

(Special to the Deseret Evening News.)

By Telegraph.

GENERAL.

Augusta, Ga.—During a performance at the circus at Sparta yesterday, a personal difficulty arose between a few whites and blacks, in which a negro was killed and another mortally wounded. The affair threatened to be more serious, but was suppressed by the sheriff and some leading citizens.

Adkin Lewis, a citizen of Burke Co., was assaulted in a field to-day by a negro, who stabbed him to death and then fled.

Washington.—The Medical Society of the district of Columbia, to-night, voted over five to one against the application of Doctors Purvis and Augusta, colored, for admission.

Boston.—At the banquet, Thornton, the British Minister, in response to the toast, "The health of Queen Victoria," spoke of the musical event of the day as a wonderful performance. He said his Sovereign appreciated its object, and he more than appreciated the return of peace to this country. Some people in England he would not deny thought the disunion of the States would be advantageous to England, but he was proud to say that men in his native country imbued with principles of honor did not think so, nor were they in sympathy with any such idea. A good mother could have no desire to see quarrels amongst her children, she would rather be solicitous to have them all friends with her, and as brothers and sisters contributing to the common good and living in common harmony. Some thought there could be no friendship founded on sentiment between England and the United States, but such was not his opinion; such a friendship was necessary in order that the world might see the value and advantages of the liberal institutions which are the common pride of both England and the United States, they having been established here by the mother country and extended far beyond her expectations. The interest of either country ought to be sufficient in itself to make and keep enduring friendship a mutual advantage. Trade and commerce demanded such friendly relations; common stock and common interest were improved through it and England must profit by the union and prosperity of this country.

New York.—Last night, three youths, named Edward Purcell, Edward McGrath and Patrick McGuire, inmates of the House of Refuge on Randall's Island, made an aggravated assault on Wm. McClappin, the night watchman of the prison. The assault was evidently the result of a preconcerted plan to murder the night watchman and make their escape from the institution. The three lads made a simultaneous attack on the watchman, one of them stabbed him in the breast with a case knife, inflicting a dangerous wound. The lads have been captured and are now locked up at the Harlem police station.

Boston, 16.—President Grant responded to Governor Claflin's welcome, as follows: "It affords me great pleasure to visit the capital of a State which has done so much for my support and for the support of the Union in the time of the great rebellion; a State whose principles did so much to give me whatever political position I have attained, and a State where I have received such a hearty welcome in other days."

The members of the Governor's Council, the supreme Bench, the Lieut. Governor and others were then introduced to the President. After this ceremony he was escorted to the Senate chamber, where he was welcomed by President Pittman. The members of the Senate were then personally introduced to the President, besides numerous ladies. The President and party were then escorted by the sergeant-at-arms to the House of Representatives, where Speaker Jewell made an address of welcome. The President was then introduced to the members of the House, after which the party proceeded, under a cavalry escort, to a review of the State troops under Gen. Butler.

A colored man named Nichols has been appointed night surveyor of customs, at Galveston, Texas.

Intelligence was received to-day, at the Internal Revenue office, of the existence of a large number of illicit distilleries in Lee county, Va., on the Kentucky border, and of a combination among them to resist the laws. Commissioner Delano has taken measures to enforce the revenue laws there, and to compel the payment of taxes even if it should be necessary to call for military aid.

Louisville.—At Decatur, Ala., yesterday morning, four niggers were crossing a river in a canoe boat, which capsized, three of the men being drowned; the fourth was not able to swim, but clung to the canoe keel, which was upwards and was saved.

Memphis, 16.—The trial of the suit of Dorkman, Brooks & Co., against the Government to recover the value of 1,500 bales of cotton, seized during the war when cotton was ninety cents per pound, commenced in the District Court this morning, Judge Grigg presiding.

Washington.—Thirty watchman and laborers have been discharged from the Treasury Department, on account of the reduction in the last appropriation bill; others will be dismissed in a few days. A large number of clerks in the second and fourth Auditors' and in the Secretary and Registers' offices will be dismissed about the last of the month.

Boston.—After the President had reviewed the troops, he proceeded to the Coliseum, where he was received with immense enthusiasm by the assemblage, which was not less than fifty thousand, inside the building, and as many more outside. The programme of the concert, to-day, was mostly classical selections. The performance gave complete satisfaction. The singing of Adelaide Phillips and Parepa Rosa received immense applause and was encored. At the close of the performance the President partook of a sumptuous municipal banquet at the Revere House, and afterwards left for Groton, where he will be the guest of Secretary Boutwell.

A sad event occurred in the afternoon at the Colosseum, in the death, by apoplexy, of Mrs. Dunlap, wife of Geo. L. Dunlap, Superintendent of the Chicago and North Western Railroad, and daughter of Moses Pond, of Boston.

