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PAGES-LAST EDITION

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1904. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

FIFTY-FOURTH YEAR.



willingness of the Slavs to come under Laotche Hill and gave chase. One of the destroyers escaped but the other "Their hesitation would finally be overcome if Russia would be less unwas pursued into Pigeon bay where it was sunk. Vice Admiral Kamimura,recompromising on the questions of or-thodoxy and autocracy as the Slavs ports that the Japanese fleet sustained no damage and did not lose a singl enjoy constitutional government and in many cases do not belong to the Greek

JAP PLAN OF BATTLE.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 27.-The Port Ar-thur correspondent of the Russ telegraphs as follows:

"On the morning of Feb. 25 a Japan-ese squadron consisting of six battleese squadron consisting of six battle-ships and four light cruisers appeared on the horizon. The Russian cruisers Askold, Bayat and Novok were in the outer harbor. The Japanese ships, upon attaining a position within 35 cable lengths (about 4½ miles) of the Russian ships opened an attack. At this time two of our torpedo boats were returning to our ships from Pigeon bay. All the Japanese cruisers attempted to cut them off; nevertheless, one of the torpedo boats succeeded in reaching Port

RUSSIA HOSTILE TO THE UNITED STATES.

St. Petersburg Bourse Gazette Charges the Washington Government With Breach of Neutrality, Saying It Has Undertaken to Lay a Submarine Cable from the Philippines to Japan.

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St. Petersburg, Feb. 27 .-- (2:10 p. m.)-The Bourse Gazette today makes a Washington dispatch saying the United States has undertaken to lay a submarine cable from the Philippine islands to Japan to prevent the latter's isolation in case the Russians cut the Shanghai cable, the subject of a bitter attack upon the government at Washington "for this new evidence of its breach of neutrality," claiming that the contention of the United States that the landing of the cable will be undertaken for the improvement of trade relations "does not clear America's skirts," and inquiring "What the Americans would say if Germany had run a cable from Kio Chou to Port Arthur or Vladivostock."

In this connection he is credited with having taken the last train across the river between Louisville, Kentucky, and Nashville, Tennessee, before the burning of the bridges by the Confederate forces. He was in Nashville when the Federal troops successfully carried Fort Donelson and went out with the engineer regiment which was engaged in restoring tracks and bridges destroyed by opposing forces. In 1862 Mr. Dow returned to the east and engaged in the grocery business at Lawrence, Mass., but later he re-en-tered the service of the rallroad com-pany and for the ensuing six years ran trains between Louisville and Nash-ville. His health giving way under the strain, he again left the service of the rallroad and returned east, where he remained till 1882, when he came to Salt Lake City.

On coming here he was made warden of the penitentiary, which position he held for four years, when a change of administration caused him to tender his resignati During uis 1 cy the penitentiary was greatly im-proved and enlarged, the adobe prison of early days giving way to commodi-ous stone buildings. It was during this period that the Edmunds-Tucker act was so vigorously enforced, and Mr. Dow was brought into close contact with "Mormon" Church leaders, of whose conduct while incarcerated he always spoke in the highest terms. After resigning the wardenship, Mr Dow engaged extensively in the sheep business, and when Utah was admitted den of the state prison, which posiden of the state prison, which posi-tion he has filled with honor the past year, or so, however, his health has been such that he was not able to discharge the duties of his

tained Thus Far in the Rose

Judge Morse Gives Instructions to Sheriff to Bring in More Talesmen on Monday Morning.

DEFENSE DIDN'T WANT H. TRIBE.

Had No Use for the Quaint Juror Who Was Such a Conspicuous Character In the Mortensen Murder Case.

the Rose murder case only nine of the requisite 12 jurors to try the case have been secured. Two jurors were secured this morning after 35 had been called to the jury box and examined for cause. The men who were sworn and accept. ed this morning are J. H. Garrett and Hyrum H: Petersen. All the names in the jury box were called before court adjourned at noon and Judge Morse crdered another venire drawn, consisting of 75 names and returnable on Monday morning.

