EVENING NEWS

Published Daily, Sundays Excepted, AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE DESERET NEWS COMPANY.

CHARLES W. PENROSE, EDITOR.

Friday, · September 12, 1884.

A CLASS OF HUMBUG.

THE Sacramento *Bee*, in a late issue, exposes a form of humbug from which the mining districts of Utah are not free. It is in the shape of "divineris" who use all kinds of humbugging apparatus by means of which they fleece the superstitious and unthinking.

There is no scientific basis whatever for the pretensions of these "lode-finders." The "instruments" they use, to which superstition attributes some mysterious power, are mere shams. No method has ever been discovered by which the existence of a subterranean lode can be ascertained above ground.

It appears from the *Bee* that one of these pretenders has a variation upon the usual "divining rod." It is an alleged "electrical battery," which he carries in his hat. Assuming that it is really an electrical battery, it might as well be a stick of stove-wood for all the good it could do in indicating the location of concealed mineral deposits. Those belonging to the class of mineral "diviners" are necessarily humbugs and should be so regarded.

MILITARY ACTIVITY.

THE military activity of the leading countries of Europe is unparalleled in the history of the world. In explanation it is claimed by them that in order to preserve peace, war establishments must be kept in the highest condition of readiness for emergencies. Then for the present the vast armaments of Europe must not only continue, but be increased by enormous additions, involving immense expenditures of public funds.

This involves the placing upon the masses of financial burdens that grind them into the dust. The indications are plain that they will not long continue to endure those heavy oppressions, and will eventually throw them off. This will cause, and is causing internal disruptions which will greatly weaken the particular nations afflicted by them, and place them in a position to be preyed upon by their stronger neighbors. Indeed, the whole situation is favorable for leading up to one of the most gigantic struggles on record. Circumstances are such as to cause those who study the signs of the times to look forward to a day not distant when "war will be poured out upon all nations."

"THE PARTY OF PROGRESS."

WE have occasionally furnished a few criminal statistics of this and other leading cities of Utah. They have doubtless constituted delectable dishes for the furious anti-"Mormons." For their benefit and for general information, "Historicus" presents a collation of that character in this issue. The "Liberals" can masticate it at their leisure. Whether their digestive apparatus will be equal to the task of properly appropriating it through that medium is open to question.

The facts and figures are presented at the imminent risk of giving fresh vigor and impetus to the anti-"Mormon" compaign; for the "party of progress" cannot well afford to have the cloven hoofs of the regenerators so plainly exhibited without a desperate resort to the "refuge of lies" with which to cover them from the gaze of the inquiring who have been so long deceived by their subterfuges.

This exhibition of comparative criminality will require a renewed application of "Liberal" tactics, so that the "Mormon" community may not stand as a reproach against the moral status of their venomous and unscrupulous detractors. The Latter-day Saints must be corrupted by the adjuncts of modern civilization which have been established and are being perpetuated here in the face of their unqualified protests and earnest efforts to the contrary. The process of seducing the youth of the community from the wholesome moral restraints of the Priesthood and their religion that they may enter the paths of sin, must be renewed with redoubled vigor, as advocated by the Salt Lake *Tribune*, the organ of the anti-"Mormon" regenerators. Its advocacy of the youth being entrapped by drinking saloons, gambling dens and houses of ill-fame will have to be taken more to heart by its sympathizers, and put into wider practical application, that the progressive "American gentlemen" may not be reproached by such stubborn facts and figures as those furnished by "Historicus."

Such a picture as that drawn by our correspondent is likely to raise an increased anti-"Mormon" howl, for the purpose of covering up the tracks of reproached "Liberals." But if these "spotless" people get offended at the truth, we really cannot help it.

That 6,000 of the population should produce incomparably more criminals in a given time than do the remaining 19,000 is somewhat extraordinary, but we live in times when remarkable developments are constantly occurring. The figures show in which direction the "party of progress" makes the greatest advancement, and, in the meantime, in relation to the comparative statistics, we will merely remark —"Look on this picture, and on that."

