

BY TELEGRAPH.

AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, 18.—A letter from the Yellowstone expedition says a stir was created by the arrest of General Custar by General Stanley, and that Custar marched in the rear of his command, one whole day before he was released. Custar's men denounce his arrest as an act of tyranny while Stanley's sustain their commanding-general. Stanley also caused the destruction of all liquors in the camp of the infantry, the latter losing six barrels and the cavalry sutler seven.

DETROIT, Mich., 18.—Prof. Watson of Ann Arbor, Mich., observatory, telegraphs to the *Tribune* as follows:—"On July 29 I observed a star of the 12th magnitude which on Saturday night last was missing from the place where it then was, but a little to the west I saw a star of the 11th magnitude, which I suppose to be a new planet, and at present I suppose it to be (first?) seen on July 29. It is situated in right ascension 23 hours 3 minutes, and declination 2 degrees 38 minutes south, and is moving slowly to the west."

CHICAGO, 18.—The conductor of the coal train in the accident on the Alton road, who jumped from his train and fled to the woods, has been arrested. Four of the injured passengers died in this city to-day, and there are many more whose recovery is considered very doubtful. No inquest has yet been held.

OMAHA, 18.—James Craighton, member of the Board of Education, assaulted Edward Rosewater, editor of the *Bee*, this morning, on Farnham Street. The latter, however, drew a pistol and kept his assailant off. The difficulty arose from the *Bee's* criticizing Mr. Craighton's opposition to the introduction of the teaching of the German language in the schools of this city.

WASHINGTON, 18.—The *Wawassett* steamer investigation was resumed to-day, but the evidence elicited threw no additional light on the disaster. The testimony of some of the witnesses, especially the colored people, was such as to leave the impression on the minds of many attending the investigation, that they have been tampered with so as to exonerate officers from all blame.

A special dispatch received here this a.m., from New Orleans, says, ex-governor Warmouth left here suddenly, after remaining two days. The day he left, the attorney-general commenced a suit against him, and the State treasurer, who was elected under Warmouth's administration, on facts which have just transpired concerning the sale of the Jackson railroad in 1870. Warmouth sold the interest of the State in that road for four dollars a share, the State having originally in 1853 paid twenty-five dollars per share in bonds. The amount received by Warmouth was \$141,000, which was paid into the treasury on account of the general fund. The day on which this amount was paid, the State treasurer returned to Warmouth \$70,000 and took five per cent of the amount himself. The proof is conclusive against both of them.

NEW YORK, 18.—The police have arrested a gang of horse thieves, whose operations have been extended throughout this State, and connecting with their headquarters at Harlem.

SEAFORTH, Ont., 18.—A man named Scott, a school teacher, and his wife, were found with their throats cut in the woods near here; it is supposed that Scott first killed his wife and then cut his own throat.

NEW YORK, 18.—The *Herald* publishes a special from Bedford Springs, Pa., containing an interview with Senator Simon Cameron concerning the political outlook generally. Cameron says he cannot believe that Grant will be a candidate for a third term. He thinks the great mistake of the Credit Mobilier was the systematic lying done by some of those involved. He thinks Conkling's name the best for the vacant Chief Justiceship, but believes he will decline if offered. Justice Miller and Attorney General Williams both stand high in the President's esteem. The Senator is strongly favorable to Butler in the Massachusetts campaign. He expressed his praise of Butler in unlimited terms. Cameron admits that he has drawn his back pay, and claims that it rightfully belongs to him. He thinks the farmers' movement in

the West will secure the attention of all parties, he don't think it will injure the Republican party. If the granges' claims are meritorious the Republican party will be with them. He don't consider the movement important as changing materially the present condition of political parties. He considers the Ohio liberals nondescripts, and says the only hope of the Ohio Democracy is to stick together till they can join issue with the Republicans on some great question.

The following players have entered for the coming billiard tournament: John F. B. McCleery, John H. Mott, Jr., William W. Wait, Lance Perkins, Wm. Terrill, A. DeSala, J. Farquharson. The game will be 150 points each, to be played on a 5 x 10 curved carom table, Delaney's patent steel wire cushion attached, each player playing with every other player, and the one winning the greatest number of games to be declared champion of the Pacific coast at the three ball game, the prizes consisting of a silver challenge cup and six hundred and fifty dollars, gold coin, presented by J. Strable & Co. Prizes will also be awarded for the best general average and the largest run.

