

BREVITIES.

New Orleans is to have a free letter delivery.
About half the currency of Denver is Chinese coin.
Dr. Ross has found a vein of pure, black lead, near Oregon City, in the railroad cut.
A Boston merchant has paid \$90,000 insurance, in twenty years, and never had a fire.
An Ohio farmer found a gold dollar inside of a squirrel he had shot.
The coal fields of America are estimated to contain 3,500,000,000 tons of coal.
Chinese coin is becoming a circulating medium in some of the north-western towns.
The present high price of butter is attributed to the use of the piano instead of the churn among farmers' daughters.
Twenty-eight newspapers died in Paris during the year 1869, and the death rate is two per month.
Sardou's plays have brought their author \$400,000 in about five years' time.
This advertisement lately appeared in a London paper: "Wanted, by a father, a school where his son may receive an education to fit him for a manly and useful life, without any humbug as to nations dead and buried thousands of years ago."

A petition is receiving many signatures in New York asking Congress to vote away no more of the public lands to the advantage of railway companies, but save the remaining acres for the benefit of immigrants and settlers.
A bed of pure sulphur, 135 feet thick 530 feet below the surface, has been discovered on an island in the delta of the Mississippi.
Pretty teacher—"Now Johnny Wells, can you tell me what is meant by a miracle?" Johnny—"Yes, teacher; mother says if you don't marry the new parson it'll be a miracle."

Last summer twenty-seven pairs of English sparrows were let loose in Boston, and it is calculated that they have increased until they now reach the number of one hundred and fifty. The city authorities feed and otherwise take care of them.
Norwich, Ct., is suffering from a plague of doves. The *Bulletin* says that the birds swarm all over the city, take possession of ornamental cornices and sidewalks, people the church bellies, swarm in countless numbers on the wharves in the vicinity of grain warehouses, and increase and multiply in the garrets of buildings, wherever a claspboard is off or a window pane out to let them in. They are the vagabonds of the city, the gamins of the air. Enterprising men caught three baskets full in a church belfry in one night recently, but there were as many flapping their wings over the town the next day.

A letter from the dragoman of the French Consulate at Jerusalem, published in the *Journal Officiel*, announces the discovery of a great block of basalt east of the Black Sea, in the territory of the ancient Moabites. On this block an inscription of thirty lines in the Phoenician character is engraved. The inscription commences, "J. Mesha, son of Chamos," and refers to the war waged by him against the Kings of Judah, of Israel and of Edom—enumerates the towns built and the temples erected by Mesha and dedicated by him to the national deity, Chamos. The detailed recital of this conflict is given in the Third Chapter of the Second Book of Kings. The age of the inscription is determined by its agreement with Bible history, and dates nine centuries before the Christian era. The inscription is in a good state of preservation, each word is separated by a point, and the sentences are divided by vertical lines.

Every person who toils daily at any kind of labor requiring great physical or mental exertion should be extremely careful to practice a regular system of ablation at the close of each day's work. Sometimes a person may become so completely exhausted as to render this anything but an inviting performance; yet by its omission a great deal of refreshment which the hours of repose are designed to impart is lost. To be cleanly is a strictly religious duty, and is absolutely essential to sound and refreshing sleep; hence the labor of keeping one's person clean is amply repaid by the elasticity which follows nightly ablutions before retiring. Heed this advice, and the reader will sleep soundly; disregard it—go to bed unwashed, and you will rise in the morning unrefreshed, with feelings of lassitude which the exertions of the day will hardly be able to move.—*Exchange*.

The Treasury Department annually uses many thousand envelopes of a peculiar greenish tint, which are rarely seen outside of the Government offices. No one, on examining them, would suspect of what they were manufactured. They are strong, smooth, and business-like in appearance, and have the letter stamped through the fibre. Old greenbacks form the material of which they are made. The Treasury Department saves up all the bits and remnants of paper used in the manufacture of our currency, with old stamps and bills and all the mutilated greenbacks that have come back to it, and, instead of destroying this mass of rubbish, as was formerly done, the Department turns it over to the paper-makers, who return it in the shape of serviceable envelopes. Many dollars are annually saved to the Government by this means. These envelopes are used extensively in the Custom-houses, the Post-office, Sub-Treasury, and other Government offices.

By Telegraph. CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE. Speech of Revel's on the Georgia bill—He is Congratulated.