The feature of this morning's session was the examination of Henry Tribe, one of the jurors in the famous Mortensen case. Mr. Tribe stated in answer to Attorney Christensen that he had read accounts of the murder in all the papers, but that he had formed no opinion as to the guilt or innocence of defendant for the reason that he placed no reliance in newspaper reports at all. He did not believe that the confession which appeared in the papers was true. He was passed for cause by the de-

fense and was then examined by Assistant County Attorney Smith for the state. The first question asked him was if he had any conscientious scruples

secure absolute freedom in the dis-embarkation of troops. For this reason the Russian commander is carefully guarding against exposing his ships, keeping them in the harbor, under the guns of the fortifications. A doubt exists as to whether the

Russian demonstrations indicate the

The Novoe Vremya hopes the Pan-

Slavist union will settle the near east question once for all in favor of Rus-

Prince Arsene Karageorgevitch, (brother of the king of Servia), has been gazetted a captain of trans-Balkal

The desperate manner in which

the Japanese are returning to the attack in Port Arthur in spite of

their repeated repulses has convinced the military authorities that their main

objective for the present is hopelessly to cripple the Russian fleet, in order to

the Russian standard, adding:

church

sia's aspirations.

really design to land near Port Arthur and invest the city. The authorities admit that they are considerably mystified but the prevailing opinion seems to be that the Japanese will not hazard a landing at this stage of the campaign. It is pointed out that owing to the conformation of the shores the only suitable landing places hear Port Arthur are well within the range of the batteries, and that if a landing is attempted on the northern part of the peninsula the Japanese transports will be unable to come to land, and that on account of the shelv-ing of the shore the troops would have march miles through mud and low water, exposed to a galling shore fire. 'No news is being received here concerning the operations around Vladi-vostock, whence under the viceroy's orders, telegrams are forbidden except from officers to their families and then only with the approval of the military censor.

The exact whereabouts of the Rus. sian Vladivostok squadron is not known, but it is presumed to be in the harbor

Up to the time of filing this dispatch nothing has been obtainable concerning the reported Japanese landing at Posbay, near Vladivostock.

JAPANESE ACCOUNT OF FIGHT. Tokio, Feb. 27 .- The official reports of the attempt made last Tuesday night block the entrance of the harbor of ort Arthur reached Tokio last night, (Friday). The report was written by Vive-Admiral Kamimura, division com-mander under Admiral Togo. The re-port recites that at a certain point near Fort Arthur Tuesday evening a number of merchant steamers, escorted by a torpedo flotilla, were dispatched for the purpose of closing the entrance to the harbor. The torpedo flotilia rejoined the fleet at 10 a. m., Wednesday, at rea at a rondezvous previously agreed and reported that the steamer Hokogu Maru had been sunk at the foot of the lighthouse on the left side o fihe entrance. The Bushiu Maru was sunk outside, beyond the Hokoku Maru. The Tenshin Maru, the Buoy Maru and Jinsen Maru were sunk at the foot of Laotcie Hill almost side by side. All the above mentioned steamers were sunk by their own crews who were all safely rescued. The torpedo fotilla was unharmed. The torpedo fotilia also reported that it discov-ered the Russian cruisers Bayan and Novik together with a few destroyers in the outer harbor. After the flotilia re-folmed it the main fleet advanced slowy on Port Arthur where it found the Russian cruisers Bayan, Askold and

Novik slowly moving about the outer harbor under cover of the batteries. A bombardment began at long range and at 11:45 a. m. all the ships and batteries were responding vigorously. Shortly after the Novik retreated in-to the inner harbor. Askold and Bayan, quickly follow-ing, demonstrated that the sinking of after

the steamers had not blocked the enof the inner harbor was then ordered and for 15 minutes all the heavy guns of the Japanese fleet threw shells over the hills into the harbor. The Japanese were unable to determine the effect of the bombardment but saw huge col-umns of smoke arising from time to time. In the meantime the Japanese cruiser squadron discovered two Russlan torpedo destroyers at the foot of

RUSSIANS SEARCH A BRITISH STEAMER.

