

## FROM SECESSIA.

The New Orleans Bee in referring to the capture of Fort Donelson, confessed the magnitude of the calamity and condemned the neglect and apathy of the confederate government in not sending a sufficient number of troops westward. It recommended a general call to arms as that had become a necessary measure.

The Governor of Alabama had called for twelve regiments from that State, and the Governor of Georgia for twelve regiments more, and if the requisition was not filled by the 4th of March drafting would be ordered.

A company, near Kingston, Barton county, Georgia, was preparing to turn out 1,000 pounds of saltpeter per day from a saltpeter cave in that vicinity. The wheat crops in Georgia were reported to be promising. Cotton cards were being manufactured in Dawson, Georgia.

A meeting of cotton and tobacco planters was held at the City Hall at Richmond, on Feb. 26th, to take into consideration the voluntary destruction of the cotton and tobacco crops, in view of the fact that the efforts of the North were mainly directed toward robbing the South of their accumulation of the two staples. A number of speeches were made and a committee was appointed to prepare business for an adjourned meeting on the 28th.

In the Confederate Congress on the 28th ult, Senator Simms, of Kentucky, offered resolutions declaring that the people of the Confederate States will, to the last extremity, maintain and defend their right of self-government and the government established by them, and to this end do pledge their last man and their last dollar for the prosecution of the war until their independence is acknowledged; and, also, that they will submit to any sacrifice, and endure any trial, however severe; and firmly relying upon the justice of their cause, and humbly trusting in the providence of God, will maintain their position before the world and high Heaven, while they have a voice to raise or an arm to defend. The resolutions were referred to the committee on military affairs. A resolution was also offered providing for compensation by the government for cotton and tobacco burned to prevent their falling into the hands of the United States.

Two men had been arrested according to the Raleigh Register and confined in jail, in that city, accused of having piloted the Yankees to Roanoke Island.

There were wanting five regiments of volunteers to make up the quota of North Carolina, and Gov. Clark had issued a proclamation appealing to the patriotism of the citizens of the State to come forward and make up the deficit.

On the night of the 25th, Schley's new and extensive cotton and woollen mills at Richmond were burned. Loss heavy.

The cotton factories at Columbus and Augusta, Ga., had suspended temporarily in consequence of material injury to their dams and canals by the recent freshet.

The Savannah Republic of the 26th announced that communication with Fort Pulaski had been effectually closed by the Federals, who had erected three batteries for heavy guns.

The 28th day of February was very generally, as per report, observed throughout the Confederate States as a season of fasting and prayer in accordance with the proclamation of President Davis, who deemed the termination of the provisional government a fit occasion for the seceders to present themselves in "humiliation."

The Memphis Appeal reported that but one Union flag was exhibited on the arrival of the Federal troops at Nashville, and that by a person who had long been suspected of disloyalty to the Confederate government. Eight British flags were subsequently raised by property holders claiming protection from that government. The Appeal said that Jeff. Davis in his inaugural was free to confess the folly of his inactive policy and was of the opinion that a vigorous war would be made upon the North, and the Confederates would attack, pursue, and destroy, instead of being attacked, pursued, and destroyed, in other words that the Fabian policy of Davis would yield to that of Napoleonic Beauregard.

The Richmond Dispatch announced that the steamer Nashville came direct from Southampton to the North Carolina coast, approached a blockading vessel with the Union

flag flying, went directly under her guns, almost within hailing distance, that after passing she hoisted the Confederate flag and steamed to Fort Macon, the blockading vessel pursuing her until within range of the guns of the Fort. She claimed to have brought into Wilmington a valuable cargo of bank note printing paper.

The Confederate House of Representatives had passed a resolution 71 to 11, directing military commanders to destroy cotton and tobacco in danger of falling into the hands of the Federalists.

## The Mails East and West.

When the public treasury was at the mercy of heartless vampires, who went "hand and glove" with speculating contractors of every class and complexion, we had the mortification of seeing the Utah mails dragging their slow length along, six months after date, and then often in a condition that badly repaid the trouble of decyphering them, and which fell infinitely far short of compensating the anxiety and hopeful wishes that had been expended upon them before received. In progress of events, and in a few years, we seem to have been translated into another age; yet there is much room for improvement.

We ought not now to be obliged to notice that we received both eastern and western mails yesterday morning—it is expected that they should arrive daily; but there is some satisfaction in knowing that their irregularity and detention has been caused by the uncontrollable elements and not by the culpable carelessness of indifferent and heartless men. The telegraphic reports from both East and West exhibit the road in a fearfully bad condition. To the east of Laramie, there have been terrible storms and, between this and Laramie, the roads are almost impassable for snow and mud, and the rivers are greatly swollen. The next mail expected from the east is, now lying over at the junction of Smith and Black's fork, awaiting the construction of a raft to enable it to be transported over that stream; it may arrive here during the present week, and another mail reported at Sweetwater may make its appearance some days after that again. No other mails are heard of this side of Platte river.