MORE ANTI-"MORMON" RUBBISH.

THE following appeared in the Salt Lake *Tribune* of this morning, being part of an anonymous correspondence from Montana. It is another of the class of tales by the circulation of which that paper seeks to create prejudice against the "Mormons" throughout the country, and by which it has been the indirect means of causing such scenes as the Tennessee massacre:

"Ten days ago the *Tribune* published a sermon preached in the bowery in Salt Lake, September 21st, 1856, in which the doctrine of blood atonement was set forth in strong language. It may be interesting to know when this doctrine was first attempted to be put in practice. I to-day listened to the recital of incidents which point to the time, as told by a truthful gentleman now fifty years old. He was raised near the Hill of Cumorah, and Joe Smith was a frequent visitor at the residence of his grandfather, whom we will call F., Sr., and designate as the hero of our story as F., Jr. At that time, 1831 or 1832, F., Sr., possessed lands and property valued at $30,000 or $40,000, and this appears to have been an object of covetousness on the part of the founder of Mormonism. The Prophet Joe visited the mansion frequently, talked glibly, prayed with the old gentleman and lady, and had persuaded them to sell their property and gather with the Saints. F. Jr., the parent of our informant, did not like this, and going to the house one day, found the Prophet praying with them. He ordered him to leave, and told him if he ever entered the house again he would unmercifully chastise him with a horse-whip. Soon after this F. Jr., was engaged to work in the field, when he saw Smith riding to the house. Dropping his work, he hastened to the barn, properly armed himself with a whip, and reaching the house by a circuitous route, so as not to be seen, he entered the room just in time to find Smith pouring out supplications in behalf of the aged pair whom he was trying to ensnare. Taking him by the hair, he lifted him up and carried into execution his promise to whip him unmercifully. Having accomplished the work he ordered the seer to retire and forever to remain away, which he did. A short time after this F. Jr. was engaged in work in the field, when a man in disguise approached him and snapped a gun at him in such a position, had it went off he would have killed him. Being active and powerful he wrenched the gun from the hands of the would-be assassin, and gave him such a drubbing that the man begged for mercy and became so penitent as to tell him why he had attempted to take the life of a man who had never wronged him. Smith had called upon him, one of his followers to do what he dared not do, and this man being a ready tool was the first to attempt to put in practice the decree of blood atonement. This incident saved a worthy family from going into Mormonism, and made their descendants detest that Church."

It is not unlikely that some unsophisticated people may believe this silly, yet malicious story, notwithstanding its utter absurdity and untruthfulness. Joseph Smith removed from Manchester, Ontario County, N. Y., in the vicinity of which the Hill Cumorah is situated, in December, 1827, nearly three years before the Church was organized, and went to Harmony, Pennsylvania. In 1829 he removed from the latter place to Seneca County, N. Y., where the Church was organized on the 6th of April, 1830, with six members. In 1831 Joseph Smith moved to Ohio, the first gathering place being at Kirtland in that State. During 1832 the residence of Joseph Smith was at Hiram, Portage County, Ohio, and he was in that State during that year with the exception of visits paid by him to Independence, Missouri.

It was said in relation to the former-day Saints that all manner of evil was spoken against them, but as objects against whom the most bitter, relentless and diabolical misrepresentation has been hurled, we believe the Latter-day Saints stand at the head of the heap, so far as history affords information.