Island of Perim, Red Sea, Feb. Island of Perim, Red Sea, Feb. 27.—The British steamer Ben Al-der (Capt. McIntosh), which sailed from London Feb. 6 for Yokohama, passed here this afternoon and signalled that she was stop-ped and searched by a Russian

Arthur, while the other turned back The scene of the battle was thus cut in two, the Japanese battleship cannonading the Askold, Rayan and No-vik, which were supported by the bat-teries, and the cruisers pursuing the Russian torpedo boat which entered Pigeon bay.

The cannonade lasted 40 minutes and several shells fell at various points in the fortress. One Chinaman was mortally wounded by a splinter and one by a shell. In yesterday's affair the maneuvers of the Japanese appeared to be defective. While turning back to sea the Japanese battleships got bunched and our ships did not fall to take advantage of this fact. They opened a running fire and one could clearly see shells bursting amidst the tremendous This clumsy maneuver on the target. part of the Japanese is considered as affording weighty reasons for the be-lief that the enemy's losses were heavy. "A Japanese torpedo boat lies on a bank off Fort White Wolf. It is ap-parently one of those which participated in the night attack with the freight.

"I close hearing our cannonading but without knowing the occasion of it."

ALEXIEFF'S ACCOUNT.

Feb

ties.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 27 .- The czar has received the following telegram from Viceroy Alexieff, dated Port Arthur,

"After the moon had set early in the morning of Feb. 25 the Retvizan re-pelled several attacks by the enemy's torpedo boats, two of which are believed to have been sunk in the open sea. Our torpedo boats under Captain of the First Rank Matussevitch and Captain of the Second Rank Prince pursued the enemy's torpedo boat flotilla. They sighted no large warships. Later in the morning of Feb. 25 the cruiser Bayan, Diana, Askold and Novik were sent out to prevent the Japanese cruisers from pursuing a portion of our returning torpedo flotilia.

"One of our torpedo boats, which was cut off by four Japanese cruisers, sought shelter in Dove bay. It had no casual-

"The Japanese fleet on sighting our cruisers came in closer to the forts, which together with our warships, op-ened fire at 10:50. Our cruisers, still firing, entered the harbor, which our boats had already safely

"The enemy's shells for the most part fell short. One seaman was wounded, but we sustained no other losses. "The Japanese fleet consisted of 17

the Jaganese neet consisted of 17 large warships and eight torpedo boats, whereas the squadron which attempted to block the entrance to Port Arthur on the previous day had 12 torpedo boats."

JAPS LAND AT CHEFOO.

Cheefoo, Feb. 27 .- Several Japanese officers and sallors who landed here from an open boat early today refused to give any information as to where they came from. At the Japanese consuiate it was given out that they be-long to a gunboat which was damaged during the fight off Port Arthur and which sank trying to reach this port. The statement that they were mem-bers of the crews of the merchant steamers sunk near the entrance Port Arthur for the purpose of block-ing it and that they were not picked up by the torpede boats in company, was positively denied. They crossed the gulf in the open boat in which they arrived. The consul claimed that he

arrived. The consul claimed that he had been expecting the arrival of sur-vivors of the action off Port Arthur. New York, Feb. 27.—A previous dis-patch from Tokio giving details of Ad-miral Togo's attempt to bottle up the Russian fleet at Port Arthur, reported that all the crews of the four Japanese vessels which were sunk off Port Arvessels which were sunk off Port Ar-thur escaped in boats and were picked up by the Japanese torpedo hoat de-stroyers convoying them. It is considered possible, however, that the sail-ors mentioned in the above dispatch were a part of the crews of the sunken merchantmen.

An Ovation to Kuropatkin.

and signalled that she was stop-ped and searched by a Russian warship in the Red sea. All Ovation to Autopatication patkin, commander-in-chief of the Rus-sian army in the far east, who arrived here today to bid farewell to his aged mother before leaving for the far east, in full. The liabilities are \$600,000. The capital stock was \$200,000. President Temple said also that he would not op-pose the petition for the appointment of a receiver when the case came up in the supreme court.

