

MEN WHO VOTED FOR J. C. FREMONT

Anniversary of First Republican
Convention Held in New
York Celebrated.

SENATOR FAIRBANKS SPEAKS.

Goes Over History of the Party, Tell-
ing of Some of Its Great
Achievements.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 14.—Rain, which fell in torrents, did not prevent a good attendance at the Republican party's semi-centennial tonight. The celebration was brought about by a committee composed of surviving delegates to the first regular state Republican convention, held here on Aug. 16, 1854, occupying seats on the platform were 125 white-haired veterans who voted for John C. Fremont. The presiding officer of the meeting was Frederick W. Stewart, the son of Lincoln's secretary of state. Senator Dewey and Maj. Francis H. Fremont, a son of John C. Fremont, conducted the program. Mr. Stewart introduced Senator Fairbanks as the "next vice president of the United States," and the candidate received a great ovation when he rose to speak.

SENATOR FAIRBANKS' SPEECH.

"Fellow Citizens—You do well to celebrate the anniversary of the birth of the Republican party within the Empire state, for it has done more for human freedom than any other political agency since the pilgrims landed upon Plymouth Rock.

"All honor to you, venerable gentlemen, who 50 years ago stood at the cradle of the Republican party. It required resolution of a high order to renounce your old political allegiance and align yourselves with the forces which assembled under the banner of Republicanism. You were obliged to encounter hate, prejudice, criticism and epithets. But these did not stay your purpose. You and your immortal compatriots enlisted in a holy cause. You sought the north star of human liberty and turned neither to the right nor to the left. Opposition did not dissuade you. It but drove deeper into your hearts the roots of your exalted purpose. The Republican party did not organize for spoils. It assembled about an altar of sacrifice and in a sanctuary besieged by enemies.

"In good time, in God's providence, victory was given to your cause. It was not achieved until after our institutions were put to the supreme test. With the best blood of the republic, the crime which summoned you to your exalted service was washed away.

REPUBLICAN ACHIEVEMENTS.

"The achievements of the Republican party constitute the most luminous pages in American history. They have no parallel in all of the annals of the past.

"The Republican party has not been the nervous party of expediency. It has stood for the right and challenged all comers. It has met every emergency which has arisen upon the high level of duty and honor. Above mere party triumph it has put the welfare of the people. To purchase the historic utterance of our first great leader, the Republican party has been a party of the people, by the people and for the people. It has possessed in an eminent degree the initiative faculty. It has been progressive. It has met the advancing needs of our expanding country, and our national development, under the inspiration of its policies, challenges the admiration and the wonder of the world. It has had the moral courage to proclaim the principles which it regarded its platform as solemn covenants with the people and has been satisfied only when it has written their principles into the laws of the land and carried them into the administration of public affairs.

PUBLIC CREDIT MAINTAINED.

"The Republican party has stood for the inflexible maintenance of the public credit. It has stood by the financial honor of the government. It has regarded a sound and honest monetary system most essential to the advancement of the national welfare and honor than the maintenance of an army or the construction of a navy. It has brought our monetary system from the chaotic condition in which it was left by the Democratic party and the civil war until it rests firmly upon the gold standard.

"It has stood with intelligent and superb courage for the achievement of our industrial independence. Through good and evil report it has borne aloft the banner of protection to American industry. Our incomparable material development stands as a mighty monument to the constructive and patriotic wisdom of the Republican party.

"The Republican party has been the avowed champion and guardian of the rights of both capital and labor, these mighty twin agencies of our industrial and national development. It has never set one at war with the other. It has realized in full measure that the best interests of each must come through their generous and friendly co-operation. It has realized that whoever sets one at war with the other is, indeed, the enemy of both.

A WORLD POWER.

"We are wont to say that we have become a world-power and this is so. We have long believed that we were a power among nations, but the events of the past few years have given us increased right to claim this distinction. Until recent years we were not accorded our just rank. The great civil war attracted the favorable attention of foreign governments, but it remained for our achievements in the Spanish-American war to awaken foreign powers to a full realization of our actual national strength. The victories of our navy roused the great nations to the fact that America was a power of the first magnitude. It was in this war that we could be little cause for congratulation, for the mere recognition of physical strength.

THE HAIR BRUSH.

Breeds Dandruff, Which Causes Falling Hair and Finally Baldness.