At one o'clock, the Georgia bill was taken up. The galleries were thronged in anticipation of a speech by Revels. Morton, who was entitled to the floor, yielded in favor of Revels, who proceeded to address the Senate and was listened to throughout with the closest attention. His opening remarks were as follows:
"Mr. President: I rise at this particular juncture in the discussion of the Georgia bill, with feelings which, perhaps, never before entered into the experience of any member of this body. I rise, too, with misgivings as to the propriety of lifting my voice at this early period after my commission in the Senate. Perhaps it were wiser for me, seeing that I am inexperienced in the details of senatorial duty, to remain a passive listener in the progress of the debate; but when I remember that my term is short, and that the issues with which this bill is fraught are momentous in their present and future influence, upon the well being of my race, I would seem indifferent to the importance of the hour, and recant to the high trust reposed in me, if I neglected to lend my voice in behalf of the loyal people of the South. Proceeding, I referred to the ideas widely disseminating, that antagonism existed in the South between the whites and blacks. As the representative of the latter, he denied the charge referred to, and pointed to the conduct of the slaves during the war, which they well understood was for their freedom. When left alone with their wives and children, while their masters were fighting to perpetrate their slavery, they worked for and protected them, waiting patiently the result of the contest, and for the freedom for which they longed. He maintained that the past record of his race was an index of their feelings to-day; that they look towards their former masters, no longer with feelings of hatred, aiming not to elevate themselves by sacrificing a single interest of their white fellow citizens, and asking only the rights which naturally and legally belong to them. He also expressed his confidence in the integrity of the purpose of Congress and the Republican party, in the reconstruction measures, declaring his belief that they were influenced solely by a patriotic desire to serve the whole country. He alluded to the conduct of the negro soldiers, and then reviewed the history of affairs in Georgia. He argued against Bingham's amendment and in favor of the bill, as it originally came from the reconstruction committee.
Upon the conclusion of his remarks, Revels received the congratulations of many Republican Senators and others; then the immense audience in the galleries, in which were included many colored persons, slowly dispersed.
Morton congratulated Revels and expressed his opinion that, in the exchange of Revels for Jeff. Davis, the Senate had lost nothing in intelligence, while it had gained much in patriotism and loyalty. He opposed Bingham's amendment as a violation of justice and of human rights.
Howard took the floor, but yielded on motion to go into executive session, which was agreed to and the Senate soon after adjourned.

LOUISIANA.

Fire.—A fire yesterday, at Sedalia, La., destroyed the Court House and seven stores; loss \$75,000 partially insured.
NEW ORLEANS.—A fire yesterday, in Villere, Marais and Frame streets, destroyed about thirty small houses; loss \$10,000.

NEW YORK.

The Lebanon Shakers—Charge against Secretary Cox.—Price of Railroad Securities.—Complications to American Shipwreck and loss of life.—St. Patrick's Day.—Mails delayed.
HUDSON, 15.—The general term of the Supreme Court has affirmed the decision of Judge Miller, in the noted *Adams* case, of Harbour vs. the trustees of the New Lebanon Shakers, awarding the custody of a child held by the Shakers, to its parents.
NEW YORK, 16.—A special correspondent says that a matter of a very unusual character will soon be brought before Congress, through some correspondence between Secretary Cox and some members of the House and Senate. It appears that some weeks ago, the Senate called on the Secretary of the Interior for certain papers relating to Indian matters, and that they were subsequently ordered to be printed. Instead of this order being carried out, they were taken to the room of the commissioner of Indian affairs, and there rearranged. A large part was left out entirely, and an important portion of the others were struck out when the documents were printed. A member of the House familiar with the case, wrote to Secretary Cox, complaining that the papers had been gobbled, and that many had been suppressed entirely. The Secretary had the matter investigated when it was found that all the papers were sent from the Interior Department to the Senate. This led to the discovery of the facts as given above.
The Pacific railway securities are higher; the U. P. first mortgage bonds are 84 to 85; the bonds 85 to 86; the Pacific 94 to 95.
Correspondence gives speeches made by some of the first diplomats in the world on Washington's birthday.
At a banquet given by Mr. Jay, in Vienna, Baron Beust said that while

he perfectly understand the difficulties in the way of Austrian progress, "I trust in the motto of the great Republic across the ocean, unity and freedom, —the first as the only element to strengthen the last, —as the great principle of progress." It is noteworthy that at the banquet the ambassadors of all the chief powers of Europe united in compliments to America.
NEW YORK, 17.—The schooner *Jas. H. Hoyt* was wrecked at Sandy Hook; all hands were lost: after climbing to the rigging they were washed away.
The celebration of St. Patrick's day is progressing. It surpasses anything of the kind ever known in New York.
All the mails from the West were delayed by the storm yesterday.

