

DAVID O. CALDER,  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Tuesday, April 24, 1877.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

More republican hostility to Hayes' southern policy.  
Loose business with treasury employees.  
One of the republican commissioners satisfied that Tilden and Hendricks carried Louisiana.  
Bankruptcy of a hat firm in New York.  
Baz getting unpopular.  
East India famine near its worst.  
The czar's manifesto promulgated.  
Troops moving out in New Orleans.  
The Louisiana commission in Washington.  
Rumania talks to Turkey.  
Nichols' order concerning the troops.  
Packard's officers paid off.  
Concerning the Speaker's ship.  
Plate glass bankruptcy in Louisville.  
Packard will vacate the St. Louis Hotel when the troops are gone.  
Indian agencies.  
Bear raid in New York stock market.  
Tweed investigation.  
Forgers held to bail in New York.  
Miss Kellogg going to San Francisco.  
Republicans members sworn into the Louisiana Legislature.  
Prussian tariff.  
Eastern war news.  
English fleet for the Suez canal.  
Fighting suspended in the Middle country.  
Italian policy.  
The Emperor of Russia talks to his troops. He couldn't lose the war, and might God bless them.  
Concord election—can't go behind the returns.  
The czar's manifesto—Heaven bless you, go into Turkey.  
August's order for removing the troops.  
Russian troops, 17,000, crossed the frontier last night.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Omaha Herald of April 21 says, "The Elkhorn Valley is constantly lined with white-covered wagons, wending their way to the fields of wealth—the Black Hills."  
Says the New York Herald: "Another proof of the demoralized condition of our police force is afforded by the announcement that the Commissioners deem it necessary to put secret spies on the rank and file of their department. Set a thief to catch a thief is an old maxim, so the Board set policemen to catch policemen. But who is to watch the Board?"  
The New York Sun of April 18 says, "The Rev. H. McDowell, in his sermon in St. Agnes's Catholic Church, yesterday, while on the subject of marriage, said: 'All hail to Justice Sies of the Marine Court, who is not a Catholic, but a Christian and a gentleman, for refusing to marry a couple last week, and who took the stand that the ceremony of marriage does not belong to the civil justice, but to the clergy and priesthood.'"  
The Washington Star of April 16 says of United States Marshal Fred. Douglass, "To-day Mr. Douglass received a letter saying: 'You black thief, now that a fraudulent President has appointed you to a fat position under the Government, I suppose you will make good the money you stole from the freedman's savings bank; if you don't your life will pay the many depositors who have suffered by what you stole you dam black thief show this to the Negro Loving President he may go the way Lincoln went if something is not done.' Mr. Douglass says that he is himself one of the depositors of the bank to the amount of \$2,000, which he refused to take out, although he had an opportunity to do so."

## CRUCIFY THEM! CRUCIFY THEM!

Away with them! Away with them! Crucify them! Crucify them! Exterminate them! Abolish their religion! Consecrate their property! They are not fit to live, and their religion is a disgrace to this republic! Such is the tenor of the reasoning of many of the newspapers of this country concerning the hundred and fifty thousand people who reside in this Territory, who have redeemed it from the reputation of absolute sterility, and made it a smiling and luxuriant garden, a pleasant and much-desired, yes, much-coveted, place of habitation. The conductors of many of the papers seem to have gone daff, completely lost their senses, in regard to that much-mooted subject, "Mormonism," and the "Mormons." An intelligent and substantial reason for these manifestations of blind fury is not and cannot be given, because it does not exist. What has no existence cannot be brought forth.  
Says the Scriptures, "He that judgeth a matter before he hears it is not wise." Neither is he wise that judgeth a matter before he has heard both sides of it, and before he understands it, which is the condition of nineteen-twentieths of those who presume to judge the people who dwell in these valleys.  
For the detection of the public the most enormous and outrageous falsehoods are daily invented and circulated concerning the people of this Territory, by many persons out of sheer prejudice and brutal bigotry, by others out of utter lack of principle, and by some out of pure devilishness. The object of many seems to be to excite public feeling to an ungovernable pitch of exasperation and blood-demanding fury.  
Why is this? What is it all about? What is meant by it? What is the reason for all

this uproar, this excitement, this unseemly exhibition of human hate? It is a curious thing. Can't the American people live and enjoy life without working themselves into these periodic spasms of unbridled excitement? Are they necessary stimulants to the existence of an Anglo-American republic in this last quarter of the nineteenth century? What an edifying spectacle this great federation presents when in one of these violent spasms of excitement! How delightful to look at it during one of these favorite exhibitions!