On the western route, there is also a serious obstacle reported near Dry creek. The valley between that station and Camp station is said to be now a large and impassable lake. Mr. Cook, the chief officer of the Overland company, on hearing this, ordered the immediate construction of rafts for the purpose of bringing over the mails. The stages from the west, on reaching this new lake, had to return to Carson, and, we presume, those going from here have had to turn back, on arrival at the eastern station adjoining.

Mr. Rowe, the new superintendent on that route, is indefatigable in his exertions to the west, and Mr. Cook is moving everything to the east of that pond, so, between them, we shall look for the mails at an early day.

## The Telegraph.

From Sunday evening the 16th, to Monday evening the 24th, we were again deprived of telegraphic relationship with the Atlantic States, owing to the severe weather on the plains, and, as reported, from the free use some gold hunting emigrants made of the telegraph poles to keep them from freezing in the storm, and for coffee boiling purpose too, we suspect. On Monday evening and yesterday, the operators must have had a large amount of labor, for the news dispatches, independent of business affairs, were very voluminous. We take pleasure in acknowledging many courtesies from the gentlemanly operators in the office in this city.

The war is still progressing.

## Wanted at the Historian's Office.

The name and residence of the county superintendent of schools, in each county; also the sheriff, assessor and collector, and treasurer of the several counties, and the name and residence of each; likewise the names and addresses of the select men of each county in the Territory, Probate and County clerks, and the county surveyor, the time when they came into office, and the time the term of each expires.

This information furnished as early as possible, at the Historian's Office, will greatly oblige and be thankfully received by the Historian.

## Married:

At Hamilton's Fort, Iron co., by Bishop Henry Lunt, PETER M. PIPE, of that place, and MARY CONDIE, late of Clackmannan, Scotland.

At Cedar City, Iron co., Feb. 12, by Elder T. C. Haight, Mr. DANIEL SINCLAIR MACFARLANE and Miss TEMPERANCE KETURAH HAIGHT.

## Died:

In this city, March 24, of inflammation of the bowels, HORACE A., son of H. Ward and Tamson Egan, aged 14 years.

In Moroni, Sanpete county, JERMINA, daughter of James and Agnes Harvey, aged one year and two days.

In South Willow Creek Ward, March 6th, of inflammation, CAROLINE, wife of Absalom W. Smith, and daughter of Thomas and Mary Vaughan, of Wolverhampton, England, aged 18 years and 4 months. [Mill. Star, please copy.]

At North Bend, Sanpete co., March 4, MARGARET, wife of Elisha Jones. She had been subject to fits for a number of years, and in one of those paroxysms she fell on a bed on her face, and no one being present she was smothered. She was the mother of fourteen children.

## New Advertisements.

## TO THE LADIES.

## MRS. STENHOUSE

BEGS to inform the Ladies that she has on hand a fine assortment of Summer Dress and Barege BONNETS; likewise Children's HATS. First house west of Tabernacle, G. S. L. City. 39-2

## PRIZE STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

PLANTS of the WILSON'S ALBANY and VICOMTESSE STRAWBERRIES,

which received the first prize in 1861, will be sold at \$5 for 100, or \$30 per 1000 this spring. These are THE BEST. Also, Hovey's Seedling and Scarlet MAGNATE, at \$3 per 100. Also,

## BLACKBERRY,

English Red White, Long Bunched Currant and Gooseberry Plants, exceedingly good and cheap.

T. W. ELLERBECK, Great Salt Lake City.

## GARDEN SEEDS.

WE have for Sale the following fresh, clean and reliable SEEDS, at the Octagon Store, Provo, U. T., which we will send, FREE OF POSTAGE, to any part of the Territory, at the following prices, in postage stamps or money.

Early white solid Celery	- - -	per paper	10c
" Russian Cucumber	- - -	"	25
Red Wethersfield Onion	- - -	"	10
Early Winningstadt Cabbage	- - -	"	20
Hollow Crown Parsnip	- - -	"	10
White cabbage Lettuce	- - -	"	10
Early curled Silesia Lettuce	- - -	"	10
" white flat and Dutch Turnip	- - -	"	10
Canteloup Melon	- - -	"	10
Ruta Baga Turnip	- - -	"	10
Blood Turnip Beet	- - -	"	10

We have also white sugar Beet, white Carrot, red Carrot, Cayenne Pepper, Chinese sugar Cane, large mammoth red Tomato, double Prince's Feather, long Cayenne Pepper, Pop Corn, Sweet Corn, &c., &c.

We will also take grain and produce in pay. We have a variety of Books, Dictionaries, Testaments, Overman's work on the Manufacture of steel, price \$3 50; Moulder and Founder's Guide, same price; as well as a variety of Notions, Medicines, Refined Saleratus, California Saddle, &c., &c., which we will sell cheap for ready pay, as we are anxious to turn our attention to the more honorable occupation of Horticulture, Arboriculture and its kindred pursuits.

