

DENS STILL OPEN IN FOREIGN CITY

Opium-Smoking There is Now
Being Condemned by
Chinese.

SITUATION IN SHANGHAI.

Vigorous Attitude of the Government
—Another Edict Which Applies
To the Entire Empire.

Shanghai, July 22.—(Correspondence to the New York Post.)—My last letter, written the 22nd of May reported the closing that day of all opium smoking dens in the native city of Shanghai. The trouble which had been talked about for several weeks did not materialize. The night of the closing day was as quiet as could be, and there was no attempt at a riot. This was perhaps due to the determined manner in which the Chinese authorities went about their work. They announced that the dens would be closed on the 22nd, and forbade the formation of crowds or anything that might precipitate a riot. Chinese soldiers were placed on guard at convenient places throughout the city, and that was all there was to it. In the French concession, which immediately adjoins the native city, the French volunteers were on duty all night—an entirely unnecessary precaution.

The closing of the opium dens—the public places—does not stop the smoking of the drug any more than the closing of grogshops in Georgia stops drinking; but it is a long step toward a great end. There are hundreds of shops in the native city where any one may purchase opium, but he cannot smoke it on the premises. Most of the former "dens" now have closed shutters, with neatly characterized red signs denoting that the place is closed by force of imperial edict. Many of the former "dens" have been changed into fourishing tea-houses in a single day, and proprietors of other establishments immediately entered upon some other line of trade.

The edict has no force whatever in the foreign settlement, where there are many dozens of public opium smoking places regularly licensed by the Shanghai municipal council, which derives an income of about \$75,000 annually from this source. It is urged by many prominent foreigners that Shanghai cannot afford to lose this sum annually, and as a consequence the closing of these places in the foreign settlement is a question much discussed. The leading paper here brings up the subject as the licenses are issued for a year, Shanghai cannot close these places until the spring of 1908.

FOREIGN "DENS" OPEN.

The local Chinese papers are full of the topic. If China prohibits the use of opium in the native city, the foreign authorities should also prohibit the use of the "dens" in the settlement. Prominent Chinese see no reason why the municipal council should not be expected long ago and prohibited the public use of opium last fall when the edict was issued; they say that the municipal council has no excuse for this delay. As an answer to the denials in the native city, the den-keepers in the settlement have been doing a thriving business, as there was an immediate closing of drug-users into the settlement as soon as the places were closed in the native city. Public sentiment in Chinese circles is strongly opposed to the licensed "dens" in the foreign city, and a Chinese paper reports that the foreign office at Peking has requested the ministers to instruct their consuls here to take immediate steps to prohibit the use of opium in the foreign concession.

The foreign municipal council would perhaps have passed an ordinance last winter when the edict was issued, had the foreigners really believed that China was in earnest and actually would enforce the drastic measure. But it is difficult for the average foreigner, who has lived here any number of years, to give much credit to any of China's reform schemes. "Let China first close the 'dens' of the native city, and then we will close ours," they said. The same thing happened in Tientsin; there the dens in the foreign concessions were closed weeks after those in the native city, and then only after considerable pressure had been brought to bear by the Chinese officials. The situation here now is such that smokers who are not allowed to use the drug in the native city simply cross a road, as it were, and find "dens" a-plenty in the settlement.

The authorities at Peking propose severe penalties for officials who neglect their duties and do not put forth every effort to stop the use of the drug. It is reported that any soldier or high official who continues to smoke will lose his head forthwith. Three days after the edict went into effect here another imperial decree, more emphatic in tone, was issued from the throne. Here is a

It isn't a square deal for a mother to teach her daughter to cook unless she uses

HUSLER'S FLOUR!

published translation of this new order, dated June 23, which, unless it is a mere waste of words, certainly shows the determined stand which the government is taking in this anti-opium crusade.

"THE PROHIBITION OF OPIUM."
"The consumption of opium is a great calamity to the people of this empire. Last year was issued an edict prohibiting the cultivation and consumption of opium and commanding the council of state to devise effective regulations on the subject for dissemination throughout the provinces, and also commanding the various yamens concerned to see to it that the said regulations should be observed in every detail by one and all."

"In the third month of this year (April-May) we again issued an imperial decree restating our previous commands to the high provincial authorities to impress upon their respective subordinates the vital importance of obeying the letter and putting into force the regulations concerning the cultivation of the drug, which were drawn up at our command last year, and which received our approval and sanction at the time."

