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NO DEFIANCE HERE.

The address of Elder B. H. Roberts delivered in the tabernacle on the 9th of this month, is itself the best refutation of the unjust criticism that has been bestowed upon it from various sides. It shows more especially that the attitude of the Church is far from being one of defiance of the laws of the land. The speaker demonstrated as clearly as possible that the Church members and leaders have done all in their power to bring about a condition In harmony with the demands of the country. He pointed out the fact that, at first, there was some difference of opinion as to the meaning of the Manifesto of President Woodruff, but that gradually it was accepted as applic able to the Church in all the world. He proved by official figures that the number of families in plural relations had decreased from the time of the Manifesto, until at the time of the testimony before the Senate Committee on Elections and Privileges, there remained only perhaps 500. This we regard as a marvelous proof of loyalty to the government, and we may say that the result would not have been what it is but for the sincerity and honesty of the so unjustly berated Church Leaders, and especially the efforts of the Presidency to remove eve ry reasonable cause of complaint against the Church.

In proof of the assertions made by the speaker concerning this subject, he prints in full the letter of resignation of Elder John W. Taylor, dated this welty, Oct. 28, 1905. Two facts are established by this document. First, that Elder Taylor took a view of the Manifesto different from that held by the majority of the Quorum of which he was a member; second, that President Joseph F. Smith, true to a promise given in Washington, exerted his influence to persuade Elder Taylor to appear before the committee, but that the latter, for reasons that seemed sufficient to him, declined to go. Elder Taylor wrote to his fellow-Apostles

ties: "I acknowledge that I received a re-quest from President Joseph F, Smith, by letter, to appear as a witness in the Reed Smoot case before the Senare Committee on Privileges and Elections, but I declined to do so because, while I recognize his right to direct me in Church affairs, I did not think his au-thority extended to civil affairs to the extent that I should expose my family like one corress and be questioned and field up to public ignoniny as some of my brethren were before that body; and I still hold the same views upon that matter." matter

With regard to the difference of opinion held on the Manifesto, Elder Robcrts explains that it requires time for such mestions as those involved in the system of plura marriage as once practised in the Church. No proclamation is at first understood. Differences of opinion and variety of interpretation are bound to exist concerning matters of this description. And when the an nouncement was made in President Woodruff's manifesto of the discontinuance of plural marriages, and the advice was given that our people should contract no marriages contrary to the law, the question prose in the minds of some, whether that prohibition was not limited to marriages within the United States. The matter was discussed pro and son. Ultimately, however, the conclusion was inevitable that the manifesto forbade plural marriages in all the world; because the Church is not local but a world-wide organization; and when its general conference speaks, it speaks for the entire Church, in all the world. Hence, Elder Roberts argues, the conclusion was inevitable that plural marriages were everywhere forbidden; and when 'some men held tenuciously to the view that that was not the case, but that the Church fulfilled her agreement to discontinue plural marriages by abstaining from performing plural marriage. within the United States-when that view was persisted in, there was out one thing left, and that was to conclude that such persons were out of harmony with the Church. Two of the twelve aposiles held that view; they were declared by their associates to be out of harmony with their brethren in these matters, they tendered their tes ignations which were ascepted; and since that time there has been no question in the Church, or out of it, as to where the Church stands on the subject of discontinuing plural marriages. That does not sound as defiance of the law. How can submission be mor complete? Elders Taylor and Cowley had a perfect right to their opinious. as has every man and woman under the Flag of this Republic, and they acted as honor and duty dictated when they sacrificed their position for their convictions, seeing that they were unable to accept the views of their brethren. The Apostles' Quorum also obeyed the dictates of honor and duty. when they accepted the resignations. We say, there is no possible excuse for the malicious accusation that Elder Roberts, in his address, hurled defiance at the laws or the general sontlinent. In reply to those who would fain condemn their fellow-men for their beliefs, as defended the right of Americans to hold whatever opinion seems best to them as long as they do not break out into overt acts. No one but un-American bigots can find fault with that. The speaker said:

our opinions? Your law gives you the right to punish overt acts; but you have no law and no right to enter the domain of conscience and interfere with what is held there as the truth. Hands off here? Our belief is our own. We have a right to our opinions. If you don't believe them that is nothing to us, we do. And if you have not Suc-ceeded in converting us, we can't help that. You have got all you deserve out of this controversy on our matriage system. dates. more fame than its apples are. essive ball was not required. ystem

No American who has an understanding of American principles of liberty of conscience will dispute this position.

STORE UP COAL.