The Congressional Ways and Means Committee, with secretaries and reporters, started west by a special train this morning; they will travel only in the day time, and will reach the Pacific in about ten days.

St. Louis.—It is announced, to-night, that McCool, while claiming the decision of the referee to be correct, has no desire to take advantage of it. He has sent a challenge to Allen to fight for \$5000 within three months.

Junction City, Kas.—The track-laying on the southern branch of the Kansas Pacific road commenced to-day on the south side of the Smoky Hill River. General Harney and Adjutant Moorehouse are here looking to the defense of the borders.

A colony of 75 families, from Brooklyn has been driven from their claims by the Indians, and are said to be in a destitute condition.

Kansas City.—A series of resolutions has been passed by the settlers on the neutral lands in Crawford county, Kansas, announcing their determination to stand firm, and to hold themselves in readiness to defend their rights before the courts whenever they are assailed. They denounce all reports of lawlessness and outrages on the neutral lands as a slander on the settlers, and assure all concerned that no difficulties exist, and that all honest men will be welcomed among them, and be as safe there as in any place in the United States. They never have and do not now wage war upon private individuals as such, but they do oppose the so-called Jay purchase, and will resist, to the fullest extent, any endeavor of his to build a railroad or to exercise any other acts of ownership on the neutral land until the validity or invalidity of the said purchase is fully and completely settled.

The Board of naval officers, with Admiral Gardner as President, has been for some time past examining the condition of the various navy yards on the Atlantic Coast. The Board finds the yards, generally, in good condition, but will make a recommendation looking to their greater efficiency.

New York, 17.—Henry Wittal, a Frenchman, who was arrested last evening for stealing silver scraps from the establishment of Bull, Black & Co., where he was employed, committed suicide in a cell at the police headquarters, by strangling himself with a ribbon attached to his watch.

Cincinnati, O., 17.—Frank Mueller, a German laborer, aged seventy-seven, who has been employed at Miles & Greenwood's for 20 years, committed suicide by shooting himself, yesterday afternoon, near Mt. Auburn.

P. Faltner committed suicide in prison, at Ft. Wayne, Ind., yesterday, by hanging.

Charles McClellan, a lawyer, has brought a suit for five thousand dollars damages, against Judge Dowling for slander and refusing him leave to practice in Dowling's court.

There have been only two homicides

or suspected murders in the past twenty-four hours. The body of a man, not identified, was found in the harbor this evening, his skull was broken and other evidence of a violent death. Chas. Roberts, of Indianapolis, has been missing from the Rareton Hotel since Monday.

There is a great effort among financiers to induce the Secretary of the Treasury to change his policy and to stop selling gold and enlarging the currency. The balance in several banks, and combinations of large dealers in money, are locking up their greenbacks to compel the Secretary to change. The money now locked up is variously estimated at from ten to fifteen millions, but the amount is not known exactly. This movement is being kept secret to have the appearance of stringency from natural causes.

Cincinnati, O., 17.—Wm. T. Smithson, an ex-banker here, has brought a suit against Secretary Stanton for false imprisonment, he having been kept in Ft. Lafayette for several months in '63, and then released, there being no grounds for his detention; he was afterwards re-arrested and tried as a spy by court martial and sentenced to five years in Albany Penitentiary, where he remained one year and was then released by order of President Lincoln. His property in the meanwhile was seized, disposed of, and his family turned out of doors. He alleges that the letters used for his conviction were forgeries. The right of Congress to pass indemnity acts, shielding officers for such arrests as the one in question, has to be decided.

The President approves of the finding of the military committee, which recently sat in Austin, Texas, and which tried and convicted Jas. Weaver, a citizen, of the murder of Anthony Knowles, and it has been directed that, in accordance with the sentence, he be hanged on Sep. 26th. This will be the first execution under the reconstruction laws.

The members of the Grand Army of the Republic have prepared a long list of clerks, messengers, &c., whose removal they are about to demand from the Treasury Department; they have also prepared another list, of the members of the Grand Army, whose appointment they will ask to fill the vacancies. This movement creates considerable excitement among the Department officers.

Richmond.—A terrific rain storm visited Western and North Carolina on Sunday night, causing destructive freshets throughout Irebal and Danby Counties; the damage is estimated at half a million. No lives were lost.

Baltimore.—The remains of Junius Brutus Booth have been removed to the Green Mountain cemetery, where those of his dead children, and John Wilkes will be interred.

Albany.—Dr. Allen March, an eminent physician, died to-day.

Boston.—At the annual meeting of the Bunker Hill Monument Association, President Grant, Admiral Farragut, Gen. Sherman, Commodore Winslow and Gen. Sheridan were unanimously elected honorary members.

The anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill, is a legal holiday in Massachusetts, and was very generally observed. A military display with a civic demonstration took place at Charleston.

