

will begin. No casualties nor additional damage to property. Heavy contributions are pouring into the depots of supply. No suffering for food or clothing; clear and warm.

People of Portland are driven out of the second stories. The shipping port is entirely abandoned and houses are floating away. Three men were rescued as they floated down clinging to the roof of a shed. The body of a woman with a child clasped in her arms was recovered from the water.

Indianapolis, 18.—Appeals for help come from Jeffersonville and New Albany. Supplies are sent, some of which are ready received. The Governor Auditor and Secretary of State are appointed a committee to disburse the funds appropriated by the Legislature.

Reports from Lafayette, Peru, and other points say the Wabash is rising rapidly and overflowing its banks. Serious damage from ice and flood is feared.

CHICAGO, 16.—A special to the *Daily News* from Joliet says a mine at Braidwood, a mining town twenty miles south of that point, caved in and imprisoned 75 men. A subsequent dispatch to the same paper says 45 of these miners are dead.

CHICAGO, 17.—A brief interview has just been held with A. L. Sweet, president of 34 mines comprising the Diamond Mine, to confirm reports of the terrible disaster at Braidwood. Sweet's information is that 300 men were in the various shafts this afternoon, when the ground sagged in under the weight of water that had at once increased it. Sixty-two were in the shaft which caught the bulk of the fall of debris and which was instantly flooded. Every one of them was either drowned or smothered in less than five minutes. Their bodies must now be buried beneath many tons of earth. Hundreds of acres have been excavated and the miners not in the one unfortunate shaft all escaped. Pumping is going on vigorously, but it will be many hours before the first bodies can be reached. The mine was of the ordinary kind supplied with regular shafts and supposed to be well protected from accident. The wires to Joliet are in bad shape and no full report has been yet received from the scene.

CLEVELAND, 17.—The 7 car express train on the Cleveland & Columbus road was ditched by the slipping of a rail one mile north of Gallion to-day, while running at the rate of 18 miles an hour.

Later.—A heavy fog prevailed. The engineer Mason and two passengers were killed and seven passengers wounded. The other engineer and train hands escaped. A railroad train with surgeons and wrecking apparatus has gone to the scene.

INDIANAPOLIS, 17.—The House appropriated \$100,000 for flood sufferers; the Senate will concur. Forty thousand dollars had been previously appropriated. Car loads of provisions are going South. The Wabash is reported the highest ever known. An appeal issued from New Albany says: Over 10,000 persons in that vicinity are homeless and destitute, and nothing can be raised for them thereabouts; the public are therefore invited to aid them. Every kind of aid will be acceptable; the wants are so various; the distress will continue for weeks.

Richmond, 17.—The council appropriated \$5,000 for the flood sufferers.

Cairo, 17.—The river is six and a half feet lower than the highest point of last year; rising rapidly; no serious damage apprehended.

Washington, 17.—Skinner introduced a bill to-day appropriating a million dollars for flood sufferers. Wheeler introduced a bill appropriating \$100,000 for the same purpose; referred.

Wheeling, W. Va., 17.—The St. Manly Iron Works machinery got out of fix and seven large stones of the grinding mill exploded putting holes in the building and killing Jay Prentiss and injuring Wm. Ball.

The *Tribune's* Braidwood special gives the following list of miners known to be lost: John Huler, leaves a wife and four children; Adam McQuestion, leaves a wife and five children; Robert McQuestion; Isaac Pierson, leaves a wife and one child; James Carroll; B. Chalzell, leaves a wife and three children; John Boyd, leaves a wife; H. Cady; John Neil, leaves a wife and six children; A. Orr, leaves a wife and three children; R. Harper, leaves a wife and three children; P. C. Kedman, leaves a wife and two children; P. Wall; Fritz Koe; Samuel Atkins, leaves a wife and six children; Jno.

Atkins; A. Hoeke, leaves a wife and two children; Geo. Bulekowsky; Jno. Bulekowsky; Larry Sullivan; John Brokma, leaves a wife and four children; A. Fulton, K. Grabe; Wm. Scholis, leaves a wife and two children; James Pearson; John Pearson; Harry Ungar, leaves a wife and child; Joe Mathew, A. Gotenberger; Frank Mott, leaves a wife and three children; W. Kleser, Joe Smith, O. Clotfin, John Gullock; Frank Kline; Adam Damm, leaves a wife and four children; E. D. Ammn; Joe Grates; M. Neyski; John Denbrook; Anton Denbrook; F. Mun; H. Kemsey; F. Saup; Latt Belz; P. Seet; Jno. Huber; Frank Huber; Willie McQuestion; Adam McQuestion, jr.; Jno. Pierson; Matthew Redman; D. M. Bridge; T. Costigan; Adam Stewart, jr.; Frank Stewart; Hugh Nesbitt; A. B. Eglington; Simon Stump; John Smith; R. Rabbert; Geo. Mathew; W. C. Secora; H. Clossner; J. Lense; John French; John Johnson, O. O. Sterlo; John Anderson, Wm. McCutty; Thos. Rogers, and Joe Russek. This was the most terrible tragedy that ever visited the Wilmington coal field. It was in the No. 2 shaft of the Wilmington Coal Mine & Manufacturing Company, known as the Diamond Company. It was situated 3 1/2 miles northwest of this city. The little village of Diamond is a scene of desolation calculated to wring the hearts of the most hardened to scenes of misery.

