FIFTY-SECOND YEAR.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1901, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

NUMBER 75

TO CALL CONGRESS IN EXTRA SESSION

President Says He Will Do So as Soon as the Cuban Constitution is Received -Congressional Doings.

tural committee, made a statement re-

lative to the hearings upon the oleo-

margarine bill and the facts brought

IN THE HOUSE.

against the action of Mr. Cannon,

chairman of the appropriations commit-

tee, yesterday, in fillbustering against

the passage of private claims, Mr. Rich-

ardson, the minority leader, today at-

tempted to block the consideration of

the sundry civil aprpopriation bill un-

til a quorum was produced. When Mr,

Cannon made the motion to go into

committee of the whole to resume the

Mr. Richardson demanded a division,

The division showed less than 100 mem-

bers present and Mr. Richardson made

the point of no quorum.

WHAT THE LEGISLATURE DID THIS WEEK.

Killed the Governor' substitute for the McMillan bill against com-

House passed House bill No. 69, regarding issuance of judgments

House bill No. 70, requiring abstract of judgment emanating

House bill 77, allowing jurors at justice's courts and inquests \$1.50

House bill No. 1, doubling the salary of deputy state superinten-

The Senate passed Senate bill No. 38, providing for the approval of

from a justice's court to be filed in the district court before becoming

Washington Feb. 16 .- In retaliation

Washington, Feb. 16.-The President bld the senators who called up him to. day that Congress would be called in erira session as soon as the Cuban constitution was received.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS. Washington, Feb. 16.-At 1 o'clock the shipping bill was laid before the Senate. Mr. Spooner moved to take up the elecmargarine bill, Mr. Stewart demanded a roll call and the motion

was carried, 45 to 2. Mr. Hale said in view of the almost manimous vote to take up the bill that in immediate vote should be taken. Mr. Berry, Ark.), said the vote on the Democratic side was because they deand to give "a black eye to the sub-

Mr. Proctor, chairman of the agricul-

pulsory vaccination,

from district courts.

a lien on real property.

a day and 20c mileage.

dent of public instruction.

bonds of state officers.

Subject is Under Consideration.

LIPPMAN IN WASHINGTON.

Says Utah Will Remain in Republican Column-Candidates for Surveyor General.

[SPECIAL TO THE "NEWS."]

general land office:

consideration of the sundry civil bill, long as it appears that injury has not been done the forest growth and water supply and the rights of others are not

"The department would like to know what evidence is in your possession or that of the forestry officers approving these applications, that injury has not been or is not being done by the pasturing of live stock, other than sheep and goats, in this reservation or that the rights of others will not be jeopardized thereby, or by the granting of permits. By department letter of October 19, 1900, all forest officers were advised that it would be their duty to see that no cattle or horses are allowed to graze upon the forest reserve under their jurisdiction except those for which permits have been granted and those belonging to settlers whose applications for permits may be approved if made all forest officers will at once be called upon to make report as to the effect of cattle

"As to the question of excluding the sheep for the benefit of the cattle, I have to say that the department will not consider these conflicting interests. It does simply with the question as to whether or not grazing is injurious to

MR. JOE LIPPMAN ARRIVES.

Joe Lippman, of Salt Lake City, reached Washington yesterday, en route to New York. He expects to return to Washington in time for the inauguration. Speaking to a "News" reporter, he said he had no plans for the future;

Concerning the politics of Utah, he said he had no doubt the State would continue in the Republican column. Two years hence, he said, a Republican would succeed Senator Rawlins, and in the meantime a new Republican representative in place of Judge King had

been elected.

daylight this morning seventy-five men, led by the ministers of this city, went across the Arkansas river to a place known as the "Last Chance," a joint, and wrecked it. The bartender, who men and forced to the corner of the building, where at the point of a re-volver he was compelled to witness the destruction of liquor and fixtures. The of the office. Senator Kearns has sebeen indorsed by the machine.

