

EDITORIAL NOTES.

"Water on the brain is a pitiable infirmity."—*Chip.* Ignorance and egotism on the brain are infirmities much more pitiable.

The Woman's Exponent for September 1, contains some excellent things, among them, an account of the ordination of the chief officers of the Relief Societies by President Taylor, with his remarks concerning the organization. The editorial appeal to women voters is wise and timely, and the Jubilee poem by O. F. Whitney is given for the first time in full. All the sisters should read the Exponent.

The work in the Southern States is progressing very favorably. Elder Henry G. Boyle informs Elder John Morgan that during the month of August, the additions there to the Church by baptism numbered between thirty and forty. Union prevailed among the Saints and prospects were encouraging.

According to published statistics, a large number of women and children are still employed at English mines. They are not now allowed to work below ground as they were some years ago. The report says that out of 18,795 persons engaged above ground at the metalliferous mines, 3,193 are women and girls, and in addition there are 37 males of the tender ages of between 8 and 13. Of girls, 96 are employed between 8 and 13 years old, 32 of whom are in the Cornwall and Devon district. Of girls between 13 and 18 years there are employed 792, Cornwall and Devon employing 645 and the North Wales district 106, the only other large employing district being that of Ireland, where 27 are at work. Of girls above 18 years old, there are 1,365 employed. This apparently does not include the females employed at coal mines on the surface, of whom there are large numbers in Lancashire and other coal districts of Great Britain.

There are two classes of persistent anti-Mormon writers. One willfully misrepresents the creed attacked, with malice prepense and forethought. The other totally misrepresents the subject and, taking for granted that the things said against "Mormonism" are true, neglects to obtain correct information, and so wages war against phantoms, under the impression that mighty blows are being struck against the substance of the "Mormon" creed. These belonging to this class who are able and conscientious wonder at the fruitlessness of their labors. If they would only take the trouble to investigate for themselves, they would find out that they have been only blowing against the wind and sending effluvia stuffed with straw. The real thing remains untouched. It is funny and yet painful to see their struggles and waste of time and energy. They are only tools for the pandemics and malicious class, and are liable to be ranked with it as the only pay for their pains.

THE HANCOCK-SHERMAN CORRESPONDENCE.

In the life of General Hancock, by Mr. Frank Norton, which has just been published, the much talked of correspondence between Generals Sherman and Hancock appears in full. After all the fuss that has been raised, and the attempts of the Republicans to make political capital out of the letters, when brought to the light of public scrutiny, they disclose nothing but what is to the credit of both officers, and especially favorable to the Democratic candidate for the Presidency.

Gen. Hancock's Carondelet letter has been extensively published, but Gen. Sherman's part of the correspondence was refused to the press. No blame can be attached to the latter for declining to hand over his private correspondence to newspaper reporters, neither can the former be censured for giving to the public a letter which had been so much misrepresented. But that which Gen. Sherman denied to reporters he has conceded to a respectable book firm, and the whole correspondence is now before the public.

From these letters we learn that the two Generals, though belonging to opposite political parties, were much of the same opinion in regard to the subject then under discussion, that is, the use of the army for political purposes. Each deprecated the employment of soldiers in the election difficulties at the South, both acknowledge the authority of the President over the army.

In relation to the troops sent to the South under orders from President Grant, Sherman says, in a letter dated December 4, 1878:

"Events will admit of the return to their posts of the companies detached to the South; but every time I make a move in that direction I am met by insurmountable objections."

These objections, it is understood were raised by the President, urged on by the Republicans at the South, who knew that without the support of Federal troops, they had little chance for success. He further wrote:

"The political orders to Roger at Columbia I preferred should go from the President to him through the Secretary of War. They were not military. I dislike much to have our soldiers used in connection with a legislative body, but orders coming from the President have to be obeyed. They form a bad precedent, but thus far have prevented a collision of arms between inflamed parties."

After receiving the now famous Carondelet letter from Hancock, written in reply to the letters from which we have quoted, Sherman wrote again and used this language:

"I am very glad to have your views on these subjects of such vital importance. As a matter of fact I dislike to have our army used in these civil conflicts, but the President has the lawful right to use the army and navy, and has exercised the right, as he believes, lawfully and righteously, and our duty has been to sustain him with zeal and sincerity. As to the Presidential election, we are in no manner required to make the least action, but to recognize him as President whom the lawfully appointed officers declare to be such person."