TOLEDO, O., 18.—Since noon the water has risen steadily. At 9 o'clock this evening it marks 20 inches higher than the highest point of '81, and is rising at the rate of 3 inches per hour. A gorge below the city extends for two miles below the Pennsylvania railroad bridge and ice is piled up to the height of 12 to 18 feet. The gorge abreast of the city is still firm. In addition to the westerly span of the Cherry street wagon bridge and easterly and westerly trestles of the W. and L. L. railroad bridge, two of the central spans of the Pennsylvania railroad bridge were carried away, together with a portion of the new draw and two temporary spans of the Union railroad bridge. The water is now above the floor of the Lake Shore railroad bridge, but the structure stands firm. The middle ground from Union depot to the Lake Shore bridge is covered with water to a depth of 6 to 8 feet. Extending across the river is a vast field of broken ice 7 feet deep on the floor of the Island House and Union depot. Most of the rolling stock is removed from the depot and middle grounds. The gas works are flooded with only 26 hours supply to depend upon. Eel riser which empties into White at Worthington is rising very rapidly, and at Oakley City rose at night and fell during the day. Vermillion river at Eugene, Ind., is gorged with ice, and warning has been sent down along the line to look out for a big flood. The most dangerous lies in the breaking away of the ice above which will undoubtedly create consternation in the river bottoms, and at Logansport and Wabash threatens to inundate the business part of the town.

A special from Jeffersonville says: Five-sixths of the city is under water, and desolation and misery of seven thousand people beggars description. Five houses have turned over and are floating down toward the falls with no possible way of saving them.

Little Rock, 19.—An inch of snow fell here to-day, first this winter. The Arkansas river rose 42 inches, marking only two feet below that of last spring's highest mark. The Mississippi at Arkansas City rose a foot in the past 24 hours, showing over 38 feet above low-water mark.

Indianapolis 19.—The following telegram was read from agents of the Indiana relief committee:

Jeffersonville, Ind., 19.—The ground here is all over water. We must say of Jeffersonville that it is beyond power to describe the great desolation; fully 50 per cent of the city is under water. The business streets and grand canals are only used by boats. So sudden was the flood upon them that merchants had no time to remove any stock. It is almost impossible to make purchases even if the would-be purchaser had the funds. When consequent sickness comes there will be an open field for charity. Jeffersonville will be quite largely dependent upon the generosity of the public for at least 30 days. We find noble workers doing all that humans can do to properly distribute donations received. We have visited New Albany and find generous donations now on the way, which will be gratefully re-

ceived and placed where every cracker will fall into a hungry mouth. We learn of severe losses and intense sufferings at Leavenworth and some intermediate points, and have from Capt. Irwin who, owns a ferry from Portland to New Albany the noble offer to transport any supplies sent to the needy as far as Leavenworth going 65 miles below free. Lawrenceville is a great sufferer, but we saw its Mayor in Jeffersonville to-day nobly offering aid if necessity demanded.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., 19.—The Susquehanna is the highest this year. Communication on the west side is cut off. The ice at Port Blanchard is floating on the main highways from here to Pittston. The ice between here and Plymouth is gorged, and occupants of the lowland are getting ready to move.

Cairo, 18, 19.—The river at this place is 49 feet eight inches, and rising 1/2 of an inch an hour. There is very little excitement, but there is considerable destitution and loss of stock and property reported south of here. It is supposed the river here will come to a stand to-morrow night. The Illinois Central Railway is preparing to raise the grade of the levee at once and a committee of citizens has been appointed to inspect the levees for weak places.

Louisville, 19.—The river continues to recede slowly; now 43 feet six inches at head of canal; 68 feet in the channel at the foot of the falls. The weather is clear and cool; no special feature marked to-day. Large collections for the relief fund were made in all the churches, which added to the fund on hand and to be raised, will prevent actual want.