New York, Feb. 27 .- It was announced in the Associated Press dispatches from Washington on Feb. 24 that the Commercial Cable company had addressed inquiries to the government as to whether permission could be secured to land on the island of Guam a cable connecting with Japan. This cable would connect at Guam with the present Pacific Commercial cable to the United States. It was said that the request was based on the apprehension that the existing Japanese cables, both of which run to Shanghai, might be cut during the present hostilities and Japan thus be isolated from the world. In considering the request the government was said to have reached the conclusion that an assent would not involve a breach of neutrality, taking the ground that a cable is a commercial instrument like a mail ship.

received an ovation at the railroad sta-tion, where he was greeted by the sov-ernor and deputations from the nobil-ity, the Zemetvo, the city officials and the commanders of the troops garrison-Gen. Kuropatkin will start for the front in about 10 days.

NEUTRALITY LAWS. Federal Officials Investigating an

Attempt to Violate Them. Cincinnati, O., Feb. 27 .- An investiga-

tion is in progress by government officials into what appears to be a decided attempt to violate the neutrality laws. The inquiry is prompted by the receipt by all the subordinate officers of the Ohio national guard of a letter prom-ising promotion and big pay to all who will join a military expedition about to be organized Only vague informa. tion is given of the purpose of the expedition and the officers are requested to inquire further of William Wayne, Norristown, Pa. The letters are dated New York and mailed at different

ROCHESTER FIRE. Underwriters Place the Actual

places,

Loss at \$2,500,000. Rochester, N. Y., Feb. 27 .- The fire

that started in the business district yesterday is still burning in the ruins. Over half the block on Main street be-Over half the block on Main street be-tween St. Paul and Clinton-streets is a mass of smoking ruins, the walls coated thick with ice. The firemen worked all night and many of them will have to work tonight also. All day the firemen were at work tearing down the unsafe walls. The Rochester department of the

Underwriters' association, after a care-ful estimate, places the actual loss at \$2,500,000, and the amount of insurance in the regular stock insurance compa-nies at \$2,000,000.

TAUNTON DEPOSIT CO. Doors Did Not Open as Result of

An Injunction.

Taunton, Mass, Feb. 27.-The doors of the Taunton Safe Deposit & Trust company did not open today as a result of an injunction from the supreme court restraining the treasurer receiving or paying any deposits until after a hearing on an injunction in the supreme court at Boston, Monday. The state bank commissioners have an-nounced that they will ask that a receiver be appointed for the institution. The company is said to be in difficult straits because of poor investments, but the president, Edward H. Temple, as-

serts that the depositors will be paid in full. The liabilities are \$600,000. The

ders in Long, Hard Battle For Life.

Was Born and When He Came to Utah-Funeral Arrangements.

George N. Dow, warden of the Utah state prison, after a valiant struggle with death, expired unexpectedly at 7:30.

this morning at his official residence. The announcement will shock his friends, who are almost numberless in this community, for while they knew he was in critical health, none anticipated that the end was so near, as it had been stated that he was recovering. Thirteen months ago the warden was compelled to lighten his daily lawas competed to lighten his daily la-bors on account of a combination of heart and Bright's disease. He grew worse until finally, several months ago, Mr. Dow practically abandoned his of-fice and began the struggle between life and death. He dressed each day and under the inand moved around, and under the in-dividual delusion that he was much imdividual defusion that he was much im-proved he came down town a week ago and performed an extraordinary day's work. This over-exertion against which he had been cautioned, was the immediate cause of death, according to the bellef of Dr. T. B. Beatty, the fam-ly physician. It brought on subsector

ily physician. It brought on pulmonary oedema (virtually the drawning of the lungs) last night, and the patient could not resist it. The only difference noted in his con-

dition last evening at bedtime was slightly unusual restlessness. At 4 a. slightly unusual restlessness. At 4 a. m. the patient seemed more quiet, but was suffering considerably. His daugh-ter, Florence, while watching at her father's bedside, dropped off to sleep. When she awoke at 6:50 he was uncon-scious. Miss Dow summoned Thomas C. Wright, the acting warden. They did all that was possible but without did all that was possible, but without avail. The warden did not regain consciousness. He is survived by a wife, son and daughter, the latter being leorge and Florence. Mr. Dow was interested in sheep to

some extent, having a herd in Wyom-TH WY ing. A.