If these spasms of excitement are really essential to American life, to American republicanism, the suggestion might be offered that the next spasm be a spasm of virtue, just for a change. It would be very interesting and refreshing, if only for the sake of variety. Because these thunder and lightning, these blood and extermination spasms are coming to be quite monotonous.

These spasms are in many respects very amusing, in others very pitiable. Human folly, weakness, prejudice and passion go to great lengths sometimes, and they are always things to be seriously deprecated.

## WHAT SHALL BE DONE WITH THE MORMONS?

UNDER the above heading the New York Herald of April 17 has nearly a column and a half of editorial remarks. That paper ventures the opinion that if justice is done, Gentiles and dissatisfied "Mormons" will pluck up courage and declare their sentiments; that the mass of "Mormon" people, men as well as women, are slaves; that many of them will join in with the Gentiles if the Government will take hold of the "Mormon" problem with an earnest determination to solve and end it; that trials and executions would make the opposition a bold, compact phalanx; that the execution of a few "Mormon" leaders would cause public opinion to be emancipated in Utah, and the Federal Government would be strongly supported in its efforts to uproot polygamy; that the time is at last fully ripe for disposing of the hitherto difficult and troublesome "Mormon" question; that the railroad is in operation, and Indian alliances and "Mormon" defiance can be coped with now, making it easy enough to pour troops and supplies into these valleys and crush all resistance; that since the close of the civil war the country has been so occupied with existing questions that it has given little attention to the "Mormons"; that this scandalous plague spot ought now to be effaced once for all; that the present administration will miss a great opportunity if it does not take advantage of the present excitement and remove the foul blot.

Then the Herald goes on to say that no doubt the "Mormon" problem would in time solve itself, even if the Government should stand aloof; that moral and social causes would eradicate polygamy, even if the Government should not lift a finger; that two or three generations would do it, but Government interference could extinguish polygamy in ten years; that polygamy is only possible where women are kept in a state of degrading servitude, and they cannot adorn themselves as they would; that polygamy is of Asiatic origin, and can only exist under artificial social arrangements; that where there is any "society" polygamy is impossible; that "society" means the supremacy and worship of woman, and extravagance in personal and household expenditures; that the love of silks, laces, ribbons, jewelry, and finery is the dearest passion of women in all orders of society; that Gentile association would encourage extravagance and expenditure, and make marriage, even of one wife, so serious a question that marriage with more than one wife would never be entertained; that polygamy could not survive the introduction of fashion; that it is a formidable thing for a husband to satisfy a woman's taste for personal decoration; that contact with dresy Gentile women would demoralize "Mormon" women and render it impossible for "Mormon" husbands to foot the bills for more than one wife; that "Mormon" daughters have no tinge of fanaticism, and would elope anywhere to secure fine clothes and a husband each all to themselves; that preponderance of men emigrate to the neighboring Territories, and "Mormon" daughters would be eager to escape to those as wives; that the "Mormon" question would in time settle itself by the potency of feminine insinuations, but the Herald hopes to see it settled more speedily by government action; that Utah will never be admitted into the Union as long as it tolerates polygamy; that while it remains a Territory Congress is supreme, and if Congress will only disfranchise all polygamists it will expedite a reform which the whole country stands ready to endorse.

These are the views and suggestions of the New York Herald, and we give them the benefit of the extensive circulation of the News, that they may be more generally known, and either admired or scorned as the public may deem proper.

Artisan Wells.—It has been proposed by several parties to obtain water on the lands adjacent to Corinne by means of artesian wells, and for this purpose, we are informed, the necessary boring apparatus is now in transit. We have no idea how deep the bore will sink before finding the desired water, but if it should be deeper than the parties anticipate, they must not give up the enterprise. Close to Sacramento, parties have sunk one of these wells to a depth of 1,100 feet, and still no water has been struck. Probably one-fourth of that depth will find water here, and if it does not, the bore must not get discouraged and leave unfinished the project, but like the Sacramento folks, keep on sinking until they find either water or China.—Corinne Reporter, April 21.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

## TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES. EASTERN.

Return of the Commissioner.  
WASHINGTON, 24.—The Louisiana commission has returned. They speak in high terms of the manner in which they were received by both parties, and appear well satisfied with the result of their mission.