McKnight is not the one. The chances are that Mr. Duncan will get

GOV. NASH TALKS. He Expresses Himself on the Contest

at Youngstown. Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 16.-Gov. Nash was asked for an expression in regard to the prize fight between Jack Bonner and Billy Menhan at Youngstown. He says that he had first noticed the affair in the newspapers this morning. having been so busy with the Cincinnati affair that he had not time to give attention to smaller pugilistic events. He stated he considered the Youngs-town contest of the character which he did not propose to permit if he could help it. He had no doubt that when he help it. He had no doubt that when he took the matter up with the mayors of the different cities that an understand-ing would be reached and cooperation be arranged whereby all such contests

vould be suppressed. It is the governor's intention as soon as he can find the time available to prepare a circular letter to the mayors and probably to the sheriffs, calling their attention to the decision of the court at Cincinnati and ask that they assist him in preventing in the future the holding of prize fights at any point in the State of Ohio. It is probable that the letter will be prepared and forward-

Killed in a Wreck.

EDWARD'S FIRST PARLIAMENT.

Irish Members Formulate a Plan of | Principal of L. D. S. College Ap-Obstruction.

INTERFERE IN EVERYTHING

From Extra Grants to the Crown to Tramways in the Scotch Highlands -So Says John Redmond.

Herald from London says:

VII promises to go down in history as the gag parliament," if the program of the Irish members is carried out, since the various factions have united and a plan of parliamentary campaign has been adopted which is likely to make the present session one of the liveliest on record. Every piece of government legislation is to be opposed up to the point where the closure is necessary, and all private bills are to be talked to death.

English legislation," said Mr. John Redmond, the new leader of the Irish party. "No matter whether it refers to an extra grant to the crown or a tramway line in the north of Scotland,

land by every possible means. England has interfered in Irish matters long Now we propose to turn the

No News from Entombed Miners.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 16 .- No news has been received yet this morning from the Union mines, where 65 miners are en-tombed. The operator there reports that there is no change in the sltua-

RUSSIA AND UNITED STATES. Minister of Finance Issues Decree Increasing Parist on American Goots.

minister of finance, has issued a decres regarding the application of the in-creased tariff to certain imports from the United States. The decree is based upon the first paragraph of article 628 of the customs statute. The measure The measure its promulgation.

SAENGELF AND HARE. move the Structure.

visitor connected directly or indirectly with the Jeffries-Ruhlin contest which did not take place at Saengerfest hall last night, that remains in the city today, is Ed Cook, representing Manager Brady, who remains here with the Jeffries show next week. The old training quarters are completely deserted and all have gone, Brady to New York, Jeffries and Delaney to Columbus, Mad-den, Ruhlin and Martin to Marietta and others in various directions. business of all interested parties was closed up in the final settlements yesverday and nothing remains except the refunding of money for tickets next Tuesday. It is understood that the wrecking company that recently paid \$5,200 for the Saengerfest hall will soon remove the structure. The benefit per-formance that is to be given next Fri-day night for the relief of the Saengerfest Athletic club will be at Music hall, and that is expected to be the last public movement in the affairs of the or-

Philadelphia, Feb. 16 .- Four portable houses, two steam launches, a com-plete photographic apparatus, fifty tons of good food-this comprises the list of supplies which Evelyn B. Baldwin. arctic explorer and meteorologist, expects to purchase in Philadelphia, for the use of the Baldwin-Zeigler polar expedition. Mr. Baldwin arrived here last night, and has opened negotiations

the permanent expedition ship, and will carry thirty men in her crew. We shall go around the North Cape, Norway, to some point in Russia, from which we shall strike northward, past Nova Zembla, to Franz Joseph Land. Here the two vessels will part company. America will continue northward and the members of the expedition struggle to attain the North Pole by land or sea. We will carry provisions for two years."

-Large crowds assembled at the rall-road station here this morning, await-ing the arrival of the remains of former king, Milan, of Servia. Funeral arches draped with black and flying mourning flags were erected at the entrance of the town, the principal square and elsewhere. Many houses were draped, and the patriarchal palace was profusely decorated with emblems of mourning. A special train was in readiness at the frontier town of Semlin to bring any guests of Servia desirous of at-tending, but it is understood the au-

thorities at Belgrade were placing diffi-

and the pearl ornaments and silk robes of the princess were intact.

Balloting for Senator.

Helena Feb. 6.—The vote for Senator today was: Mantle, 27; MacGinnis, 22; Frank, 21; Cooper, 7; Coburn, 2; Toole,

A Great Woman Dead.

PROF. J. H. PAUL IN JUSTICE COURT

pears Before Judge Kroeger.