A cablegram to the New York *Herald* dated at St. Petersburg, Sept. 6th, says: The report that the three Emperors will meet at the castle of Skiernwice, near Warsaw, is confirmed in this city. The exceptional measures for maintaining the public safety which were decreed in 1881 will be prolonged for a further three years in St. Petersburg and Moscow, while increased supervision on the part of the authorities in other provinces will be continued for a year. General Gourko and Tichevervin, with a deputation of nobles, will meet the Czar at Wilna and proceed with him to Warsaw. The Czar is expected to arrive in Warsaw at noon. The police of that city have inspected the crypt of the Church of the Holy Cross, by which the Czar will pass. There was a suspicion that it might contain dynamite, but nothing was found. It is generally expected in political circles that one of the principal topics which will occupy the attention of the three Emperors at the approaching conference will be the question, What measures are to be taken against anarchists? This discussion may lead to the adoption of stringent international measures.

Mr. Gladstone takes a much more moderate and conciliatory attitude toward the House of Peers than do Radical Liberals like Mr. Bright. Indeed, he declines to enter at all upon the question of abolishing that house or altering its constitution. He prefers to regard the present deadlock as merely temporary, and as likely if not certain to be brought to an end by the good sense of the Peers themselves. He confesses that he has a liking for the hereditary principle as embodied in the British Constitution, and would regard its abolition as a misfortune rather than a gain to the English people. But on a question of the suffrage he remains as firm as a rock in the face of the resistance of Lord Salisbury and his associates. In some respects Mr. Gladstone is the most radical of English leaders; in others he is the most conservative. His way of reconciling the two is somewhat peculiar to himself; but he does reconcile them and he carries the English public with him in so doing.

Mr. Henry M. Stanley seems to be about the right kind of a man to meet a "long felt want" in his native country. As a discoverer of missing Britishers he has, it seems, no equal, but why, it is pertinent to ask, should he go to Egypt to find Gordon when so many of his own countrymen are missing whose presence has been long and earnestly desired. If he would but come here and exert his powers of discovery in searching for missing paymasters, bank presidents, cashiers agents and others of like ilk he would be in no lack of work for some time. Patriotism demands that Mr. Stanley utilize his powers for the good of his own country; let him come home.

Secretary Folger's doctor has given to the press a diagnosis of the diseases of which he died. They present an appalling array, and no wonder he succumbed. Here is the statement: Great feebleness of the heart's action; congestion of the middle lobe of the right lung and capillary congestion of the bronchial tubes; albuminous discharge of the urine, showing disease of the kidneys. The doctor was informed that the Secretary had had hemorrhage of the lungs three times of late before his return home—the first while out yachting with friends in New York, on which occasion he discharged about a pint of blood.

A New York Chinese merchant declares that his country can afford to, and will, sacrifice 100 lives for every Frenchman slain, in order to whip France. This kind of patriotic gush is very safely delivered 6,000 miles away from home, and recalls the story of the fellow who was willing to sacrifice all his wife's relations for the good of his country. Yet this twaddle of a Chinaman in New York City is soberly retailed in the press of that city as an evidence of the patriotism of the Chinese.

Our San Francisco summers are notable for their comfortable character. The thermometrical records for thirteen years past establish the fact that the mean summer temperature of San Francisco is 58.4 degrees, while New York city endured an average of 72.6, Philadelphia, 73; Boston, 68.6; Baltimore 75; Washington, 76.3; Savanah, 80.6; Atlanta, 74.8; New Orleans, 81; Galveston, 83.3; St. Louis, 76.1; Cincinnati, 75.2; Cleveland, 68.8; Detroit, 68; Buffalo, 67.7, and Omaha, 74.2.

Many writers for the Eastern press have, it appears, exercised their imaginations too freely with respect to the Greely expedition. It would appear, in fact, that falsehoods out of whole cloth have been published lately. We are now promised the "true story" by a New York paper; but it is well to be on guard against deception, inasmuch as the ordinary "true story" in such cases is the vehicle for the tallest lying.

Dr. McEuchian, Chief Inspector of the Canadian Cattle Quarantine, states that pleuro-pneumonia exists among cattle in Illinois and other of Western States to such an extent that an absolute prohibition ought to be put by the Canadian government on their importation into the Dominion for breeding purposes.