From this it is clear that General Sherman not only held similar views to those of General Hancock, but relied upon him in case of an emergency, having confidence in his patriotism, discretion, judgment and firmness. It is also plain that the Republican soldier, no more than the Democratic, was in accord with the policy which wasted week after week in Congress contending for the right of the Government to the use of Federal Troops at the polls.

So far every effort to belittle or belaud the Democratic candidate for the highest official honors in the land have entirely failed, and have rebounded to his credit. It is to be hoped that the lower class of Republicans will keep on "exposing" General Hancock.

"FRAUDULENT TRICKS." A shorter time since one of those "whole cloth" falsehoods which are so frequently fabricated and sent forth by certain papers, about the doings and sayings of the "Mormons," was started in this city, and copied abroad as an item of news. It was to the effect that the census enumerator in Oneida County, Idaho, had made up a false report, and that this was "one of the old fraudulent tricks of the 'Mormons'."

The enumerator was named as "Bishop Fisher," and was charged with counting in all the emigrants that passed through Blackfoot last June, running up the population from 150, its actual number, to 700. What object "Bishop Fisher" had in this alleged nefarious business the public were left to conjecture. It could be of no possible benefit to him, would have no bearing whatever on the "Mormon" question, and had nothing at all to do with Utah.

"One of the old fraudulent tricks of the 'Mormons,'" is exceedingly rich. Just as if the census was an annual affair, and that the "Mormons" were in the habit of fixing up the statistics of population for folks in other Territories. And the idea of talking about fraudulent tricks of the "Mormons" in Oneida County, Idaho, where the fraudulent tricks of the "Gentile" Republicans have kept the Democrats, including the "Mormons" who are greatly in the majority, out of any voice in public affairs for many years. Why the fraudulent tricks of the "Mormons" have been for a long time a byword among people of both parties in Idaho, and were thoroughly exposed when Delegate Fenn contested the election, and gained his seat in Congress by proving the frauds perpetrated by the Republicans in that very county.

But this is not all. The paragraph about the census to which we have referred, contains no element of truth whatever. The Blackfoot Register, which certainly will not be called a "Mormon" authority, fully refutes the falsehood and states that:

"Bishop Fisher did not take the census of Blackfoot, nor any portion of Oneida County through which emigrants passed on their way to Oregon or Washington, and at that season of the year there were very few emigrants passing through that part of the country. The census of this county was taken by J. A. Straight, who is not a Mormon."

Of course this will make no difference to the miserable scoundrels who make up these willful falsehoods. They will not publish the facts in the case, but will lie on till they have filled the cup of their iniquity. Anything to malign the "Mormons."

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

The Suspected Italian Murderer. New York, 12.—Yesterday morning a committee of Italian citizens, including Mr. Guerino and Mr. Farrell, visited lawyer Kintzing at his office in Centre Street and asked him to become Meli's counsel before the United States commissioner. The lawyer sent his Italian clerk with a letter to Supt. Walling, introducing the members of the committee, and asking that they be admitted to see Meli. This request was, however, refused at headquarters, no person having been allowed to converse with the prisoner since his arrival. When Kintzing was told that his demand had been refused he expressed his intention of having the man brought before the United States commissioner this morning on a writ of habeas corpus. He said that for extradition, to be allowed, it would only be necessary for the Italian government to bring enough evidence to justify the suspicion of Meli's guilt.

Talmage's Talk. Talmage returned to-day. He says: I believe in seeing subjects on all sides. Life in the dance houses of Leadville is one of the sides of Leadville's existence. I expected to see mud, but saw a great deal more. In bold, open address, they pass our ears of wickedness. Here we are more systematic; they are more spontaneous. I shall utilize what I saw there in drawing the selling pictures of vice. But there is a whole world of enterprise and pleasure to be seen in the west, and I would like to send a whole tabernacle full of people there.

