

## BY TELEGRAPH.

THE VARIOUS TELEGRAPH LINES.

## AMERICAN.

CHICAGO, 16.—F. M. Kerr, the defaulting clerk of the banking firm of Preston, Kean & Co., who was captured in Peru, arrived here this morning from San Francisco, in the custody of detectives.

Every creditor of the late suspended firm of McGeech, Evering & Co., who failed for \$8,000,000, has signed a fifty per cent. compromise, so it is said, and the \$450,000 cash to pay the unsecured creditors is to be sent here on Tuesday. It is expected this firm will be reorganized and resume business in about a month. Its commission on business before the failure was worth \$300,000 yearly.

Glen Falls, N. Y., 16.—At 4 o'clock this afternoon the boiler of the Glen Falls paper mills works, south of Glen Falls, exploded and was thrown from the mill 400 feet. Twelve persons were wounded. Some of the wounded it is thought are fatally injured. Within 15 minutes after the explosion the ruins took fire; flames spread with great rapidity destroying the building.

Pittsburg, 16.—A fire broke out in Bell & Dair's packing establishment at 1 o'clock this afternoon and at 2 o'clock the building, together with Taylor & Bullock's cement ware house, and Rea & Co.'s pork packers, adjoining were in flames. Loss estimated at \$50,000.

Shreveport, 16.—A fire broke out in the business portion of Monroe, at noon, destroying seven stores and is still uncontrollable. A high wind is prevailing and a great destruction of property is threatened.

Bristol, Conn., 16.—Edward Hyland was arrested on a charge of killing his wife. Every rib of the woman, except three, is broken and the body all discolored or bruised. They occupied a small farm at the outskirts of Forestville.

Denver, Col., 16.—Republican's Georgetown special: Charles W. Reyer, sheriff of Grande County, suicided at the Ennis House this morning, shooting himself through the head. He arrived in town last night and during the evening seemed much depressed over the late troubles in Grande County, in which he is thought by many to have been criminally connected.

Newport, 16.—Rumor reached here this morning that the steamer *Lottie E. Merrill*, of Silverton, Rhode Island, was lost off George's Bank, with all on board.

Balto, Md., 16.—A malignant type of measles has broken out in St. Mary's Industrial School, occupied by 450 boys. Ten deaths have occurred since Wednesday.

OMAHA, Neb., 14.—The Union Pacific is making another raid to-day on their passenger conductors. Every train so far to-day has a new conductor, and it looks as though there was to be a clean sweep. Nothing can be learned as to the cause or the number to be discharged. This is the second time within a few months that a summary change of conductors has been made.

Cleveland, O., 16.—Three hundred journeymen horseboaters struck to-day for higher pay. They demand \$2.50 and \$3 per day, and have been getting from \$2 to \$2.50. The increase asked will probably be granted.

New York, 15.—The announcement that Dennis Kearney would be present this afternoon at a meeting of the central labor union, drew a larger number than usual of delegates and outsiders to Clarendon Hall. Before the meeting began Kearney harangued the crowd from the outer steps until the proprietor of the hotel ordered him to stop. When his name was announced within the hall, a motion was made to give him the floor. Upward and confusion began. "What labor organization does he represent?" "Where did he get this money to come here?" were called out. His friends yelled: "Who is the father of the Chinese act?" At length the motion was lost, 38 to 13, and Kearney strode out, denouncing the members of the labor unions as blatherers and dirty loafers. Some of Kearney's admirers hired another room in the hotel. There Kearney made a speech denouncing the labor union, and announcing himself and all working men as protectionists, advocating higher rail road freight and passenger rates, claiming that this would lead to higher wages for the employees of railway companies, and abusing corporations. He finally announced

that he would call an open air meeting for Thursday night, in Union square.

Denver, 16.—The buildings and machinery of the Silver Cord mine, Jewellville, was burned this morning. Loss, \$70,000, insurance \$25,000. The upsetting of a kerosene lamp was the cause. Governor Grant is the president of the company.

Elaborate preparations are being made for the formal opening of the national mining and industrial exposition, which takes place to-morrow. Senator Warner Miller delivered the address. Exhibits from all departments will be exceptionally fine.

Chicago, 16.—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher preached in the First Presbyterian church to-day, on the subject of "Infidelity."

A meeting of the Chicago branch of the Brotherhood of Telegraphers, to the number of about 400, was held this afternoon, and held proceedings with closed doors.