The wheat crop estimates vary according to the enthusiasm of the estimators. A Chicago statistician places the yield at 504,000,000 bushels; a Toledo wheat firm, at 507,000,000 bushels, and another estimate, based on State reports, makes the crop amount to 530,000,000 bushels.

A recent traveler in India shows where, in one respect, American farmers have the most to fear from foreign competition in wheat raising. He says the farm laborer in India receives five rupees per month, equal, at the present rate for silver, to about $2 in our currency.

An order from the Treasury Department suspends the importation of rags from Europe for three months. A rise in the price of paper is likely to be the result of this measure, which is, however, a wise precaution against the importation of cholera infection.

Lord Chief Justice Coleridge decides, extra-judicially, that sermons should not be over twenty minutes in length, and in the high court of public opinion his decision is sustained.

Queen Victoria has pretty well recovered from the accident to her knee, although she cannot walk as she did, and the loss for so long a time of her usual active exercises has had an unfavorable influence on her health.

RELATIVE CRIMINALITY.

FIGURES THAT TELL A TALE.

SALT LAKE CITY, Sept. 11, 1884.

Editor Deseret News:

I have been asked this question—"Would the anti-"Mormons" of this city cease sending broadcast over the land, their heartless and deliberate falsehoods about the 'Mormons' if it were conclusively shown that in every element of human depravity, they are incalculably more corrupt than the 'Mormons?'"

My answer is no. The local anti-"Mormons" are soulless and without conscience. They would not cease their villainous works under any circumstances. Many times they have been shown that in all the elements of wickedness they are the chief and shameless sinners. As another and incontestible proof of this statement, look at the accompanying list of "Mormon" and non-"Mormon" criminals arrested in this city in 1883.

The 19,000 "Mormons," 150 arrests.
The 6,000 non-"Mormons" 1,559 arrests.
"Mormons" 1.
Non-"Mormons" 10¼.

The greatest number of criminals guilty of the very vilest criminalities and lawlessness, everything that is vile, is laid at the doors of the local "regenerators."

In a few days I will show up the lawless class elements of Ogden, the second chief city of U. T.

Respectfully, etc.,
HISTORICUS.

SALT LAKE CITY CRIMINAL STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31ST, 1883.

The class population of the city for that year was about
19,000 "Mormons."
6,000 non-"Mormons."

I am told by the city marshal that where there existed any doubt in the minds of himself and the police respecting the class to which the doubtful criminals belonged, they invariably gave the non-"Mormons" the benefit of the doubt.

Criminals arrested during the year. Taken from the official record:

	Mormons	Non-Mormons
Assault,	6	20
Assault and battery,	19	157
Assault with intent to kill,		8
Assault with deadly weapons,	1	1
Assault with intent to rob,		2
Assault with intent to commit rape,		1
Assault with intent to do bodily injury,	1	2
Assault and threatening,	1	
Arson,		1
Burglary,	1	3
Ball playing on Sunday,		3
Breaking prison rules,		1
Chicken tresspass,	1	
Committing a rape		2
Contempt of court,		2
Cruelty to animals,		3
Drunk,	49	364
Drunk and disorderly,	9	127
Drunk and profanity,	14	65
Drunk and fighting,		6
Drunk and trespass,	1	5
Drunk and nuisance,		1
Disturbing the peace,	6	175
Destroying property,	5	31
Discharging firearms on the street,		5
Exposing person,		9
Embezzlement,	1	3
Forgery,		1
Fighting,	6	60
Firing firecrackers on the streets,	2	8
Fast driving,	4	2
Gambling,	4	44
Gambling house keeping,		25
House-breaking		2
Highway robbery		2
Insulting ladies		2
Keeping houses of ill-fame		19
Keeping disorderly house	1	
Keeping opium house,		2
Killing registered dog,		1
Larceny grand,	1	20
Larceny petit,	6	78
Lewd conduct,		9
Murder,		3
Nuisance,		8
Obscene and profane,		25
Obstructing street,		1
Obtaining goods under false pretenses,	2	19
Opium smoking,		1
Provoking assaults,		14
Prostitutes,	3	53
Prostitution,		14
Personating an officer,	1	
Profane language,		1
Peddling,		4
Receiving stolen goods,		1
Resisting an officer,	1	9
Riot,		3
Shooting at and threatening officers,		2
Shooting and wounding,	1	
Stealing railroad rides,		1
Secreting prisoners,		8
Selling liquor without license,		3
Selling liquor on Sunday,	1	17
Selling liquor to Indians,		1
Threatening to kill,		9
Threatening an officer,		1
Threatening to shoot,	2	5
Trespass,		34
Unlawful assemblies,		2
Vagrancy,	1	40
Vagrancy and drunk,		18
The 19,000 "Mormons,"	150	
The 6,000 non-"Mormons,"		1,559
Or 1 to 10¾.		

