HOLD TO FIFTY CENTS

The Senate Refuses to Cut Down the Filing Fee.

ELECTION LAW IN THE HOUSE.

The Discussions Today Were Sometimes Lively, Sometimes Long and Tiresome.

The filing fee provision of the secretary of state bill was again the chief topic of discussion in the Senate today, as to whether it should be 25 or 50 cents. The arguments were gone over again, Warner speaking for the smaller amount and Sutherland for the half dollar figure, in the chief speeches. The business of the day was as follows:

SENATE.

The usual opening exercises of the Senate were followed as the fifty-third day's session by the reading of communications from the House announcing the passage of the following:

H. B. 35, on militia, referred to the committee on militia.

H. B. 45, forbidding the payment of employes in scrip where cash is sold at retail, committee on labor.

H. B. 121, incorporation of colleges and universities, committee on corporations.

S. B. 45, jurors dollar release.

S. B. 17, exemption from execution.

The bill relating to duties of Governor was reported engrossed.

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

The judiciary committee made the usual report on S. B. 50, probate court procedure, and upon motion became its respective. The report was adopted.

The judiciary committee reported on H. B. 69, the Juab county wattle bill, that it pass with an amendment proposed by the committee.

Snow, of the revenue committee, asked the Senator to submit estimates of salaries for county officers, as the salaries committee could report on Monday.

The revenue committee on S. B. 40, duties of attorney general, reported that they had agreed upon a set of amendments with the House.

COUNTY TREASURERS.

Warner introduced S. B. 52, to repeal an act to county treasurer, referred to the committee on judiciary.

THAT FILING FEE.

S. B. 51, defining powers of secretary of state, which is the bill that provides for a fee on capital stock of corporations, and which failed on a tie vote, was taken up again.

Sutherland moved to strike out the section providing for a fee, and was supported by Sutherland and Allison. The motion drew no response.

Snow moved to reconsider the vote by which the fee was fixed at 50 cents, to see whether there was a majority in favor of 25 cents.

Sutherland opposed reconsideration on this branch. The Senate had voted twice on it already. He would rather see the bill lay upon the table, which was agreed, Hickman not, so it was so ordered accordingly.

Snow's motion to reconsider was carried by a vote of 8 to 7.

Warner then moved in favor of the 25 cent rate.

Sutherland followed for the 50 cent rate, declaring it was a necessary provision for State revenues. The poor man could not be oppressed longer. This was a reasonable fee for corporations. Date was set for the State to benefit.

Allison moved to make the rate 35 cents, so as to save the bill itself. He did this because certain senator had vow over the Senate the threat that if the 50 cents was not accepted they would defeat the bill. Allison said he had his figures showing that $441,000 would be required to appropriations in this now before the Legislature. This report was adopted, on motion of Mr. Stevens.

The committee on penitentiary and return school reported a substitute to House bill 120, for the purchase of a new site for the reform school. The substitute provides for the purchase of a site on which was a stone's southeast coal flag.

Mr. Robins moved the adoption of the report.

Mr. Critchlow thought the substitute did not give the purchasing board sufficient discretionary power as to the kind of a site, but compelled them to purchase a site and building.

Mr. Taylor, of the committee, explained that those having charge of the reform school, and others concerned, were in favor of the building offered for the purpose. Mr. Millard, speaking at Ogden, said that the place was known years ago the site of a building. The bill didn't necessarily compel the board to purchase that particular building.

Mr. Critchlow saw no in favor of passing the bill at the money, if the seller of property knew that it would if the committee could not be sure and sure to give the board opportunity to purchase a site of building "to stand in a site" and to [illegible]

Mr. Taylor said that under existing circumstances the board ought to drive the Monday, and it was so ordered.

The judiciary committee reported on adversely upon the bill to repeal the duties of the State treasurer and Mr. Hodgins, for the relief of report the same had been taken to lay a special school tax.

February 18th, House bill 31, by committee on judiciary, an amendment, to amend Utah laws covering bankruptcy.

February 17th, House bill 32, by Mr. Crockin, to regulate fees to be charged by all State, county, city, town and school officers for services.