Cincinnati, 19.—From up the river, points, late dispatches state that the water is still rising rapidly. At Perryburg it rose three feet in four hours, and at 9 o'clock was rising a foot an hour. Defiance reports the water three inches higher than ever before, and still rising. Several gorges still exist between here and Defiance, all of which water and the water held by them is still to come. Weather fair and freezing.

VICKSBURG, 19.—The Illawarra levee, 50 miles above, on the Louisiana side, broke last night, 300 feet have gone and the water is going through rapidly, about three feet deep. The point where the ice broke is Newark. Many plantations will be overflowed.

BRAIDWOOD, Ill., 19.—The situation at the scene of the mine disaster is about the same as last night. One more name is added to the list of victims, that of Harry Eades. Work continued all night last night, setting pumps and appliances to remove the water, but pumping has not begun, as the sink hole has not been dammed up. Some 20 teams and 100 men are hard at work building a dam. A large number of people assembled at the scene to-day watching developments. The company is constantly in receipt of inquiries from all parts of the country asking if some loved one is safe. Five more sink holes were discovered to-day, the extent of which cannot be ascertained on account of ice and water, which covers the land for miles around.

#### FOREIGN.

Dublin, 15.—James Carey, Kilmahnam prisoner, is very ill.

The examination of the murderers was resumed. James Carey, the Counselor, Joseph Brady, Timothy Kelly, Jos. Hanon, Daniel Curley, Fagan, Pat Delaney, the carman, Fitzharris and Thos. Caffey were in the dock. The room was crowded. The prisoners assumed indifference.

It is stated at the hearing to-day of the prisoners charged with conspiracy to murder, an eye witness will depose that both Lord Cavendish and Burke were suddenly seized from behind and as they wrenched themselves loose it was thought they were wounded in their backs as well as their breasts.

Patrick Cahill depose that, in passing the Chapel lead gate on the evening of the 6th of May, he saw a car driving rapidly toward Phoenix Park. One man on the car he identified as Cafferty. This completes the quartette of men who were on the car.

LONDON, 18.—Parliament reassembled to-day. The following is the Queen's speech: My lords and gentlemen: I have summoned you later than usual, because of the lateness of the last session. I am satisfied to maintain friendship with all foreign powers. At the close of the last session of Parliament, I had the pleasure of recording my gratitude to my sea-

and land forces for the suppression, rapidly and complete, of a foreign rebellion in Egypt. Tranquillity since has been restored there, and clemency since has been shown by its ruler to the leaders of the rebellion. The withdrawal of British troops is proposed as expeditiously as prudence and circumstances will permit. Constitutional government in Egypt and the reorganization of its affairs for the Khedive have partly been accomplished and continue to receive my earnest attention. It shall be my endeavor to secure full provision for the exigencies of order, and for a just representation of the wants and wishes of the population, and for the observance of international obligations. I have already been able to fulfil my promise to the Sultan and the powers, that I would submit to their friendly consideration the arrangements which appeared to me best fitted to insure the stability of the Khedive's government, the prosperity and happiness of the Egyptians; the security of the canal, and the peace of eastern Europe. My policy has been and will be directed to those objects. I rely confidently on its just appreciation by other countries.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons, the estimates for services the coming year are in a forward state of preparation and will shortly be submitted to you.

My lords and gentlemen, I am happy that the improvement in social condition to which I referred in December, continues. Agrarian crime has diminished, and law is everywhere upheld. Measures will be promptly submitted to you for preventing corrupt practices and perpetuating and amending the ballot act. You will also be invited to consider a proposal which will more effectually secure to the tenants of England and Scotland compensation for agricultural improvements. You have provided in recent years by a liberal devotion of your time for the most urgent needs of Ireland. Claims of general legislation and other parts of the Kingdom now demand your first regard. I trust, however, you will be able to deal with some legislative wants of Ireland, for which provision is not yet made. I rely upon your energy and prudence, and beseech the Almighty now as heretofore to bless your labors.

DUBLIN, 17.—The hearing of the prisoners charged with conspiracy to murder government officials, was resumed to-day.

All the prisoners were placed in the dock except Patrick Delaney. The sensation had scarcely subsided before Jas. Carey stepped into the witness box. The surprise among the prisoners was unbounded.