WASHINGTON, 19.—Indian agent Thomas reports from Tule Kosa, New Mexico, on the 24th ult., that on demanding from the Apaches the notorious thief and murderer, the Chief Sancha. They refused to give him up, and took their arms, saying they were going to fight any attempt to arrest Sancha by the agent. This led to threatening demonstrations, and the next day Major Price and a few soldiers went to the reservation. The Indians, however, still acted in a hostile manner, declining to give up Sancha, and after holding a short council with Price they arranged for another the next day. That night, however, they broke up their camp, took their women and children, and went to the mountains. Three Indians were arrested by Maj. Price, and held as hostages for Sancha. General Pope notified the department that troops are in readiness to reinforce Price if he needs them. Dr. Thomas has requested Price to follow the Indians and, if they refuse to return to the reservation, to take measures to protect the settlers.

RICHMOND, Va.—Jeff. Davis addressed the Southern historical convention at White Sulphur Springs. In speaking of the late war he said: "We have been more cheated than conquered by the declarations of the Federal President, Congress and Generals, for there never could have been a surrender had we anticipated what followed, and we would, to-day, have been free." He still had hope of the South, because whatever man might be he never yet had seen reconstructed women, and while the men of this day are mightier than the principles for which they had struggled, he yet hoped the children who succeeded them would grow up to maintain and perpetuate them, and redeem all that we had lost. Davis' remarks contained no sentiment of hostility to the federal government.

NEW YORK, 19.—The demands of the Wisconsin papers, that senator Carpenter answer the charges lately made against him, of immoral conduct at a Long Branch hotel, are not likely to be responded to. The family of the lady have appealed to the paper originating the report to forbear further comment, and have made a demand of Carpenter that he shall take no further action in the matter. Carpenter has written a letter, in which he says that he was refused admittance only because the hotel was full. The proprietors, however, say that Thomas Murphy applied to them to write such a letter, but he refused. The husband of the lady is now at Long Branch collecting evidence, and he swears that he means to proceed against the senator or the newspapers, whichever is at fault. On application at the *Tribune* office, he is said to have been told that that paper was prepared to prove all it had said. The husband is a friend and protégé of the senator, who got him an appointment to some office. A great effort is being made to conceal the name of the lady, but it is known, although there is no disposition to make it public.

A Lima, Peru, letter states that on the 4th of July a party of American engineers, employed on the Arago Railroad, hoisted the stars and stripes knee deep in the snow, at the summit of the highest peak

of the Cordilleras traversed by the line, and the highest post ever honored by the United States flag. ST. PAUL, Minn.—The wheat harvest in all the southern part of the State, is about two thirds completed; the yield is from 20 to 25 bushels to the acre.

SAN FRANCISCO, 19.—Another nominating convention was organized last evening, called by the citizens of the independent party. They endorsed J. M. Macdonald, and nominated Caleb T. Fay for tax collector. This is nominating convention number seven. The democrats refused to accept the resignation of Frank McCoppin for State senator.

A morning paper says that the long pending trouble between the Raymond and Ely and Hermes mine was permanently settled yesterday, by the purchase of the Hermes by the former company for the sum of \$275,000.

About 7 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the rear of the Chicago brewery, the flames reaching a large two story frame building, and a dwelling house near the brewery. The brewery, owned by Noble & Co., was damaged about \$5000, covered by insurance. The dwelling house, occupied by Joseph Nille, was considerably damaged.

MOKELUMNE HILL, Cal., 18.—The stage running between here and Mokelumne was stopped by two masked men, this evening about half a mile from here, opposite the race track, and the passengers and driver robbed. The driver was relieved of \$1,000; W. H. Duryea, of Dutch Flat, of \$1,500 and gold watch; M. Davidson, of San Francisco, of \$50, a diamond ring and watch; H. Ray, of this place, of five dollars and a Chinaman of ten dollars. The robbers also broke open W. F. & Co.'s express box, but finding no treasure, destroyed most of the papers and letters. Officers are in hot pursuit.

NEW YORK, 19.—Geo. Rooke, who claims the middle weight championship of America, has published a challenge, offering to fight anybody in the United States, at one forty-eight pounds, for \$2,000 a side and the middle weight championship.

WASHINGTON, D. C., 19.—The work of collecting and interring the victims of the *Wawassett* disaster was completed yesterday. A cemetery was established on the bluff, overlooking the scene of the disaster, in which thirty-five bodies have been buried.