Hand S. not to be Withdrawn. GENEVOT, 2.—Yesterday telegraph Captain Stone that Maud S. may continue the track for the season, providing she be not engaged in an effort to beat her record. Stone thinks he will take her to the Chicago meeting this month.

See Worthiness of the "Jeannette." The Herald's Washington special says: The attempt which has been made to create a belief that the Arctic exploring steamer Jeannette was not a staunch vessel, and that she had met with a misfortune ere this, on that account, is ridiculous. The vessel was built by the navy department, and the navy officials and Secretary of the Navy are thoroughly familiar with the extraordinary pains taken by the navy department to make the vessel as strong as human ingenuity could contrive. When she was at the Mare Island navy yard, California, she was inspected by the navy officials, and in his opinion there was no vessel in the polar regions which was so finely adapted and admirably provided for the service she engaged in as the Jeannette.

"Herald" Comments on our Egyptian Commerce. The Herald says: The Wo Chung appeared at the Golden Gate, seeking admission to a foreign port nearly forty years after the isolation in which for ages China was enclosed, was broken in upon by her ports were opened to the commerce of the civilized world. The treaty of 1842, by which this concession was secured, was broken in upon by her ports were opened to the commerce of the civilized world. The treaty of 1842, by which this concession was secured, was broken in upon by her ports were opened to the commerce of the civilized world.

The Herald also comments on another subject: Nimmo is chief of the bureau of statistics at Washington. His figures are consequently official. We have no doubt they are accurate, and to those innocents who trust the old adage that "figures will not lie," his pamphlet will act as a wet blanket of the wettest and most desolating kind. But no "lying adage" is more mendacious than that which asserts that statistics cannot mislead. Nimmo's figures and facts are both interesting and valuable. They deserve the careful consideration the whole body of the Panama canal projectors from Lesseps down to Landis, but they do not prove that the canal can pay, and simply because they take no account of the future, what Nimmo does not take into account is the greatest ally of the canal, and to production in various populous countries bordering on the Pacific Ocean, which would be given by the opening of a ship canal across the Isthmus. It is very true, for instance, that sailing vessels engaged in trade between our Atlantic ports and Chili would not use the canal, and are also lamentably true that we have but 24 vessels in that trade against 372 going between Chili and European ports, but the opening of the ship canal would be followed at once by the establishment of steamer lines between our own ports and Chili, and if it were combined with even recently liberal legislation we should, in a few years, with the help of the canal, control the commerce of Chili, of which we have now so beggarly a share.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Foreign Notes. LONDON, 1.—The House of Lords went into a committee to-night to consider the ground game amendment bill. They were carried along by the government, limiting the right to shoot to the occupier and one other person, and establishing the close time from March to August. The amendment for allowing land-lords and tenants to make mutual arrangements concerning game was withdrawn. The bill, which was well as the government, pointing out that it would make the bill waste paper. The bill passed the committee.

The Viceroy of India telegraphs: A messenger who left Candahar on the 20th reports that Ayob Khan's force was within 25 miles of the city. The Rt. Hon. W. P. Adam has been appointed Governor of Madras in place of the Duke of Buckingham.

A dispatch to the Post says: The apprehensions of an impending change in German currency are increasing. It is said Bismarck favors the reintroduction of a bimetallic standard. Discussing the anticipations of the United States Treasury concerning the import of bullion from Europe, it is said that the body on this side can say what the bullion movements will be a fortnight ahead, still less for two months. It is known that the facts are, moreover, decidedly against the assumption that the United States can take from Europe this year anything like the amount they took in 1879.

The Daily News says: Unless the New York Exchange rises to-day, a further large sum from the bank of England, it is expected, will be shipped from Liverpool on Thursday.

The anniversary of the battle of Sedan will be generally celebrated in Berlin to-morrow. The Emperor has issued a proclamation to the soldiers of the German army. It recalls the events of ten years ago, the great deeds of the army and the victory at Sedan, and expresses profound thanks and warmest acknowledgments to the army, and the Emperor's desire that the army should be the more united and the more faithful to the Emperor and the Fatherland.