The counsel for the prisoners objected to the question of Murphy, Crown counsel, to Carey, as an infamous witness. Great excitement followed. The remark drew a sharp rebuke from the magistrate Carey's appearance at the witness table created a profound sensation. He was hissed by the other prisoners. He depose he joined the Fenian brotherhood in 1862. He mentioned as members of the Fenian directory, Thos. Brennan, late secretary of the Land League, and Jas. O'Connor. He was introduced to J. P. Sheridan, who was disguised as a priest, and passed under the name of Father Murphy. Sheridan told witness he was watching Forster, then Chief Secretary of Ireland, and was extending the Society of Invincibles throughout the country. He promised to send him some weapons from London.

Carey depose James Mullett, chairman of the Dublin branch, who established the society for the extirpation of tyrants, told him Earl Cowper and Forster were doomed. Carey incriminated P. J. Sheridan and Jas. Mullett as plotting to assassinate Forster a Cowper.

His testimony proves that the assassination gang was organized in consequence of orders that were brought from London by Walsh Clerkenwell, Fenian. Carey said a Mrs. Byrne brought from London knives, revolvers and Winchester rifles. It was arranged during March, 1882, to "remove" Forster, at a point opposite St. Mark's church, Brunswick, Street. All the prisoners met around the Royal Oak Tavern, May 6th, except James Mullett, who was imprisoned. Carey swore he and other members of the assassination society believed that funds for the murders came from the Land League. He related the persistent digging of Forster for days with a view to his murder. He swore the murders

were posted concerning Forster's movements by telegrams from London, ostensibly about the racing. He said he drove with his children in a cab to the first rendezvous of the murders. After he alighted he saw Fitzharris was driving. It was Brady, he testified, who took his share as principal, stabbed, and afterwards cut Burke's throat.

Carey depose that all the prisoners except one were members of the organization, as was also Frank Byrne of London, whose wife brought arms. He swore that Stephen and Leonard, now in America, and Patrick Whelan were not members of the Invincibles. Clayford Lloyd's name was mentioned. Sheridan, after he left England, was going to the West of Ireland to speak for the society. McCaffrey's successor was only known to the conspirators as "Figure 1." Two previous chairmen of the organization, Carey said, had been promoted; they were Blakeney and O'Connor. Did not know who constituted the supreme council, or from whom they had their directions. Burke once escaped them by going through the vice regal grounds instead of by the main road. Carey corroborated Kavanagh's testimony in every detail. He admitted having made handkerchief signals. Inquiry adjourned till Monday on application of counsel for prisoners.

Cork, 17.—Sentences are passed against John O'Brien and ex-suspect Hodnet, to two months' imprisonment, and against ex-suspect Gilheoly, to three months' imprisonment, for using intimidating language against government officers.

#### A CARD.

The undersigned desires to return to Bishops Alfred and Olsen and the good people of Spring City, generally, their sincere and heartfelt thanks for the many kind acts of assistance and sympathy, rendered to us in this our hour of grief, at the loss of our son. Be assured that we shall ever hold in grateful remembrance the many good offices rendered unto us on this and a former like occasion.

Respectfully,  
MARGARET AND JACOB JOHNSON.  
Spring City, Feb. 12th, 1883.

For aged men, women, weak and sickly children, without a rival. Will not cause headache Brown's Iron Bitters.

#### Hope for Drunkards.

My husband had drunken habits he could not overcome until Parker's Ginger Tonic took away his thirst for stimulants, restored his energy of mind and gave him strength to attend to business.—Cincinnati Lady.

#### THE SECRET OF LIVING.

Scovill's Sarsaparilla or Blood and Liver Syrup will cure Scrofulous Taint, Rheumatism, White Swelling, Gout, Goitre, Consumption, Bronchitis, Nervous Debility, Malaria, and all diseases arising from an impure condition of the blood.

The merits of this valuable preparation are so well known that a passing notice is but necessary to remind the readers of this journal of the necessity of always having a bottle of Scovill's Blood and Liver Syrup among their stock of family necessities.

Certificates can be presented from many leading Physicians, Ministers and heads of families throughout the land endorsing it in the highest terms. We are constantly in receipt of certificates of cures from the most reliable sources, and we do not hesitate to recommend it as the best known remedy for the cure of the above diseases. d od sw & w.

Oh say, young man, if you want to take your girl for a ride, and can't on account of the lameness of your horse, you should procure a bottle of Kendall's Spanish Cure, at once, for nothing is better for man or beast. See advt.

#### HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE

##### A Valuable Nerve Tonic.

Dr. C. C. Olmstead, Milwaukee, Wis., says: "I have used it in my practice ten years, and can find it a valuable nerve tonic."

deod s & w.

#### SPRING WAGONS.

Two cars of four spring Mitchell Wagons, two and three panel beds, Bur's patent, to arrive February 25th. Call at Mitchell Wagon yard. s & w

L. B. MATTHEW.