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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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THE EVENING NEWS

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Tombstones, Monuments,

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We will insert a seven-line advertisement one week in a list of 250 weekly newspapers, or four lines in a different list of 337 papers, or ten lines two weeks in a choice of either of four separate and distinct lists containing from 50 to 100 papers each, or four lines one week in all four of the small lists, or one line one week in all six lists combined, being more than 1,000 papers. We also have lists of papers by States throughout the United States and Canada. Send for our 100 page pamphlet. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

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A HOUSE and LOT 4½ Blocks East of Deseret National Bank, 4 rooms and cellar, with water from main. Also Rooms Furnished or Unfurnished in Groesbeck Block, above Postoffice, and in Wasatch Building to let on reasonable terms. Apply to Groesbeck & Son, Box 442 Salt Lake City. 168

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Florist, Seedsman and Landscape Gardener, two blocks north of the Valley House.

A GREAT variety of garden seeds. The greatest variety and stock of flower seeds and ornamental grasses in the City. About 136 different kinds of flower seeds and 20 different kinds of ornamental grasses. A great variety of house and bedding plants, such as Roses, Monthly and Early, Honeysuckles, Double Pinks and about 150 different kinds of Geraniums and Fuschias. Thirty-five different kinds of Dahlias in roots and plants; Gladiolus and Tuber Roses. The best Pansies in the City, Daisies, Echeverias and Tamperverias, a great variety; Chrysanthemums, about 50 beautiful kinds, and many other beautiful kinds of cut flowers from green-house and garden. Hand Boquets, Table Boquets, Crosses, Anchors, Wreaths for Funerals, and Flower Baskets, etc.

At the last Territorial Fair, in 1878, I was awarded one bronze medal, one diploma and six prizes, for the best Cut Flowers, Flowering Plants, Variegated Plants, Stocks, Roses, Hand Boquets, Table Boquets and Flower Baskets. I will also take contracts on Landscape Gardening. d130

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R. MATTHEWS & CO.,

CHEMICAL MANUF'RS,

P.O. 1064, Salt Lake City,

Ess. Jamaica Ginger,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath-Sand Tablets,
Scouring Soap,
Superior Writing Fluid,
Boot Blacking, Etc.

For Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, Throat and Liver Complaints, Affections of the Kidneys, etc., use

BARFOOT'S

Balsam of Indian Root,

Prepared only by us.

For Sale at Z. C. M. I. and Utah Commission House.

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obtained for new inventions, or for improvements on old ones, for medical or other compounds, trade-marks and labels, Caveats, Assignments, Interferences, Appeals, Suits for Infringements, and all cases arising under the Patent Laws, promptly attended to—Inventions that have been REJECTED by the Patent Office may still, in most cases, be patented by us. Being opposite the U. S. Patent Department, and engaged in Patent business exclusively, we can make closer searches, and secure Patents more promptly, and with broader claims, than those who are remote from Washington.

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LICENSED

PLUMBER, TINNER,

Steam and Gas Fitter.

Respectfully announces that he has secured the agency for this Territory of W. H. Warner's low pressure

Steam Warming Apparatus,

Manufactured under S. J. Gold's patents. Also Gold's

HOT AIR FURNACES.

Persons wishing to warm up Churches, Public Buildings, Stores or Private residence by either steam or hot air will find it to their interests to correspond with me on the subject.

A full line of Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters' Goods kept in stock. Rumsey's Pumps and Pump Extras on hand.

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Opposite City Meat Market.

ZION'S SAVINGS BANK & TRUST COMP'Y

FIVE DOORS SOUTH OF Z. C. M. I.

East Temple Street.

SAVE YOUR HAIR | TO LEARN HOW TO DO IT READ AND HEED WHAT FOLLOWS.

SAVE YOUR HAIR.—The laws of Health and Longevity demand it, the customs of social life require it. The matter is of great importance in every way.

BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR.—It is the surpassing crown of glory, and for the loss of it there is no compensation.

CULTIVATE YOUR HAIR.—For by no other means can it be saved and beautified.

LYON'S KATHAIRON,

Discovered thirty-five years ago by Prof. Lyon, of Yale, is the most perfect preparation in the world for preserving and beautifying the hair.