Concord, N. H., 16.—Mary Ann Chandler, mother of the secretary of the navy, died last night, aged 82 years.

Chicago, 15.—The semi-centennial anniversary of the corporation of Chicago, as a village will occur on August 10. The papers begin to agitate the question of a proper celebration of the event.

Lowell, Mass., 16.—Rev. James McGrath, head pastor of the church of the Immaculate Conception, of this city, who returned recently from Rome, has been appointed and soon will be proclaimed provincial of the Oblate Fathers for the United States.

CHICAGO, 16.—Washington special: Although there are very contradictory reports as to the President's purposes, there is no possible doubt that he will make a visit to the Yellowstone. He is reported as having said to a friend that he had abandoned his Newport trip and his sea fishing for this year and intended to have a good time in Yellowstone. "I have," said the President, "had enough of what is called society in my winter in Washington. I want to get a hundred miles away from the nearest politician, where I can take a rest in my own way and be relieved from the social and political pressure that is so hard to avoid. Then I have never seen the section of country we are going to, nor do I know anything of people who are pioneers of civilization and keep on its utmost wave. I will have an opportunity to practically study the Indian question, which I have wished to do ever since I have been in office. Gen. Sheridan has selected the best guides and scouts he can find to go with us on our trip and we will see parts of the country which have been hitherto almost unknown to the white man. As to the spice of danger there may be, that only adds to the interest of the journey. I shall rough it just as the rest do; live and sleep in the open air, wear out my old hunting suit, and for the first time in my life become a savage. Such a trip will be worth more to me in instruction and health than twenty seasons in Newport or Saratoga would be."

Attorney-General Brewster expects to spend the rest of July and August at Newport. Secretary Frelinghuysen will spend August at Newport. Secretary Lincoln will spend August in the Yellowstone country with the President. Secretary Folger intends to be at his home in New York. Postmaster-General Gresham will be absent from Washington in August. Secy. Teller has planned to spend August in Colorado. Mr. Chandler's intentions are not known. He may not then be a cabinet officer, but there is every prospect that the entire administration will be absent from Washington during August, and the government will be run by assistant secretaries. The anxiety of the President at being absent for so long a time from telegraphic communication, has been relieved by an arrangement which will furnish a daily line of couriers from wherever the presidential party goes to the nearest telegraph station, so that the President will be in daily communication with the executive office as well as he could be on a fishing excursion.

CLEVELAND O., 15.—A bloody melee occurred at 3 o'clock to-night, near this city, at a picnic resort known as the Williams' House, and situated upon the Becksville road, four miles from Newburg. Five hundred men and women, mostly Newburg mill hands and their wives, of all nationalities, but principally Irish, Polish and Bohemian, had gone out to spend the afternoon

when a fight arose, from what cause is not known, about 6 o'clock, and speedily assumed large and bloody proportions. Eye-witnesses say that fully 200 of the men and women took part in it; and that knives, chairs, benches, plates, improvised clubs, beer glasses and bricks were the weapons used. The police got word half an hour later, and a squad of men were sent to the scene. The fight was over when they arrived, but the place was a wreck; the fence torn down, window broken, blood everywhere and some fifty persons injured, some lying on the ground in a bad condition. Most of the wounded were able to get home.

READING, Pa., 17.—Eight boilers of the anthracite furnace owned by the Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company and operated by William Kaufman, exploded early this morning, reducing the furnace to a mass of ruins. Preparations had been made for casting, and the employees were outside the building taking a rest before tapping the furnace, when the explosion occurred. Large pieces of the boilers were hurled a great distance, and the stove and shattered timber was thrown about in great confusion. The engine and boiler house was entirely demolished. Frank Waltman, aged 21, of Tipton, was instantly killed; Sol. Waltman, his father, was injured internally, and will die. Morris Good was severely scalded by the escaping steam. Engineer Martillar was also badly injured and a number of other employees slightly hurt. The force of the explosion shook the earth and aroused people for miles around. The damage to the furnace amounts to many thousands of dollars.

WASHINGTON, 17.—Secy. Lincoln said to-day that the stories published to the effect that Gen. Crook, instead of capturing the Apaches, had been their captive, and was only released on condition that he would receive their return unpunished to the reservation, was news to him.

