

## BIGGEST FIRE IN HISTORY OF SALT LAKE

Spencer Clawson's store, No. 2, just after the fire started, the suction coupling blew out and it required some time to repair it. Shortly after this word was sent to headquarters for more hose, and all of it was sent but the reel which was held in readiness. It is impossible to state at this time just how much hose was stretched. Fortunately for the firemen the water pressure was exceedingly good. Operator Maddy says that up to 7 o'clock the pressure maintained an average of 95.

Fireman O. G. Workman says that soon after they reached the fire, Dan Spencer of the Oregon Short Line asked him to save some of the records and papers in Mr. Burley's office. A ladder was at once raised and Workman, Sergeant Burbridge and Mr. Spencer made their way to the second floor. They succeeded in removing some mining stock, papers and a tin box. All the drawers of two desks were safely removed and that was all they saved out of the office.

### SPENCER CLAWSON'S STORY.

Was on the Ground Early and Worked Hard—Lost \$10,000—Insured. Spencer Clawson's wholesale dry goods house, No. 2, on the corner of the building and one of those that was wiped out by the fire. Speaking of the matter this afternoon Mr. Clawson said:

"It was about 4 o'clock when I was aroused by telephone and told that the store was burning out. I got up and dressed and started for the scene as quickly as possible. As I got on to the sidewalk I met three or four men who asked me if I was Mr. Clawson. They were all on the way to notify me of the fire. I got down to the store as soon as I could and had been there some time when the explosion occurred. I made an opening into the railroad office through which the flames shot with wonderful rapidity. After that it was no use to try and save anything that belonged to the railroad company. The firemen made a heroic attempt but the odds were too much for them.

"I succeeded in getting my office furniture and about \$10,000 worth of goods out of the store. I sent up home. I carried \$10,000 worth of goods which was fully insured. I cannot say what companies I insured with until I get my papers out of a three ton safe which now lies amidst the debris in the basement under the store into which it fell. The safe is fire proof and I think I will find the contents all right.

### CLOSE CALL FOR BURBRIDGE.

Police have their share of the excitement during the fire.

The big conflagration not only taxed the fire department to its limit but it was the cause of several police officers putting in extra hours in keeping the crowd back. Since 7 o'clock this morning Chief Hilton has had two shifts of men working, about a dozen being around the scene of the fire and keeping the regular beats. Those who were put on the 7 o'clock shift were easily distinguished by their neat and natty attire in contrast with the night men who looked as if they had passed through divers interesting experiences.

Probably the most picturesque figure at the scene this morning was Officer A. Randolph, who was the first policeman to arrive at the Short Line building ahead of the fire department. He was on the spot when the explosion occurred and after the dust and smoke had lifted somewhat he was observed in the act of picking himself up from the dusty road, a process much to the detriment of his uniform. To add to his beauty he assisted the firemen in trailing their hose, during which act he received a bonnet shower bath, which had the effect of turning the dust on his uniform into mud and ruining his immaculate white vest and linen beyond all recognition.

Shortly after the explosion the patrol wagon arrived and the men were busily engaged in stretching ropes to keep the crowd back from the danger zone. From that time on only firemen and reporters were allowed within the enclosure.

### REMOVAL TALKED AGAIN.

Rumor That Short Line Offices May Now Go to Omaha.

The Oregon Short Line's misfortune revives the talk of a removal of its offices to Omaha, which has been heard from time to time during the past year.

or two. A "News" representative saw Attorney P. L. Williams and several other officials of the road, and they all give it as their opinion that the offices would be retained here. Mr. Williams said the matter of quarters would be in the hands of Judge Conish, who was on his way to Salt Lake, and whom he expected here tomorrow. In the meantime several prominent business men have sent urgent telegrams to Mr. Harriman at New York, stating that the citizens of Salt Lake would see that the company was provided with temporary accommodations, and urging that no thought be entertained of a removal from Salt Lake.

### HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING.

North Class Rooms Badly Damaged by Fire and Water—Incidents.

When the High school scholars appeared on the scene this morning to participate in their studies they promptly organized themselves into salvage corps, much to the detriment of their new shoes and clothes. Just what the damage to the building would be is still a thing uncertain. The furniture is practically unharmed, but the north and a portion of the west side of the building have suffered considerably. The sashes are burned out and the ceiling in the class room and hall is down, leaving exposed charred rafters and burned beams. These class rooms which bore the brunt of the fire are those occupied by Miss Payne, mathematics; Miss Peterson, Latin; Mrs. Miller, French; Miss Buchanan and Miss Goddard, English teachers. These are for the most part on the second floor. Tons of water have been precipitated into the building and some of the floors resemble swimming baths, as the dirty water percolates through the ceiling below. It is in this section where the young pupils have been in their glory for the major portion of the day armed with brooms, and splashing around in the puddles which are a mass of books and other impediments.

Principal Eaton was on the scene early. He did not tarry to put on any unnecessary attire, consequently he was not impeded in his movements to any great extent. It was while he was directing his small army of volunteers to carry back some of the furniture at nine o'clock this morning that Miss Stokes, teacher of biology and physiology at the High school, rushed up to the principal and in agonized tones begged him to save her skeleton. "Yes, it is all right, and we got your microscopes out also."

"Thank goodness," said Miss Stokes, as she sank into the nearest chair, and she gave up the explanation of why she would not have lost her skeleton for anything. You do not know what trouble he caused me before I could get all of him and put him together."

### NEW QUARTERS.

Board of Education Meets to Consider High School Building.

A special meeting of the board of education, in committee of the whole, was held this morning at Mr. Bancroft's office to take into consideration means for providing for high school quarters on account of the fire. The committee passed a resolution that a vote of thanks be tendered Governor Wells and the state board of land commissioners in offering the board the use of the old University building for high school quarters.

The president of the board has called a special meeting of the board for tomorrow evening at 7:30 o'clock for the purpose of taking into consideration the matter of providing immediate quarters for the high school.

Bids for furnishing the public schools with coal were opened and the contract was awarded to W. S. Martin & Co. The matter of insurance on the high school furniture was referred to B. S. Young to urge an immediate settlement.

### TEMPORARY QUARTERS.

Different Departments, O. S. L., Have Been Located Around the City.

Before ten o'clock this morning the various heads of the departments of the Oregon Short Line had been located in temporary quarters. General Manager Bancroft, General Superintendent Calvin and General Passenger Agent, offices at 201 South East Temple street.

General freight offices, over Wells Fargo's bank.

Chief Engineer's office, in local freight office.

Superintendent Motive Power and Machinery, Pacific hotel.

Local Treasurer's office, McCormick's bank.

Chief Engineer, room 620 Dooly building.

Telegraph, Western Union offices.

Auditor, the old quarters of the Rio

## Insist on Three Crown

There are some storekeepers who do not like to sell Three Crown Baking Powder. It is sold at a close margin, and the profits on it are not as large as some of the other brands. You know you get full value for your expenditure, because we set the price at what this article is sold. Our effort is for your satisfaction and we want you to have the best baking powder. This is the best feature of putting this excellent article on the market at the low price for which we sell it.

### THE INSURANCE.

O. S. L. Loss Covered by a Blanket Policy of Unknown Amount.

The various insurance offices of the city were in a state of commotion this morning in arriving at the amount each carrier in the burned district. The Oregon Short Line itself is protected by a blanket policy which covers its entire system. Railroad insurance, however, is always placed at home office in the East, the local agents never having a hand in securing it. It is placed at almost nominal rates and for this reason the head offices place it direct, in order that the commissions to agents may be saved. The amount of the Oregon Short Line will recover cannot yet be estimated. The building is owned by J. Menzies of London, and the loss said to be fully covered by the carrier.