Besides being the best hair dressing ever produced, Lyon's Kathairon will positively prevent grayness, and will restore new hair to bald heads, if the roots and follicles are not destroyed.

It actually performs those seeming miracles, of which the following is

A FAIR SPECIMEN

I had been entirely bald for several years, constitutional, I suppose. I used a few bottles of Kathairon, and, to my great surprise, I have a thick growth of young hair.

COL. JOHN L. DORRANCE, U. S. A.

In every important respect the Kathairon is absolutely incomparable. It is unequaled.

1. To Cure Baldness.
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3. To Remove Dandruff.
4. To Dress and Beautify the Hair.

BEAR IN MIND.—The Kathairon is no sticky paste of sulphur and sugar-of-lead, to paint and daub the hair and paralyze the brain. It is a pure and limpid vegetable lotion, intended to restore the hair by natural growth and reinvigoration. It is splendidly perfumed, and the most delightful toilet dressing known. No lady's or gentleman's toilet outfit is complete without Lyon's Kathairon.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

HACKMAN

THE

Merchant Tailor!

Opposite Walker Bro's, Bank.

He Makes the Best and Cheapest Dress and Business Suits in Salt Lake City. Give him a trial.

A Large Stock of NEW GOODS just arrived, that is to be seen at my Establishment.

WARM UP!

WM. SALMON

Has opened a new depot for the sale and delivery of the celebrated

WEBER COAL,

At the City Meat Market, West Temple St., where he will be pleased to see old and new friends and customers. His prices will be: A ton delivered, $8.75. A ton at his new depot, $8.25. (Part in good Storepay.)

GRAIN, BALED HAY AND KINDLING WOOD

Will be kept by him in full supply, and sold at lowest living figures.

Orders left at Squire's Barber Shop, the HERALD Office or at the Depot, West Temple Street, a block west of Kimball & Lawrence's store, will receive prompt attention. dtf

NEW LAW ON

LAND!

ALL parties wishing to enter land, under the new homestead law or to do any business connected with the Land Office, are requested to call on CHAS. W. STAYNER, at his office between the Salt Lake Herald and Squires' barber shop, as he attends to the securing of Pre-emptions, Homesteads, Desert Land and all other land claims in Utah.

MR. STAYNER'S Office will be pointed out to visitors by calling at the General Tithing Store or the Deseret News Office; and parties will find it to their advantage to see him and get information before going to the Land Office or elsewhere.

T. LATIMER, G. ROMNEY,
G. H. TAYLOR, F. ARMSTRONG

LUMBER YARD

AND

PLANING MILL.

REDUCTION IN PRICES.

Utah Red and White Pine of all kinds, Eastern Finishing Lumber, California Red Wood.

Utah, Bear River, White Cedar and Red Wood Shingles.

Red White Rustic, Ceiling, Siding, Lath, Pickets, Flooring.

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS AND MOULDINGS IN GREAT VARIETY

Frames of all kinds Made to Order Very Cheap.

WINDOW GLASS.

Using large quantities ourselves, and dealing directly with the Manufactories in Car Load lots, we intend keeping a large Stock on hand, of the various sizes, for the Public to select from at Very Low Rates.

Wood Turning of all Kinds.

LATIMER, TAYLOR & CO.,

One Block East of Depot.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

Last Night's Dispatches.

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

EXTRA SESSION.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 19.—A communication was received from the Secretary of the Treasury in response to the resolution of the 15th inst., by which he was directed to report what amount of the United States legal tender notes have been redeemed in coin since the 1st day of January last, and also what amount of coin he considers himself authorized to return to the treasury.