Philadelphia, Pa.—M. Moriarty, President of the Irish Republican Association of Pa., has issued another address. He assures his readers that the country cannot recede from the position taken by Sumner, and that the Irish Convention at Chicago will declare in favor of protection, universal suffrage and war with England.

Syracuse, Ind.—H. Sims, a notorious character, has been arrested on a charge of selling counterfeit U. S. money; a young man named Wheldon was arrested as his accomplice.

Boston.—The Coliseum, for an hour prior to the time for opening the concert to-day, was crammed. The management were compelled to close the doors. The programme comprised, mainly patriotic and popular selections.

Parepa Rosa sang an aria from "Robert," receiving an encore. The Anvil chorus was given with the original triumphal overture. Several American National airs, introducing "Hail Columbia" were performed, the latter receiving the most enthusiastic plaudits. A grand military march was performed by one thousand instruments; it was finely given. The "Star Spangled Banner" was sung by Parepa with a full chorus; it was repeated in response to enthusiastic encores. Arbuckle's solo, on the trumpet, was applauded, as were other performances. The concert closed with the singing of the "Old

Hundred" by the whole chorus, accompanied by all the instruments and artillery, the audience joining. The ball to-night was successful and brilliant.

New York.—At the Swedenborgian Convention, to-day, John T. Scammon of Chicago, presided. The propriety of admitting the terms "parish" and "diocese" into their Constitution was discussed. Several of their most prominent members spoke at length and with considerable warmth on this subject.

The British bark *Mary A. Troop*, Captain Cain, from Androssan for New York, was run down and sunk by the steamship *Pennsylvania*, two hundred miles east of Sandy Hook, on the morning of the 15th. The mate and three of the crew were saved. The Captain and the remainder of the crew are reported lost.

Indianapolis.—The Ben. Franklin printing office, was burned to-day; loss \$24,000.

Washington.—The Secretary of the Interior is prepared to pay the outstanding indebtedness to the Sacc and Fox Indians of the Mississippi, by certificates issued by the Indian Bureau. The certificates should be presented by August 1st, giving the full address of the claimant. The Comptroller of the currency has notified the National Bank to forward immediately, a report of their condition, as shown by the books at the close of the business June 12th.

Tom Allen will take no notice of McCool's challenge to fight again near St. Louis, but will go east to some place in Kentucky or Canada, and will match him for any sum. McCool is said to be willing to fight away from St. Louis or better still in a room with only a few friends of each party present.

Washington.—Miss Annie Surratt, sister of John Surratt, was married this morning to Mr. Tony, of the Surge General's office.

The printers in the Government office, this afternoon, adopted a resolution declaring that Douglass, a colored workman, was not a "rat," he having been deprived of the privilege of membership by an unwarranted prejudice with regard to color, and denouncing the National Union for prejudging the case while under the consideration of a subordinate union. The Typographical Union meets on Saturday night to consider the Douglass question.

Chicago.—Henry J. Raymond, editor of the New York Times, was stricken with apoplexy, at three o'clock this morning, and died at five o'clock.

The following are the facts connected with the sad occurrence: Mr. Raymond, accompanied by his daughter, went to the Greenwood Cemetery, yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of selecting a family plot, to which he intended to have the body of one of his children, who died a few weeks ago, removed from a vault, and re-interred. He returned to the Times' office about five o'clock, and remarked to one of the associate-editors that he never felt better in his life, except a slight feeling of fatigue, consequent upon his long walk through the cemetery. He left the office at about six o'clock and proceeded by trolley to his residence in West Ninth street, where he remained until about 9 o'clock, to recover from the fatigue of the afternoon. Mr. Raymond left his house at about nine o'clock, remarking to the members of his family that he had an appointment to attend a political meeting. He was seen shortly after, walking up Broadway. One or two friends who stood in front of Wallack's Theatre noticed his elastic step and general appearance of robust health. After attending the meeting, Raymond returned to his residence, at about 11 o'clock, and as soon as he had closed the door after him, he fell heavily upon the floor, none of the inmates of the house heard the fall, however, having retired for the night. At about three o'clock this morning, one of Mr. Raymond's children became restless, and upon becoming fully aroused, remarked that she heard some person breathing heavily. The persons in the house were immediately awakened, and on descending to the hall-way, Mr. Raymond was found extended on the floor, entirely unconscious, breathing heavily and apparently with great difficulty. He was carried to his room and placed upon the bed, and physicians sent for. Four physicians arrived soon afterwards, who examined him and pronounced him beyond all medical aid; they also declared the case to be apoplexy. Raymond lingered unconsciously until five o'clock, when he died, surrounded by the members of his family. He passed away, apparently, with but little pain. The news of his death caused much excitement and very general regret throughout the city. All down the town the hotels and news-