February 17th, House bill 37.

February 17th, House bill 39, by Mr. Crockin, providing for the trial of causes in district courts by judges pro tempore.

February 24th, House bill 111, by Mr. Stevens, conferring on judges of district courts probate powers and jurisdiction in cases of insane persons.

February 24th, House bill 107, by Mr. Sper, vesting the right of appeal in cases in which judgment was rendered by United States and Supreme Court commissioners prior to the admission of Utah and in which the time to appeal did not expire on January 6, 1896.

Rejected House Bills.

Following is a list of House bills either withdrawn or rejected by the House or Senate during this session of the Legislature:

House bill 3, rejected by the Senate Jan. 30th; No. 8, vetoed by the Governor Jan. 29; No. 10, rejected by the House Jan. 30th; No. 14, rejected by the House Feb. 6th; No. 15, rejected by the House Feb. 7th; No. 16, rejected by the House Jan. 17th; No. 17, rejected by the Senate Jan. 30 th; No. 20, substitute offered Feb. 14th; No. 27, substitute passed Feb. 19th; No. 29, rejected by the House Jan. 29 th; No. 34, rejected by the Senate Feb. 11 th; No. 35, rejected by the House Feb. 10th; No. 36, rejected by the House Feb. 10th; No. 38, substitute offered Feb. 10th; No. 40, substitute offered Feb. 10th; No. 49, rejected by the House Jan. 28 th; No. 52, rejected by the House Feb. 6th; No. 53, vetoed by the House Jan. 28th; No. 56, rejected by the House Feb. 11 th; No. 60, rejected by the House Feb. 7th; No. 66, substitute offered Feb. 7th; No. 68, rejected by the House Feb. 10th; No. 73, rejected by the House Feb. 7th; No. 78, substitute offered Feb. 10; No. 84, rejected by the House Feb. 10th; No. 101, substitute passed Feb. 10th; No. 105, returned by the House Feb. 13 th; No. 111, withdrawn; No. 3, withdrawn; No. 7, rejected by the House Jan. 30th; No. 20, rejected by the Senate Feb. 11th; No. 125, rejected by the House Feb. 21st; No. 25, rejected by the House Feb. 20th; No. 114, rejected by the House Feb. 14 th; No. 65, substitute offered Feb. 20th; No. 80, rejected by the House Feb. 20th.

Notes.

Senators Jones and Barnes were the only absentees today.

Wilson L. Dougherty, of Provo, was a visitor to the Senate today.

House bill 90 needs the enacting clause striken out. There is no such provision in it for a republic.

The Senate was awfully sick of the filing fee discussion today—all but those senators who made the speeches.

Tomorrow's session of the Legislature will be held at Logan. There will be no formal proceedings as in ordinary sessions, but the visit will be of much value to the State.

In the House today there were no printed journals of yesterday's proceedings and the members satisfied themselves with Chief Clerk Thompson's reading.

The proposition to remove Chief Clerk Thompson, made in the House yesterday, for his connection with the printing business was not carried.

Mr. Thompson has done the only really good work in the matter that has been done.

It has remained for a Utah legislator to conceive the idea that bills can be obtained from a committee for work already done by other parties, or that the man who did the job will come down to an expensive figure when he has a fine grip on the work. Committees do not hold on headlines jobs.

When the idea was made that the fee for the incorporation would exceed the government, one gentleman remarked that it was too bad to ask a corporation with a million dollars at the rate of half a mill, while the poor man who only owned a $500 home had to pay taxes to the amount of $3 mills, as at present in this city.

Too many lawyers no doubt are a bad thing in a legislature, but Chaney's proposition to allow them out altogether is a good deal worse. It is evident that any legislator can be found to propose practical disenfranchisement of any State member in his position. With all that is said against lawyers, some of them have done good public service in the State Legislature time to.

The secretary of State bill was defeated in the Senate yesterday, because of its several features, and the fate has, too, the latter evening Senator Evans to vote against the bill. As Senator Evans is the only person who seems to be certain, so, there seems to be a chance of changing those who voted against it, without telling the fact that the vote received so unkindly in Cassia and Montana.