"In our anxiety for the welfare of our people and the desire to eradicate evils harmful to them it must be understood once for all that this matter—the prohibition of the cultivation, sale, and consumption of opium—must be put into force without fail, and it is our command that the governor of Shantung prefecture (Peikin and dependencies) and the viceroys and governors and Tartar-generals throughout our empire shall see to it that our wishes are strictly obeyed by themselves, and their subordinates. Let each family, each household, be exhorted to put away from themselves the obnoxious habit, and like a disease, let it be plucked out by the roots. It shall be the duty of the customs service diligently to keep watch over the import of opium from abroad, while it is even more important to see to it that the imperial regulation on the subject of the planting and cultivation of the poppy within the empire shall be obeyed, and the production reduced, each year, so that the cultivation of the drug shall cease within the limit of time set for it by the said imperial regulations."

"We further command the said viceroys, governors, and Tartar-generals to keep a strict account of the conduct of their respective subordinates; those who honestly and diligently put into force our regulations and see to their strict observance by the people. Permission is hereby given for such energetic officers to be recommended to the throne for special rewards. Those who are careless in the performance of their duties, who pay superficial obedience, but actually violate the regulations in secret, such must be reported to us for punishment. Let the area of land under poppy cultivation throughout the empire, and a list drawn up in detail for reference, which must be sent up to the ministry concerned for report to the throne, in order that all may know our desire to eradicate all existing abuses harmful to them."—N. Y. Post.

A HEROIC ENGINEER.

Salt Lake Route One Prevents Wreck
By Sticking to Post.

San Bernardino, Aug. 27.—The heroism of the engineer on the Salt Lake overland in sticking to his post when he saw that a collision was inevitable prevented a frightful wreck near the summit of the Cajon pass and saved the lives of many passengers. The wrecked train at that point the Salt Lake and Santa Fe trains use the same track and a Santa Fe freight train had orders to take a siding and permit the overland train to pass.

Before the train was in the clear the heavy passenger train dashed around a curve at full speed on a main track and the engineer then saw that the other train was less than 200 yards away. The men in the caboose of the freight train jumped just before the big passenger engine split the caboose in two and demolished three cars. The freight train was stuck to his post, shut off steam and reduced the speed of his train, but the impact was so great, however, that all the passengers in the train were thrown from the seats and a number of them were bruised severely. The Salt Lake engine was almost totally demolished.

BURTON BUYS NEWSPAPER.

Abilene, Kan., Aug. 30.—Former United States Senator J. R. Burton of Abilene, La. C. House and J. H. Yetter, the latter two connected with the business office of the Topeka Capital, have purchased the Abilene Union. The paper will be made a daily and Burton will take editorial charge. Mr. Burton will continue to reside in Abilene and conduct the home rule paper here that he established after his release from jail at Abilene, Mo.

ANNEXATION OF CONGO FREE STATE

King Leopold Appoints a Commission to Negotiate a Treaty For That Purpose.

MAY PROVE DISAPPOINTMENT

As It Is Feared Terms That Can Be Obtained May Not Be Favorable to Belgium.

Brussels, Aug. 28.—The commission which King Leopold appointed to negotiate a treaty annexing the Congo Independent state to Belgium, will, it is believed, prove a great disappointment to those who hoped that the annexation would be attained on terms satisfactory to Belgium. It also leads to the fear that the proposed union may be endangered. Eight of the plenipotentiaries named are recognized as avowed partisans of the king's Congo policy. The list includes, on the part of the Congo, M. De Cuvellier and Gen. Wehls, members of the Congo administration; M. Villenars, a Belgian judge, and M. Solvay, a leading manufacturer. The Belgian members are Judge Van Kalden, Gov. Beco of Brabant, Baron Joostens, the Belgian minister to Spain, and M. G. Van Causen, a member of the finance ministry. It is feared that a treaty providing for the cession of the Congo drawn by these persons will not include provisions which the people demand and which the chamber of deputies would approve. This would render difficult, if not impossible, the accomplishment of the annexation of the Congo.