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

LATEST BY LIGHTNING.

Murderer Hanged.

CINCINNATI, 12.—Benjamin Johnson (colored), was hanged this morning for complicity with Allen Ingalls in the murder of Beverly Taylor and wife and little girl near Avongale last February. The bodies of the victims of that crime were immediately brought by Ingalls and Johnson to the Ohio Medical College, and the murderers received forty-five dollars for the subjects. A week afterwards the bodies were found in the College, and Ingalls and Johnson were arrested. The atrocity of this crime, together with the action of the jury in fixing the grade of Wm. Berner's crime at manslaughter when it was a clear case of murder in the first degree were the potent causes leading to the riot. Johnson was attended during the last fifteen minutes in his cell by Dr. Joyce, alone. The sheriff read the warrant a few minutes before ten. Johnson listened with a wild look, but said nothing. He knelt on the scaffold during the very brief prayer and then made a short speech declaring his innocence and saying he was prepared to die. Death was almost instantaneous, and without a peculiar feature.

Stocks.

WALL STREET, 11 a. m., 12.—Stocks opened firm, soon became weak, lower; prices declined ¼ to 1¼, the latter in Lackawana, Western Union and Grangers.

The Maine Election.

LEWISTON, Maine, 12. — Chairman Wong, of the Republican State Committee, has sent a telegram to the chairman of the national republican committee, of which the following is an abstract: 460 towns and plantations of Maine give Robie 78,642, Redman 68,452, scattering 3,659. Republican majority 16,592, plurality 20,240.

Failures.

NEW YORK, 12.—Failures the last seven days 220 as against 213 last week.

Colorado Convention.

DENVER, 12.—After a stormy debate which lasted nearly the whole morning, the republican State convention adopted the anti-Hill delegations and adjourned to ten this morning. On re-assembling, the convention proceeded to ballot for Governor.

At this hour, 12.45, the result is problematic.

$100,000 Fire in Dakota.

PIERRE, Dakota, 12.—A fire here this morning destroyed the main business block of the city. Loss $100,000.

FOREIGN.

LATEST TRANS-ATLANTIC DISPATCHES.

Presented Credentials.

VIENNA, 12.—John M. Francis, new American minister to Austria, presented his credentials yesterday to Emperor Francis Joseph.

El Mahdi's Movements.

CAIRO, 12.—Later dispatches confirm the report of the substantial victory of the Mudir of Dongola at Ambukol over the rebels from Kordofan. Recent advices report El Mahdi in South Kordofan with an army of 14,000 which has been sent to reinforce the army besieging Khartoum.

King Kalakaua's Son Stricken with Cholera.

NAPLES, 12.—As King Humbert was passing the prison yesterday the inmates raised a loud shout praying to be set at liberty. Among those dangerously ill with the cholera is a son of King Kalakaua of the Sandwich Islands.

Egyptian Loan.