It is stated by a Smelter Supply official that the stock of the company, which was valued at \$125,000, is protected to the extent of 80 per cent of its value. Spencer Clawson's loss of \$10,000 is covered by insurance and the Salt Lake Soda company, which recently moved into the building on a ten-year lease, carried several thousand dollars of insurance on its stock. The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul is protected by a blanket policy, covering the buildings and offices of that road. The Utah Electrical & Supply company has \$1,000 insurance, and its loss will be covered by that figure; the boarding house south of the Oregon Short Line building was damaged to the extent of \$500 to \$1,000, and is fully protected. The High school damage may be anywhere from \$2,000 to \$3,000, and is also covered by insurance.

The T. R. Jones agency, H. W. Lawrence, Smedley & Co., J. Rogers & Co., and the McCormick, Cook agency carrying the bulk of it, and the Wilson, Young & Young, and Young & Fowler coming in for small amounts.

At the office of the Home Fire of Utah there was much self commotion, as they estimated that their total loss could not exceed \$500 to \$600.

A rough estimate of the total loss is that it will amount from \$150,000 to \$200,000. The loss of the Salt Lake Soda company, aside from that carried by the Oregon Short Line.

### DENY POWDER STORY.

Mine Smelter and Supply Company Say They Did Not Carry a Pound.

The greatest loss occurred in that part of the building occupied by the Mine Smelter and Supply company, where about \$25,000 worth of mining machinery and supplies were stored. Here, as in other parts of the building, the work of the destroyer was very complete and nothing now remains of the spacious store. The splendid assortment of hoists, pumps, air compressors, assay furnaces, scales, drills, cars, wheels belting and general supplies which were in the store, were, however, by the intervening alley, and the loss is confined to badly charred windows on the south side of the upper stories. The windows were, of course, broken and the rooms on that side received a wetting, but the loss is very slight. For a time, when the blaze was at its height, it caused a great commotion among the inmates of the building. W. H. Cunningham, James W. Nellis and Maria Dusseldorf's rooms were the scene of an excited scramble in the attempt to get the owner's belongings to places of safety. Engineer C. J. Cheever, of the building, was among the first to hear of the fire, and after learning that an alarm had been sent, he hurried himself for several hours in removing furniture from the threatened rooms. He worked like a Trojan in the effort to clear the building, and when the fire was over, he found the furniture had to be placed back in the rooms. The electric pump in the basement set to work and in a very short time two good streams of water were kept playing on the fire from the roof of the Dooly block, which probably saved the building.

### LUCKY STREET CAR MAN.

Henry Wallace, at the Risk of His Life, Stops Runaway Truck Team.

Just following the roar of the explosion, an exhibition of cool judgment and readiness to danger on the part of a spectator at the fire that across the ocean would have earned a Royal Humane society's medal.

As the four coast guards were flying south wall arose above the burr of the steamer and the crackling of the burning timbers the spirited team attached to the hook and ladder truck of No. 4 departed from I street, broom into a terrified run straight up West Temple street. The driver left his seat for a moment when the crash came, and the crowd stamped in all directions before the oncoming furious animals, when suddenly a man leaped from the panic stricken stampede and jumped straight for the horses' heads. It was a plucky thing to do and he made it.

The momentum of the running horses carried him off his feet and he was swung over the ground, still clinging to the horses' heads. He was carried for about fifty yards until the team came to a standstill. Then he handed them over to the driver and went back to his place.

The man proved to be Henry Wallace, conductor in the employ of the Consolidated Railway & Power company.

"It was not much," said Wallace later to reporters. "I saw the crowd stampeding and the horses coming my way and I grabbed them. They might have done considerable damage if they had not been stopped before they got well away."

### BEDROOM WAS WRECKED.

Brigham and Robert Pearce Have a Very Narrow Escape.