In 1885, at the conference of 14 powers in Berlin, the Congo was delimited and recognized as a sovereign state, under the rule of Leopold, king of the Belgians. For sometime the Congo ceased to attract attention, until ugly stories of the ill-treatment of natives by the concessionaires and by the officials of Leopold himself in connection with the working of the rubber industry began to creep out. Finally the agitation became so great that a campaign was begun in the Belgian chamber for the annexation of the state, which was contested by the king step by step, but which culminated on July 12 of this year with an agreement between the Belgian and Congo governments setting forth the terms upon which the free state was to be annexed. The struggle between the king and the Belgian chamber has been a bitter one, and has resulted in the downfall of two cabinets. But Leopold was forced to yield, presumably by his fear of intervention by the powers and the resulting revelations which would have ensued. By the terms of the agreement a commission consisting of representatives from the Congo and Belgian governments were to make the arrangements necessary for the annexation.

NATIVE WOODS.

Forest Service Will Begin Important Series of Tests.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 30.—An important series of tests to determine the relative value of woods found in the national forests of the United States will begin after Jan. 1, 1908, by the forest service in cooperation with the geological survey and the branch of forest products of the forest service.

The tests will be made to show the relative fuel values of woods most largely used for fuel on the forests as compared with such mineral fuels as are brought into competition with them. It is expected that much will be learned about the fuel value of woods which are now neglected by many users of the forests in certain sections. It is probable that the work will show that many inferior species of trees can be economically used.

MOORS ASSAULT ALLIES' CAMP AND ARE REPULSED.

Paris, Aug. 29.—A dispatch from Morocco dated Aug. 25, says Mulai Hafid made several changes in his ministry before departing for his eastward journey. He had with him a large number of prisoners incarcerated at Morocco city during the reign of Abdul Aziz.

A dispatch received from Vice Admiral Phillips during the afternoon announced that the Moors assaulted

PRESCRIPTION FOR COMPLEXION AND SKIN FOOD MIXTURES.

The formula given below is said to be the most effective known to science for clearing the complexion and developing shrunken or hollow parts. It is in general use by the French society women who are renowned all over the world for their exquisite complexions. Procure from the druggist the following:

Two ounces of Rose Water; one ounce Spirits of Cologne; four ounces Sarsaparilla (crystallized); add the Rose Water and Cologne Spirits.

Put the Sarsaparilla into a pint of hot water (not boiling) and when dissolved and cooled strain through a fine cloth; then add the Rose Water and Cologne Spirits.

This is to be applied daily to the face, neck and bust, and massage thoroughly into the skin. If the treatment is persistently used remarkable results will follow even for the worst complexion or roughest skin. The above formula is inexpensive and makes sufficient of the mixture to last a month.

FILIPINO STUDENTS.

Twenty-two Educated in United States Arrive in Manila.

Washington, Aug. 28.—Twenty-two of the young Filipinos who were educated in the United States have arrived in Manila to undertake a period of service of the government equal to the time spent in this country acquiring an education at government expense. Those having been graduated from the normal, engineering and agricultural courses will be given employment under the Philippine board of education, and the two graduates will be given other employment.

DON'T GRUMBLE

When your joints ache and you suffer from Rheumatism, buy a bottle of Ballard's Snow Liniment and get instant relief. A positive cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Contusions, Muscular Sore, Chest, etc. Mr. J. T. Boggs, a prominent merchant at Willow Point, Texas, says that he finds Ballard's Snow Liniment the best all round Liniment he ever used. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept., 112 and 114 South Main Street.

Flowers in their glory at Lagoon; last Sunday of the season; "The prettiest spot in Utah"; last chance for 1907; afternoon trains 2, 4, 6, 7 and 8.

Utah Wall Paper & Paint Co., Wall-paper, Paper Hanging, Painting, 64 Richards St. Ind. Phone 511.

EXCURSION TO SACRAMENTO

August 29th, 30th and 31st.
For National Irrigation Congress, via O. S. L. Round trip from Salt Lake, \$29.05, tickets limited to October 31st.

RUNYAN STILL BLAMES WOMAN FOR DOWNFALL.

New York, Aug. 29.—Chester B. Runyan, the defaulting trustee of the Windsor Trust company, had known Laura M. Carter only a few weeks, and had been in her company less than 12 hours altogether when he gave her \$18,000, according to his testimony at the trial today. He admitted that he was having received money which she knew to have been stolen. Runyan was the principal witness against her. Asked if he did not think he was inviting disaster when he showed the \$18,000 which he had taken from the bank to the woman on the street, he replied:

"I don't know. I don't think that it ever occurred to me."
He said that up to the time he offered Mrs. Carter \$5,000 to keep him out of the way of the police for two or three months, he had never thought of deserting his wife and home. At that time he did not have a dollar. When he left the bank with the suitcase stuffed with bank notes he had no idea how much money it contained. The packages of bills had been picked up at random and thrown into the suitcase. The first time he knew the exact amount of his filchings was when he counted the money in the presence of Mrs. Carter in the afternoon, when she had engaged as a refuge for him.