CAIRO, 12.—It is reported that England has offered to guarantee a loan of the Egyptian Government if Egypt will place the Mosque property under English control as security.

The Situation at Naples.

NAPLES, 12.—The condition of affairs at Naples continues to improve throughout last night. Wooden huts are building for the shelter of the poor and sick. It is apprehended that the meat famine will be averted; the strike of the butchers has been settled. Public assistance given small dealers who have been ruined by the epidemic. Shops close at four o'clock. The city everywhere presents a mournful appearance. A strong gloom prevails. King Humbert declines to leave the city.

Elders B. H. Roberts, Henay Thompson, W. H. Jones and J. T. Heninger, all laborers in the Southern States mission reached this city last evening.

DEATHS.

NIELSON.—In Cedar City, on the 23d of August, 1884, of lung fever, Catherine Jorgensen, wife of Bishop Jens Nielson, of Bluff City, San Juan County. Born August, 1844, in Chemnark, Lolland, Denmark.

Scandinavian *Star* please copy.

CRAWSHAW—At Brigham City, Box Elder County, Utah, Levi Crawshaw, aged 74 years, 4 months and 7 days, after a lingering illness of about 9 months.

Brother Levi was the son of Richard Crawshaw and Mary Batersby, was born April 30, 1810, at Acrington, Lancashire, England. Was baptised into the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints July 4th, 1841, by Elder Cook, was a faithful laborer in the cause of truth. He traveled miles to preach the Gospel and distributed publications of the Church among the people; presided for years over a branch of the Church in Lancashire. Emigrated to Utah with part of his family in the fall of 1868, going to Wellsville, Cache County, thence to Brigham City, where he has lived for 13 years a sober, industrious and saint-like life. He was ordained a High Priest April 13, 1884.

Millennial Star please copy.

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ENQUIRE AT THE CLIFT HOUSE FOR Empty Whisky Barrels, $1.25 each.

FOR SALE.

I HAVE A GOOD SPAN OF MULES and harness which I will sell cheap.
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First door north of A. W. Carlson's, 19th Ward. d&wlt

LOST.

SEPT. 1ST, BETWEEN THE RESIdence of Mrs. M. M. Barratt, (Thornliff House) and Z. C. M. I. Drug Store, a grenadine shawl, with black centre, highly colored border and silk fringe. The finder will be rewarded on leaving it at Mrs. Barratt's.

DANGEROUS SUBSTITUTES FOR HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE

Several inferior and dangerous "substitutes" for the genuine "Horsford's Acid Phosphate" are being offered for sale; and we hereby caution the dealers and public against buying or using them, as they will not produce the same effect upon the system as the genuine "Horsford's," and the ingredients in some of them are dangerous to health.

Some of these "substitutes" or imitations are simply Dilute Phosphoric Acid, which interferes with the digestion; while the genuine "Horsford's" not only causes no trouble with the digestive organs, but materially assists in their action.

One preparation that is being offered for sale, by the gallon, contains Meta- or Pyro-Phosphoric Acid, which are declared by the highest authority to be poisonous. The same preparation also contains Chloric Acid, which is a compound of Chlorine. Horsford's" contains neither of these ingredients.

These "substitutes" are liable to be found at soda fountains, because of their cheapness.

CALL for "HORSFORD'S," and TAKE NO OTHER. NEVER SOLD IN BULK.
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Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

COLDS. "Orrville, Ohio, Sept. 13, 1882. "Having been subject to a bronchial affection, with frequent colds, for a number of years, I hereby certify that AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL gives me prompt relief, and is the most effective remedy I have ever tried.
JAMES A. HAMILTON,
Editor of *The Crescent*."

COUGHS. "Mt. Gilead, Ohio, June 26, 1882. "I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL this spring for a severe cough and lung trouble with good effect, and I am pleased to recommend it to any one similarly affected.
HARVEY BAUGHMAN,
Proprietor Globe Hotel."

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NOTICE.