Among the escapes from what seemed to be almost certain death, the experiences of Brigham and Robert Pearce in this morning's fire take a prominent place. The two young men who board at the apartment house of Mrs. T. G. M. Smith, 244 South West Temple street, just across the alley south of the Mine & Smelter Supply company's store, were sleeping in

## Insist on Three Crown

There are some storekeepers who do not like to sell Three Crown Baking Powder. It is sold at a close margin, and the profits on it are not as large as some of the other brands. You know you get full value for your expenditure, because we set the price at what this article is sold. Our effort is for your satisfaction and we want you to have the best baking powder. This is the best feature of putting this excellent article on the market at the low price for which we sell it.

### THE INSURANCE.

O. S. L. Loss Covered by a Blanket Policy of Unknown Amount.

The various insurance offices of the city were in a state of commotion this morning in arriving at the amount each carrier in the burned district. The Oregon Short Line itself is protected by a blanket policy which covers its entire system. Railroad insurance, however, is always placed at home office in the East, the local agents never having a hand in securing it. It is placed at almost nominal rates and for this reason the head offices place it direct, in order that the commissions to agents may be saved. The amount of the Oregon Short Line will recover cannot yet be estimated. The building is owned by J. Menzies of London, and the loss said to be fully covered by the carrier.

It is stated by a Smelter Supply official that the stock of the company, which was valued at \$125,000, is protected to the extent of 80 per cent of its value. Spencer Clawson's loss of \$10,000 is covered by insurance and the Salt Lake Soda company, which recently moved into the building on a ten-year lease, carried several thousand dollars of insurance on its stock. The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul is protected by a blanket policy, covering the buildings and offices of that road. The Utah Electrical & Supply company has \$1,000 insurance, and its loss will be covered by that figure; the boarding house south of the Oregon Short Line building was damaged to the extent of \$500 to \$1,000, and is fully protected. The High school damage may be anywhere from \$2,000 to \$3,000, and is also covered by insurance.

The T. R. Jones agency, H. W. Lawrence, Smedley & Co., J. Rogers & Co., and the McCormick, Cook agency carrying the bulk of it, and the Wilson, Young & Young, and Young & Fowler coming in for small amounts.

At the office of the Home Fire of Utah there was much self commotion, as they estimated that their total loss could not exceed \$500 to \$600.

A rough estimate of the total loss is that it will amount from \$150,000 to \$200,000. The loss of the Salt Lake Soda company, aside from that carried by the Oregon Short Line.

### DENY POWDER STORY.

Mine Smelter and Supply Company Say They Did Not Carry a Pound.

The greatest loss occurred in that part of the building occupied by the Mine Smelter and Supply company, where about \$25,000 worth of mining machinery and supplies were stored. Here, as in other parts of the building, the work of the destroyer was very complete and nothing now remains of the spacious store. The splendid assortment of hoists, pumps, air compressors, assay furnaces, scales, drills, cars, wheels belting and general supplies which were in the store, were, however, by the intervening alley, and the loss is confined to badly charred windows on the south side of the upper stories. The windows were, of course, broken and the rooms on that side received a wetting, but the loss is very slight. For a time, when the blaze was at its height, it caused a great commotion among the inmates of the building. W. H. Cunningham, James W. Nellis and Maria Dusseldorf's rooms were the scene of an excited scramble in the attempt to get the owner's belongings to places of safety. Engineer C. J. Cheever, of the building, was among the first to hear of the fire, and after learning that an alarm had been sent, he hurried himself for several hours in removing furniture from the threatened rooms. He worked like a Trojan in the effort to clear the building, and when the fire was over, he found the furniture had to be placed back in the rooms. The electric pump in the basement set to work and in a very short time two good streams of water were kept playing on the fire from the roof of the Dooly block, which probably saved the building.

### LUCKY STREET CAR MAN.

Henry Wallace, at the Risk of His Life, Stops Runaway Truck Team.

Just following the roar of the explosion, an exhibition of cool judgment and readiness to danger on the part of a spectator at the fire that across the ocean would have earned a Royal Humane society's medal.