The Troops Moving Out—All Quiet.  
NEW ORLEANS, 24.—The troops are moving out of their old quarters and taking up their line of march to the barracks. There is very little excitement.

## Increasing Hostility to Hayes.

New York, 24.—The World's Washington special says although evidence of the increasing hostility of the republican party to the President's southern policy continues to multiply, the President does not seem to be alarmed at the size or vigor of the revolt. In conversation, to-day, he says he felt confident that the country would approve of it if it turned out to be peaceful and contributed to the peace and prosperity of the sections where it had been enforced, as well as to other sections. He regretted that some portions of the republican party had doubted the wisdom of the course he had pursued, but he did not believe the party would be united against him.

An Honest Opinion.  
A letter received here from New Orleans says McVane, one of the Louisiana commissioners, and a republican, has expressed his opinion that while there he became satisfied as the result of his investigations that Tilden and Hendricks carried Louisiana in November last by a fair and decided majority.

Loose Business and High Wages.  
An instance of the looseness with which the Treasury Department is managed shows that for years back the watchman in the bureau of engraving and printing has been paid every dollar a day, while the clerks in the Treasury Department are paid four dollars.

Bankrupt Firm.  
Borden, Malloy & Co., hatmakers, have commenced proceedings in bankruptcy. They offer forty cents on the dollar; liabilities \$98,000.

Appeared in Half Sheet Form.  
The Journal of Commerce, losing all its printing material by fire yesterday, appeared this morning in half sheet form. Being the largest paper in the country, nothing could have been bought or borrowed to supply the emergency.

Can't Go Behind the Returns.  
CONCORD, N. H., 24.—The supreme court, having been asked by the Governor and council, if the latter has authority to go behind the returns and throw out the votes for Representatives in Congress and State Senators when the ballots bear a name different from the legal one of the candidate, decided that the Governor and council had no power to do so.

## FOREIGN.

## EAST INDIES.

## The Familar.

CALCUTTA, 24.—It is apparent that the famine is approaching its worst point. There is reason to hope that the maximum distress may not be so severe as anticipated.

## WEST INDIES.

## Buenos Aires His Popularity.

HAVANA, 24.—Santa Domingo advises that President Bay, in losing his popularity, has arrested four generals on suspicion, and issued a decree of general suspension. He has issued a decree ordering the duties payable in cash. This decree has paralyzed trade, the merchants heretofore having been accustomed to paying part of their duties in government bonds. It is estimated that the tobacco crop will be the largest ever raised. It is rumored that Samana Bay will be leased to Germany.

## WALLACHIA.

## Rumanian Replies to Turkey.

BUCHAREST, 24.—The Rumanian government, in reply to the Turkish Grand Vizier requesting the Prince to make arrangements with Abdul Kerim to prevent the passage of the Russian army, has declared that such a step is too serious to be determined by the executive power alone. The Rumanian Chambers will be assembled on the 26th to examine the question.

The first Russian detachment, consisting of forty sappers of officers, crossed the Rumanian frontier at Buzak yesterday. One thousand men are expected to cross to-day.

## GREAT BRITAIN.

## Silver—Stocks.

LONDON, 24.—Silver 54½d per ounce.  
Consols 94 9/16; bonds 67½; 103; ten-forties, 108; new 6½; 107; New York Central, 85; Erie 64.

## Russian Troops Crossing the Frontier.

In the House of Lords this afternoon Earl Derby stated that 17,000 Russian troops crossed the frontier last night.

## RUSSIA.

## The Czar's Manifesto.

ST. PETERSBURG, 24.—The Czar's manifesto to the Russian army and the people was promulgated to-day. The Emperor declares that in view of the rejection of the protocol and the obstinate refusal of the Porte to yield to the just demands of Europe, the moment has arrived for Russia to act independently.