HE HAS A TRIAL BY JURY

Prosecution by Board of Health in the Vaccination Case-Defense Puts on Dr. King.

of Prof. J. H. Paul of the Latter-day Saints' College began before Justice Kroeger and a jury composed of the following named gentlemen: J. W. Jennings, Leo H. Mandell, B. B. Quinn and F. W. Jennings. Horace H. Smith was called by As-

sistant County Attornye Loofbourow for the State and testified that he was clerk of the board of health, and that on December 8th, at a meeting of the board, it was unanimously decided to enact a rule prohibiting all unvacci nated children from attending the schools, and that a copy of the rule was mailed to Prof. Paul. He also said that a second letter was sent to Prof. Paul, calling his attention to the rule of the board, and asking for a list of all unvaccinated children attending the college. Upon cross examination witness said that the meeting was held on the date of the communication sent to Prof. Paul Later be said that the

meeting was held on the 7th.

In answer to Attorney H. S. Taaner counsel for defendant, witness said that the letter was an exact copy of the original, so far as the wording was

At this juncture Attorney Tanner moved that the letter be stricken from the evidence, but the motion was over-Clerk Smith was recalled by the pros-

ecution and asked to produce a letter written by the defendant to J. C. E. King, in which a list of the unvaccin-ated pupils in attendance at the college was given. The letter was read, including the names of which there were 13 The prosecution then called Richard Robbins who testified that he had been attending the Latter-day Saints' lege of which Prof. Paul was president. At this point the prosecution rested, and the defense put upon the stand Dr. J. C. E. King. In reply to Attorney Tanner, Dr. King said he had a conversation with Prof. Paul about the board's order after the rule had been

Dr. King was on the stand when this

IN HONOR OF DR. MAESER. A Wrecking Company Will Soon Rey University Faculty Draws Up Resolutions of Respect for Great Educator. The University faculty met this af-

ternoon and appointed a committee, composed of Professors George Q. Coray, J. B. Torento and Orson Howard, to draw up resolutions of respect to the memory of Dr. Karl G. Maeser. In pursuance to its commission the com-mittee drafted the following resolu-

Salt Lake City, Feb. 15, 1901. Report of the committee on Resolu-

tions in honor of Dr. Maeser Mindful of the great service to the cause of education in Utah, renderd by the late Dr. Karl G. Maeser, and of the love and veneration for his memory which will endure in the hearts of thousands of our fellow citizens who have been aided to a more useful life through his zealous and unselfish eforts, the faculty of the University of through its committee, desires to publicly express its appreciation of him as a co-laborer and a benefactor of our commonwealth. Moreover, while no member of the present faculty enjoyed the honor of participating with him in its early councils, we are no less mindful of the fact that his name is among the heroes of our institution, who with little hope of reward lent their energies to its needs in the days of its feebleness.

With the evidences around us far and near of the public worth of the de-ceased, and of the profound humility and purity of his private life, we con-dole with his bereaved family, and with the many others who will feel in his death the pains of a personal sorrow We feel in part the loss which they have sustained, and are impelled in the hour of grief to tender this poor tribute to his memory

DR. MAESER'S FUNERAL. Obsequies Will be Held from the Tab

ernacle Next Tuesday.

The arrangements for the funeral of Dr. Karl G. Maeser have not been completed, but if nothing unusual intervenes, the funeral will be held from the Tabernacle next Tuesday afternoon. Emil Maeser, eldest son of Dr. Mae-ser, and the principal of the academy Thatcher, Arizona, left there this morning, making him due in Salt Lake Tuesday morning. It is expected that almost the entire student body of the Brigham Young academy will come up from Provo to attend the funeral.

RIDGES' TESTIMONIAL.

The committee having in charge the Ridges testimonial concert today reports the following additional subscriptions for tickets:

State Bank of Utah\$50.00 Home Fire Insurance Co. of Utah 50.00 Salt Lake Street Rallway Co..... 50.00 Co-op. Furniture Co. Clarence McCornick 10.00 Arnold, Sen 20.00 James Chipman 5.00

NO FASTING DURING LENT. Archbishop Kane Issues a Letter to St. Louis Catholies.

St. Louis, Feb. 16.-Archbishop Kane has issued a letter, which will be read in all Catholic churches tomorrow, that, owing to the prevalence of the grippe, all Catholics in St. Louis and the eastern part of Missouri, included in this diocese, may consider themselves entirely exempt from the obligation of fasting during Lent, but not from the obligation of abstinence unless on the advice of their physician. The letter is based upon the advice of prominent priests and physicians of the city.