The joint printing committee met it great sharp yesterday, and adversely so. It has not been easier to receive no salary for their services the current seven years, really meritorious the State for the one elected to the committee? Anyone to have the legislature printing properly executed ought pay the job speaking to the printer's price, and, safely in the commencement of the committee.

Just before adjourning last evening, the Senate confirmed the Governor's nominations for board of regents for the State school for deaf and dumb, as follows: August W. Gabaldon, of Salt Lake, to hold until January 1, 1897; Mrs. Harriet Cline, of Weber, until February 1, 1897; David Evans, of Weber, until February 1, 1898; Mrs. Hortense Young, of Salt Lake, until February 1, 1898; Dr. Martin Hughes Cannon, of Salt Lake, until February 1, 1899.

The revised land bill provides for a land commission of five, to consist of the Governor, the secretary of state, the attorney general, one to be appointed by the Governor, one to be appointed by the Governor by and with the consent of the Senate. The two appointees are to hold office for four years, except those appointed at the first session, who shall hold office for one second. Meeting in January 1896. Each of the appointees shall give a bond of $25,000. The Governor will be president of the board and one of its other members secretary. The two appointees shall be paid $12 per day for each time as they are at work. The board is to have control of all lands granted to the State except such as are used or set apart for public purposes, and may sell or lease the same. All lands must be selected, appraised and classified. Assistants to select and locate lands may be appointed, so far as practicable from the resident beneficiaries of the county where the lands are situated. Plats of lands shall be classified, showing improvements, timber, water, mineral, gas, minerals, coal, stone, gravel, salt, soil. A survey of each of the land must be completed under oath. Lands, except school sections, to be sold at not less than appraised value, and actual cost, before and after lands are to be sold at auction. Actual settlers have first right to purchase. The order of lands may be sold by private sale at not less than 10 per cent of the appraised value. Purchase of lands may be in property exchange, not to exceed ten years. Council land may be leased not less than 5 per cent of the appraised value. Grazing lands may be leased for ten years and other lands for five years, the latter in tracts of 160 acres. Lands with springs of water may be withheld. Inhabitants of cities and towns are given the preference for lands contiguous thereto. Tracts of timber land may be reserved. Regulations are to be made regularly and promulgated.

A Horse and Buggy Stolen.

About 2:30 this afternoon a horse and buggy which had been left standing on the NEWS corner, was missed by its owner, John Hutchings, who resides in Superior addition, North Salt Lake. It is supposed by the police officers that the horse and buggy were stolen little Harry Simons, who has a produce or cleaning between 2 and 3 o'clock, but had an hour before the property was missed, Mr. Simons, the lady order driver, telephoned to police headquarters and notified the officers that Harry had escaped from his custody.

The thieves seemed to desire to bring a team from down town, with our white horse and buggy to the business. It is not clear to say that the officers are to be paid.

Spanish Fork Rededdled.

The Union Pacific this afternoon announced a cut-rate excursion rail from all points on its system between Ogden and Juab, to the annual entertainment to be held at Spanish Fork, March 2nd, under the auspices of the Christian association of that place. The selling dates are March 1st and 2nd. Tickets are good returning until March 4th.

Expression of Thanks.

It being impossible to meet and give personal expression of my feelings to each and every one whose kindness and good offices were felt and given during and prior to the funeral services over my son, Agnes S. Park, I take this means of making such expression, with the hope that it will be received in the spirit in which it is offered. To say that I thank you most sincerely is not all, but better perhaps my actions, and the gratification which I experience through your generous offices will be complete as any such feeling can be on so painful an occasion. May your lives be ever free from sorrows and your minds never chasten with the gloom which they kept, to my sincere wish. Thanks most sincerely to all.

HAMILTON G. PARK.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Mr. O'Neill's new play, the Courier of Lyons, was presented at the Theater last night to a full house. The drama is built on the supposed resemblance between Lesurques, an honest French citizen, and a famous outlaw Dubosc. The latter is a member of a secret association of the middle ages, and so closely do the two resemble each other that even Lesurques himself is convinced of the guilt of his double. The characters are well conceived, in the hands of regular actors would be interesting and sympathetic throughout.