Prof. Uuna, Hamburg, Germany, European authority on skin diseases, says that dandruff is as contagious as any other malodorous disease, and that its common source of the spread of dandruff is the use of the same hair brush by different persons. The way to avoid catching dandruff or any other disease from another's brush is to insist on the use of Newbro's Herpicide. It not only kills the dandruff germ, but is also an antiseptic that will prevent the catching of any disease whatever brought contagion of another's brush, sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. Z. C. M. L. Drug Co., Special Agents.

MALARIA IN THE SYSTEM

Holly Springs, Miss., March 24, 1903. While building railroads in Tennessee some twelve years ago a number of hands contracted fever and various forms of blood and skin diseases. I carried S. S. S. in my commissary and gave it to my hands with most gratifying results. I can recommend S. S. S. as the finest preparation for Malaria, chills and fever, as well as all blood and skin diseases. W. L. MCGOWAN.

I suffered greatly from Boils, which would break out on different parts of my body. I saw S. S. S. advertised and after using about three bottles I was cured, and for the last three years have had no trouble whatever. A. W. ZIEBER, 217 Read St., Evansville, Ind.

I began using your S. S. S. probably ten years ago for Malaria and blood troubles, and it proved so good that I have continued ever since using it as a family remedy. It is a pleasure for me to recommend S. S. S. for the benefit of others who are needing a first rate blood purifier, tonic and cure for Malaria. Arkansas City, Ark. C. C. HEMINGWAY.

Boils, abscesses, sores, dark or yellow spots and debility are some of the symptoms of this miserable disease. S. S. S. counteracts and removes from the blood all impurities and builds up the entire system. It is guaranteed a purely vegetable remedy. Write for medical advice or any special information about case.

The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

power does not awaken in us the highest sense of duty. There we stand and with the triumph of our fleets, the maturation of a chivalric and generous spirit. We demonstrated that we are great not only in physical power, but in those moral qualities which, after all, are the nation's chief boast.

AMERICAN DIPLOMACY.

"The world has, in recent years, listened to our diplomacy. It is of a high order. It is the diplomacy of fairness and justice. It is not diplomacy predicated upon might. The brilliant achievements of our navy and our army and our great controlling principles in our diplomatic victories in the international council chamber. They have not been the victories of wrong over right for they have been the triumphs of the principles of international justice. We have been as respectful of our duties to other powers as we have been tenacious in compelling the observance of our own rights. The voice of the United States is for the advancement of peace, for the preservation of a spirit of good neighborhood among the nations of the earth. We seek the world's markets. We must first win and hold the world's respect. Our increased influence in international affairs does not grow out of alliances with other powers. We need no allies except those of truth and justice. The warning of the fathers of the republic against forming entangling alliances with other powers, is as sound today as ever, and it must continue one of the great controlling principles in our international affairs.

OUR INTERESTS WORLD WIDE.

"The interests of our people are world-wide. The facilities for communication with every quarter of the globe are such that American citizens are in constant touch with all countries. They are pushing their peaceful conquests of trade everywhere, so that isolation is no longer possible. We are, by a sort of irresistible law of commercial and social gravitation, forced to play a more important part in the affairs of the world than ever before. We shall, however, refrain from interfering in these matters which are of no concern to our country or our people. We have let it be understood that American citizenship abroad means something. We have let it be known that whether native born or naturalized, American citizens will be protected in their just rights to the uttermost. We must observe the laws of other countries and other countries must respect the rights of American citizens.

FREEDOM CONFERRED.

"The Republican party not only gave freedom to the oppressed in our own country, but it has given liberty to millions in the distant islands of the seas. It has been inspired by no thought of territorial aggrandizement; by no dream of empire. It has been inspired by the spirit of Christian civilization and by the dictates of exalted national duty. It will meet the supreme responsibility in a manner to strengthen and not to subvert our republican institutions.

THE PAST FIFTY YEARS.

"The past 50 years embrace the most momentous period of the republic's history. Great events have followed each other in swift succession. Through it all the Republican party has been conservative, courageous and patriotic. No emergency has found it unprepared. It is an inspiration to the young men of the country. It is the party of hope and opportunity. There is nothing done by it which we could wish were undone. There is nothing over which we ask to be thrown the mantle of charity.

"A party which has risen to the full level of duty in the past may be trusted in the future. We may well put our confidence in the bridge which we have thrown across the chasm of the past.