Z. C. M. I.,
SALT LAKE CITY,
September 3th, 1884.

THE STOCK TRANSFER BOOKS OF this Institution will be CLOSED on September 15th and RE-OPENED on October 6th, next.

THOS. G. WEBBER,
d2w Sec'y and Treas.

NOTICE

NOTWITHSTANDING GEORGE THURGOOD'S breach of promise to us and the invitation he extends to his old customers, we having bought out his good will in the Globe Market, desire to return our thanks to them for their liberal patronage in the past, and hope that in the disposal of none but CHOICEST MEATS to retain their patronage in the future.

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Lumber,
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Felloes and Spokes,
Cheese,
Yeast Powders,
Neatsfoot Oil,
Bone Ash,
Teas,
Second-hand Picks and Helves,
Second-hand Wagons,
Second-hand Dray,
Horse,
Parlor Billiard Table, $35.00,
Second-hand Piano,
Grain Chopping Iron Mill, $80.00,
Saw and Mandrill, $50.00,
1000 lbs. Rubber in 3 pieces,
Two second-hand Iron Water Jackets
Liquid Blueing,
Rock Salt for stock,
$100.00 Shot-gun for $50.00,
Ballard Rifle, $50.00,
Curtis Force Pump, new patent, no leather valves, see it,
Baled Lucern,
General Merchandise, Etc., Etc.

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Idaho Store, half block South of Theatre—old Seventies' Hall.

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69 Main St., Salt Lake

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of Zion's Savings Bank and Trust Company, will be held at the Company's Office in Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, on Monday, September 15th, 1884, at 3 o'clock p.m., for the election of officers for the ensuing year, and to attend to such other business as shall come before the meeting.

L. JOHN NUTTALL,
d16t Secretary.

ARRIVED TO-DAY

A CHOICE SELECTION OF
Good Patterns of Imported Cloth,
HAS JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT
HENRY F. CLARK'S
FASHIONABLE TAILOR SHOP
OLD HERALD BUILDING,
MAIN STREET,
Which he will MAKE TO ORDER at PRICES LOWER than ever before quoted in this city.
CALL AND BE CONVINCED.

GEO. THURGOOD
WILL OPEN A NEW SHOP
— ON —
FIRST SOUTH ST., No. 72w,
SATURDAY, AUG. 30, '84,
Where he will keep a full supply of the
CHOICEST MEATS
in their season, at
REDUCED PRICES!
He invites all his old customers and the public to call on him at No. 72 West First South Street, opposite Kimball Block. dlw

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the Matter of the Estate of Annie May Bredemeyer, Deceased.

Notice of time and place for the hearing of Petition for admission to Probate of Will.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF SAID Court in said matter, notice is hereby given that Wednesday, the 10th day of September, A. D. 1884, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the County Court House in Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, in the court room of said court, has been appointed the time and place for the hearing of a petition of William Bredemeyer, praying for the admission to probate of a certain document therewith presented, purporting to be the last will and testament of Annie May Bredemeyer deceased, whom and where all persons interested may appear and oppose the probate of said will, or the granting of letters testamentary to him as prayed for in said petition.

Dated at Salt Lake City, August 29, 1884.
JOHN C. CUTLER,
d 10t Probate Clerk, Salt Lake Co.

1884 FRUIT CROP 1884
— AT —
TEASDEL'S!

Highest Market Price paid for all kinds of DRIED FRUIT.

CITY PATRONS
Leave address and our Delivery Wagons will call.

SHIPMENTS FROM THE COUNTRY
By Rail received at the depot Our own wagons visit daily for the benefit of shippers.

S. P. TEASDEL.

SUMMONS.

In the District Court in and for the Third Judicial District of Utah Territory, County Salt Lake.

Annie Richardson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Joseph T. Richardson, Defendant.