MISSOURI.

Celebration of St. Patrick's Day.
ST. LOUIS, 17.—St. Patrick's day is being celebrated in an unsurpassed manner; the entire Irish people seem to be participating.

ILLINOIS.

The Leland-Wilkes affair—Trouble anticipated among the Methodists—Fatal Accident—Crucifixion of a school teacher—Leland to be feted, etc.—Celebration of St. Patrick's day.
CHICAGO.—The *Tribune's* New York special says, in reference to the Leland-Wilkes affair, that the whipping was done with a cane, and that Wilkes was not seriously hurt. A duel is talked of by the friends of both parties.
Indications are that serious trouble will arise among the Methodists, owing to the report of the recent investigation of the affairs of their book concern at New York. The conference will be asked to follow the example of the Baltimore conference, and to refuse to make further contributions to the publishing business. Many members of the church express dissatisfaction with the report, and demand that affairs be investigated by a committee of practical business men and not by ministers.
CHICAGO, 17.—By the collision of two sleighs on Wabash Avenue, last evening, Chas. Sellinger, the gentleman driving one of them, was fatally injured, and died shortly after.
There is another case of cruelty in the public schools; Miss Rose, the teacher, has been arrested. She was charged with shoving a crippled boy down stairs.
The committee of investigation appointed by the Board of Supervisors, in the case of Kearney, President of the board, charged with bribery and corruption, submitted their report yesterday, finding the accused guilty and requesting him to resign his position, both as President and member of the board, both of which Kearney declined to do.
The friends of Major Leland propose giving him a banquet in honor of his assault upon Wilkes. The latter declares that he is not seriously hurt, and his friends say that he would have shot Leland, but he had no pistol at the time. He declines to prosecute Leland, and is preparing an account of the attack for the next number of his paper.
The celebration of St. Patrick's day, in this city, was the most extensive ever witnessed here; the procession was immense.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Severe Snow Storm.
BOSTON.—There was a severe easterly gale and snow storm yesterday; drifts eighteen feet deep are reported in Berkshire county.

FOREIGN NEWS.

FRANCE.

France and Church matters.—Minister arrived—Resignation—Caucus meeting of members of the Corps Legislatif.—The Noir homicide case.
PARIS.—Despatches from Rome confirm the report of the demand by France for representation in the Council. The publication of twenty-one canons of the church renders inevitable a change in the attitude of France as in the abstract they violate the principles of the modern government of society and are hostile to the wishes expressed by the Emperor in his speech to the Chamber. Difficulties have arisen in the Cabinet on the position toward Rome. Marquis De La Violette, Minister to Great Britain, has arrived at Paris.
A telegraphic dispatch from Algiers announces that Marshal MacMahon, Governor General of Algiers, has tendered his resignation to the Emperor. It is supposed the cause is the recent discussion in the Corps Legislatif on the administration in Algiers.
The *Gaulois*, an independent organ, states that a caucus of the members of the Left in the Corps Legislatif, was held last evening, at which it was decided to demand that the questions relative to the budget shall be controlled by that body. The caucus also adopted a resolution offering its opposition to the system of executive creation of credits and granting money for making wars and proclaiming neutrality without the authority of the Corps Legislatif.
The specie in the bank of France has increased 89,000,000 francs.
Rochefort has been taken to Tours as a witness in the Bonaparte-Noir homicide case.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The "City of Boston" and "Mammoth" —The underwriters have excluded seven guineas, as a premium on the cover due to the *Somerset*, while the premium on the *City of Boston* has again been reduced.
A question was put by Packington to the Commons, regarding the rumored

overloading of the City of Boston which has elicited a refusal from the Board of Trade, rectifying the extended rules for the loading of ships.
EDINBURGH.—The Court of Sessions has laid a perpetual injunction on the sale of the American edition of Tennyson's poems in England.

PRUSSIA.

Legislation respecting political offences.
BERLIN.—The Reichstag has enacted that political offences shall be punishable only when a criminal purpose is the object of the demonstration.

SPAIN.

Prim and the Volunteers.
MADRID.—Marshall Prim reviewed the volunteers at Madrid, to-day. He was received with great enthusiasm.

HUSSEY, DAHLER & Co.