The Council of Ministers at Constantinople has decided to send the Montenegrin frontier since Sunday. The result of the discussion has been forwarded to the Sultan. It is expected an armistice will be signed finally settling the question. General Haker has commenced recognizing the gendarmerie. Large numbers of tribesmen are joining the detachment of Ayob Khan's force at Takt-i-puse to oppose General Phayre's advance.

In accordance with the demand of the American Consul General, the Porte has ordered the authorities of Ismid to send the murderers of Dr. Parsons to the capital for judgment. The combined fleet of the European powers is expected to arrive off Dulcinea about the end of next week.

According to a dispatch published in Paris, the Albanian leaders yesterday telegraphed the Sultan assuring him of their loyalty and declaring their determination to defend the integrity of their territory. The last extremity. At Ustikule, on Sunday, several Bulgarian bands entered Turkish territory from points near the junction of the Serbian and Bulgarian frontiers. The Turks are establishing a military cordon around the threatened district.

The form of the letter to take the place of the demand of authorization for the collection of the taxes by the Archbishops at Paris and Rouen and the Papal Nuncio. General Roberts entered Candahar to-day. Ayob Khan has attempted to open negotiations with him. All the leaders of the Ghuznee faction are said to have joined Ayob Khan. General Phayre's march yesterday with his army, who he expects a battle at Takt-i-puse. Ayob Khan's Hiran Khotani and Khatibani troops are said to be deserting since learning of the recognition of the Amir of Kabul, who is sworn on the Koran to fight.

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Russia has decided to transfer the new Kuldja negotiations to Peking, whither Mr. Bortzow, Russian minister will shortly proceed. Marquis Tseng has informed Russia, that China desires to substitute for the whole Lel Territory, Russia, while not refusing to listen to the demands of the Lel Treaty, demands the rectification of the frontier for the purpose of ending disorder, and also requires possession of a portion of Kuldja to establish a colony of Aringans, who would otherwise be left to the vengeance of the Chinese.

LIST OF LETTERS.

REMAINING IN THE POST OFFICE AT SALT LAKE CITY, SEPT. 2, 1880, WHICH IF NOT CALLED FOR WITHIN ONE MONTH, WILL BE SENT TO THE DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

- LADIES' LIST.
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| A. Anderson L. | Anderson L. | Anderson L. | Anderson L. |
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GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

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| A. Anderson L. | Anderson L. | Anderson L. | Anderson L. |
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Persons requiring for the above letters are requested to state what address.

JOHN T. LYNCH, Postmaster.

WHOSE PURSE.

A PURSE containing keys and a small amount of money has been left at this office for the finder. Call and get it.

O I O.

What People say about Williams' Lightning Cure.

South Cottonwood, June 10, 1880. Dear Sir:—I had a very severe attack of Pseudo-Typhoid, Mr. Williams' Lightning Cure, entirely cured me.

South Cottonwood, July 10, 1880. Dear Sir:—Your Lightning Cure is the best I ever used for Croup, Cough, and Whooping Cough. I would not be without it in my family.

Union, Salt Lake County. Your Lightning Cure is the best pain killer I ever used. W. M. COLE.

Draper, June 10, 1880. Dear Sir:—Your Lightning Cure can do its own blowing and make no noise. MRS. J. STOKER.

Provo City, June 6, 1880. Your Lightning Cure can't be beat for Toothache and Headache. ALINE GRAVES.

South Cottonwood, August 25, 1880. Dear Sir:—I have been a sufferer more or less for about eighteen years, from overeating, and can truthfully say that since using your Lightning Cure I have been entirely free from pain. Two of my grandchildren were stricken down with diphtheria, and were completely cured by the use of your Lightning Cure. I cannot too highly recommend it. MARIA FLAKE.

Alpine, June 9, 1880. Dear Sir:—I wish to let you know that your Lightning Cure has given me satisfaction in every case that I have tried it for. Headache, Toothache, Croup, and Colds; and it can't be beat. I believe that if I had not had it on hand, I should have lost one of my children with croup. MARIA FLAKE.