As the four coast guards were flying south wall arose above the burr of the steamer and the crackling of the burning timbers the spirited team attached to the hook and ladder truck of No. 4 departed from I street, broom into a terrified run straight up West Temple street. The driver left his seat for a moment when the crash came, and the crowd stamped in all directions before the oncoming furious animals, when suddenly a man leaped from the panic stricken stampede and jumped straight for the horses' heads. It was a plucky thing to do and he made it.

The momentum of the running horses carried him off his feet and he was swung over the ground, still clinging to the horses' heads. He was carried for about fifty yards until the team came to a standstill. Then he handed them over to the driver and went back to his place.

The man proved to be Henry Wallace, conductor in the employ of the Consolidated Railway & Power company.

"It was not much," said Wallace later to reporters. "I saw the crowd stampeding and the horses coming my way and I grabbed them. They might have done considerable damage if they had not been stopped before they got well away."

### BEDROOM WAS WRECKED.

Brigham and Robert Pearce Have a Very Narrow Escape.

Among the escapes from what seemed to be almost certain death, the experiences of Brigham and Robert Pearce in this morning's fire take a prominent place. The two young men who board at the apartment house of Mrs. T. G. M. Smith, 244 South West Temple street, just across the alley south of the Mine & Smelter Supply company's store, were sleeping in

a lumber addition to the house when the alarm of fire was turned in. Upon the arrival of the department fire proposed to get up, his brother, however, concluded to hug the quilts and remain where he was. Finally the former began to dress in a leisurely manner. Then the explosion came. From a view of the premises this morning it seems that it was almost impossible for the young men to have escaped with their lives. The lumber walls on both the north and south sides are as effectively riddled with bricks and flying pieces of iron as though a twelve inch gun had sent a projectile through the building. Both sides of the house were sleeping places on which the boys were sleeping. The mattresses and bedding torn and scattered, while bricks, lumber and charred debris is spread around the place by the heavy load. Brigham escaped without a scratch beyond that received by going through the glass window that leads into the house proper. The door was jammed and he had to get into communication with the rest of the inmates. His brother Robert was piled up in the corner under an assortment of bedding, bricks and lumber. He escaped with some rather severe cuts and contusions on the arm and leg that required medical attendance.

In the meantime the explosion had scattered burning brands all over the place and the late bedroom of the boys was blazing merrily. From out the front door of the apartment house, the guests, one and all in strewn attire, which added somewhat to the confusion of the moment. A line of hose was turned upon the burning house and in a few moments all immediate danger from the fire had passed.

The lodgers were not convinced, however, and they valiantly set to work in removing their effects jammed and heaving furniture owned by Mrs. Smith. As late as eight o'clock there were still several of the boarders to be seen around the premises in their bare feet.

### HEWLETT BROS., CO.

stated that it was his intention to get the notes bearing on the impending Carson City cases from Mr. Bancroft's office this morning and to go over them and put them in shape for Judge Corbin, who is expected to arrive here tomorrow. Now the work of months has been destroyed.

The same state of affairs applies to all the other departments. For four years the department has been working in Mr. Dunn's office on plans and projected improvements. The accumulation of this period, has been wiped out. All the plans of the department, improved locomotives and other machinery are scattered to the four winds. Books, freight records, correspondence and everything that was not locked up in the vault are in ashes. All that will be saved will be the contents of the vault, and competent authorities state that the heat of the fire was so great that all these papers in the steel chamber will be burned up and only the books will be saved, and these will be somewhat charred.

### DOOLY BLOCK THREATENED.

Building Had Its Own Fire Apparatus, a Fact That Saved It.