Blaine, speaking on the legislative bill, said attempts were being made to show that Webster recanted and changed his views on the nature of our government in his closing hours. The chance words used by different men to describe our governmental system need not be taken too literally. The important fact is that between National and State rights Webster threw his influence in favor of the former. He quoted Webster's own comments on the Capon Spring speech, showing that he had been misrepresented by the construction placed on that speech in the south. Blaine read from Webster's comments on the Constitution to the effect that the very first resolution adopted by the Constitutional Convention of 1787, declared the government should be national and not a mere compact between the States. Eaton had evidently got his inspiration for Friday's speech from A. H. Stephens' history, a mischievous book, the more so as it is written by a sincere man, a fact making its misrepresentation doubly dangerous. Another of Stephens' representations was that Webster declined to vote against Calhoun's States rights resolutions of 1833. Webster had elaborately denounced these resolutions, yet Stephens said Webster ominously refrained from putting himself on record against them, alluding to Hill's assertion that he assented to secession as he would to the death of his father with sadness of heart. Blaine showed in the Georgia convention that he voted for secession, 89 voted against it and 208 for it. It seemed said Blaine, that as 208 voted for it, Hill thought he would consent to the death of the old man rather than be in the minority. The senator from Georgia (Hill) said the Union was saved not by the republicans, but by the democrats. In Connecticut it was not Buckingham and Hawley, it was Senator Eaton who did it. In New York it was not Seward, but Governor Seymour. In Ohio it was not Chase, but Vallandigham. But President Lincoln did think the democrats were helping him along as rapidly as the senator from Georgia thought. Blaine then referred to the democratic committee who came to Washington to effect a release of Vallandigham, but would not sign a paper pledging their loyalty, which was suggested by President Lincoln as a preliminary revolution of the military order that held Vallandigham in arrest. The oath required in Delaware and Maryland during the war was only what every Senator had to take.

Bayard rose and warmly defended the loyalty of the people of Delaware. He said Blaine could not mention one unpatriotic act of that State. He had always personally resented any imputation of disloyalty. The oath required was an insult to a people who need no incitement to loyalty.

Blaine thought Bayard unduly sensitive. He had only quoted the resolution of the Delaware legislature. The Schenck orders were issued on proof that sedition existed. He then argued that the democracy of to-day were seeking to carry out the principles of Calhoun and Breckenridge, not those of Jackson and Douglas. He then spoke of the distinctive character of school books of the South, in which principles hostile to the Government were inculcated, and he gave the following from one of the Southern arithmetics as a case in point: "If ten cowardly Yankees have to run, knowing that the Confederates are following, how long would it be before they were overtaken." He referred to the address of John S. Prescott, of South Carolina, at the University of Virginia, in which the speaker remarked that the Mayflower was filled with horrors and crimes; the Jamestown with freemen loyal to their country and to God, and saying other things in denunciation of the Mayflower and in praise of the Jamestown emigrants.

Morgan said he doubted if such school books were used in the south. If so, he would have heard of them. There was some other literature which ought to be known. He read from the minutes of the twelfth annual session of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, held in December, 1878, in Alabama, to show that one of the members was charged with voting the democratic ticket, and the conference, upon considering the case, decided that jurisdiction be lodged with the north Alabama conference. (Laughter.)

Blaine, resuming, read an extract from the speech of Senator Hampton, and said: If that meant anything, it meant a great deal. It meant preparation for another conflict, or it was idle rhetoric. Such was the character of the literature throughout the south.

Hampton replied that the words quoted did not name another rebellion. If language was idle rhetoric it was such as the senator poured out. "Peace had her victories not less renowned than war."

Blaine replied, "Yes, but peace did not prevail at the battle of Waterloo," to which the Senator alluded. He repeated that language was either idle rhetoric or a prodigious menace. In conclusion, he said the laws, to secure fair and free elections, ought not to be repealed, the only object in repealing them was to grasp the political power and every step taken by the democrats is in the same direction. They want to strike down the Federal to exact Southern power. Other measures to follow. What they were he did not know. The republicans would resist by every constitutional means, and the democrats, despite the threats of Beck and Eaton would be obliged to submit in the end. The power of the Government was not to be put down by a threat or compulsion, or by a political party. It failed to be put down by the rebellion. It could meet a more serious one, which the Senator from South Carolina seemed to foreshadow.

EASTERN.

Talmage Considered Guilty.

NEW YORK, 19.—A copy of the complaint to the Synod of Long Island against the Brooklyn Presbytery for its action in the Talmage case has been served on the moderator of the latter body, signed by nearly twenty members, including Drs. Van Dyke and Crosby, who held that the charge of falsehood and deceit against Talmage was fully proved.

Grant to the Chinese.