## The following is the text of the Czar's manifesto:

"Our faithful and devoted subjects know the strong interest we have felt in the oppressed Christian population of Turkey and our desire to ameliorate and assure them that their lot has been shared by the whole Russian nation, which shows itself ready to bear fresh sacrifices to alleviate the position of the Christians in the Balkan peninsula. The blood and property of our faithful subjects have always been dear to us, and our whole reign attests our constant solicitude which never failed to actuate our policy. The deplorable events which occurred in Herzegovina, Bosnia, and Bulgaria our object before all was to effect an amelioration in the position of the Christians in the Balkans and in concert with the negotiations and in concert with the

## the great European powers, our allies and friends for two years.

"We have made incessant efforts to induce the Porte to effect such reforms as would protect the Christians in Bosnia, Herzegovina and Bulgaria from the arbitrary measures of the local authorities. The accomplishment of these reforms was absolutely stipulated by our engagements contracted by the Porte toward the whole of the European efforts, supported by diplomatic representations, made in common with other governments; they have not, however, attained their object. The Porte has remained unshaken in its formal refusal to accept the guarantee for the security of its Christian subjects, and has rejected the conclusions at the Constantinople conference. Wishing to essay every possible means of conciliation in order to persuade the Porte, we proposed to other cabinets to draw up a special protocol, comprising most essential conditions of the Constantinople conference, and to invite the Turkish government to adhere to this international act, which states the extreme limits of our peaceful demands, but our expectations were not fulfilled. The Porte did not defer to this unanimous wish of Christian Europe, and did not adhere to the conclusions of the protocol. Having exhausted all pacific efforts, we are compelled by the haughty obstinacy of the Porte to proceed to more decisive acts, feeling that our equity and dignity require it by her refusal. Turkey places us under the necessity of having recourse to arms, profoundly convinced by the justice of our cause, and committing ourselves to the grace of the Most High God, that we will know how to vindicate it. May God be with you. I wish you complete success. Farewell until you return."

Troops Reviewed by the Czar.  
KISCHENOFF, 24.—At the review of the troops at Tiraspol, yesterday, the Czar, in addressing the officers, said, "I felt gratified at sending you to the field of battle, and therefore have delayed action as long as possible, hesitating to shed your blood. But now that the honor of Russia is at stake, I am convinced that you will know how to vindicate it. May God be with you. I wish you complete success. Farewell until you return."

## THE DESERET NEWS WEEKLY

For Wednesday, April 25, 1877.

SIXTEEN PAGES AND EIGHTY COLUMNS OF READING.

Printed on Strong White Rag Paper.

## Partial Table of Contents—

The Special Legislation.  
Suicide in the City.  
David Gray's Estate.  
Address to Scandinavian Saint.  
Surrender of a Thousand Hostile Indians.  
Anna Dickinson and her Acting.  
Tweed and his Confession.  
The St. Louis Fire Inquiry.  
Charles Francis Adams' Talk.  
The Money that Sweeney Carried Away.  
Movements of the Russian Grand Dukes.  
What Sort of a Place Texas is.  
Utting a Mud Hole.  
The Myra Clark Gaines Litigation—Decision in Favor of Her Claim.  
Tobacco Demonstration in London.  
The Louisiana Business—Troops Removed.  
Packardites Willing—Close of the Commissioned Labor.  
More of the Loss of the Leo.  
Charges against Governor Potts of Montana.  
Slaughter of a Moravian Missionary and Family in Labrador.  
Ben Wade's President Hayes.  
The Methodist Mad and the Methodists Mollified.  
The Use of Troops.  
Not Enough to Go Around.  
Independent People.  
Gasoline vs. Gas.  
Up and Down of California Life.  
Reported Indian Depredations in Castle Valley.  
Brush-making.  
The Meeting of the Malcontents.  
Baskin and Bayonets and Blood.  
Bane and his Little Window.  
Showing the Cloven Foot and Boasting of it.  
Unhappy Unions.  
Conference in Sacramento.  
A Grasshopper Machine.  
Knowledge and Experience for the Young.  
The Promontory.  
Preaching in Rhode Island.  
What Does He Want to Do with that Rag?  
The Pioneer Silk Weaver.  
Carey Lectures on "Mormonism."  
Distinguished Literary Party.  
Sudden Death at Hyrum.  
Look Before You Leap.  
Whose Sin Was It?  
The Mormon Church.  
A Cry for Vengeance.  
Education in Fish.  
Preaching and Baptizing in Denmark.  
Eastern Wool Markets.  
District Court Proceedings.  
Notary Notices.  
Letter List.  
City Council Proceedings.  
Editorial Notes.  
Local News.  
Correspondence, Home and Foreign.  
Telegraphic Dispatches from All Parts of the World.  
Notes of Various Kinds.  
Reviews and Notices of Books, etc.  
Poetry.  
One of the Best Family Weeklies in the World.  
Annual Subscription \$3.50; postage, 15 cents. Single copy 10 cents.