The outbreak caused much commotion among the inmates of the Dooly block, which for a time was threatened with destruction. It was saved, however, by the intervening alley, and the loss is confined to badly charred windows on the south side of the upper stories. The windows were, of course, broken and the rooms on that side received a wetting, but the loss is very slight. For a time, when the blaze was at its height, it caused a great commotion among the inmates of the building. W. H. Cunningham, James W. Nellis and Maria Dusseldorf's rooms were the scene of an excited scramble in the attempt to get the owner's belongings to places of safety. Engineer C. J. Cheever, of the building, was among the first to hear of the fire, and after learning that an alarm had been sent, he hurried himself for several hours in removing furniture from the threatened rooms. He worked like a Trojan in the effort to clear the building, and when the fire was over, he found the furniture had to be placed back in the rooms. The electric pump in the basement set to work and in a very short time two good streams of water were kept playing on the fire from the roof of the Dooly block, which probably saved the building.

### MAY SET VAN KURAN FREE.

Incriminating Records to be Used Against Him, Said to be Destroyed.

It was stated today that the books showing the alleged delinquency of \$7,000 on the part of J. Van Kuran, the local treasurer of the Short Line, now in jail awaiting trial for embezzlement, had all been destroyed. But no Short Line official could be found who would verify this statement. The nearest approach to a confirmation was the declaration that everything had been consumed. Unless it shall transpire that the records were saved by the lawyers of the case—that is, the Short Line's own counsel, or the prosecution, it is not improbable that the loss may result in a complete discharge from custody of Mr. Van Kuran. It will be seen that it is indeed an ill wind that blows no one good.

### SPRINKLING CALLED OFF.

Owing to Shortage of Water Night and Day Service Abolished.

The street department received many complaints today on account of the condition of the streets as no sprinkling was being done. The cause of this condition is the fact that on account of the shortage of the water supply in the pipes caused by the fire, both night and day wagons had been taken off.

### D. S. SPENCER'S SALVAGE.

Assistant General Passenger Agent, O. S. L., Arrives Early on Scene.

Among those who were early on the scene was D. S. Spencer, assistant general passenger agent of the Oregon Short Line, who is in charge of the passenger department of the road during the absence of Mr. Burley at the big meeting in Chicago. Mr. Spencer was early informed of the fire and he lost no time in coming down by 4:30 a. m. to see what he could do. He was carrying the valuable papers of the furniture. Mr. Spencer it not such a large man, but the way he worked and handled things up to the time that he was driven out of the building by heat and smoke bordered on the heroic. He was forced to leave the building he had succeeded in removing the desks and the typewriters to a place of safety. The consequence to him is accorded the honor of saving the only two typewriters from the burning building and the stenographers under him in his office. He said he was blessed. In all there were some sixty five standard machines in the building which were owned by the young stenographers employed there. These have all been destroyed and the loss will fall very heavily upon the clerks who have bought and paid for their machines.

### THE ORGAN RECITAL.

The Program That Will be Rendered at the Tabernacle Tomorrow.

The following program will be rendered at the Tabernacle organ recital tomorrow morning:

"Gloria" from Twelfth Mass.....

Overture to Lohengrin.....Wagner

Soprano Solo.....Miss Luella Ferron

(a) "Pastorale".....Miss Luella Ferron

(b) "Angels' Chorus".....Clark

(c) "A Spring Song".....Mendelssohn

Wedding March.....Mendelssohn

As will be noted in the program, those who attend the recital will have the pleasure of hearing Miss Luella Ferron, one of the sweetest singers in Utah.

### LATE LOCALS.

A despatch from Bishop Clawson in San Francisco today states that his son J. W. Clawson's physical condition is slightly better, but that his mental condition is not improved. A consultation of doctors had been set for this afternoon.

The Home Lubricating Oil company incorporated today with a capital stock of \$100,000 in Salt Lake. The directorate is made up of Heber M. Wallace, president; Frank Knox, vice president; Charles S. Burton, secretary and treasurer; James N. Brown and E. A. Tripp.

## LACE CURTAINS, BED SETS, AND PIECE GOODS.

We have one of the largest stocks in the market of Nottingham, Ruffled Muslins, Irish Points, Tambores, Brussels, Antiques, Clunier, and Arabian Curtains, Dotted Swiss Muslin and Lace Piece Goods. Large variety at bottom prices. All fresh and new. We invite you to call and inspect same.