Advices from General Grant in April represent a very anxious feeling through Asia respecting the restrictions of Chinese emigration to America. Grant's response to the address of the Chinese merchants at Penang in which they ask him to exert his "powerful influence in their behalf to advocate the removal of those restrictions and thus restore the intercourse between the two nations to its former footing," was a very decided remonstrance against the contract system, which he declared to be slavery. "On that point," he said, "Americans would not naturally feel strongly. It was in order to free one race from slavery that we fought a long war. After the terrible sacrifices made during that war to free the negro, it could not be expected that Americans would consent to the revival of another form of slavery in which the chinaman were the victim." He said this was the objection on the part of the Americans to Chinese immigration. In other respects they have none but the kindliest feelings towards the Chinese people, and would extend to them, if they choose to make their home with us, the welcome they extended to the rest of the world. In his address he does not once allude to the prejudice against cheap labor, nor to the peculiar sentiments of California. He doubted not, and no one could doubt, that in the end, no matter what the agitation might for the time being affect at home, the American people would treat the Chinese with kindness and justice, and not deny to the free and deserving people of that country the asylum they offer the rest of the world.

Workingmen's Meetings.

CHICAGO, 19.—The meeting of workingmen last night lasted very late, was largely attended and was very harmonious. The meeting was united in its denunciation of certain newspapers, hostile to their peculiar tenets, and most denunciatory resolutions were adopted. There was a great jubilation over the adoption of the constitution, and the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, The interests of the workingmen of California are our interests, and their victory our victory, therefore,

Be it resolved, That we congratulate the honest, earnest, courageous and liberty-loving people of California upon their manful fight and their glorious victory; and that no words can describe the sentiment and gratitude the workingmen of America owe to Dennis Kearney and the brave band of labor agitators, who have been foremost in the battle.

Resolved, That in answer to the California war cry of "the Chinese must go" we echo the universal watchword of American workingmen "not only Chinese, but Chinese institutions must go."

Resolved, That copies of these resolutions be sent to Dennis Kearney and other prominent labor agitators in California and to the different newspapers supporting our cause.

The meeting was ostensibly called to demand a reduction of the daily hours of labor to eight, and in furtherance of the alleged determination to combine for that purpose with the socialists and labor unions on the 5th of July.

BOSTON, 9.—A special session of the New England Labor Reform League has begun. Socialistic ideas in the most radical reform are embodied in the resolutions.

Sheridan Goes to Colorado.

CHICAGO, 19.—Lieutenant General Sheridan left, this morning, for an official tour in Southern Colorado and New Mexico accompanied by Colonel Sheridan and Captain Gregory of his staff. The party will be absent four weeks.

Democratic Prospects.

The *Journal's* Washington special says: Barnum, chairman of the National Democratic Committee, who has been in conference with the leading democrats for three days, has openly charged the democrats in Congress with seriously injuring the democratic prospects for victory in 1880. Other members of the committee, however disagree with his estimate as to the result of the extra session.

The Custom House Case Concluded.

In the United States court, this afternoon, in the custom house construction cases, the prosecution having closed, counsel for Potter & Hill moved the discharge of their clients on the ground of there being no evidence against them. This motion was not resisted by the government counsel, and the court instructed the jury accordingly, and also to include Wheaton, another of the defendants. The court remarked that from what had been presented by the prosecution it was clear the three persons named should never have been indicted; in fact there never was any ground for the indictment of Potter. As to the others it is claimed the prosecution did not produce, on the trial, the evidence placed before the grand jury. The court ordered the trial of Muller, Mills, Burling and Reedy to proceed as it is now the purpose of the defendants to call Hill and Wheaton as witnesses. There is a good prospect for all the accused to escape the responsibility notwithstanding the facts as to the poor quality of the stone, and excessive cost of the building are not disputed.

Capital Notes.

WASHINGTON, 19.—The navy department has taken an appeal to the Supreme Court from the decision of the Court of Claims in favor of Commodore W. G. Temple, that naval officers are entitled to eight cents per mile for expense while travelling outside of the United States on public duty, instead of only actual expenses as the department holds.

The President has nominated W. J. Gilbraith, of Iowa, associate justice of the Supreme Court of Montana, John F. Morgan, of Ill., Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Idaho, and Norman Buck, of Idaho, Associate Justice of the same court.

Ex-Governor Asahel Peck, aged 76, has died.

WESTERN

Much Insulted.

