

say that the minority shall have the power to control it. These are questions separated from its criminal aspects. If it be a crime, prescribe it as such by the proper political power; try it as such; punish it as such; but where is the power in this Government to give three men or women the power to deny self-government to a large majority, three-fourths of an entire people? Where, sir, is the plausible pretense of a reason for it? No, sir, it is arbitrary government; it is monarchical government; it is unconstitutional government. It is the power of a minority to disfranchise and control a majority. Three men, without trial, without process of law, without evidence, are authorized to deprive and to deny to a whole people, a vast majority of a whole people, the entire right of self-government. This is the proposition.

Mr. President, polygamy is impossible in our time and under the economic conditions which belong to our industrial system. It is certainly inconsistent with the activities and the energies and the completeness of character of the active, capable and energetic women of our day, informed on public affairs, learned in the literature of the age, accomplished in the industrial arts and pursuits, an equal factor with man in all the sciences, arts and pursuits of our life.

Give her but a chance, give her power, and she will take care of herself, and contribute much toward taking care of the state. Polygamy will extinguish itself by the development of a more perfect and complete civilization, by the industrial arts and their cultivation and distribution under the attacks of the Christian religion and the Christian minister, under the influence of our civilization and our economic laws, under provisions of law for the education and maintenance of polygamous women and children who may leave their present condition, under laws that will give them immediate protection through a military force whenever they desire to escape from or to leave their present condition, make it easy for them to leave their condition, and give them support and maintenance, and leave it to education, to moral suasion, to the power of religious teachers, to the great activities of the pulpit and the eminent and philanthropic men that control its wonderful power.

Let the Government be, if you choose, a military one, and while it upholds with a firm hand and instant and immediate protection and support the absolute freedom of the woman and her children, let the pressure and power of law and public policy in all things be directed against polygamy and for its extinguishment and its discouragement, and I have no fear that as the woman becomes enlightened under the powers of the Christian religion and civilization, as the industrial pursuits are opened to her and her children, as the influences of the Christian religion and the fuller life and activity of the monogamous woman are felt and seen, with full power at any and all times to abandon the polygamous life, with protection immediate and certain for herself and her children at all times at her command, with maintenance assured, that she will prefer polygamy I would regard it as a reproach to the Christian religion and the great influences of our civilization to believe that it was not adequate to reclaim these unfortunate women brought from the destitution of Europe and carried into a community of considerable industrial development and success. I would consider it a slander upon the good agencies that have made and are making the civilization of this government so wonderful to say that we must deny the vital principles of our own political institutions, deny fair trial, deny evidence, deny fair and impartial juries, deny upright and impartial judges, and that we must subject a whole community to a denial of the principle of our Constitution of the capacity of the people for self-government, that we should require that a majority of the people of any Territory for any reason should be denied the right and power to control their own political institutions, in order to accomplish an object which under our form of government is the subject exclusively of penal law and of judicial power.

S. F. Gingell, the boy who was run over by a trolley on the U. C. R. R. at Milford, on the 6th inst., died within a few hours after the accident.

BY TELEGRAPH

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AMERICAN.

WATERLOO, Que., 11.—The severest storm known for years is in progress here. The snow began falling yesterday afternoon, and has continued unabated through the night. The wind was blowing a gale all day. The snow is piled almost mountain high, making traffic of all kinds absolutely impossible. Between 10 and 11 o'clock this morning two distinct shocks of earthquake were felt, the wave passing east to west.

St. John's, N. B., 11.—The storm which prevailed last night subsided at three this morning.

Montreal, 11.—A very heavy fall of snow—The heaviest of the whole season—commenced yesterday at noon and only ceased at three this p.m.

Halifax, 11, 2 a.m.—There is a slight breeze blowing from the southeast which appears at times to increase somewhat in strength and then subside. The high tide has gone completely down. Vessels ride easily at their docks.

Whitehall, N. Y., 11.—Twelve inches of snow fell yesterday afternoon and evening. The storm extended the whole length of Lake Champlain.

Watertown, N. Y., 11.—It rained on Saturday throughout northern New York and changed to snow during the night; a heavy cold wind prevailed. From three to six inches of snow has fallen. It is now clear and cold. Trains are running the roads to-day to keep the track clear.

Quebec, 11.—Heath Point, Anticosti, reports a very heavy southeast gale during the past night. This morning about two hundred seals were seen on the ice about two miles southward of that section.