"The Republican party is no experiment. It is not composed of innumerable elements. It is a well disciplined and thoroughly tried political agency. It has been the rallying center for the moral forces of the republic for half a century. Its ideals were never loftier than they are today. It has not lost its fine fiber by the lapse of time. Republicanism of today is the Republicanism of half a century ago.

TROPHIES OF REPUBLICANISM.

"Where are the trophies of the Republican party? There stands, chiefest of all, the nation which was baptized in the flames of civil war and sanctified anew to the sacred cause of human freedom. There is our financial credit, as sacredly preserved as the life of the republic. There is the gold standard. There is our industrial achievement which is the marvel of the age. The Panama canal which crowns the little efforts of centuries. These are a few of the achievements of the organization, the anniversary of whose birth in New York we celebrate. The Republican party has not only given the greatest measure to the country but it has given great measure to history. Would that time permitted me to call the illustrious roll. No one can measure the untold power of a good name. No one can measure the untold influence of the Republican party upon American civilization of the name of Abraham Lincoln. Though dead, he speaks, and will continue to speak through unnumbered years which stretch before us.

MCKINLEY, THE MARTYR.

"We do not fail to remember that we are assembled upon the anniversary of the death of one of our great leaders who will forever stand in American history with our first great martyr.

William McKinley. He possessed in an unusual degree the love and confidence of his countrymen. He put his trust in them and they implicitly put their trust in him. He converted great policies which make for the strength and the glory of the republic. He stood for these policies which our happy experience has most abundantly vindicated. So long as men respect courage, purity of aim, and lofty patriotism, they will cherish and revere the memory of William McKinley. We stand for these policies for which he lived and wrought so well.

"The glories of the past half century are secure and we now turn to the new half century which opens before us with hope and confidence. Great problems await us, and if we solve them well we shall win still greater victories. Let us resolve to hold the Republican party true to its great and best tradition.

"The contest in which we are engaged is of far-reaching moment. We have unabated faith in the integrity of our cause. "It is the cause of sound policies and righteous government. Let us support the policies which have so well met our past necessities, and uphold to the utmost the administration of Theodore Roosevelt."

Senator Fairbanks was followed by Maj. Francis P. Fremont, U. S. A., who spoke briefly.

Senator Dewey spoke next. He paid glowing tributes to the president and the various cabinet officers. "Every one of whom is worthy of that greatest position in the world—the presidency of the United States."

While Senator Dewey was speaking, Senator Fairbanks was obliged to leave the platform to attend to a matter. At the speaker's suggestion the audience gave the candidate three farewell cheers. The last speaker was Murat Halstead of Brooklyn, who was introduced as the secretary of the Philadelphia convention of 1856.

WISCONSIN REPUBLICANS.

State Supreme Court Takes Up Their Troubles.

Madison, Wis., Sept. 14.—The supreme court today took up the contest over the regularity of the Republican ticket. All the judges were in their chairs, and the courtroom was crowded. The supreme court decided to admit the amended complaint of the "stalwart" faction, receding the action of the old committee on Monday and denying its right to meet and decide which convention was legal after it had been out of existence two months.

Mr. Olin, for the anti-third termers, spoke at great length, giving a history of the party split and citing the fact that the national convention had sided with the Puller opera house convention. He said that the contest is which set of flags shall be the secretary of state place on the ballot under the party name. The policy of the statute is both factions shall be represented on the ballot when there is a split.

The briefs and arguments of Chynoweth, for the third termers, and the briefs and arguments of the "stalwart" faction, will be devoted principally to denying the right of the court to assume jurisdiction for the case and will be in answer to Olin as leading counsel. The arguments will be continued tomorrow.

MAINE ELECTION.

Democrats Made a Net Gain of 6246.

Portland, Me., Sept. 13.—Complete returns of the vote for governor in Monday's election show a Republican plurality of 27,130, against 24,384 in 1900.

Cobb (Republican) for governor received 78,460; Davis (Democrat), 51,260. The vote in 1900 was: Hill (Republican), 74,740; Lord (Democrat), 49,626.

The figures for 1904 show a Republican gain of 20 over four years ago, and a Democratic gain of 1,344, nor a net Democratic gain of 6,246.

PHIPPS FAMILY TROUBLE.

Laurence C. Gets Divorce on the Grounds of Desertion.