BRIDGE COLLAPSES. LOSS OF LIFE GREAT.

Montreal, Aug. 29.—A message from Quebec reports that the new bridge under construction five miles below that city collapsed this afternoon and scores of workmen were thrown into the river. Reports place the loss of life all the way from 20 up to 300, but no definite figures are obtainable at this hour. Trains have started down the river from here, and a special train is being made up.

RELIEF SENT.

Quebec, Aug. 29.—A steamer with 20 doctors and newspaper men left here at 8:15 for the scene of the bridge disaster. It is reported here that the loss of life was over 50. Nearly half of the bridge, beginning at the south shore, fell into the river. The bridge was about a mile and a half long and was nearly finished.

KILLED BY FALLING SCAFFOLD.

York Pa., Aug. 29.—Two men were killed and two injured, one probably fatally, by the falling of a scaffold today at the York county jail, which is being rebuilt. The scaffold was wrecked by an 800-pound piece of granite falling on it and the men were pinned to the ground, a distance of 50 feet. The dead, Edward A. Cook, assistant foreman, William F. Jones, and one Cunningham, stonemason, York, said probably fractured and internal injuries; Emory Patterson, stonemason, York, leg broken and contusions on body.


JAPANESE IN CANADA.

Only Five Hundred a Year Will Be Allowed to Enter Dominion.


Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 29.—Hereafter no more than 500 Japanese a year will be permitted to land in Canada. This is the announcement that comes today from Ottawa.

For some time past the Canadian and Japanese governments have been negotiating regarding the restriction of immigration from Japan. Canada asked that Japan agree to supervise the departure of her subjects for Canada, and permit only a limited number to embark for that country. Japan has now agreed and fixed the maximum number of emigrants at 500 annually—rather less than have arrived on one ship in the past.

Furthermore, in the 500 are to be counted all who come by way of the Hawaiian islands.



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ALVEOLAR METHOD.



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ALVEOLAR METHOD.

The kind of work that gives satisfaction and costs no more than your dentist charges for the ordinary kind.

RE-ENAMBLING, the art way of fixing teeth! Let us show you how it is done. You will forget your dentist after you have been to us.

HALF-PRICE FOR FIFTEEN DAYS.

We want you to show your friends the kind of work we do.

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF OUR OPENING, THURSDAY, AUG. 22.

Set Teeth	\$4.00	Bridge Work	\$4.50
Gold Crowns, 22 K.	\$3.50	Silver and Amalgam Fillings, 50c	
Porcelain Crowns	\$3.50	Gold Fillings	75c up
Re-Enameling	\$2.00 up	Porcelain Fillings	\$1.00

Twelve Years' Protective Guarantee.
Hours daily till 6 p. m., Sundays, 9 to 12. Lady attendant.
CORNER THIRD SOUTH AND MAIN, OVER "VAN DYKE'S."

\$500 Cash Prizes

LABOR DAY

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SALT AIR!

100 PRIZES GIVEN AWAY
CAN YOU MISS GETTING ONE?

Visit the Popular Resort on
Closing Day! **MONDAY, SEPT. 2**

LIST OF PRIZES.

Grand Prize by Beach Co., Cash \$100.00
Second Prize by Z. C. M. I., Cash 75.00
Third Prize, Cash 50.00

Fourth Prize by Utah Amusement Co., Cash 25.00
Fifth Prize by Great Salt Lake Navigation Co., Cash 10.00

53 Cash Prizes of \$5.00 Each and 20 Cash Prizes of \$2.50 Each.

Salt Lake & Los Angeles Railway Co. \$125.00
Saltair Bar Co. 25.00
Utah Amusement Co. 25.00
J. M. Marriott 15.00
Saltair Cafe 10.00
Saltair Lunch Counter 10.00
Japanese Ping Pong 10.00
Capt. D. L. Davis 10.00
Saltair Amusement Co. 10.00
Salt Lake Amusement Co. 10.00

Sweet Candy Co. 10.00
Salt Lake Bldg. & Mfg. Co. 10.00
Salt Lake Dairy Co. 5.00
Saltair Bowling Alley 5.00
Saltair Shooting Gallery 5.00
Saltair Soda Fountain 5.00
Saltair Merry-Go-Round 5.00
Saltair Skating Rink 5.00
Saltair Check Stand 2.50
Saltair Pool Room 2.50
Barnes Grocery Co. 2.50

Merchandise Prizes.