Duxbury, Mass., 11.—A break is reported in the French cable 325 miles out.

New York, 11.—The Sun's correspondent at Ottawa, interviewed Wiggins, who declared his predictions had been verified. He said, "My advice that ships of all nations should be in safe harbors by the 5th I am happy to say, has been taken and acted upon, and it was on the 6th that an arm of the great storm struck the Atlantic Coast. The storm this p.m. came from the southeast, exactly as I said, both as to its period of arrival and its direction. The storm of the 7th and 8th exactly followed the course I marked out for the great storm, though Gen. Hazen, in his criticism of my letters to the President, stated no storm ever took that course.

Reporter—To-day's storm is also a defeat for the meteorologists, is it not?

Prof. Wiggins—Yes, decidedly. They everywhere, in Washington, Toronto and London declared it impossible, and even absurd, that a great storm could be predicted more than 48 hours in advance. My storm will prove whether they were correct or not.

Quebec 11.—The high water to-day in the St. Louis and St. Charles river flooded the wharves and Champlain market place is flooded, also the houses in St. Rochs near the Charles River and in the village opposite.

At New Richmond, John Mcquarries house was burned with his wife and child.

Helena, Ark., 11.—The first loss of human life by the flood in that region occurred by the upsetting of a house 12 miles south of here on which were six adults and four children. The latter were drowned. The former being rescued by a party of hunters who took them off the roof after they had clung to it three days. The St. Francis contains hundreds of houses, mules and cattle standing up to their throats in water. Their owners being unable to rescue them. There are many carcasses of animals floating about.

Indianapolis Ind., 11.—Great suffering and sickness at nearly all the river towns incident to the recent floods. At new Franklin, Ind., a village of 120 inhabitants, 30 are destitute and 15 sick. Two deaths have occurred from pneumonia. The people in this vicinity are destitute depending on the public for provisions and medicines. One hundred and twenty-five are sick and 24 have died. The latter of dysentery which has almost become epidemic. About 125 houses have been swept away or damaged. At least 700 persons are liable to disease.

At Caseyville, Ill., no relief had been furnished to 45 cases of sick-

ness, mostly typhoid fever; one death. One hundred houses have been under water—half of them are ruined.

At Roseclair, Ill., a family of ten persons, all sick, living in the engine room of an old saw mill.

New Liberty, Ill., has been entirely submerged and sickness to an alarming extent prevails.

DEADWOOD, D. T., 11.—Hood & Scotts lodging shell at Brownville Wood Camp, terminus of the Black Hills & Fort Pierce Railroad, burned at midnight last night. James Chalmers, Thos. Fineless, R. C. Wright, Lewis Hanson, Peter Hanson, A. Tenesliffe, Harvey Wood, W. H. Andrews, Chas. Hammontree, Fred T. Peters and Samuel Hays were burned to death, and four others, names not learned, were seriously injured. The origin of the fire is not known.

NEW YORK, 11.—At half past 11 o'clock this morning officer Patrick Casey, of the Hunters Point Police force, killed Roundsman Richard Comisky. The murdered Roundsman was sitting at his desk in the first precinct when Casey entered under the influence of liquor, and acting strangely. When within two feet of the unsuspecting Comisky he halted and said, "What do you follow me so for?" Comisky replied it was to make him do his duty. With out another word Casey drew a revolver and fired. The ball entered half an inch below Comisky's eye and he fell back dead. The murderer was instantly secured and hurried off to the county jail. Within 15 minutes a thousand people gathered under the impression that he was still in the station and made strong efforts to get hold of him. It is supposed Casey was in a state of insanity.

London, Ohio, 12.—A trifling dispute between Jno. G. Tracey and David Gillinwater, brother-in-law, ended in Tracey cutting Gillinwater's throat with an axe.

NEW YORK, 12.—Herr Most yesterday afternoon addressed a large meeting in Jersey City Heights on socialistic affairs. He spoke in German. The other addresses were by Victor Drury and James Mitchell—the latter speaking to the English. The speakers were enthusiastically received.

CONNELLSVILLE, Ind., 12.—A wreck occurred on the White Water road five miles south of here which was caused by a broken rail. A dozen passengers were hurt, but none seriously.

WASHINGTON, 12.—Secretary Foulger is not well although he was at the Department, but unable to attend to business.

CHICAGO, 12.—The stockholders of the Union Iron and Steel company are in session, on a proposition to resume operations by the issue of \$14,000,000 preferred stock. It is believed the proposition will be accepted.