Mr. Dow was married in Massachusetts to Miss Alice I. Shetler, a native of Vermont, by whom he has two children, a son named George, and a daughter, Florence. In politics Mr. Dow has always been an ardent Republican. He always been an ardent Republican. He was a prominent member of the Masons and also an Odd Fellow. His pleasant and agreeable nature endeared him to a host of friends, who will be grieved to hear of his demise. The funeral arrangements have not been completed.

POSSIBLE SUCCESSORS.

George N. Dow was the son of Gli-man and Sarah E. Currier Dow, and was born in New Hampshire in 1839. At an early age he was left fatherless and was under the necessity of earning The candidates to succeed Warden Dow are ex-Chief of Police Arthur Pratt; Dr. A. C. Young, now state pri-son physician; ex-Sheriff Andrew Burt; ex-Watermaster Charles Wilcken, and his own living. For a time he contin-ued on his father's farm, but at the age of 20 he moved to Tennessce where he secured employment on the Louispossibly George B. Squires, ex-warden of the Utah Penitentiary. It is generalville & Nashville railroad, of which D. W. C. Rowland was then manager. His efficiency soon brought him to the front of the Utah remachary. It's generat-ly believed that the chances are pretty nearly even between the two first named, and the outlook is brighter for them than for any of the others. It is and he gradually rose from brakeman through the intermediate steps of bagstated also that Dr. Young has the en-dorsement of Senator Kearns, and that gage master and freight master, to be a passenger conductor. Mr. Dow re-mained in the railroad business for 15 that fact may be to his interest. How, ever, nothing will be done in the matyears, seeing service on the road named in Tennessee, Kentucky, and Alabama, a portion of the time during the Civil sion will be called. years, seeing service on the road named



It is believed that the other three jurors will be secured Monday morning and the trking of testimony will prob-ably be commenced on Monday after.

OFF FOR WASHINGTON.

Witnesses in the Smoot Case Took Their Departure This Morning.

The witnesses summoned to testify in the Smoot case left for Washington this morning and will arrive at their destination on Tuesday next. Those who took their departure in response to the subpoennes issued by the sergeant. at-arms of the United States senate. and served by United States Marshal Heywood and his deputies, were Prestdent Joseph F. Smith, President Francis M. Lyman, Elder Hyrum M. Smith, and Elders Andrew Jenson, of this city; Thomas H., Alma and Charles E. Merrill, of Richmond; Lorin Harmer, Springville; Mrs. Charles H. Mathews, Marysvale; Mabel Barker Kennedy, of Sevier station, and several others. As stated in last night's "News" Hons. John Henry Smith, Marriner W. Mer-rill and Moses Thatcher were not able to go on account of illness, but each sent a certified letter to this effect.

The train bearing the witnesses left the Oregon Short Line depot at 6 o'clock. President Smith and associates occupied the drawing room of a Pulman car and will be well cared for on the entire journey. The party trav-els via the Union Pacific and Chicago & Northwestern and will reach Chi-cago Monday morning and Washing-ton the morning of the next day. They will return by the same route. How long they will be required to remain away is not known, but certain it is that the visitors will have a pleasant while sofourning at the national capital.

ESCAPED IN UNDERCLOTHES

Eaker Didn't Take Time to Dress When Officers Called on Him

From 4 until 7 a. m. this morning, Police Officers Williams and Parry hada busy time trying to run down a man who is wanted for forgery. The man's name is Baker, but just what he has done, the police are not certain. But he was wanted, and the officers learned early this morning that he was at 257 west Seventh South street. The officers went to the place and Williams effected an entrance through the front door. The other officer went to the rear but Baker heard them coming and slipped out of the back door, clad only in his underclothes, and made good his escape. He ran through a back yard and disappeared in the darkness. The officers looked for him for two or thr hours, but were unable to locate him.





BIOGRAPHICAL.



Faithful Public Servant Surren-

ILL FOR MORE THAN A YEAR.

Something of His Career, Where He