The warning to store up coal, to meet the needs of the coming winter, is timely. Undoubiedly, those who are financially in a position to fill their cellars with fuel will do so without delay, but many are not in that position. For their benefit the railroads and coal ompanies should co-operate while they have ample transportation facilities, and lay in a sufficient supply. The supposition is that the shortage of fuel will be more widely felt next winter than it was last. Whether this prediction holds good or not, now is the time to apply

In the Haywood trial counsel for the that ounce of prevention which is addefense gets on the offensive almost mitted to be preferable to a pound of every time McParland's name is ment-Last winter's experience was not exioned. ictly suffering, but it was tantalizing, Shaving the moustache off is to a because, during the brief season the man seeking to hide a gray beard what cold lasted, the consumers were conhiding its head in the sand is to an stantly kept guessing as to what would happen if the supply should give ostrich. out and no more fuel, could be San Francisco cannot possibly sufcured. Had the winter been severe fer half so much from its mayor's enhere is no doubt that there would have forced absence in jail as it did from been a great deal of suffering. Provihis presence

dence kindly tempered the winds to the shorn lambs. Few would care to pass Pennsylvania bought the furniture through another cold season with confor her state capitol at so much "per stant uncertainty as to where next day's heat is to come from. Now is the foot." A steal-yard was used to measure the amount. time to make provisions against that emergency. Late in the fall it will be The University of Missouri has a too late, because railroad cars will then

strable citizens."

Wilson quotes crop reports.

greater extent than is the case now. tunity to feather his nest. CENTRAL AMERICAN UNION.

be needed for other purposes to a much

Cabrera, of that republic, and it is be-

lieved he will not be able to hold him-

The entire Central America contains

an area of only 206,000 square miles,

with a population of a little over four

million. Guatemala and Salvador are

the most populous of the little repub-

self in power much longer.

ever said that he would rather be The present commotion in Centra right than President. The indications America is said to have given rise to an are that he will continue to hold that agitation for a union of the Central proud, unique position. American states under the protection of Mexico and the United States. The The ease with which the forts matter of a federation, a dispatch says around New York destroyed two great as the only means of settling the petbattleships in a sham warfare is most internal quarrels among the republics reassuring. It shows that a big navy is said to have been brought to the atis not such a terror after all.

tention of the President and to have met with his approval. In the mean-The Washington Post is authority time, juntas have been formed in each for the statement that the President of the five republics. They will send always carries a big revolver. And delegates to a conference in Mexico to here his detractors have been asserting devise some plan for federation. The that he always carries a big stick. chief difficulty to union lies in Gustemala and the opposition of President

The attitude of the powers represented at The Hague peace conference towards discussion of the question of limitation of armaments may be briefly described as one's afraid and t'other dasent.

SQUARE DEAL FOR RAILROADS. Railway Age.

lies. Panama is the country of most The President has much to say about interest to the United States because The 4 resident has much to say about the few dishonest and lawless railway officials who have reflected discredit upon their much more numerous honest and law abiding fellows. It is regret-table that while he was on this sub-lect he did not have something to say about the extremely few State Législa-tures and commissions that have treat-ed the rultways with any semblance of is virtually under the protectorate of Uncle Sam and contains the canal strip. The other Central American states are Niaragua, Costa Rica and Honduras. Undoubtedly a federation under the protectorate of the northern tures and commissions that have treat-ed the railways with any semblance of fairness and the many that have bilked them remorselessly because it happened to be the popular thing to do. Rail-ways and railway officials should be re-quired to give investors, shippers and rublic a "square deal." Whatever leg-islation is necessary to compel them to de this should be enacted. It does not seem unreasonable to suggest that pubneighbors would insure peace among those states and that would mean an increase of material prosperity. The fear that the United States has sinister desires upon dits weaker neighbors seems to be disappearing, and perhaps that is due largely to the masterly alldresses of Secretary Root deseem unreasonable to suggest that pub-lic authorities in return should give railways and railway officials a "square livered during his South American tour last year. Central eal." Unfortunately, the principle that is just as criminal for the public to Americans have found that they deal, It is just as criminal for the public to hold up railways and railway investors as it is for railway managers to hold up investors and the public has not yet been incorporated in the public's code of morals governing railway regula-tion. The public and railway regulat-ing authorities bestow so much sym-nathy on investors who have been pathy on investors who have been robbed by stock manipulation that they have none left for investors who are robbed by unfair legislation. A POLITICAL COMEDY. San Francisco Call. It is interesting, as well as instruc-tive, to watch the evolution of the Jap-anese. Having mastered the arts of war, they are now taking hold of the arts of polities with as much energy and as little scruple as if they had been taught by Abe Ruef. Of course, in poli-tics the first thing to do is to get up a "conspiracy." The Japanese have al-ready acquired one that is of the black and midnight order. First of all, they are after Aoki's job. Aoki is not an arboreal reminiscence, although he sounds scarcely human, but, in truth and in fact, he is an ambassador. We do not know whether this conspiracy is equipped with a \$5,000,000 corruption fund to make it respectable; but, after all, that is as easy as lying. As the great protagonists of this remorseless warfare we flud, embattled in the load combat, the Jiji and the Hochi, which are not, as the unimitiated might sup-pose, terms of endearment nor yet of profamity, but merely the names of newspapers lined up and bitter for the tray. The link flies and sputters. It might be a brace of monkeys practicing before a looking glass. The comedy is yery well done. They have all the prop-crities of the political stage, the paste-board conspiracy, the free born link, the and with a soft job, the basket for his head and the beadsman, like some two flated engine, at the door. It might even be that Burns-not the celebrated sheuth-had seen his wish fulfilled: "O wad some power the siftin gle us to see oursel's as liters see us." It is interesting, as well as instruc-tive, to watch the evolution of the Jap-THE JAPANESE QUESTION.