CHINESE COURT FLATLY REFUSES.

Will be No More Executions-No Further Initiative for Li Hung Ching—Causes a Diplomatic Earthquake.

New York, Feb. 16 .-- A dispatch to the | those to suffer death, but the court re-Herald from Pekin says:

A new turn in the peace negotiations has caused a diplomatic earthquake among the ministers. A brief and almost insulting note from the court has arrived, flatly refusing any further executions than the two previously decreed. Yu Hsien, governor of Shan Si province, will be decapitated, and Prince Chwang will be allowed to commit suicide. The note adds that possibly Chao Shu Chao, formerly minister of justice, may be included among serves its decision in his case. It is also bluntly stated that no further

initiative will be permitted to Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching, who are berated for having failed to protest vigorously against the demand of the ministers for six executions, three posthumous and three documentary. The court calls this demand preposterous and impossible to meet, and says that it was not contemplated when the general agreement was signed. The imperial government says, in short, that the powers ask outrageously too much and cannot be satisfied.

THE WONDERS OF LIQUID AIR.

Russell Palmer Tells Some of Marvels of New Force.

HE IS NOW IN SALT LAKE.

In an Interview With the "News." He Predicts a Revolution in the Commercial World.

"Liquid air will render your smoke consumers unnecessary," said Russell Palmer of Chicago, who is making an extended western tour in the interests of liquid air, and while here is a guest at the Knutsford.

"Liquid air," said Mr. Palmer, "is produced by reducing the temperature of ordinary air to 316 degrees below zero. It is a perfectly dry liquid of a deep bluish color, resembling sea water. If you should dip your finger into it and allow it to remain there a short time the finger would be frozen stiff when withdrawn, but would be as dry as if you had been holding it in the open

"Liquid air weighs about the same as water-from 71/2 to 8 pounds per gallon. One of its chief uses, commercially is in regulating the temperature of re-

frigerator cars.
its intense cold concentrated in small space, together with the fact that it is absolutely dry, gives it an advantage over ice, especially valuable as I have said in refrigerating cars, and on ship board or wherever economy of space is important.

This is done by placing a can liquid air in an ordinary refrigerator car and allowing it to evaporate gradually, the evaporation being of course under proper control. A car loaded with fruit at San Francisco and equipped with liquid air refrigerating apparatus, can be hauled to New York and the temperature of its interior will not vary eight degrees during the jour-Furthermore, the use of liquid air

does away with the dampness arising from the use of ice and minimizes the decay of fruit, etc. It is possible through the use of liquid air to effect a saving of \$129 on every carload of other perishable freight across the continent."
"Another interesting method of using

liquid air is in reducing and regulating the temperature of theaters, hotels, hospitals, private dwellings, churches, during the heated season. This as in the case of refrigerator cars, is done through evaporation. Soliding air concentrates it, so that one gallon of liquid air is equal to 800 gallons of or-dinary atmosphere and will evaporate to that volume, "One hundred and fifty gallons of

liquid air would be sufficient to keep a theater comfortably cool during an evening's performance, in the middle of August for instance, and the regulating aparatus has been so perfected that any desired temperature can be established and maintained. Up to the present time in cities where the heat is very intense during the summer the thear have been obliged to close during the summer months because their patrons would not sit through performances in the stifling heat of their interiors, but that is a thing of the past.

"Now by using flouid air, the play houses may remain open all the year round if their management so desires. Think of the boon this will be in the cities of tropical countries, the inhabiair becomes universal as it is bound to, will be able to step from the burden-some heat out of doors into theaters, hotels, cafes, stores, etc., delightfully cool and refreshing.

"As it is used in cooling and regulating the temperature of theaters, so it may be utilized in making comfortable the interiors of hotels, hospitals and private homes. It is also used extensively in surgical experiments. Liquid air is valuable for automobiles, street cars, and all portable engines, since no fuel with its necessary tender, and no water and tank and no ponderous boller need to be carried. When steam is carried far from the boller, as in steam drills, loss by condensation is great; the farther liquid air is carried the more it is expanded and the greater

"In reducing the air from the natural to the liquid state," continued Mr. Pal-mer, the oxygen therein begins to li-quity at 290 degrees below zero and is secured and marketed as commercial oxygen.