A sweeping decision against the bucket shops was delivered in the U. S. Court.

PITTSBURG, 12.—Nicholas Krelch was murdered last night at a christening. The Wilhelm brothers, the authors of the deed, have been arrested.

NEW YORK, 12.—A dispatch from Halifax reports that the disabled Inman steamer City of Chester, reached there at noon.

PHILADELPHIA, 12.—This morning a Jersey man shot his brother's wife, Lizzie Syren, in the breast, then shot himself through the temple. Believed demented.

DEADWOOD, D. T., 12.—The men who escaped burning in the Brownville lodging house gave the following story: They were awakened by the blowing of a locomotive whistle about one o'clock on Sunday morning. The room was filled with smoke from below and the fire licking up around the kitchen stovepipe. The men were dazed; but four of them fled down the ladder and escaped with severe injuries. Three escaped unhurt through a small sliding window leading from the loft to the roof of the adjoining building. There were 18 persons in the house, 11 of whom perished. Two of the bodies were reduced to ashes. The men had saved up their earnings and it is supposed endeavored to get the money and valuables out of their trunks and thus lost their opportunity for escape. The building, which was constructed of pitch-pine, was totally consumed in 30 minutes after the discovery of the fire.

MEMPHIS, 12.—A special to the Western Associated Press from Helena, Ark., says: There was another inch decline last night, making a total of three inches since the de-

cline set in. The gauge now shows 46 feet 8 inches. Curious to state, there is no fall noticeable during the day, but every morning reveals decline. This singular phase of eccentricity is without a parallel so far as heard from in the history of this mysterious river. The weather is clear and springlike. The sufferers by the flood within our borders will be provided for by the State, and this aid cannot come too quickly; there are between 500 and 700 negro refugees wholly unprovided for and powerless to help themselves. The levees around Helena were never more secure.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 10.—Business is much injured by the extraordinary arctic weather. The intense severity of the cold has put a stop to farming operations, and checks any tendency to activity in the manufacturing districts. It has also greatly affected the stock market.

Much interest is felt here in the new tariff bill.

Four hundred and fifty girls leave Galway this week for Boston, under a year's engagement to New Hampshire cotton mill owners, who pay their expenses out. Several hundred more wanted to go. There was an affecting scene at the Limerick depot over the departure of 250 of them.

Business in London is extremely dull, but in Paris it is worse, and an immense number of laborers are out of work.

ST. PETERSBURG, 10.—Among the prisoners to be arraigned at the approaching trial of nihilists are several important criminals, three naval officers and Kobsoff, constructor of the famous mine in the Little Garden.

Rome, 10.—Two ladies, descendants of Amerigo Vespuccio who gave the name of America to the Western Hemisphere, are now begging that a pension of 10 crowns per month which was assigned to the family by the Republic of Florence, in 1670, be restored.

ST. PETERSBURG, 11.—Prince Gortschakoff, ex-Chancellor of the Russian empire, is dead.

St. Petersburg, 11.—It is stated that the police have been warned, from Paris, of a plot to murder the Czar.

A lady was arrested at Charkef and the key found on her to cipher

documents which had been previously seized.

LONDON, 12.—The Times says: From many sources we receive confirmation of what the Times indicated, that if the new criminal procedure bill in India, which allows native judges jurisdiction over whites in certain cases is carried out the results are likely to be serious beyond conception.

The Duchess of Marlborough has given to Luke's fund £3,600, the amount which remained over from the fund collected for the relief of distress in Ireland during the years '79 and '80.

London, 12.—Betting on the Oxford-Cambridge race for Thursday next, which favored Oxford, is now 7 to 4 on the Cambridge crew, owing to the better condition of the latter.

NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

ANNA MARIA WELLS, Plaintiff,
vs.
JOSEPH WELLS, Defendant.

SUMMONS.

The People of the Territory of Utah, send Greeting, to Joseph Wells, Defendant.

YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO APPEAR in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the Probate Court, of the County of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah, and to answer the complaint filed therein within ten days, (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of summons—if served within this County; or, if served out of this County, but in this district, within twenty days; otherwise within forty days.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree from this court dissolving the marriage contract existing between said plaintiff and you. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to this court for the relief prayed for and cost of suit.

Witness, the Hon. E. Smith, Judge, and the Seal of the Probate Court of Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah, this 7th day of March, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-three.

D. BOCKHOLT, Clerk.

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