That he had never heard such a thing intimated before, and as far as he knew, General Crook had been very successful in his campaign against the Indians. During the Secretary's vacation, he had not devoted much time to keeping himself posted and was comparatively ignorant of what had been transpiring. Several army officers who were questioned on this subject were of opinion that the course pursued by General Crook toward the hostile Indians would only result in their feeling themselves independent and free to come and go as they saw fit. Attention was called to the fact that the remaining bucks had not surrendered and the opinion prevailed that General Crook would have to go after them again.

WASHINGTON, 17.—The President has approved the sentence of dismissal in the case of Lieutenant N. Holmes, Tenth Infantry, recently tried by court martial at Fort Bliss, Tex., for duplicating his pay accounts. The official order dismissing him from the service was issued to-day.

The attention of J. G. Hill, Supervising Architect, yesterday and to-day was called to the published statement that he intends to resign when the present investigation is closed. He said the statement was premature; the investigation gave him enough to do just at present. He could not say what he would do after it was over.

Secretary Teller says the question of transfer of the Texas Pacific land grant to the Southern Pacific Railroad Company will not be decided until September 1st, and that he proposes to settle the matter himself, without referring to the Attorney-General for his opinion.

The name of Matthew Barr, of Erie, Pa., was sent to the President to-day by the Secretary of the Interior for appointment as Indian inspector, vice Chapman, resigned.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has appointed Isham Young of Knoxville, Tenn., Revenue Agent, vice C. M. Horton of Boston, removed.

This morning a man gained admission to the house of a family named Spein near the Capitol on the declaration that he was water inspector, and brutally assaulted a young lady, the only person in the house. He choked her into insensibility and accomplished his purpose. The victim was seriously injured, and may die. The assailant is not arrested. Under a law passed by the last Congress, the class of officials called Water Inspectors was authorized to enter the houses of citizens for the purpose of inspecting the water fixtures, to ascertain if the water was wasted. There was some outcry at the time about the

license to invade domestic dwellings which the law gave, but that did not prevent its enactment. In the case of the assault to-day, he took advantage of this license of entering the house, and finding the young lady alone assaulted her as stated.

A prominent naval officer in speaking to night of the uniform regulation issued a few days ago, said: "Down with the whole thing, especially the stiff cocked-hats and helmet. About nine per cent of the officers of the navy feel that a Captain and a Lieutenant Commander have been chiefly instrumental in forcing this regulation on the navy, which for the present is suspended, and I hope will so remain. Next winter Congress should make the present uniform the permanent one, and not permit any change except by act of Congress on the petition of at least fifty per cent of all the officers in the service."

BURLINGTON, Iowa, 17.—This morning two men attacked Bridget Fox, an eccentric old maid, in her yard, knocked her down and took from her clothing, where it was secreted, fifteen hundred dollars and escaped. She is a miser and was in the habit of carrying large sums about her.

Vernon, La., 17.—Two of the Barnard brothers, charged with murder and arson, were released from jail last night by a crowd of armed men. They captured the guard, and forbidding the sheriff coming near them, broke the lock of the jail. None of the crowd were identified. The whereabouts of the prisoners is unknown.

New York, 17.—The supreme court denied the motion for a new trial in the case of Edward Hovey, sentenced to be hanged on the 27th inst. for the murder of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Vermily. The death watch was placed over him.

Nashville, Tenn., 17.—The jury was sworn in on the Polk trial to-day, and the examination of the State witnesses commenced.

Marysville, Ky., 17.—This afternoon as soon as the jury in the Cooper case retired, the Enmet Guard escorted Samuel Bulger from the jail to the court house, amid a great crowd of people on the streets, where he was arraigned for rape. In the court room the indictment was read to him. His attorneys told him not to criminate himself unless his mind was perfectly clear. He replied that his mind was perfectly clear; he was guilty and wanted to be hung legally, not by a mob, and wanted to cause as little trouble as possible in the trial. A jury was empanelled, and he repeated his plea before them. In ten minutes they returned a verdict, with sentence of death. Bulger received his sentence unmoved, and was returned to jail. In one hour from the time he was taken out.

Cleveland, 17.—A large tank at the California powder mill, three miles south east of this city limits exploded this afternoon with terrific force. Cause unknown. One man's hands were badly burned by flying fire; nobody else injured, as none happened to be near at the time. Windows were shattered for miles around.

St. Louis, 17.—Nicholas Roder and John Kattler, laborers in a stone quarry, were killed to-night by a landslide.

Shamokin, Penn., 17.—A freight train on the Reading Railroad about a mile from here was badly wrecked, twelve cars being thrown from the track by striking a cow. Wm. Thomas of this place was killed, and Jas. Huffman, brakeman, seriously injured.