Callaway, Hoock & Francis, Vail, Pique \$10.00
A. Bernstein, 50 cigars 5.00
Olsen & Lytle, one case Budweiser 5.00
Halliday Drug Co., one bottle Robb's 5.00
J. I. Greenwald, box cigars 6.00
Baer Bros., one case assorted wines 10.00

Atlantic Tea Co., merchandise 5.00
Vienna Cafe, meal ticket 5.00
Metzger Bldg. Works, case ginger ale 2.50
George A. Whitaker, box cigars 5.00
Salt Lake Knitting Works, one bathing suit 5.00

BANKS

Are open from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. Our offices are open from 8:30 a. m. until 6 p. m. daily, except Sundays.

Turn in your claims. We are collecting about seven hundred dollars daily.

MERCHANTS' PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION

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FRANCIS G. LUKE, Gen'l Mgr.

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H. DINWOODEY FURNITURE CO.

For Backache, Rheumatism and the Kidneys and Bladder.

Sold by Z.C.M.I. Drug Dept., 112-4 Main

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

THE HIGHLAND MINING & MILLING CO., a corporation, Secretary's Office, Salt Lake City, Utah, August 28, 1907.—There are delinquent upon the following described stock of the above named company, to-wit: Geo. M. Bridwell, No. Cert. No. 38, 100 shares, \$100.00; Geo. M. Bridwell, No. Cert. No. 39, 100 shares, \$100.00; Chas. J. Vollmer, No. Cert. No. 40, 100 shares, \$100.00; Moe Isaacs, No. Cert. No. 41, 100 shares, \$100.00; and in accordance with law and the order of the board of directors, on the 15th day of August, 1907, no many shares of each of the above stock as may be necessary will be sold at auction at the office of the Secretary and Treasurer, 112 T. Street, Salt Lake City, Utah, at 2 o'clock p. m., on the 15th day of September, 1907, to pay the cost of advertising and expense of sale. J. B. ANDERSON, Secretary, 112 T. St., Salt Lake City, Utah.

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT NO. 3.

CHERRY CREEK MINES COMPANY, Principal place of business, Salt Lake City, Utah. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 14th day of June, 1907, the assessment of two (2) cents per share was levied on the capital stock of the company, payable immediately to H. T. McQueen, Secretary, at his office in the State Bank Building, at Salt Lake City, Utah, and an account of an erroneous publication of the date of the delinquent sale of said stock, the directors of said company, by resolution, have ordered that a notice of said assessment be re-published, making the same payable immediately to H. T. McQueen, Secretary, at his office in the State Bank Building, at Salt Lake City, Utah, and that this assessment may remain unpaid until the 1st day of September, 1907, and that the delinquent stock, if not paid at public auction, and unless paid, will be sold at public auction, on the 1st day of September, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the County Court House, in Salt Lake City, Utah, to pay the cost of advertising and expense of sale.

HENRY T. McQUEEN, Secretary.

PROBATE AND GUARDIANSHIP NOTICES.

Consult County Clerk or respective attorneys for further information.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, Probate Division, in and for Salt Lake County, State of Utah.

Notice.—The petition of Rebecca W. Brown, widow, deceased, praying for the approval and settlement of her first report and account of said executor, has been set for hearing on Saturday, the 31st day of August, A. D. 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the County Court House, in Salt Lake City, Utah, in the Court Room of said Court, in Salt Lake City, Utah.

Witness the Clerk of said Court with the seal thereof affixed this 14th day of August, A. D. 1907.

J. U. ELDRIDGE, Jr., Clerk. By W. H. Farnsworth, Deputy Clerk. N. Y. Jones, Attorney for Executor.

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Herbs Used. No Poisonous Drugs.

For Backache, Rheumatism and the Kidneys and Bladder.

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Don't Ruin Your Best Horse Going for a Doctor

Bowel complaints are always more or less prevalent during the Summer months, and many a man has ruined his best horse going for a doctor when some of his family was suffering from cramp colic or cholera morbus. Be prepared for such an emergency.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

Is the most successful medicine yet produced for these diseases and can always be depended upon. No doctor can prescribe a better medicine. It is almost certain to be needed before the Summer is