BANKERS AND EXCHANGERS IN GOLD, SILVER, COIN AND EXCHANGE, SALT LAKE CITY, U. T., and Virginia City and Helena, Montana.
Warren Hussey & Co., Bankers, Denver and Central City, Colorado. d75-11

A. MINER.

Attorney and Counselor.
After an absence of three years in Europe, again returns to the public his professional services. Office at his residence, 21 South Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.
P. S.—Foreign and Domestic Collections attended to. d36-11

BROMLEY HOUSE, ECHO CITY.

Near the U. P. R. Depot.
WM. HENKNER, PROPRIETOR.
The traveling public can always be accommodated with first class board by the meal, day, or week. Rooms for families. Barber Shop in connection with the Hotel. d38-11

T. & W. TAYLOR.

West side East Temple St., S. L. City.
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
And a General Assortment of Merchandise
d38-11

C. H. BARNETT.

Dealers in DRY GOODS, GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, Wholesale and Retail, West side East Temple Street. d38-11

W. F. ANDERSON, M. D.

Surgeon and Physician.
Office at Residence, 13th Ward. d38-11

C. M. DONELSON.

PIONEER COOPER.
Opposite Pacific Telephone Office, keeps constantly on hand, for sale on the most reasonable terms, a good supply of COOPER WARE of the best quality and every variety. d38-11

JUST RECEIVED.

THE finest stock of WAGON TIMBERS, and MATERIAL ever imported to this city; also, material for FIFTY BUGGY and COMMON SLEIGHS, ROB SLEIGHS, BUNNERS and SHOES. A portion will be sold at a small advance for cash down. Terms, pay on delivery of work, without deviation. J. C. LITTLE, Agent for Co-operative Manufacturing Dec. 29th, 1869. d32-11

FOUND.

THE lower part of a PICCOLO, with eight keys on it.
The loser can obtain the above on calling at this office and paying for this advertisement. d30-3

FAUST'S

PACKING, PACKING and FREIGHT TRANSFER
OMNIBUSES will call at all the Hotels, and where ordered in the city for Passengers for the U. P. R. Depot, in time for trains, and will transfer Passengers and Freight to any part of the city. My messenger will be on all trains. Any article entrusted to our care will be promptly delivered, in any part of the city, at low rates.
Leave orders at Office, at FAUST'S STABLE, or with my Agents.
H. J. FAUST, d32-11
C. H. BOWLING & Co.
PAINTERS, GRASSERS & GLAZIERS.
Two doors West of 13th Ward Assembly Rooms. d72-11

LOOK HERE! LOOK HERE!

THE traveling public will find, on the State Road, a SALOON, recently fitted up by JOHN EDDINS, where he keeps a supply of ALE and PORTER, bottled for on draught, equal to foreign importations; also, Sausages, Crackers, Cheese, etc. d30-11
EDDINS Saloon, on Main Street, between 1st and 2nd streets, where Mr. Eddins will be pleased to wait on his numerous friends and customers. d30-11

TURBINE

WATER WHEEL
FOR SALE CHEAP
Hooper's Buildings, Salt Lake City. d73-11

CHICAGO AND NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY

Shortest Line Between Omaha and Chicago.
The Old Established Line.
Fast Trains and Sure Connections.
The only Line running the celebrated PULLMAN PALACE SLEEPING CARS BETWEEN OMAHA & CHICAGO.

TWO DAILY TRAINS

In connection with Trains on UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD. And make sure connections at Chicago with all the EASTERN AND SOUTHERN ROADS.

1870.

TO BENEFIT THE PEOPLE

We have Reduced the Price of our Custom-Made Kip Tap Sole Boots to \$5 per pair.
ALL OTHER GOODS PROPORTIONATELY LOW
A Splendid Stock of Rubber Goods JUST RECEIVED.
SOLE-MAKING RUBBERS & FOOTHOLES! ENQUIRE FOR THEM
Sole Leather, - 35c. per pound, Examined.
Harness do. 40c. " A prime article.
Upper do. 35c. square foot Chicago price.
WM. SLOAN & Co.,
SIGN OF "BIG BOOT," SALT LAKE CITY. d37-11

HARDY GRAPE VINES!

THE EARLIEST AND BEST VARIETIES, That require NO COVERING IN THE WINTER
Two, Three and Four year old, warranted true to kind and grown from PERFECT AND RIPE WOOD!
RASPBERRY PLANTS!
THORNLESS BLACK CAP, PHILADELPHIA
WILSON'S EARLY KITTATINNY
FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES
Produce Taken.
D. O. CALDER,
Twenty-fifth Ward. d38-11

NOTICE.