New York, 17.—The building occupied by Bernhard H. Smith manufacturer of piano casing, etc., is burned; loss, \$30,000.

Frank Hedford, French sculptor, committed suicide.

New York, 17.—A reporter called upon the Rev. Dr. Stephen H. Tyng, Sr., at his home at Irvington on the Hudson. He was found seated on a rustic bench under a shade tree, on a grassy lawn. At his feet, kneeling on the grass, was his little granddaughter, holding one of his hands in hers, while she prattled with him in a childish way. Although sadly impressed with the bent form and wasted, pinched face of the aged divine, much more sad was the impression made on the visitor by the reply of Dr. Tyng, indicating as it did his mental condition. Raising his trembling, emaciated right arm, he pointed toward the western heavens, and in an unsteady, piping voice exclaimed, "Over there—see—just across the river in the beautiful clouds, they are calling me, but I can't come just yet. I must wait until my work is

finished here; I will then go render my account." Unrestrained, he talked in this vein for a while, but he soon became oblivious to the presence of his visitors. When he continued his rambling remarks some time, his little attendant gently led him as a little child just making its first step, into the house. Dr. Tyng's hallucination is that he is still rector of St. George's Church; still in possession of former physical power and unimpaired mental faculties; that he is preaching his regular Sunday sermon in that church, and during the week engaged in the good work of visiting, praying with and relieving the wants of the poor and needy. Among his parishioners the golden wedding of Dr. Tyng was celebrated to-morrow (Wednesday).

Galveston, 17.—News Laredo special: Dr. Campbell, American Consul at Monterey, arrived here on the 15th inst., leaving a substitute in charge of the consulate. To-day dispatches received addressed officially to Dr. Campbell, notifying him that this night the American Consul was entered by a mob of Mexicans and Mr. Shaw, acting Consul, was attacked and beaten nearly to death and the furniture and papers belonging to the Consulate destroyed. The information creates a sensation at Laredo. The deplore a rupture between the governments, but consider it so bold that the United States recent it. Employees of the National Railroad to-night say that Shaw was beaten senseless revived and crawled to one of the public houses and give an account of the outrage in a few minutes again became insensible, and at last accounts still unconscious.

St. Paul, 17.—The court-martial Col. Guido Liges for duplicating pay accounts began this morning. The court is composed of fifteen officers, Brevet Brigadier General L. Bradley, President. The first witness was J. H. Speyer of the bank house of J. A. Speyer & Co., Washington, D. C. He testified to a signature of defendant upon pay accounts for July and August 1882, which passed through his hands. Major Wm. Smith, paymaster St. Paul, testified that the pay account of Colonel Liges for August 1882, had come to him from Bank of Minnesota as late as May 1883; that he declined to pay it, inquiring at Washington, where he had cashed pay accounts for the latter month, and could not understand how the month of August could have been overlooked. Witness wrote the Paymaster General and learned that the account of Colonel Liges for August, 1882, had been paid.

Middleboro, Mass., 17.—The son of General Tom Thumb was suddenly. He had just risen from bed. Shortly after being left by his brother-in-law, he was to fall. Going to his room he found lying on the floor dead wife, who was at Ocean Grove, arrived yesterday morning. She was embalmed. Wednesday he was exposed to public view. Private services will then be held. The body will leave here for New York, where it will be taken in care by the Encampment Knights of the Order of which he was a member. Public funeral services will be held Thursday. A stone vault is being constructed on a magdalen lot belonging to the deceased. The coffin will be inclosed in masonry to prevent any disturbance from grave robbers.

DENVER, Col., 17.—This is the day in Denver, the occasion of the opening of the Second International Exposition.

From morning the city has been crowded with visitors from all parts of the country. At sunrise people of all cities were busily engaged in cleaning buildings. Business is suspended.

The ceremonies began at noon by forming an immense procession of carriages, containing members of the board of trade, officers of State and the City Government and distinguished guests, followed by a procession representative of trade and industries, which passed the principal streets to the Exposition Grounds. Meanwhile a national salute of thirty-nine guns was fired by the Chaffee Light Artillery. Large crowds of people lined the sides of the street along the line of march.

At the Exposition Building an immense concourse of people had assembled. On the arrival of the

procession, the city was in a state of great excitement. The Exposition Building was crowded with people, and the city was in a state of great excitement.

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