## H. Dinwoodey Furniture Co.

## EMMA GOLDMAN UNDER ARREST.

Was Apprehended in Chicago Just Before Noon.

### HER MANNER WAS DEFIANT.

Scarcely Knows Colgoz When She Heard of the Act, She Thought, "Oh the Fool."

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Capt. Collier, chief of detectives, has sworn out a warrant charging Emma Goldman with conspiracy to assassinate President McKinley. Miss Goldman, who was arrested today, is being held at the Central police station in this city.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Emma Goldman, the high priestess of anarchy, whose speeches, it was claimed, turned to fire the brain of Colgoz, the would-be assassin of the President, was arrested here shortly before noon today.

Her manner was defiant as she was taken to the office of the chief of police, but she disclaimed all knowledge of Colgoz and his crime, save that she admitted having met him here July 12.

"Do you know that your words are what Colgoz claims stirred him to shoot the President?" she was asked. "I do not; I never advocated violence. I scarcely knew the man. I was leaving for Rochester, via Buffalo, when Colgoz had a few words with me. He said he had heard me lecture at some memorial hall in Cleveland last May and that he wanted to know me. He said he knew I was in Chicago and looked me up. I scarcely remember anything about him, save that his complexion was light."

"Then how do you know that this man is the one who tried to kill the President?" "Oh," she replied, with a shrug of the shoulders, "I guessed that from what the newspapers say."

"What did you think when you heard that an attempt to kill the President had been made?" the woman was asked. "With a wave of her hands and another shrug of her shoulders, she replied disdainfully: 'I thought, 'Oh, the fool.'"

The prisoner's manner thus far had been growing more and more excited, although she made an evident effort to control herself. At this she finally succeeded and launched into a discourse on the teachings of anarchy. She declared that anarchy did not teach men to do the act which had made Colgoz despised and hated the world over.

"We work against the system and education is our watchword," she said. "It was early last July when I came to Chicago to visit the Isaacs family," she continued in answer to interrogations concerning her whereabouts recently.

"On the night of July 12, Mr. Isaacs was out of the house. The bell rang and I went to the door. The man who I learn through the newspapers was Colgoz, stood there. He said he wanted to see me. I was about to catch the Nickel Plate train, as I and Mr. Isaacs' daughter were about to go to Rochester. He went to the Rock Island depot with us, but I was so busy taking leave of my friends that I scarcely noticed him. It was not a

### NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—"The President will be signing official papers by Saturday night," said Secy. Wilson of the department of agriculture to a Tribune correspondent at Buffalo last night.

Secy. Wilson had just returned from the Milburn house, where he talked with the President's physicians and later, at the Buffalo club, he conferred with Secy. Gage, Atty.-Gen. Knox and Postmaster-General Smith.

"Of course," said Mr. Wilson, "no one expects that the President will be out of bed by that time, but he will be strong enough to write his name to official papers. The doctors do not feel like coming out blantly as a layman would, but they tell me there is no doubt about the President's speedy recovery. They do not expect any serious complications."

"Will the President's disability embarrass the government?" Mr. Wilson was asked.

"Not in the slightest," said the secretary. "Why, there's nothing important to do. The war complications are mostly over with, and Secy. Root's department is looking after everything. Secy. Hay has a tight grip on everything in his department."

"In there any good reason for apprehension in commercial circles on account of the President's condition?" Mr. Wilson was asked.

"Not now," said he. "Secy. Gage, who returns to Washington tonight, has so much good to say about the President's condition that he does not know what to do with it. No, the business world ought to feel comfortable with the official bulletins from the President's doctors."

"Have the members of the cabinet discussed repressive measures for anarchists?" he was asked.

"It has been touched on informally in conversation," said Mr. Wilson. "It is more properly a state than a national matter. Congress can go only just so far. I look to see new legislation in all the states having a considerable foreign born population. The