WILL SELL the following described property at private sale, any one wishing good Lots of property, should call on me immediately.
SALT LAKE CITY PLAT, land to be sold in Block 22 Lot 10 to 12, 14 to 16, 18 to 20, 22 to 24, 26 to 28, 30 to 32, 34 to 36, 38 to 40, 42 to 44, 46 to 48, 50 to 52, 54 to 56, 58 to 60, 62 to 64, 66 to 68, 70 to 72, 74 to 76, 78 to 80, 82 to 84, 86 to 88, 90 to 92, 94 to 96, 98 to 100, 102 to 104, 106 to 108, 110 to 112, 114 to 116, 118 to 120, 122 to 124, 126 to 128, 130 to 132, 134 to 136, 138 to 140, 142 to 144, 146 to 148, 150 to 152, 154 to 156, 158 to 160, 162 to 164, 166 to 168, 170 to 172, 174 to 176, 178 to 180, 182 to 184, 186 to 188, 190 to 192, 194 to 196, 198 to 200, 202 to 204, 206 to 208, 210 to 212, 214 to 216, 218 to 220, 222 to 224, 226 to 228, 230 to 232, 234 to 236, 238 to 240, 242 to 244, 246 to 248, 250 to 252, 254 to 256, 258 to 260, 262 to 264, 266 to 268, 270 to 272, 274 to 276, 278 to 280, 282 to 284, 286 to 288, 290 to 292, 294 to 296, 298 to 300, 302 to 304, 306 to 308, 310 to 312, 314 to 316, 318 to 320, 322 to 324, 326 to 328, 330 to 332, 334 to 336, 338 to 340, 342 to 344, 346 to 348, 350 to 352, 354 to 356, 358 to 360, 362 to 364, 366 to 368, 370 to 372, 374 to 376, 378 to 380, 382 to 384, 386 to 388, 390 to 392, 394 to 396, 398 to 400, 402 to 404, 406 to 408, 410 to 412, 414 to 416, 418 to 420, 422 to 424, 426 to 428, 430 to 432, 434 to 436, 438 to 440, 442 to 444, 446 to 448, 450 to 452, 454 to 456, 458 to 460, 462 to 464, 466 to 468, 470 to 472, 474 to 476, 478 to 480, 482 to 484, 486 to 488, 490 to 492, 494 to 496, 498 to 500, 502 to 504, 506 to 508, 510 to 512, 514 to 516, 518 to 520, 522 to 524, 526 to 528, 530 to 532, 534 to 536, 538 to 540, 542 to 544, 546 to 548, 550 to 552, 554 to 556, 558 to 560, 562 to 564, 566 to 568, 570 to 572, 574 to 576, 578 to 580, 582 to 584, 586 to 588, 590 to 592, 594 to 596, 598 to 600, 602 to 604, 606 to 608, 610 to 612, 614 to 616, 618 to 620, 622 to 624, 626 to 628, 630 to 632, 634 to 636, 638 to 640, 642 to 644, 646 to 648, 650 to 652, 654 to 656, 658 to 660, 662 to 664, 666 to 668, 670 to 672, 674 to 676, 678 to 680, 682 to 684, 686 to 688, 690 to 692, 694 to 696, 698 to 700, 702 to 704, 706 to 708, 710 to 712, 714 to 716, 718 to 720, 722 to 724, 726 to 728, 730 to 732, 734 to 736, 738 to 740, 742 to 744, 746 to 748, 750 to 752, 754 to 756, 758 to 760, 762 to 764, 766 to 768, 770 to 772, 774 to 776, 778 to 780, 782 to 784, 786 to 788, 790 to 792, 794 to 796, 798 to 800, 802 to 804, 806 to 808, 810 to 812, 814 to 816, 818 to 820, 822 to 824, 826 to 828, 830 to 832, 834 to 836, 838 to 840, 842 to 844, 846 to 848, 850 to 852, 854 to 856, 858 to 860, 862 to 864, 866 to 868, 870 to 872, 874 to 876, 878 to 880, 882 to 884, 886 to 888, 890 to 892, 894 to 896, 898 to 900, 902 to 904, 906 to 908, 910 to 912, 914 to 916, 918 to 920, 922 to 924, 926 to 928, 930 to 932, 934 to 936, 938 