It can be used in a hundred different industrial processes-to burn peat or garbage with the intensity of heat as great as the heat of coal; to completely consume low grade coals, burning even the smoke of soft coal and the smell of garbage. By the use of a little electrical | been practically agreed to,

energy ozone is made, the greatest purifying agent known. Oxygen used in explosive engines does away with the

explosive engines does away with the smoke or oder by causing complete tombustion of the gas.

"It is also used in connection with heating and illuminating plants and for oxygenating the atmosphere of homes are Used as a stray in ordin homes, etc. Used as a spray in ordinary furnaces it reduces the burning of fuel by 40 per cent, and brings about complete consumption, thereby away with smoke and its incidental nui-

"Introduced into ordinary illuminating gas it reduces its cost of manufacture by 50 per cent and increases the bril-

liancy of the light three times,
"At 296 degrees below zero oxygen of
99 per cent is produced, and this is used
in medical and chemical work. Reducing the temperature to 300 degrees produces liquid oxygen for explosive mix. ture with carbon or hydrocarbons. This is usable in blasting and ordnance work.

"To the service of the governments of all the world liquid air brings a mission for both peace and war, in the navies it will work a revolution which will be felt in national treasuries. Mil-lions of dollars are locked up in fixed ammunition, the greater portion of which is practically useless until demand is made for it by war, and blessed experience shows and blessed experience that this demand comes but in a generation. It is known that bat-tleships of the nations cost millions of

in the fact that they are built with the necessity of having the fire and coal bunkers in the same hulf in close proximity to these large and costly masses of fixed ammunition; each vessel is a floating mine, and this means initial money in construction, costly care and constant danger. The time may not be far distant when no money need be locked up in fixed ammunition, and a vessel need be no longer a floating mine A liquid air plant is cheap, would economize space, would modify the con-struction of the vessel in this view, and could be used for refrigeration and light power in time of peace, and in time of war when ammunition is needed a shell filled with felt, cotton or other carbon substance behind the projectile, entirely harmless until its carbon is saturated with liquid air, could be thrust into the breach of the gun, combined with the liquid and exploded to throw the

projectile with a greater force than dynamite, smokeless and effective, at cost of one hundred times less per charge than its equivalent force in "In such an important work as the building of a canal or the excavation

of a tunnel, when cheap and safe ex-plosives of a high power are required, iquid air is destined to play an important part. It is impossible to esti-mate the enormous economy in the construction of liquid air plants along the line of the projected Nicaragua anal, from which the liquid oxygen could be readily supplied in proper vessels and transmitted to the required points in proper quantities. The prodpoints in proper quantities. The product being abundant, waste by evaporation is unimportant. The advantages to be derived are from its high explosive power, its cheap cost and its safety in use. No unexploded charges need to be withdrawn with the consequent danger attending such an operation, for when failure to explode upon ignition results, a further supply of oxygen can be added, and the attempt to fire be successfully made. For mining pur-poses liquid air is of infinite usefulness. 'Up to the present time the use of liquid air for commercial purposes has been impossible because of the cost attaching to its manufacture. With attaching to its manufacture. perfected machinery, however, it is possible now to make unlimited quantities of it at a cost of manufacture not ex-

ceeding one cent a gallon."
"I am very anxious," continued Mr.
Palmer, "that arrangements should be made for a public lecture and demon-stration upon this strange fluid during the latter part of March or early

LATE LOCALS.

As the paper goes to press the meeting of the Salt Lake Millers' Association is still in session. A much better feeling prevails today among the millers, and it is said that some definite action may be taken. All the members seem to want to make some kind agreement but don't know exactly what

it shall be. The board of public works will hold a special meeting next Monday morning, at II o'clock. It is said that some im-

portant business is scheduled to come up for consideration.

Robt. Campbell, manager of the Utah Light and Power company, has gone north for a few days. He will inspect the work now being done in Ogden canyon before his return.

