

glione. The sentence disbanding the 105th battalion for cowardice has been quashed. Valerien is silent. It is now admitted the government cannot pay the Germans the installment of the indemnity. Fort Montrouge will probably be stormed to-day. The Commune has impressed the porters of the Lyons Railway.

LONDON, 27.—The *Daily News* special says six thousand Versaillesists have executed an important movement to the north. The situation of the insurgents in the south is good. Thiers' active operations commenced yesterday. Vanvres and Issy were fired upon, and it is presumed Issy will soon be silenced. The battery at Trocadere is removed. There was fighting at Asnieres, but the Versaillesists failed to cross the bridge.

The *Telegraph's* special says the Prussians have ordered the arrest of the cures of St. Denis; cause unknown. By the severe cannonade Issy has been dismantled, and Fort Montrouge is an utter wreck.

VERSAILLES, 26, evening.—Fort Issy ceased replying at noon to-day, but the outer batteries continued firing. The first parallel of the siege works was opened to-day. In the Assembly M. Dufame said the government was in a condition to restore confidence as soon as order was restored.

PARIS, 26, evening, via London, 2 a. m., 27.—The Versailles batteries commenced firing vigorously to-day along the whole line, and especially against the southern forts which replied feebly. The siege works are actively prosecuted, and the second parallel has been commenced. The Communists have made several sallies to interrupt the work, and desperate encounters have taken place at Bagneaux, Clamart and Chatillon. A general attack on the forts is expected to-night. The Commune has sent its best battalion to the south. The defence, nevertheless, appears to be insufficient.

The southern forts are badly damaged by the Versaillesists' projectiles, which fall inside, causing great slaughter. The *Mot d'Ordre* says the Communists will blow up the forts if necessary. The Commune claims to have silenced the battery at Mendon, captured the barricades at Neuilly and dismantled five guns at Courbevoie.

The Commune sits secretly. LONDON.—In the Commons, this evening, Viscount Enfield, Under Foreign Secretary, in reply to a question

PARIS, eve.—The *Mot D'Ordre* alleges that Toulouse has insurrected and barricades are erected. Carbevoie is bombarding Maillot and the Arc d' Triomphe. The Federalists have established a battery on the road to Asniers, to bombard Geunevilliers, Colombes and Courbevoie. The bombardment of the southern forts is feeble. The Versaillesists calibre is small. The combatants are increasing.

The Commune has forbidden requisitions on the property of foreigners, or interference with the traffic of merchandise and management of railways. The commissariat is provisioned for a long period. A last delay of forty-eight hours is granted persons of thirty-nine and forty to join battalions, otherwise they will be court-martialed. The Free masons have informed the Commune that they have exhausted their means of conciliation. The Versaillesists have resolved to plant batteries on the ramparts, and if they are struck the Masons will march against the Versaillesists, and appeal to their brother Masons for support.

concerning the action of the Joint High Commission, stated that no convention had yet been signed, at the same time he declined to specify what points the commission had already adjusted.

Tribune's special dispatch, London 27, says your correspondent at Paris, on Thursday morning states that there was heavy fighting all night along the whole line. Vanvres, Issy and Montrouge were furiously bombarded during the afternoon and night. Shells traversed several casemates. The Vanvres garrison are determined to blow up the fort rather than surrender. The ninth battalion suffered greatly at Issy. Several men were killed in the fort. A shell entered the muzzle of a gun, which burst, wounding three gunners.

A sergeant and thirty chasseurs have deserted from Versailles.

Mot D'Ordre denies that there is an insurrection at Toulouse, that Keratry tried to disarm the national guards and that barricades have been erected there.

Thiers has replied to the republican league. The Freemasons of Paris are greatly irritated, many of them are hostile to the Commune and are joining the national guards.

A special correspondent of the *Tri-*

bune, at Versailles, to-day, says the fire at Fort Issy is extinguished, the barracks in the fort are entirely destroyed and there is a breach in the wall five rods wide. This morning Les Moulins village, near Issy, was taken by the Versaillesists. Four of the insurgents' shells fell at Breuille yesterday and smashed a cannon, killed two sailors and wounded five artillerymen.

The rise of the river has enabled two of the insurgents' gunboats to advance to the bridge at Point du Jour. Their fire does much damage. The Assembly, at the request of Favre, has postponed, for a month, the debate on the conduct of the government of the national defense.

There was a sharp engagement, on Saturday night, at Des Molineaux, in which the Versaillesists were repulsed with loss. Twenty-nine men were made prisoners, but, in the meanwhile a column of the enemy advanced on Clamart railway station and occupied the houses 200 yards from the entrenchments of Issy. The fort was a wreck. The casemates are broken in embrasures, and 30 of its sixty guns dismantled, and the ammunition for the mitrailleuses exhausted. The garrison became panic-stricken and the gunners mutinied and spiked half of their remaining guns, and this morning, before daylight the entire garrison abandoned the fort. Its commandant, Gen. Negry, has arrived in the city. Gen. Cluseret, who went to the front, at the first news of the defection of the troops returned at noon to-day, having failed to stop the panic. He has sent out fresh troops among them. The avengers of Paris are to re-occupy the works and a desperate fight is now in progress in that quarter. The nationals, on Saturday, having pursued some chasseurs almost into St. Denis. The Prussians threatened to fire upon the latter if they attempted to enter the town. The chasseurs made a detour and escaped. It is reported that the Archbishop of Paris has been released. Engineers are at work on the southern portion of the enceinte. The Northern R. R. Co. has paid 303,000 francs to the Commune.