in shoulders.

Revengeful.

thusiast, American

Teacher (desperately)-Mary Jones

Smell It?

"Have you any references?"

The Girl Who Knew.



"Do you hold that you may enter the sacred precincts of the mind and uproot

place their confidence in Uncle Sam. We hope the federation can be formed. Every measure taken for the unifying of the human family is a step toward the ultimate goal.

AN EVIL AND A REMEDY.

An exchange gives a dismal picture of the conditions that called for the enactment of the pure food law. "The increasing mortality of infants." says, "resulted from giving them milk preserved by formaldehyde, which is used to embalm the bodies of the dead. Candy contained terra alba, talc, chrome yellow and shellac. There vere alum and sulphate of copper in bread. Pepper was made of sandalwood, red sawdust and sand. Anillne dyes poisoned jellies and preserves. Maple syrup was made of glucose. cane sugar and hickory bark. Nutneess were made of sawdust, sand and clay. A blend of sulphuric and hydrochloric acid was sold for vinegar. Many brands of coffee were made of dried hog's liver and chicory. Acids were painted on hams to give them the appearance of smoked meat, There were deadly doses of opium and alcohol in syrups for babes. In fact, the criminal adulteration was found to embrace 30 per cent of the food. drinks and drugs used in the United States.

And the worst of this is that the pure food law is said to fail to accomplish its purpose. If the statements made are true, the altuation is even worse than it was before. Dishonest manufacturers now can file a guarantee that their goods are pure and upon this unanalyzed testimony the government furaishes them with a serial number and permits them to print t on their labels, together with the statement that the stuff is guaranteed under the Pure Food act. This seemngly official placard tricks the consumer into buying foods and drugs which he might hesitate to use if they did not bear this misleading legend Some day people will realize that the only way to become independent of dishonet manufacturers and vendors, as well as of oppressive trusts, is by intelligent co-operation for the production of the necessaries of life There seems no escape from the oppressive prices and adulterated goods excent in co-operation along lines sug. gested and practiced by the first settlers of Utah.

One June does not make a summer,

Publicity has no effect whatever on the weather.

Dr. Willey says that pie is had. Not if it well made.

Boston Transcript

Translated into terms of the political vernacular of the Western world, the latest phase of our relations with Japan appears to be simply this: The Japaappears to be simply this: The Japa-nese opposition is pushing the issue to the front, denouncing the ministry as either uninterested or incompetent, and the Japanese ambassador at Washing-ton as unequal to the duties of his post. Do we not recall a similar situation in the United States about twenty years Sgo, when the administration was de-nounced at mass meetings because it did not twist the British lion's tail until he howled again for laying his paw on did not twist the British lion's tail until he howied again for laying his paw on naturalized American citizens who in Ireland participated in the more mili-tant operations of the Home Rule agi-tation? Was not James Russell Lowell, one of the truest of Americans, held up to scorp on these occasions for not being able to see how the same agitator could be an Irishman in the United States and an American in Ireland?

TO HELP OTHERS.

Kansas City Star. Dr. Willey says that ple is had. Not f it well made. That threatened presidential dark Even those who criticise President That threatened presidential dark