Denver, Sept. 14.—Laurence C. Phipps, the Pittsburgh millionaire, was granted a divorce from his wife, Genevieve Chandler Phipps, on the ground of desertion, by the district court here today. No defense was made by the wife, who was introduced to support the charge. The court listened to the reading of the complaint, which consumed about 10 minutes, and, as no answer was forthcoming, ordered the decree prayed for by the plaintiff. It also was ordered by the court that the agreement entered into between the husband and wife be made a part of the decree.

Under the agreement Mrs. Phipps obligates herself to convey to Mr. Phipps the property at Pittsburgh, now owned by her as a residence, and also the property in Denver occupied by Mr. Phipps as a residence. She also agrees to assign and transfer to Mr. Phipps all the bonds of the United States Steel corporation now standing in her name, amounting to \$500,000.

In consideration of the latter action Mr. Phipps agrees to place \$750,000 of Steel company bonds with a Pittsburgh trust company, the income of which shall be paid to Mrs. Phipps so long as she remains unmarried. Should she marry again, she will have a life income from \$350,000 of the aforesaid bonds, the income from the remaining \$500,000 to be paid to the children of Mr. Phipps by his first wife and those of his second wife, share and share alike. The two children of the couple are to remain with each parent six months of the year, the place of residence selected by Mr. Phipps to be the residence also of the children. When in custody of either parent, free access to them at all times shall be allowed the other parent. Other details in relation to the children include the employment of nurses and governesses, education, etc., which allow Mrs. Phipps a consulting voice in the arrangements. The expense of maintaining the children will be borne by the father.

The agreement charges Mrs. Phipps with the expenses of her side of the litigation and also obligates her to payment of all her own bills at present outstanding. Mr. Phipps agrees to reimburse his former wife in the sum of \$12,000 expended by her on the Pittsburgh residence.

Militia Protecting a Murderer.

Valdosta, Ga., Sept. 14.—State troops are protecting a negro named Williams, who was arrested near Sneeds, Fla., and who is being taken to Camden, Ga., for trial. He killed a white man named West and shot a citizen named Cox, who were trying to arrest him, nearly a year ago.

Deprived of His Uniform.

Berlin, Sept. 14.—A court of honor has deprived Col. Gaskie, a retired officer and well known as the war correspondent in the far east of the Tageblatt, of the right to use his title or wear his uniform because of his alleged defiance of the Serbian regulations.

TEA

You don't read advertisements; why are you reading this?

Your paper returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Best.

PEARY WILL SEEK THE NORTH POLE.

If He Lives, He Declares That He
Will Start North Next
Summer.

HIS NEW VESSEL IS POWERFUL.

Will Rise to Pressure of Ice Floes—
Will Also be Able to Smash Ice
In Her Path.

New York, Sept. 15.—Commander Robert E. Peary, in announcing before the Geographical society that a new vessel is being built in which he will again seek to reach the north pole, said:

"The expedition upon which I have been putting my energies for the past two years is now lifted out of the realm of uncertainty, and if I am alive I shall start north again next summer in another attempt upon the north pole.

"It does not mean that I have all the money necessary, but it does mean that I have now until the first of next July in which to secure the additional funds necessary to fit out and equip the ship, and I do not believe that my countrymen will permit the expedition to fail for lack of this additional necessary funds.

"The new vessel will possess such shape as will enable her to rise to the pressure of the ice floes and escape destruction. She will possess such features of bow as will enable her to smash ice in her path, and will contain such engine power as will enable her to force her way through the ice.

"In maximum dimensions, viz. length over all, breadth of beam and draft, this ship will be of the size of the British Antarctic ship 'Discovery,' in displacement she will be somewhat less in power she will compare with our largest ocean going tugs.

"My plan of campaign is to force this ship to the north shores of Grant land, taking on board at Whale sound the pick and flower of the Esquimaux with whom I have lived and worked so long; to go into winter quarters at that shore and to start with the earliest returning light on the sledge journey across the central polar cap, utilizing these Esquimaux, the people whose heritage is life and work in that very region, entirely for the rank and file of my party."

Matt Anderson, Miner, Suicides.