39-1

H. L. SOUTHWORTH.

## THE PEOPLE'S STORE,

EAST TEMPLE STREET,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

## WM. NIXON.

## WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

For Seed and otherwise,

1,000 BUSHELS OF OATS,

AND

1000 BUSHELS OF BARLEY,

For which the Undersigned will exchange

## GROCERIES,

DRY GOODS,

BOOTS AND SHOES, READY-MADE

CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS,

HARNESS, WHIPS, SADDLES, RIFLES, LEAD,

Rope of any size from Ferry Cables to Garden Lines;

20,000 HORSE AND MULE SHOES,

5,000 lbs. Wrought and other Nails;

NOTIONS and other articles too numerous to mention. Wheat and Corn, if preferred to Merchandise, exchanged for Oats and Barley, upon equal terms. Country produce taken in.

WM. NIXON.

G. S. L. City, March 26, 1862.

N.B. My previous Notice to those in debt to me will not be forgotten, as I do not wish to put my friends to any unnecessary expense, which I might be compelled to do, if I did to them as others have done with them.

39-11

## A GARDENER

WANTED IMMEDIATELY by J. C. LITTLE. March 25, 1862. 39-1

## LOOK HERE.

I HAVE a good run of MILLSTONES, with irons, &c., for Sale. For further particulars inquire of JOSEPH CORBETT, 39-2 19th Ward Nail Factory, G. S. L. City.

## WANTED,

A T Springville, an experienced WORKMAN to run a Carding Machine. Liberal wages will be paid. Apply to H. H. Z. and Brughurst at Springville, or at G. S. L. City. 39-2

## ESTRAY.

A LARGE red OX, and white Steer CALF, strayed into my premises about a month since. Whoever can prove claim, and pay charges, may have them. Apply to WM. THORNTON, Sugar House Ward. 39-3

## NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession a red COW, nine or ten years old, with brocked face, both ears cropt, brand invisible. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take her away. 39-1 ELI WHITEAR, Farmington.

## ESTRAY.

TAKEN up by me on the 19th inst., a red and white COW, about seven years old; branded E R on the left rump, horn brand not legible, right ear cropt. She is very lean. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take her away. 39-2 SIMON SMITH, Sugar House Ward, G. S. L. City.

## NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession one red five-year-old STEER, with some white on belly, branded J T on left horn. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away. 39-3 THOMAS CHAPPELL, Mill Creek Ward.

## BLACKSMITHING.

JOHN A. SUTTON and JOHN HAMER are now carrying on Business, at the old stand of Hamer and Haslem, where they will be glad to accommodate their old friends in their line.

Horse and Ox Shoeing, Sugar Cane Mills, and all kinds of jobbing work, done to order and with dispatch. JOHN A. SUTTON, JOHN HAMER.

P.S.—All persons that know themselves indebted, please call, settle and save cost. 39-4

## FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

FOR City Property, one Log DWELLING HOUSE, stock yards and corral; garden lot within a few yards of the house; eight acres of good plough land; five acres of which is broke; also a five acre grass lot close to the settlement.

Timber and firewood in great abundance. Unsurpassable range for stock. Plenty of water, &c.

For particulars inquire of C. Olive, Merchant Tailor, Main Street. Franklin, Cache co., March 15, 1862. 39-1

## ESTRAY.

(NAME to my yard the last of February, a red and white two-year-old STEER; both ears it, and branded O Y on the left hip. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take the same away. 38-3 E. B. TRIPP, 16th Ward, G. S. L. City.

## ESTRAY.

I HAVE in my possession one light red or yellow COW, about seven years old, white belly, white spot in face, white tail with the bush off; no marks or brands perceptible. BRIANT STRINGAM, Poundkeeper. 38-3

## GREAT INDUCEMENT TO THE PUBLIC.

## WALKER BROS.

AT THE

## RED BRICK BUILDING.

PERSONS wishing to save money in their purchases, will find it to their advantage to call and examine their Magnificent and Cheap Stock of

## MERCHANDISE.

They have made large additions to their Stock, which makes it the cheapest variety of

## STAPLE GOODS

to be found in the Territory of Utah; consisting in part of

## DRY GOODS,

## GROCERIES,

HARDWARE, NOTIONS, HATS AND

CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

CLOTHING, STATIONERY, &c.

Merrimacs,	Sugar, Coffee,
Spragues,	Tea, Soap,
Cochecocs &	Tobacco,
Allen's Prints,	Dye Stuffs,
Bleached Muslin,	Brass Kettles,
Brown Sheetings,	Spades and Shovels,
Denims,	Cooking Stoves,
Hickorys,	Tinware,
Flatnells,	Powder and Lead,
Cloths, &c.	Gun Caps, &c.

A large lot of Files, Harness, Saddles, Mule Shoes, and an extensive lot of Drugs,

TO BE SOLD LOW.

A train is expected to arrive from California in a few days with an A No. 1 lot of

## DOMESTIC STAPLE GOODS.

Particular attention called to Country Dealers and persons wishing to lay in supplies at very Low Figures. All of our goods will be sold at the lowest cash rates.

Wanted: Grain, Butter and Eggs.

38-4