to 940, 942 to 944, 946 to 948, 950 to 952, 954 to 956, 958 to 960, 962 to 964, 966 to 968, 970 to 972, 974 to 976, 978 to 980, 982 to 984, 986 to 988, 990 to 992, 994 to 996, 998 to 1000, 1002 to 1004, 1006 to 1008, 1010 to 1012, 1014 to 1016, 1018 to 1020, 1022 to 1024, 1026 to 1028, 1030 to 1032, 1034 to 1036, 1038 to 1040, 1042 to 1044, 1046 to 1048, 1050 to 1052, 1054 to 1056, 1058 to 1060, 1062 to 1064, 1066 to 1068, 1070 to 1072, 1074 to 1076, 1078 to 1080, 1082 to 1084, 1086 to 1088, 1090 to 1092, 1094 to 1096, 1098 to 1100, 1102 to 1104, 1106 to 1108, 1110 to 1112, 1114 to 1116, 1118 to 1120, 1122 to 1124, 1126 to 1128, 1130 to 1132, 1134 to 1136, 1138 to 1140, 1142 to 1144, 1146 to 1148, 1150 to 1152, 1154 to 1156, 1158 to 1160, 1162 to 1164, 1166 to 1168, 1170 to 1172, 1174 to 1176, 1178 to 1180, 1182 to 1184, 1186 to 1188, 1190 to 1192, 1194 to 1196, 1198 to 1200, 1202 to 1204, 1206 to 1208, 1210 to 1212, 1214 to 1216, 1218 to 1220, 1222 to 1224, 1226 to 1228, 1230 to 1232, 1234 to 1236, 1238 to 1240, 1242 to 1244, 1246 to 1248, 1250 to 1252, 1254 to 1256, 1258 to 1260, 1262 to 1264, 1266 to 1268, 1270 to 1272, 1274 to 1276, 1278 to 1280, 1282 to 1284, 1286 to 1288, 1290 to 1292, 1294 to 1296, 1298 to 1300, 1302 to 1304, 1306 to 1308, 1310 to 1312, 1314 to 1316, 1318 to 1320, 1322 to 1324, 1326 to 1328, 1330 to 1332, 1334 to 1336, 1338 to 1340, 1342 to 1344, 1346 to 1348, 1350 to 1352, 1354 to 1356, 1358 to 1360, 1362 to 1364, 1366 to 1368, 1370 to 1372, 1374 to 1376, 1378 to 1380, 1382 to 1384, 1386 to 1388, 1390 to 1392, 1394 to 1396, 1398 to 1400, 1402 to 1404, 1406 to 1408, 1410 to 1412, 1414 to 1416, 1418 to 1420, 1422 to 1424, 1426 to 1428, 1430 to 1432, 1434 to 1436, 1438 to 1440, 1442 to 1444, 1446 to 1448, 1450 to 1452, 1454 to 1456, 1458 to 1460, 1462 to 1464, 1466 to 1468, 1470 to 1472, 1474 to 1476, 1478 to 1480, 1482 to 1484, 1486 to 1488, 1490 to 1492, 1494 to 1496, 1498 to 1500, 1502 to 1504, 1506 to 1508, 1510 to 1512, 1514 to 1516, 1518 to 1520, 1522 to 1524, 1526 to 1528, 1530 to 1532, 1534 to 1536, 1538 to 1540, 1542 to 1544, 1546 to 1548, 1550 to 1552, 1554 to 1556, 1558 to 1560, 1562 to 1564, 1566 to 1568, 1570 to 1572, 1574 to 1576, 1578 to 1580, 1582 to 1584, 1586 to 1588, 1590 to 1592, 1594 to 1596, 1598 to 1600, 1602 to 1604, 1606 to 1608, 1610 to 1612, 1614 to 1616, 1618 to 1620, 1622 to 1624, 1626 to 1628, 1630 to 1632, 1634 to 1636, 1638 to 1640, 1642 to 1644, 1646 to 1648, 1650 to 1652, 1654 to 1656, 1658 to 1660, 1662 to 1664, 1666 to 1668, 1670 to 1672, 1674 to 1676, 1678 to 1680, 1682 to 1684, 1686 to 1688, 1690 to 1692, 1694 to 1696, 1698 to 1700, 1702 to 1704, 1706 to 1708, 1710 to 1712, 1714 to 1716, 1718 to 1720, 1722 to 1724, 1726 to 1728, 1730 to 1732, 1734 to 1736, 1738 to 1740, 1742 to 1744, 1746 to 1748, 1750 to 1752, 1754 to 1756, 1758 to 1760, 1762 to 1764, 1766 to 1768, 1770 to 1772, 1774 to 1776, 1778 to 1780, 1782 to