

Evening News

July 14, 1915

St. Louis, Mo.

Eda Record-Union

In your issue of June 28, 1915, among your agricultural reports an article on "Silk Culture," through which you express the hope that some one might be able to bring silk raising to this country.

I will, then, take the liberty of writing you a brief and can the more detailed and giving you besides some details of my experience in this business.

Before going any further, however, let me say at the present day silk culture is a very depressed condition. Why? I have no time and no space to state in this letter though I may do it at some future time if you would like to hear any more on the subject.

First, I will answer that the reason the silk business is depressed at present in this State, the business as it is being conducted on a very small scale.

As to being successful, I will add that so far silk culturists have not been particularly so in their attempts at raising those fine yellow races known under the name of the French annals.

These silk worms bred in California have been infected by a disease called "pebrine," which has been ravaging so fiercely all over the silk districts of Europe, Asia, and Japan.

Pebrine is a strange malady, for a silkworm infected with it, instead of good health, with no sick worms or cocoons, the silkworm would notice that the worms were very irregular in size, some having changed skin, or molted, this being evidenced by a larger body than the main body of the worm.

With the main body of the worm being small, with small heads and a shining skin, and keeping back so much of the cocoon as to reach the fourth molting they were unable to spin a cocoon.

Luckily this pebrine breaks out at the second age, before the worms are too much advanced to be able to spin a cocoon.

The other and more dreaded epidemic, which, for the last six years, has been the plague of silkworms, is flaccid or blight, a still worse malady, since it breaks out in the last age of the worm, a few days before spinning time, just when the cocoon is almost done with feeding.

This last epidemic I have never detected in the silkworms I have reared, but it does exist in California, one at one time is enough, I should think.

Your correspondent wants to know, furthermore, whether in this State we use the Chinese silkworm seed, or whether we prefer to it Chinese and Japanese seed. Chinese seed is altogether out of the question, and used nowhere, either here or in Europe.

Chinese silk-growers, not generally employ for raising silk bivoltine and polyvoltine races, which yield, it is true, several crops a year, but of a very inferior quality.

And as to the silkworms, the silkworms that cannot raise anything else. Seed dealers have gone all over the world in search of silkworm eggs that could stand the epidemic; they have sent out agents to Tartary, Turkistan, Persia, Morocco, California, South America, and all the other countries.

They have been able to furnish them a vigorous and healthy race of silkworms as Japan did, and does yet, so much so that Japan has all the silkworms to herself, a regular monopoly Italy and France, their main customers, importing from that country about 1,400,000 ounces or cartons of silkworm seed, for which they have to pay from \$2 to \$3 a carton, retailing the latter at \$3 a piece.

I got ten cartons direct from Japan, and this season I raised a full carton of white annals, and half a carton of white annals, and now I am raising a full carton of white annals.

In regard to the cost of my seed, I invariably sell it at \$3 an ounce, and I get ten cartons direct from Japan, and this season I raised a full carton of white annals, and half a carton of white annals, and now I am raising a full carton of white annals.

Now that I have, I think, answered fully all the inquiries put by your correspondent, I will entertain you briefly about my own experiments. For years already I have spent a great deal of my time in the study of this silk industry, and have a very fine mulberry orchard, with several varieties of trees altogether, though my favorites for feeding the silkworms are the grafted seed-bearing and Morus japonica variety. I own, too, an experimental cocoonery large enough to raise in it 50,000 silkworms, and I have a fine collection of cocoons, which are the most successful, and which have a great deal of value.

I employ for cleaning and thinning out the worms perforated paper, and I have a very fine collection of cocoons, which are the most successful, and which have a great deal of value.

It is in silkworm raising I started slowly and quietly. I may add that I have been thoroughly prepared, taking into consideration the fact that I am a beginner, and I have a great deal of value.

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in building a large cocoonery and raising silk worms on a large scale.

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