An additional cable dispatch says the Versaillesists, to the number of twelve thousand, occupied Gennevilliers. The nationals are making preparations to abandon the southern forts. Rumors of reverses to the nationals in other quarters are current. Batteries have been placed at Orleans and Vaugirard dates say the inhabitants of Montrouge, Plaisance, Vaugirard and Montmartre are moving from their dwellings. Fort Issy has not yet been abandoned.

VERSAILLES, 29.—The Assembly has declared urgent the passage of the bill visiting with severe penalties all illegal seizures of property in Paris. Three delegates from the Masonic fraternity of Paris, came into the lines opposite the Maillot Gates. They were received by the commanding officers and conducted to this place.

PARIS, 28, evening.—The Commune has issued decrees in relation to the cutting off of cattle, milk and fish for supplies. No goods trains will leave Paris at present. Passenger trains, continue to depart, but nobody is visible in them.

Fort Issy fired some shells so badly aimed that they fell on the plateaux Dillion.

An armor clad locomotive is shelling Chateau Becon vigorously. The Prussian patrol has informed the mayor of St. Luene that six siege guns taken from the redoubt by the national guards must be restored.

Petroleum shells fired by the insurgents have set fire to the Chateau Mendon.

There was heavy firing to-day south and west of the city. It slackened during the afternoon, but is now again violent the Versaillesists are attacking all points simultaneously. The erection of barricades in the interior of the city is hastened. The Commune has made requisitions for 2,000,000 francs upon the railway companies. Provisions arrive but seldom and are growing scarce. Travel is stopped. The railroads refuse to pay the Commune the money it demanded of them.

VERSAILLES, 28.—McMahon went to Reval to-day and returns to-night.

Fort Issy scarcely replies to the Versailles batteries. An attack upon the fort is imminent.

PARIS, 29.—The cannonade has ceased all along the line. The southern forts are dilapidated and it is believed will soon be untenable. The Commune will blow them up if obliged to abandon them.

VERSAILLES, 29.—In the Assembly to-day the minister of finance asked for fresh credit to provide for the subsistence of the German troops, accord-

ing to the preliminary terms of peace. He said all the engagements made with Germany should be scrupulously kept, and all sums due paid.

PARIS, 29.—A fresh convoy of German prisoners has arrived at Cherbourg, by sea.

Government has ordered the entire stoppage of the provisioning of Paris by the Seine.

The Northern railway has paid three hundred thousand and the Lyons railway six hundred and ninety thousand francs, demanded by the Commune. Other roads have also paid, excepting the Western. Cluseret divides the army in two, one for external the other for the internal defence of Paris. Dombrowski commands the external and La Cecilia the internal. Another decree urges that the officers of the nationals be furnished with a regular commission.

LONDON, 29.—The *Tribune's* special from Paris yesterday says, Grousset has announced that the persons and goods of foreigners shall be protected under the guarantee of the rights of neutrals and the proverbial hospitality of France, and that no furniture, carriages, horses or apartments of foreign citizens shall be subject to requisition.

A dispatch from Versailles says Thiers, in the course of some remarks in the Assembly, was moved to tears, when he declared he was disposed to clemency except for the murderers of Generals Thomas and LeCompte; and that he should only remain President during the military operations. He said the taking of Molineaux was of great importance, as musketry range thence reached the middle of fort Issy.

PARIS, 28.—The Communists reconnoitered towards Bagneux, driving the Versaillesists. The latter thrice attacked the station of Clamart but were repulsed.

There are reports of vigorous attacks on the advanced posts. The eightieth battalion has been forced to abandon the barricades in the avenue Peyronne. We hold all the positions. The enemy has retired along the whole line, firing has ceased at Vanvres, and one piece is dismantled. Issy is crippled.

PARIS, 29.—At a sitting of the Commune, yesterday, Grousset, in reply to an interpellation said there was something offensive in asking Europe to recognize the belligerency of Paris and it was peevish to ask for what they had already. The Commune waged war irreproachably, no explosive bullets were used, there was no bombarding places filled with women and children. These violations of the usages of civilized warfare he charged upon the army of Versailles. In cartridge boxes, of prisoners taken by the national troops, explosive bullets had been found, and the wanton shelling of the most crowded parts of the city had been going on for weeks. The misunderstanding with the Prussians with regard to the operation of railways had been adjusted. The Commune proposes to confiscate the property of the Northern R. R., unless it resumes running its passenger and provision trains into Paris.