SAN FRANCISCO, 19.—A Portland dispatch says: J. W. Turner, attorney of Pendleton, Umatilla County, writes to the papers emphatically denying the statements made by Lieut. Dabron to Gen. Howard, in relation to the condition of affairs between the Indians and whites. He says the statement is false about the existence of an organization to kill the Indians, and characterizes the statement regarding the people sympathizing with the outlaws in their outrages on the Indians as a slander on the citizens of Umatilla County.

FOREIGN.

MEXICO.

To be Avenged.

PANAMA, 19.—Gen. Rejifobas has announced his intention of executing General Marulanda and several officers captured at the battle of Aguadas, on the ground that they had led a revolution against the government after they had lost all hope of success. He lays down the doctrine that "blood uselessly shed must be avenged." Several Mexican officers, captured recently by the revolutionary party in Honduras will be tried by court martial and shot.

HINDOSTAN.

Plague, Plundering, Rebellion, etc.

SIMLA, 19.—The disease has appeared in most of the cities of Punjab and Dacoity.

Robbery by armed gangs is assuming alarming proportions in the Deccan, especially in the Poonah district. For some time past, bands of Dacoits have been scouring the country, committing daring attacks on houses and villages. They seem to form part of the regular organization under the command of Wassado Bulwund, lately a clerk in the financial department. They are suspected of having started the fire which destroyed the Government School, the Bodaar Palace, the law courts, the post office, the police office and fifty houses in Poonah on the night of the 13th instant. In their remarkable manifesto to the Bombay Government, threatening another mutiny, and to cut off the head of the governor unless their distress is relieved, they inform the government that unless extensive public works are at once opened, employment provided for the people, the native trades encouraged, taxes reduced and the salaries of highly paid Europeans cut down, they will not cease to plunder, and will extend to the Europeans what they have hitherto confined to the natives. They will kill the governor of Bombay, hang the judge of the Court of Sessions of Poonah, carry murder and rapine throughout the country and engage in the massacre of Europeans. The manifesto ends by warning the governor that unless he at once complies with the requisition, the price of one thousand rupees will be put on his head. Four persons, including Wassado Bulwund, append their signatures and seals to the manifesto. The government, which at first was inclined to leave the matter in the hands of the police, is now taking more energetic measures. A considerable number of troops patrol the country, and a reward of one thousand rupees have been offered for the capture of Bulwund.

Rain still holds off in Betar, Chota, Nagpore, and the districts around Calcutta. The indigo crop will be very short and other crops must suffer if showers do not fall very soon. Prices are already rising. There has been some rain in other districts of Lower Bengal. More is wanted.

The Vice Regal Council has been specially summoned for to-day, to consider the draft of the Afghan treaty. The Ameer has agreed to such terms as will secure the chief objects of the British policy.

News from Cashmere is very bad. The increase of distress and famine joined to the incompetency and corruption and want of organization on the part of the officials is producing a most serious state of affairs. Cholera is in Peshawar and is threatening to raise an obstacle to the prompt withdrawal of troops from Afghanistan.

Incendiary fires kindled by the native malcontents continue in the Poonah district. The Indian police killed the ringleader and four men belonging to a band of Dacoits, near the city of Poonah; several others were wounded. One thousand troops are engaged in suppressing the Dacoits in the Bombay presidency.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

Three-fourths of the Durham collieries resumed work to-day.

President Hayes will attend the Yale College commencement in June.

Complete returns of the Swiss popular vote give 191,197 in favor of and 177,263 against the revised establishment of capital punishment.

A fire in Galesbury, this morning destroyed Wilkie & Hawkmore's livery stable, with 17 horses and a number of carriages. Loss, $45,000; incendiary.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Utah Central Railroad Company, for the Election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held on Monday, June 23, 1879, at 10 a. m., at the Deseret National Bank, Salt Lake City, U. T.

GEORGE SWAN, Secretary.

VALUABLE INFORMATION

To those interested. I wish to inform the Wool Growers that I am prepared to make arrangements for buying and will pay the highest market price in CASH FOR WOOL

Wool Sacks, Twine and a No. 1 article of Sheep Shears furnished. I also deal in Hides, Pelts, Tallow, Furs, &c., for which I pay liberal prices. Corner of South and East Temple Streets, Salt Lake City. H. B. CLAWSON.