Cuban Constitutional Convention,

Havana, Feb. 16.—The special com-mittee appointed by the Cuban consti-tutional convention to draw up a proposition defining the future relations etween the United States and the republic of Cuba, have returned from a conference with dovernor-General Wood at Batabano, and will report convention, in secret session this

The question of the United States maintaining naval stations in Cuba met with strong opposition and the com-mittee will report to the convention not to accept this condition. The other clauses in the proposed relations have

Introduced twenty-six bills in the House, and six in the Senate, ^

Sen. Kitchener Reports the Taking of Twenty Loaded With Ammunition.

ive Boer Prisoners Escape from Ceylon and Arrive at a Port in the Crimea.

London, Feb. 16 .- Gen. Kitchener telegraphing from DeAar, Cape Colony, mier today's date, suys:

'Dewet's force crossed the railway at carmans siding north of here before daylight, February 15, closely folowed by Plumer, Crabbe and armored trains. They engaged the enemy while crossing. The Boers, however, cut the lines north and south of the place of

We captured over twenty wagons, many of which were loaded with am-manifon and also a Maxim, twenty prisons and over one hundred horses. The troops are still in close pursuit."

they swam while in the harstwof President Steyn and a brothfin-law of Gen. Botha, the Boer com-Will Not Visit Denver.

speaker of the assembly and then will proceed to Coloa not come to Denver.

Cure for Consumption.

Sania Fe, N. M., Feb. 16.—Prof. Wein-d, of the University of New Mexico, aducting experiments under the iceso I the university biological deets upon the blood corpuscles of a sen passing from a lower to a higher stude are renewd by frequent ages of altitude. By occasional visting the sea level he gave the agestern to the sea level, he says, the system a be reinvigorated, even when the

ANSAS CRUSADERS RAIDING. ber Continue on Their Wild Career of Destruction.

Topeka, Kansas, Feb. 16.—A special ng the places visited by the crudars in their raid last night was the an, but this was not molested. r. Diggs has never sold any liquor the five years he has been in busi-

value of the property destroyed out \$100 not including the bar and fors which will bring the bar and over \$1,000.

gade was made up of some of the best BOER WACONS CAPTURED. women in the city, and that they appeared to be cool and determined.

DEMAND HEEDED. Wichita, Kansas, Feb. 16.-A Beacon special from Derby, Kansas, says. At Derby, Sedgwick county, a de-mand was made last night that the three joints close at noon today. The demand was heeded and the sale has ceased. Tonight a meeting will be held and jointists will be ordered to remove the fixtures. The resubmission-ists there are acting in concert with the

Prohibitionists on the ground

strict enforcement will result in its re-COMMOTION IN EMPORIA. Emporia, Kansas, Feb. 16.-Late last night Emporia was set in commotion by the rumor that Mrs. Nation was in Some one had registered name at one of the hotels. The tele phone bells were soon ringing all over town, and twenty minutes later, every drug store in town closed, and the

three joints were barricaded. Mrs. Nation remained in Topeka.

MASS MEETING IN LAWRENCE. Lawrence, Kansas, Feb. 16.—The Lawrence W. C. T. U. has called a mass meeting for tomorrow night to take action on the local saloon situation. committee today drafted resolutions to be presented to the meeting, and it is believed decisive action will be decided upon. The temperance people say there are scores of foints here which is denied

" LAST CHANCE" WRECKED.

Kansas City, Kan., Feb. 16.-Before

was found asleep, was seized by two

mob went to work with axes, hatchets and clubs. Within a few minutes every

piece of furniture in the place was des-

troyed, and all the liquor turned out.

The mob did its work quietly and fin-

ishing the work left for their homes in an orderly manner. The joints in this city have all been closed for several days. The "Last Chance" is just outside

the city limits. The temperance people have threatened two drug stores unless

they quit selling liquor, and a mass meeting has been called for tomorrow

Moritz Herrman Dead.

Berlin, Feb. 16 .- The prestidigitator.

whose death was announced yesterday, was Mortiz Hermann.

There have been three prestidigitators of the name of Herrmann-Alexander I., so called, Alexander II., and Alexander III. Alexander III. had a brother. His son was the Moritz Herrmann whose

death was announced from Berlin yes-

terday. He was a nephew of the late Alexander Herrmann II., famous in this

country, whose widow, Adelaide Herr-mann, is now in the same line of busi-

COL. PETER S. MICHIE DEAD.

He Was Professor of Natural Phil-

osophy in W. P. Military Academy.