Missoula, Mont., Sept. 14.—Matt Anderson, an old-timer in western Montana, committed suicide today by taking carbolic acid. No cause for the deed is known. Anderson, a few minutes prior to his death, had told a few friends that he was on his way to the drug store to get some poison with which to commit suicide. No attention was paid to the remark. True to his word, Anderson went immediately to a drug store, purchased some carbolic acid and morphine, and retired to his apartments, where he shortly thereafter was found. Though still alive, the physicians could not save him. He died in great agony. Anderson came to this section in the early days.

Handed Over the Coin.

Redding, Cal., Sept. 14.—Charles Carr, owner of the Carr mine on North Mountain, four miles from Junction City, Trinity county, was seated in his office at the mine yesterday afternoon ready to pay off the crew of men when a masked armed man appeared at the door of the office and demanded all the money on hand. Mr. Carr handed the coin over. It amounted to \$357. The robber then fled into the mountains.

Killed During Ballooning Exercise.

Vienna, Sept. 14.—During military ballooning exercises at St. Huweissberg today a sudden puff of wind lifted a balloon with a number of soldiers hanging to the ropes. Eight of the soldiers were hurled against a rock, and three of them were killed and six were fatally injured. The balloon disappeared.

Japan to Have Patrol Fleet.

London, Sept. 14.—The Daily Express' Tokyo correspondent writes that Japan is endeavoring to organize a large volunteer fleet for patrol duty and the protection of Japanese shipping, the cost to be defrayed by public subscription.

PARKER MAY SPEAK.

If He Does, Will Respond to Roosevelt's Questions.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Judge Parker may go on the platform within the next six weeks and respond personally to the questions asked by President Roosevelt in the latter's letter of acceptance, according to National Committee man J. G. Johnson of Kansas. Mr. Johnson, who arrived in Chicago today, also declared that Senator Gorman is to have charge of the campaign, superseding Chairman Taggart and executive Chairman Sheehan.

"Readings will be opened in the west," said Mr. Johnson, "and that is what Chairman Taggart is coming to this city for next week. It is the purpose of the national committee to wage a hard fight in Colorado, Utah, Wyoming, Idaho, Washington and California. Nevada is looked upon as being Democratic. In the middle west Wisconsin, Illinois and Indiana will be the battleground.

"Judge Parker will go to New York this week and consult with the national committee. It is the belief of the members of the committee that he will go on the platform and reply to some of the queries of Roosevelt. Former President Cleveland and Mr. Bryan will also speak for Judge Parker."

PULLMAN WORKS CLOSED.

Seven Thousand Men Thrown Out of Employment.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—The immense Pullman car works at Pullman are shut down today and practically everyone of the company's 7,000 employees is idle. The workers were told to take their tools with them when they left the works, and from this infer that a considerable period of idleness confronts them.

The closing of the big car works at the "model city" came when the 1,500 workers in the repair department were laid off. That had been the only branch of the plant in operation for some time, and its closing left not more than 100 men at work, just enough to put the finishing touches on what little work remained on hand and to keep the many buildings in condition.

About five-sixths of the Pullman employees are members of unions. The plant has been operated on the open shop basis, however, ever since the 1894 strike when the union cause was defeated. Union scale wages have been paid by the company and there has

ESTABLISHED 1864

F. Auerbach & Bro.

ONE PRICE TO ALL NEVER UNDER SOLD

A GOOD RECIPE

A Good Bread recipe and a short one with a positive money back guarantee.

HUSLER'S FLOUR.

been complete satisfaction on this score. Complaints were made by the company. It is said that high wages brought about the closing of the works, inasmuch as these wages were claimed to be in excess of the scales in effect in other plants of the country.

The shut down of the works has been gradual during the last three weeks, two or three departments being closed at a time.

CHARLES CRANSTON DEAD.

Was Engineer for Lincoln's Yacht In Civil War.

New York, Sept. 15.—Charles Cranston, inventor of the first undercutting pattern machine used in America, is dead at his home in Brooklyn at the age of 73 years.

Cranston was chief engineer of President Lincoln's yacht during the civil war. He narrowly escaped lynching in a riot following the John Brown raid.

LINCOLN, NEB., STREETCARS.

Are Limited to a Maximum Speed Of Seven Miles an Hour.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Lincoln, Neb., says: Beginning today the maximum speed at which Lincoln street cars can run is seven miles an hour and many people prefer to walk. The change is the result of a fight between the city administration and the traction company because of the abolition of passes for policemen. The latter resorted to an unreported horse car ordinance limiting street cars' speed and demanded its enforcement.