A masonic procession, half a mile in length, passed through the streets to-day and planted their banners on ramparts under a heavy fire. All the lodges of the order in Paris were represented. Several masons were wounded while on the walls.

The installment of five hundred millions of francs has not been paid. The money has been offered payable by Government in 1886, with interest of six per cent, but the offer has not been accepted. Thiers says when Paris falls he can get better terms.

VERSAILLES, 31.—The park, castle and cemetery of Issy were carried last night, by the government forces. Eight cannon, a quantity of ammunition and one hundred prisoners fell into their hands. The advance is now within 200 metres of Fort Issy, whose capture is momentarily expected.

President Thiers has granted an interview to the delegates from the masons of Paris, who arrived here last night. He told them that the government desired to see an end to the civil war, but the Assembly could not capitulate in the presence of armed insurgents. He offered them to the Commune for the restoration of order within the city, of which it had usurped the control.

VERSAILLES, evening.—President Thiers, in the people's circular, gives a dispatch from General Cissey, announcing the success of a *coup de main* in Bonna, near Chatillon, in which 32 insurgents were killed and wounded and 75 taken prisoners, confirming the previous report of a brilliant success of the royalists in part of Fort Issy.

The cannonading continues. A hundred and fifty prisoners and ten pieces

of artillery were captured. The pieces of artillery have been brought to Versailles.

LONDON, 30.—The *Observer* says the Napoleonists consider that the Assembly now sitting at Versailles does not represent the will of the nation, and are of the opinion that when internal strife is ended, it will be necessary to consult the people anew on the question of government. They express their intention of abiding the result.

HOME NEWS.

FILMORE, 27.

At Meadow Creek, yesterday, a son of R. A. McBride, 13 years old, was kicked in the face by a bronco horse, inflicting a dangerous wound from the nose to the chin, laying bare the bone and breaking two teeth. He was brought here last evening in a delirious condition. The wound was sewed up and dressed by J. S. Giles. He is now rational and doing well.

ST. GEORGE, 28.

Messrs. Patterson & Jennings, of Nevada, are here, having purchased a threshing machine and reaper to harvest the wheat on the Muddy stream, which is estimated at thirty thousand bushels. This grain was sown by the settlers who recently moved to Long Valley and other parts of Utah, to escape Nevada taxation. Numbers of miners are passing through from Arizona, bound for the Salt Lake mines; some few are staying to prospect in this county.

OGDEN, April 28.

The band of horses which was stolen from this vicinity a few days ago were driven in a northern direction. Sheriff Brown and posse went in pursuit on Tuesday and returned this morning, bringing back most of the horses and the man who bought them from the thieves, who affirms that he had no complicity in taking them, which is quite probable. The thieves are still skulking some distance north of Brigham City.

Major Powell, the Colorado explorer, is expected to arrive here this evening.

A tin mine is reported found in the mountains east of Ogden canyon. Specimens have been brought here, but no definite assays or tests are yet made.

RICHMOND, 28.

Yesterday Martin Kerr lost his stable, haystacks and sheds by fire. It is supposed to have originated from a fire set out a few days since and which he supposed to be entirely out, but the wind breezing up yesterday explained the cause.

LOGAN, 28.

It is very windy and dusty and looks like a storm. The people are putting in crops as if they anticipated a plentiful harvest. Everything is moving quietly.

MOUNT PLEASANT, 28.

The Northern Sanpete Co-operative Institution, organized a short time ago, having sold shares to a considerable amount within the past few days, is taking mostly young stock in payment, which were started from this place this morning for the herd ground in Thistle Valley. Our new meeting house is nearly completed. The weather, in this section, has been very cold and stormy, causing delay in the sowing, but a good crop is anticipated this season. The health of the people is generally good.

BEAVER, 29.

The stage from Pioche arrived at 12, noon, containing three passengers and 500 pounds of bullion.

The election for the county seat of Lincoln county went off quite lively, little interest being manifested, Pioche winning without a struggle.

DAVIS COUNTY CO-OPERATIVE FINE STOCK ASSOCIATION.—Arthur Stayner, Esq., has furnished us with the following concerning the above association: Stock has been taken to the amount of \$2,773.50

which was paid for in live stock, horses and cattle. A splendid herd-ground, situated at the north end of Cache Valley, has been selected. It comprises 100 square miles of excellent feed, with a good piece of farming land, 400 acres, adjoining. From 600 to 1000 tons of hay can be cut every season in the vicinity of the herd ground. Besides the stock subscribed for, the association has taken 124 animals to herd at \$3 per annum, per head. Ten head of choice thoroughbreds, bought by Mr. John Pack, in Kentucky, have lately been received. The owners are much satisfied with the purchase.

This association has been inaugurated under very favorable circumstances and, without doubt, will be eminently successful.

SEXTON'S REPORT FOR APRIL.—Males 11, females 8. Of these, adults 6, children 13 Cause of death as reported: Lung disease. 7; fevers 3; inflammation bowels 3; child bed 2; marasmus 2; heart disease 1; old age 1. Total interments 19.

JOSEPH E. TAYLOR, Sexton.]