thousands of honorable men in it, to test these things to "the last bats end," and see legally and constitutionally whether this nation will snatain these acts or not, nation will sustain these acts or not, and then if they do we will leave them in the hands of God and pursue our course trusting in Him. But one thing I will say, and that is that this cause is onward; and as my brethren havesaid, so say I, that God has commenced it and He will take care of it. I know what I am saying. I know when I am speaking that I am speaking not only to you but to the world; for it will be published to the world. And I tell you Latter-day Saints not to fear, not to have any trembling in the knees, for the God of Israel is on the side of Israel, and hosts of angels alside of Israel, and hosts of angels also. There are more for us than there can be against us; and God will sustain the right and take care of and preserve His people it they will only do right.

We have embraced the Gospel.

We have placed ourselves in another
position from that of the world.

We have entered into secred covenants with the Lord and He expects us to fulfil our covenants, and those who do not fulfil them will be condemned. There are certain rules and regulations that exist in the heavens as well as on the earth. We are told that before we can enter into the celestial kingdom of God we shall have to pass by the augels and the Gods, and if the Latter-day Saints aim at a celestial exaltation Saints aim at a celestial exaltation they must live and abide by the celestial law or they will not get it any more than the Gentiles will. Hear it ye Latter-day Saints! God expects you to be pure, virtuous, holy, upright, prayerful, honest, obedient to His law, and not to follow the devices and desires of your own hearts. God has revealed many things to you and He will reveal many more. He expects you to abide His law, and those who do not want to abide it had better quit to-day, the sooner the better, for to-day, the sooner the better, for God expects us to do His will in all things. If we are Seventies we have to go to the nations of the have to go to the hations of the earth. If we are members of the Twelve we have also to go to the nations and preach the Gospel, or see that this work is done. If we are Presidents of Stakes, we must do our duty, draw nigh to God and seek for the revelation of His will that we may know the things we do and the things whereof we testify. our duties or we will be moved out of our place. I do not care who it is these words may effect; for God is building up a Zion and that Zion means the pure in heart, the honorable, the upright, the virtuous, and those whose sympathies extend to the promotion of the welfare of the human family. He this matter. It is the divine blessing, and it is in accordance with
the plan that has been pre-arranged
in the heavens. Why, the very fact
that we were permitted to be drivthat we were p en to these mountains shows us the hand of God in it. There was a knowledge of the truth that will

tlement by a sparse people, a peo-ple such as we are. No dense popu-lations could live here.

PRESIDENT TAYLOR, at this point, therein the sacred ordinances of God's house, and the Spirit and blessing of God will rest upon us, and we will stand, as the Script Tree. say, as saviors upon mount Zion, and the Kingdom shall be the Lord's; and woe! to them that fight against Zion. Amen.

BOX ELDER STAKE CON-FERENCE.

Was held in the Tabernacle at Brigham City, Saturday and Sunday, Oct. 27th and 28th, 1883, Pres. O. G. Snow preciding.

The weather during conference was quite unfavorable, and the Saturday meetings were thinly attended, nevertheless, there was a rich flow of the Holy Spirit resting on the speakers and congregation, and the most valuable instructions were given unto the Saints. The subjects were chiefly the weakness of huwere chiefly the weakness of huwere chiefly the weakness of numanity, proneness to vanity, and the love of earthly things, the tendency to yield to appetites and passions which in general terms are common to all mankind. The necessity of a wise exercise of charity and forbearance for each other, and of wielding the influence of persuation and lung suffering.

of wielding the influence of persuasion and long suffering.

On the afternoon of Saturday we
were pleased to see in the stand
Apostle A. Carrington, who delivered in the forenoon of Sunday an instructive discourse, full of the choicest counsels and exhortations, delivered with child-like simplicity;
said the Israel of our God is increasing in faith: exhorted all to pursue ing in faith; exhorted all to pursue an active, earnest and energetic course in the great work of our God, an active, earnest and energetic course in the great work of our God, and guard against the spirit of coveteousness, selfishness, and their attendant evils; the love of money and wealth, incites to its worship, and the sequence is idolatry. I pity a wealthy man, it has ruined many spiritually; in riches alone there is not harm, but the evil lies in the love of them; exhorted all to be kind, mereiful and forgiving, and contribute of their means to aid and assist each other, build up one another, not oppress and pull down, be long suffering, and exercise the power of persuasion towards those who err. We should be careful, and not take our brethren severely and untake our brethren severely and un-wisely to task, or infringe on the

rights of any one.