## SALT LAKE

## THEATRE!

W. T. HARRIS.—Business Manager.

The Management announces that at an

ENORMOUS EXPENSE,

He has effected an engagement with the

WORLD FAMOUS

ADELAIDE NEILSON,

For Two Nights Only,

APPEARING ON

MONDAY EVE., APRIL 23, 1877.

In her incomparable rendition of

JULIET.

In Shakespeare's great Tragedy,

ROMEO AND JULIET.

AND ON

Tuesday Eve., April 24, '77

In her celebrated character of

ROSALIND!

To give special strength to the casts of

these plays, Miss Adelaide Neilson, late of

the California Theatre, Mrs. M. Downing,

first actress, and four others, by telegraph,

have been secured to-day and stage of per-

formance.

SCALE OF PRICES—Parquette, Reserved

Seats, \$1.00; General admission, 40 cts. Reserved

Seats, 50 cts.; General admission, 25 cts. Reserved

Seats, 30 cts.; General admission, 15 cts. Reserved

Seats, 20 cts.; General admission, 10 cts. Reserved

Seats, 15 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 10 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

Seats, 5 cts.; General admission, 5 cts. Reserved

## EAGLE EMPORIUM COLUMN.



GROCERIES

BOOTS &amp; SHOES

HATS &amp; CAPS

CROCKERY

IMPORTERS, JOBBERS, AND RETAIL DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

W. M. JENNINGS &amp; SONS.

NOTIONS

DRY GOODS

CARPETS

CLOTHING

GROCERIES

EAGLE HOUSE

AT TEASDEL'S

COUNTRY PURCHASERS

EAGLE HOUSE

TEASDEL'S

New Prints

Always

Parasols

Something

Dress Goods

New and

Shawls

Seasonable

Straw Hats

Maintaining

Clothing

Reputation

Ribbons

Uniform

Corsets

Accuracy of

Hosiery

Low Prices

Boots &amp; Shoes

Reliable

Hardware

## ANOTHER TRAIN OF NEW GOODS.

Fresh Novelties! Rare Bargains!

Z. C. M. I.

Are offering

Ladies' Dolmans, Ladies' Dolman Cloths

the Danichieffs Parasol, Ladies' and Misses

Hats, comprising the Sundown, the Pekin

the Shadow, the Marine, the Pert, the Mau

the Highland, the Paragon, the Reckless, the

Victor, the St. Carlos, Etc., Etc.

New Spring Styles of Gents' English and Scotch

Suits, and Home Manufactured Cassimeres in vari

assortment.

A large line of English, French and American Car

pets of all grades and styles, in Cotton, Wool and Velvet

Chinese and Cocoa Mats and Matting. Household F

nishing goods of every description, style and price.

Three hundred new patterns of Wall Papers and

Borders just received, and placed on exhibition at a

tractive Prices.

H. S. ELDREDGE, Supt.

BARGAINS!

BARGAINS!!

We are now Opening a Full Assortment of

SPRING GOODS.

Our Prices are Low and

we Guarantee Quality.

CALL AND SEE, AND BE CONVINCED.

DAY &amp; CO.

DAVIS, HOWE &amp; CO.,

FOUNDRY &amp; MACHINE

SHOP,

SUCCESSORS TO

NATHAN DAVIS &amp; SON

All kinds of Milling and Mach

Machinery, Wrought and Cast

Ironwork, manufactured to

order

Water Jacket, Turbine,