U. S. DEPOSITORY.

DESERET NATIONAL BANK

SALT LAKE CITY.

Paid up Capital, - - - - $200,000
Surplus, - - - - - - - $50,000

WM. H. HOOPER, President,
H. S. ELDRIDGE, Vice-Prest.,
WM. JENNINGS
FRAMORZ LITTLE
JOHN SHARP
GEO. Q. CANNON,
L. S. HILLS, Cashier. } Directors.

Receives Deposits Payable on Demand.

Buys and sells exchange on New York, San Francisco, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, London, and principal continental cities.

Receives subscriptions to the 4 per cent. funded loan of the U. S.

Makes Collections, Remitting Proceeds Promptly.

Established May, 1876.

FASHION.

Punctuality. Economy.

GENTLEMEN:—We have on hand a Stock replete with the novelties of the season, and would be pleased for you to call and inspect, when we will quote figures never before touched by any firm west of Chicago.

BUCKLE & SON,

TAILORS AND WOOLEN DRAPERS,

MAIN STREET,

Opposite Walker House. P.O. box 682

UTAH DIRECTORY

FOR 1879-80.

H. L. A. CULMER & CO., PUBLISHERS.

OFFICE OF

SALT LAKE DAILY TIMES.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, March, 1879.

TO THE CITIZENS OF UTAH: WE ARE about to publish a general and complete Directory of Salt Lake, Utah, Davis and Weber Counties, giving name, occupation and residence of every citizen, and in addition, will be a correct Business Directory of every City and town in Utah, giving name, business and residence of every merchant, dealer or manufacturer in the Territory; thus constituting a work long needed and that will be of immense value and interest to the country, and especially to the business portion of the community.

Incorporated into the Directory will be a concise and reliable account of the various advantages which each city presents, whether manufacturing, mining or commercial; its public buildings and institutions, together with all other practical information that will be of value to the general public.

An efficient corps of experienced men have been engaged in this work throughout various parts of the Territory, and are now making a record of the residents and business houses of SALT LAKE CITY. They will also dispose of the limited number of pages which the book will devote to advertisements, and we respectfully solicit for them the information and support that a work of this character deserves. The Directory will be sold only by subscription. Price Three Dollars.

Respectfully,

H. L. A. CULMER & CO.,

116 P. O. Box 367, Salt Lake City, Utah

CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

The Great Trunk Line from the West to Chicago and the East.

It is the oldest, shortest, most direct, convenient, comfortable and in every respect the best line you can take. It is the greatest and grandest Railway organization in the United States. It owns or controls over

2100 MILES of RAILWAY

PULLMAN HOTEL CARS are run alone by it through between

COUNCIL BLUFFS & CHICAGO!

No other road runs Pullman Hotel Cars, or any other form of Hotel Cars, through between the Missouri River and Chicago.

PASSENGERS GOING EAST should bear in mind that this is the

BEST ROUTE to CHICAGO

AND ALL POINTS EAST.

Passengers by this route have choice of FIVE DIFFERENT ROUTES and the advantage of Eight Daily Lines Palace Sleeping Cars from CHICAGO to

PHILADELPHIA AND NEW YORK,

AND OTHER EASTERN POINTS.

Insist that the Ticket Agent sells you tickets by the North-Western Road. Examine your Tickets, and refuse to buy if they do not read over this Road.

All Agents sell them and Check usual Baggage Free by this Line.

Through Tickets via this Route to all Eastern Points can be procured at all Coupon Ticket Offices of Union Pacific, and all Western Railroads.

New York Office, No. 415 Broadway. Boston Office, No. 5 State Street. Omaha Offices, 513 14th Street and U. P. Depot. San Francisco Office, 2 New Montgomery Street. Council Bluffs Ticket office at U. P. Transfer Depot and at Chicago & North-Western Railway Depot. Chicago Ticket Offices, 62 Clark Street, under Sherman House; 75 Canal, corner Madison Street; Kenzie Street Depot, corner West Kenzie and Canal Streets; Wells Street Depot, corner Wells and Kenzie Streets.

For rates or information not attainable from your home ticket agents, apply to

MARVIN HUGHITT,
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