Apostle Lorenzo Snow, delivered on Eunday afternoon an excellent discourse, taking for his taxts the 19th verse on page 301—Doc. & Cov. "I give upto you these sayings that ye may understand and know how to worship" etc. He desired by the spirit of God to say a few words to the Saints on the preparation necessary to behold the son of God and live with him here. When he comes rights of any one. live with him here. When he comes and dwelis with his people He will be a stumbling block to the Gentiles as he was unto the Jews, when he sojourned in the land of Judea. He then gave a description of his glorious appearance in the Kirtland Temple, and also on another occasion when the Prophel Joseph bore testimony to those present live with him here. When he comes bore testimony to those present of Jesus's identity; spoke of the three glories, and said those who receive of the Telestial glory, suffered the wrath of God on the earth, and the torments of hell; they were those who loved and made lies, etc.: those who loved and made lies, etc.; related a dream a prominent Elder had had of a noted man who had departed this life, but who in life was not what he appeared to be,

a pleasing feature of the Confer-

The usual reports were read, the general Church and Stake authorilisten to it and obey it. general Chu He then expects us to build ties were pres temples as we have been ly sustained. ties were presented and unanimous-

no room for expansion in cur old position. We could not have grown, we could not have developed. But our enemies were determined to make us great, and they thrust us out and zent us into a land which God evidently had designed to be acttled by just such a prople as ourselves. There is no such land under the sun to-day. It is the habitat, the true habitat of the Latter-day Saints, admirably adapted in every featur of its climate, of its conditions, of its mountains, of its valleys, of its water making it admirable for set-

Tooele City on Saturday and Sunday, Oct. 27 and 28, 1883.

Saturday, 10 a.m. Meeting was called to order by Prest. H. S. Gowans.

Present on the stend: Prest. Jos. F. Smith, Apostle F. M. Lyman, Presidency of the Stake, Bishops and officers of the Stake.

The morning was occupied in re-ceiving reports from the Bishops of the various Wards, and the Indian mission of this Stake, all of which denoted a marked improvement with the people and a more fervent determination to live to the require-ments of the Gospel.

Remarks were made by Patriarch Jno. Rowberry, Prests. Gowans and Anderson on matters pertaining to the interest of the Stake and general

After which Prest. Jos. F. Smith After which Frest. Jos. F. Smith gave a powerful discourse treating upon the duties and requirements necessary to be observed to entitle the Saints to enjoy a fullness of the giories prepared for the faithful.

7 p.m.
The Y. M. M. I. Associations of the Stake met in Conference, when reports were made from the different Associations of the Stake, and a reorganization perfected.
After which, Prest. Smith spoke very feelingly to the young brether.

After which, Freet. Smith spoke very feelingly to the young brethree and sisters, appealing to their better ludgments and counseling them in the ways and laws of the Lord, showing the results of a wayward

Sunday, 10 o'clock a.m.
After the usual opening exercises.
The clerk read the statistical report of the Stake for the past six months

of the Stake for the past six months when Prest. Growans presented the general Authorities of the Church, officers of the Stake. The respective wards of the Stake for the sanction of the people all of which were unanimously sustained.

Apostle F. M. Lyman, occupied the remaining portion of time giving good council and encouraging the young men to prepare themselves to fill responsible positions; his remarks were replete with good instructions. instructions.

2 p. m.
After the Sacrament was adminisered Bro. Wm.Jefferies reported the
Sabbath School in good Sabbath School in good working condition.

Bro. D. E. Harris made a few

Bro. D. E. Harris made a few spirited remarks stating that we are engaged in a progressive work and that the Lord does acknowledge his Saints as manifested by his protection and salvation towards them.

Prest. Joseph F. Smith spoke on a variety of subjects of material interest to the Latterday Saints showed the fallacy of some of the doctrines of so called Christians, our relationship to Deity, and the future progress of those under the covenant that live fully to the laws of God.

This ended one of the best Con-ferences held in this Stake. The splrit and power of the Holy Priesthood actuated those that spoke and impressed the hearers with a renew-

ed life of purity and uprightness.

Professor Lewis Bowen and choir as also the juvenile band did ample justice to their portion of the programme.

GEORGE ATKIN,

Clerk of Stake,

COMMISSIONS.

The following commissions have been issued by Acting Governor Arthur L. Thomas, since last report:

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

respecting marriage.

The Willard City choir was in ater, Shonesburg precinct. Constable—Ira Beal, Shonesburg precinct.

BEAVER COUNTY.

Constable-S. W. Messenger, Beaver precinct.

KANE COUNTY.