The People of the United States in the Territory of Utah send Greeting: To Joseph T. Richardson, Defendant:

YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO appear in an action brought against you, by the above named Plaintiff, in the District Court, of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Utah, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons if served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but in this district, within twenty days; otherwise within forty days—or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said complaint.

The said action is brought to have a decree of this Court dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between the Plaintiff and Defendant, and for such other relief as may to the Court seem just and equitable. The above relief is asked upon the ground of the wilful neglect of Defendant to provide Plaintiff with the common necessaries of life for the year last past and prior thereto; and the fact that the Plaintiff has been compelled to resort to manual labor for her own support. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of——.

Witness the Hon. John A. Hunter, Judge, and the seal of the District Court, of the Third Judicial District, in and for the Territory of Utah, this 1st day of Sep. in the year of our Lord one thousand, eight hundred and eighty-four.

[SEAL.] O. J. ANDERSELL, Clerk.
By H. G. McMILLAN, Deputy Clerk.

LEGAL NOTICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER MADE and entered in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Utah on the 21st day of July A. D., 1884, in the Matter of the Estate of Horace Gibbs, Deceased, We, Joseph Hall and John Tingey, Administrators of said Estate, will sell at Private Sale for Cash the following described Real Estate of the said Horace Gibbs, deceased, to wit:

Lot 6, in Block 103, as plotted in Plat A of Salt Lake City Survey, in Salt Lake County and Territory of Utah.

Terms, Cash.

Any persons wishing to buy said Real Estate, will propose in writing to the undersigned, to be left at the residence of the said John Tingey, No. 130 N Second West Street, Salt Lake City. Any bid or offer or acceptance of an offer will be subject to the approval of the Court, as no deed can be given until the Court approves the sale and orders the deed. No offer will be accepted before October 18th, 1884.

JOSEPH HULL,
JOHN TINGEY,
Administrators of said Estate.
August 14th, 1884. d 13t

F. AUERBACH & BRO

SALT LAKE CITY.

FALL AND WINTER 1884!

WE ARE NOW DAILY RECEIVING

Novelties in Silks, Velvets and Plushes.
Novelties in French and English Dress Fabrics.
Novelties in Fall and Winter Wraps.
Novelties in Jerseys.
Novelties in Knit Woolens.
Novelties in Laces and Handkerchiefs.
Novelties in Trimmings and Dress Buttons.
Novelties in Ladies', Children's Shoes and Slippers.
Novelties in Gents' and Boys' Wear.
Blankets, Quilts, Rubber Goods, Etc., Etc.

The Few SUMMER GOODS left we offer
AT HALF PRICE!

WHOLESALE BUYERS will find our Fall and Winter Stock filling up fast with NEW GOODS
AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES

WE ARE NEVER UNDERSOLD.
ESTABLISHED 1864. MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

F. AUERBACH & BRO.

The Flying Dutchman

GUARANTEED TO BE
The Lightest Draught Sulky Plow Made.
Is by far the simplest constructed and easiest handled Plow in the Market
For Sale by HOWARD SEBREE CO., at Bain Wagon Depot,
SALT LAKE AND OGDEN, UTAH; WEISER, CALDWELL, SHOSHONE, MOUNTAIN HOME, IDAHO. Ja&w

CLOSING OUT.

A Full Line of Misses', Children's and Infants'
SHOES,
Of Williams & Hoyt's make, in Goat, American and French Kid, Sandals, Ties, etc., also an endless variety of
Ladies' Grain, Goat, American and French Kid, High and Low Cut Shoes, Kid and Satin Slippers, at Sacrificing Prices, as I am Closing out this entire line of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes.

NEW STOCK OF
CLOTHING!
AT LESS PRICES THAN EVER,
WHICH WILL ASTONISH THE NATIVES.

LATEST STYLES IN HATS,
NEW STOCK OF FURNISHING GOODS,
MEN'S AND BOYS' BOOTS AND SHOES
OF ALL GRADES AT
THOS. W. JENNINGS'.