Mr. O'Neill gave Mr. Lesurques and Dubosc both to Mr. Wilkes. The transformation from one character to another is sometimes startling, particularly in the last scene. To describe this transition would be to give away the plot of the play, which will only degree of success, in spite of a weak end, is of great activity. The support to this play is very good. Thompson, Cooke and Dixey both in a good array of comedies, each with characteristics of his own. Miss Rehearsal and Mr. Paton gave the sweet roles quite fully, and Mr. Stokes is well as the Chevalier Lesurques. Hence it is not many evening seated and the audience were very well satisfied. The audience only appreciative the singing. The chorus lacks, however, in nearly worthy of a place in the front rank of stock companies as James O'Neill.

The first editorial matter for the report of the Utah Kindergarten class (they helped at the Theater, to be followed by a medical meeting. The early morning press, the gave an, for the which the entertainment are been arranged and the meeting are notes of a social time days hence.

At the Grand, Tuesday of Aug. and at the Lyceum, Fourteen will be given tonight and Tuesday matinee and evening.

On Wednesday, March 4, Paderewski appears at the Tabernacle. Tickets are ready to pick up at Charles Mayer's.

High Priests.

The regular monthly meeting of the High Priests quorum of the Salt Lake Stake of Zion will be held in the Assembly Hall tomorrow at 11 a. m. Members of other quorums of the Priesthood are cordially invited to be present.

ELIAS MORRIS,
President.

Thompson vs Young.

Testimony was taken today in the case of Jedediah Young vs. E. G. R. Thompson, before Judge Goodwin, referee.

To the Reform School.

Rudy Hurtado was committed to the Reform school by Judge Hunt this afternoon for stealing $1.75 from his uncle, Joseph Hurtado, on January 19th.

Police Court.

Tom McMahon, the notorious Sixth, whose representative Frank Stevens seems to have a mania for pounding men, was in the police court today charged with drunkenness. He pleaded guilty and got 10 days in jail.

Mike Smith was arraigned for being drunk and disorderly on a complaint. In the lower courts he admitted guilt, but in the lower courts he claimed, on appeal, he fighting indeed in self-defense, and raised a question, and raised a point, he claimed, he fighting in the street, the claim was denied, he got 10 days in jail.

Charles Lawson, a miserable jay drunk, was had was brought in while and long from his accustomed case of intoxicating liquors to the day tomorrow, and we need to have the chance to be free from the clutches of the law.

Frank Nelson, who assaulted a letter carrier and officer, was in the court of Ninth East and Second South streets, was arrested last night for keeping a disorderly house. He if it were people in the channel.

COMMERCIAL.

SALT LAKE CLEARING HOUSE.

Today's clearing house exchanges amounted to $509,177; same day last year, $[illegible].

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS.

New York.—Silver, 65; lead, $3.12½. London.—Silver, 31 3/16.

BID AND ASKED.

Wells, Fargo & Co. received today from Boston, $6,112.

W. S. McCornick & Co. received to day: Bar silver, $4,100; silver coining orders, $4,000; Cyanide, $6,000.

C. M. Jones & Co. received today, silver, $5,000; gold, $4,500. Total, $19,600.

STOCKS AND MARKETS.

New York Stock Market.

[illegible]

Chicago Live Stock.

[illegible]

Have YOU Tried Cuticura the great SKIN CURE?

WISCOMB & COMPANY,
Grocers, Fancy and Staple Groceries, 54 East First South Street.

R. K. THOMAS,
26, 28, 30, 32 E. First South St.,
Salt Lake City.

SPRINGTIME.

An Extraordinary Attractive Line of New Spring Goods

UNQUESTIONABLY THE BEST COLLECTION IN TOWN OF

PLAIDS

NOVELTY DRESS GOODS

FANCY SILKS

BLACK DRESS GOODS

WASH GOODS

Of which goods we have all the new things.

We are Offering Special Inducements in

Wrappers AND Waists

This Week to Close a Few Lines.

R. K. THOMAS