Justice of the Peace-Silas Harris,

SALT LAKE COUNTY.

Constable-John M. Bowen, Fort

SAN JUAN COUNTY.

Prosecuting Attorney-James B County Clerk-Chas. E. Walton,

RICH COUNTY.

Justice of the Peace-M. C. Vorse,

PHUTE COUNTY.

| | Belectman-Volney King.

WASATCH COUNTY.

Constable-Heber Timothy, Wallaburg precinct.

MILLARD COUNTY.

Justice of the Peace-W. H. King, Fillmere precinct.

Justice of the Peace—C. Overson

Leamington precinct.

Justice of the Peace—Geo. Finlin. son, Oak Creek precinct.

Justice of the Peace—L. R. Cropper, Deseret precinct.

Constable—J. C. Macham, Leamington precinct.

Judge of Probate—Hyrum Mace.

Constable—E. L. Lyman, Oak

Creek precinct.

ANDERS LARSEN'S

SUPPORTERS!

WILL CURE THE FALLING OF THR
Womb in 12 hours and will also cure
other slokness originated in the Womb; there
fore they are indispensable in Childbirth and
for Growing LADIES to escape that dreadful
disease. \$1 each or 6 for \$5.

EFF A G R N TS W A N TE D.
Address, ANDERS LARSEN,
Terrace, C. P. R. S.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ESTATE OF RLIZABETH H. CANNON. DECRASED.

Notion is Hereby Given by The undersigned. Administrator with the will amexed of the Fetate of Elizabeth H. Cannon, deceased, to the oreditors of, and all cersons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator with the Will annexed at the Juvenile Instructor Office, South Temple Street, Sait Lake City in the County of Sait Lake.

Dated at Sait Lake City. October 11th, 1883

Dated at Salt Lake City, October 11th, 1883
GEO. C. CANNON.

Administrator with the Will annexed of the
Estate of Elizabeth H. Cannon. deceased.

89 4w

MOTICE.

TERRITORY OF UTAH. County of Balt Lake.

In the Probate Court of Sall Lake County, Utah.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF HENRY STRINGAM AND GEORGE STRINGAM, MINORS.

ON THE 15th DAY OF OCTOBER, 183, Of the property and persons of Henry Stringam, who is the Guardian of the property and persons of Henry Stringam and George Stringam, minor children of Briant Stringam, deceased, filed in this Court a petition, setting forth the condition and nature of the Estate of said minors, and asking this Court to make an order directing the next of kin of said Wards and all persons interested in the said estate, to appear before the Court at a time and place therein specified, not less than four nor more than eight weeks from the making of such order to show cause why an order should not be granted for the saie of certain real estate.

Now it appearing that said guardian has duly filed her bonds and an inventory of said minor's property baving been duly returned to this Court, and every thing appearing regular.

It is hereby ordered that Tuesday, 27th day

to this Court, and every thing appearing regular.

It is bereby ordered that Tuesday, 27th day, of November, 1833, at the bour of 10 o'clook a. m. of that day at the Court Room of this Court in the Courty Court House of Salt Lake County, Utab, be and is the time and place for the hearing of said petition, and the next of kin of said Wards, and all persons interested in said estate are hereby notated to appear at said time and place and show cause why said prayer of said Guardian should not be granted.

The Real Estate so petitioned to be sold is described as follows, to wit: Part of Lot two (2) in Block twenty (20) Big Field, 5 Acre Plat A., Fatt Lake County, Utah, beginning at the Southeast corner of said lot, thence North

irteen 91 rods, thence Weet forty-six (46)

rods, thence South thirteen 100 rods, thence East forty-six (48) rods to the place of begin-

Dated October 15th, 1883.

E, SMITH, Frobato Judge.

Territory of Utah,
COUNTY OF SALT LAKE.

I, D Bookholt, Clerk of the Probate Court in and for the County of Salt Lake, in the Territory of Utah, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full; true and correct copy of the order of said Court, fixing the time and place for the hearing of petition for order of saie of Real Estate in the matter of the Guardianship of the persons and estates of Henry and George Stringam, minors, as appears of record in my office.

In witness whereof, I have here

In witness whereof, I have here unto set my hand and affixed the Seal of said Court this 28th day of October, A. D., 1883.

D BOCKHOLT, Probate Clerk.

FOR SALE.

A FARM CONTAINING FORTY ACRES
of good land, thirty sores broken up,
with fourteen shares of water right, situated
about nine miles southwest of this city.
For information apply to
MILANDO PRATT,
deed saw At Historian's Office.