West Point, N. Y., Feb. 16.-Col Peter

S. Michie professor of the department

of natural and experimental philoso-

ness and a cousin of Alexander III,

to take decisive action.

vigorously by the city officials. Prof. E. E. Sayre, of the University of Kansas, is a leader of the movement.

BOER PRISONERS ESCAPE. & Felersburg, Feb. 16.-Five Boer missners who escaped from the island devion have arrived at a Crimean on board the Russian steamer to Among them is a

beaver, Colo., Feb. 16 .- Col. B. F. Received a telegram from Col. Theo-de Roosevelt, Vice President-elect, ssing regret at his inability to act the invitation to address the as-bly. Col. Roosevelt left Meeker this ming for Rifle, Colo., where he will be a train for Glenwood Springs. will stop at Glenwood Springs a faw Springs, where it is expected, he rest a day or two before resumhis eastward journey. He will go direct from Colorado Springs and

tment, has evolved what he proes a complete cure for consump-By careful testing, he announces, has determined that the transitory

ects of the higher altitude have been

the State Journal from Perry, Kanstore kept by Mayor Fred Diggs, on of Mrs. Annie L. Driggs, state

emy, died to day after a short illness of pneumonia. He was 75 years of age and had been on duty as professor since 1871. He graduated from the military academy in 1862 and stood second in his class. He entered the corps of dist Peak today said that he is business at the old stand in of the work of the joint smashengineers and served in the operations against Charleston in 1863 and 1864. He

is survived by his widow and a daughter. One son, the late Lieut, Dennis Mahan Michie, was killed in the battle of San Juan hill, and in less than a year afterwards his only remaining son died from puenmonia.

STOCK ON UINTAH RESERVATION

Com. Hermann Tells Mr. Rawlins

Washington, D. C., Feb. 16.-In reply to a petition of 202 citizens of Kamas Woodland and Marlon, Utah, transmitted by Senator Rawlins, asking for permission to graze 3,000,000 head of cattle on the Uintah reservation, the senator is in receipt of the following report from Commissioner Hermann, of the

"In reply you are advised that the whole subject of grazing on the forest reserves is now under consideration. Heretofore cattle grazing has been allowed upon application being made on the theory that cattle and horses did little if any damage to the reserves. For this reason, however, the secretary has returned all cattle and horse grazing permits recommended by this office without his approval stating 'in the reg. ulations governing pasturing of live stock on forest reserves approved by me July 5, 1900, it is stated among other things pasturing live stock other than sheep and goats will not be prohibited in the forest reserve as so

thereby jeopardized.'

and horse grazing in accordance with the requirements of the secretary.

the reserves."

that he came to Washington to see the inauguration.

SURVEYOR GENERALSHIP. The President did not send the nomination today of the surveyor general of Utah, which was expected. The list of candidates for the place is: E. W. Duncan, ex-cashier of the National Bank of the Republic; R. C. Gemmell, and Mr. Knight, who is now in charge

lected the man for the place who has

the place.

Dallas, Tex., Feb. 16,-A freight wreck occurred on the Texas and Pacific road, fifteen miles east of here to-day, killing Engineer C. M. Nelson, of Longview, Texas; W. C. Sheets, brake, ban, of Pierce City, Mo., was badly scalded and may die.

New York, Feb. 16 .- A dispatch to the At 2 o'clock this afternoon the trial The first parliament of King Edward

"We will interfere in every piece of

the Irish members will have something to say about it.
"We have eighty determined men, whose object is to get justice for Ire-

St. Petersburg, Feb. 14.-M. De Witte,

Cincinnati, Ohio, Feb. 16 .- The only

Baldwin's Arctic Expedition.

with local merchants, "Everything points to the middle of June as the date of our sailing from New York," he said. "The America is

Funeral of King Milan. Karloquitz, Austro-Hungary, Feb. 16.

culties in their way.

Great trouble was experienced in carrying out King Milan's wish to be buried by the side of hic great grandmother, Ljubicza Obrenovitch, wife of Milos, founder of the dynasty. The slabs of the vault could not be located until a centenerian was discovered who attended the funeral of the princess. When in the vault they found that the wooden coffin had fallen apart, and that the corpse was exposed. It was in a most remarkable state of preservation The features were quite recognizable

Dresser, Ind., Feb. 16 .- Mrs. John Jordon, who lived three miles north of here, is dead, from paralysis. She weighed 676 pounds and was the mother of thir-