Red Men's Election.

St. Joseph, Sept. 13.—The Red Men of the United States elected the following officers today: Great Inosheone, Thomas H. Watts, Alabama, great prophet, Thomas G. Harrison, Indiana, great senior sagamore, John W. Cherry, Virginia; great junior sagamore, W. A. S. Bird, Kansas; great chief of records, Wilson Brooks, Illinois; great keeper of the wampum, Thomas J. Bell, Massachusetts.

There was an animated discussion of a proposed revision of the laws, by which saloonkeepers, bartenders and retail liquor dealers are to be barred from membership of the Red Men. The amendment was presented by Past Great Inosheone Robert T. Daniel, chairman of the committee on revision of laws, and was adopted by a safe majority vote.

The amendment also provides that any member who shall engage in the retail liquor business after having been admitted to the order shall be liable to suspension. It is not incumbent upon the state councils to accept this new law, but it is recommended to them for adoption.

Another amendment similar in character, which was also accepted, provides that should any branch of the order hold any ball or other entertainment on Sunday it is liable to have its charter revoked if any intoxicating liquor is sold at such entertainment. Gift enterprises and other lotteries are also prohibited.

RIOT AMONG FOREIGNERS.

One Man is Beaten Almost to Death.

Wheeling, W. Va., Sept. 14.—In a riot in the foreign colony of Portland station, Ohio, today, one man was beaten almost to death, while others had their ears chewed off and noses smashed. Pistols, knives and clubs were used freely. Nineteen of the rioters were arrested.

Federation of Women's Clubs.

St. Louis, Sept. 14.—The board of directors of the General Federation of Women's clubs, elected at the meeting held here earlier in the season, convened here today. With Mrs. Sarah Platt Decker, president, of Denver, in the chair, St. Paul was selected as the place to hold the next meeting of the General Federation in 1906. Mrs. Josiah Evans Cowles of Los Angeles was elected chairman of the program committee.

Idaho Lands Withdrawn.

Washington, Sept. 14.—The general land office has directed that on account of the Payette-Boise irrigation project 4,390 acres of public land in the Boise, Ida., land district be withdrawn from all forms of disposal.

Fourteen Fishermen Are Lost.

Charleston, S. C., Sept. 14.—Fourteen negro fishermen who crossed the bar Friday morning have not returned. These are known to be drowned and there is only a bare possibility that the two other boatloads were picked up by a passing vessel.

Escaped An Awful Fate.

Mr. H. Hagins of Melbourne, Fla., writes: "My doctor told me I had consumption and nothing could be done for me. I was given up to die. The offer of a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, induced me to try it. Results were startling. I am now on the road to recovery and owe it all to Dr. King's New Discovery. It surely saved my life. This great cure is guaranteed for all throat and lung diseases by Z. C. M. L. Drug Store, Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free.

EXCURSIONS EAST

Via Oregon Short Line.

St. Louis and return \$12.50
Chicago and return 47.50
Chicago and return via St. Louis 47.50
St. Louis and return via Chicago 48.75
Through Pullman sleeper every day via the Union Pacific and Wabash lines.
Tickets on sale Tuesdays and Fridays days each week. See agents for particulars. City Ticket office, 201 Main St.

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SEPTEMBER 15.

Is Peach day at Brigham. Round trip only \$1.25 via O. S. L. Leave S. L. at 8:30 a. m. Free peaches, free water-melons, free cantaloupes. Special returning.

ESTABLISHED 1864

F. Auerbach & Bro.

ONE PRICE TO ALL NEVER UNDER SOLD

IF YOU'VE kept track of passing events you know that this store has stirred up the POPULAR LINEN TRADE as it has never been stirred up before. It is doubtful if such a Wide Variety of LINEN BARGAINS was ever offered in Salt Lake. We've been selling thousands of dollars worth of Table Linens, Napkins, Towels and Toweling this week, and splendid qualities are still in evidence.

Only by a Visit to our LINEN DEPARTMENT, where you can see the Goods, Can you realize what an

Extraordinary Opportunity This Is

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

Advance Sale!

OF LADIES' TAILORED SUITS.

\$12.50 for \$18.75 New Fall Tailored Suits, 24 inch, strap and Box plait trimmed. These Suits are made of fine all wool Pebble Cheviot in Black, Blue and Brown Norfolk Coat Style. All Sizes, at \$12.50