Prepared by W. M. H. WILLIAMS, UNION, Salt Lake County. S. C. M. E. General Agent. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Col. J. J. Kenna, Kimball & Lawrence's Corner, Wm. Kenna, at Centerville. R. K. Jones, Spanish Fork. Geo. Cottonwood Co-op. Brinton. Spaulding Co-op. Brinton. Draper Co-op. Brinton. Dalton & Sons, Lehi. George W. Lehi, South Cottonwood. JONES BRIDGEMAN. SALT LAKE CITY. SALT LAKE CITY. SALT LAKE CITY.

Dear Sir:—If you are suffering from pain and are not getting any relief, I will give you my secret. Call on me at my office. W. H. WILLIAMS. 221 1/2 W. 1st St.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER.

Absolutely Pure.

Made from Grape Cream Tartar—No other preparation makes such light, baky hot breads, or luxurious pastries. It is eaten by dyspeptics without fear of the ill results from heavy indigestible food. Sold only in cans, by all Grocers.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

FOR SALE.

ONE 20 INCH TURBINE WATER WHEEL. Has been used. For Terms, etc., apply at this office.

LOST.

BY THE SUBSCRIBER, SOMEWHERE between the 8th Ward and the General Tithing Store, a bunch of keys in a steel ring, and a pair of spectacles in a case. The finder would confer a favor by returning to me at the Tithing Yard. J. M. MUMFORD.

PETERSEN, THE BUTCHER.

1235 First South St., Second Butcher Shop on the Corner. Never keep anything but Tender, juicy and fresh meat. He sells at the cheapest rates. All kinds of meat in season. Give him a trial. Sausages a Specialty.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

FOUR GOOD BUILDING LOTS, SITUATED on the south-west corner of 18th Ward School House block. Also in Meadowville, Rich County, Utah. (Near Lake Country) a house and lot and other improvements, with about 20 or 30 acres of good farming and meadow land. Enquire of or address: M. PRATT, Salt Lake City, Utah. d & w lmo 0231 wtd

NOTICE.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution, will be held in the Council House, on Tuesday, October 20, 1880, at 2 p. m. for the Election of Officers and Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting. Stock transfer books will be closed on the 1st of September, and reopened on the 10th of October next. THOS. G. WEBBER, Secy. and Treasurer.

SALT LAKE CITY, August 27, 1880.

BENJ. F. GRAFTON, STORY B. LADD, HALBERT E. PATYNE, Late Commissioners of Patents.

PATENTS.

PAINE, GRAFTON & LADD, Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents.

412 FIFTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C. Practice patent law in all its branches in the Patent Office, and in the Supreme and Circuit Courts of the United States. Patent sent free on receipt of stamp for postage.

NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate of ADAM OUGHTON, Deceased. Pursuant to an ORDER OF SAID Court, in said matter, Notice is hereby given, that Tuesday, the 31st day of August, A. D. 1880, at 10 o'clock of said day, the County Court House in Salt Lake City, U. T., will be open for the purpose of receiving and placing on file the claims of persons claiming to be entitled to the estate of the said Adam Oughton, deceased, and that any person claiming to be entitled to the said estate, and who has not previously filed his claim, shall file the same on or before the said day, and place all persons interested may appear and oppose the Probate of said will.

SALT LAKE CITY, Aug. 18th, 1880. D. BOCKHOLT, Clerk Probate Court, Salt Lake Co., U. T. d220 1d

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

ELEGANT AND NEW!

JUST ARRIVED, A FINE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

Ladies' Cameo and Amethyst Sets, Black and Roman Hair-rings, Tie-pins, Necklaces, Lockets, Finger-rings, Studs, Buttons, Etc., Etc.

All of the Latest Designs, AT—

LOWEST PRICES!

REPAIRING Promptly Executed.

Articles and Workmanship Guaranteed to give Perfect Satisfaction.

CARL C. ASMUSSEN.

"NE VILE FANO"

IS THE MOTTO OF THE

W. M. JENNINGS & SONS.

Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Etc.

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Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Etc.

TO MAKE ROOM FOR FALL PURCHASES.

WE OFFER

BARGAINS

IN

LAWNS, PRINTS, GRENADINES

—AND—

ALL CLASSES of SUMMER GOODS!

Z. C. M. I.

H. S. ELDRIDGE, SUPT.

FOR SALE.

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