QUEBEC, 19.—A large fire broke out at seven o'clock this morning, and at this hour, three p.m., it is still raging. Drum's mill and cabinet factory is in ruins; loss \$160,000, insured \$27,000. Clint & Archer, lumber yards, and other property is destroyed. The fire is progressing rapidly. The water works are out of order and the wind strong.

ST. CATHARINE'S, Ont., 19.—Number ten express train, on the Great Western Railway, due here at 2:30 p.m., met with a serious accident at Merriton, by mistaking the lamps on the canal bridge, which was open to admit a passing vessel. The engine, tender and one baggage car fell into the chasm; the rest of the train, containing about two hundred passengers, stopping on the bridge. The engineer escaped by jumping into the canal, and although the fireman sank with the engine in 12 feet of water, he escaped. Fortunately the passenger cars stopped on the brink of the chasm, or the loss of life would have been fearful.

FOREIGN.

MADRID, 18.—There is no truth in the dispatch sent to the Carlist junta at Bayonne, reporting the capture of Berga by the insurgents. The attack was gallantly resisted by the Republicans, who, after a severe contest, defeated the insurgents and drove them from before the town.

The Carlist junta of Bayonne announces the receipt of a second dispatch, which says that by the fall of Berga the Carlists captured 1500 prisoners, a large number of cannon, and much ammunition.

A letter from Rome says the syndicate has posted up a notice prohibiting all persons under pretense of making pilgrimages, whether singly or in groups, from passing through the city. It is regarded as a fanaticism not to be encouraged, as a means used for keeping up political excitement, as well as detrimental to the public health, of allowing a great crowd to come together at Asstor or other similar

places, which, with the very imperfect means of accommodation, might be attended with as serious results as the Mussulman pilgrimages to Mecca, which have served to propagate the cholera and other maladies.

Several persons have been condemned to death by the tribunal of justice at Seville, for firing buildings by means of petroleum while that city was occupied by the insurgents. Many others, charged with the same crime, escaped, but a number of them have been arrested by the authorities in that country, and surrendered to the Spanish officers. The internationalists in Barcelona discourage the burning of factories by their companions, claiming that all such property will soon become their own.

BARCELONA, 18.—The Carlists are retreating from Berga.

LONDON, 18.—The English government has ordered the commander of the English fleet now stationed in Spanish waters, to demand of the insurgents the immediate delivery, to the Spanish government, of the frigates *Victoria* and *Almanza*, recently captured by them.

LONDON, 19.—The Prince of Wales presided, to-day, on the occasion of the formal opening of the New Breakwater, at Holywater.

Charles, Duke of Brunswick, is dead.

MADRID, 19.—The Carlists have destroyed the Samana viaduct, by exploding it with gunpowder.

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM TUESDAY'S DAILY, AUGUST 19.

THE KIRBY CASE.—Wm. Kirby, charged with shooting Thos. Williams, was brought into the Police Court this afternoon, but no investigation took place. The case will again be brought up at eleven o'clock to-morrow. The parties have agreed to waive an examination of witnesses further than the taking of the testimony of Williams' physician, on whose evidence the case will be submitted, without argument.

INGENIOUS.—Mr. Joseph Daynes is a bit of a mechanical genius. Some time since he did the entire carpenter work of a house belonging to his father, and that too in a very workmanlike manner, although the business was new to him. He has a small printing press and a quantity of type, with which he sets up small posters, for the benefit of the business of Daynes & Son.

MORTALITY.—We learn from Mr. Joseph E. Taylor that the total number of interments in this City for 1873, up to date, is 318. This number includes the remains brought from country places for burial in the cemetery of this city, as well as those of parties who died during the year within the city's corporate limits.

Last year, for the entire twelve months the number of deaths of residents of this city alone was 426, of which 63 occurred in the 20th Ward.

MORE SHOOTING.—We learned, about half past four o'clock, that a woman had just been making a target of her husband, sending a bullet through his coat, without wounding him, however. We are informed that the parties are Mr. and Mrs. White, and that the man is a stage driver. After she fired one shot the husband disarmed her. The affair occurred on Second South St., near Showell's stable.

ACCIDENT.—On Sunday morning an eight year old son of Mr. Joseph E. Taylor, City Sexton, was driving a mule, which had escaped into the street, back into the yard, when the animal kicked him on the side of the head, rendering him for a time insensible. He was picked up by Mrs. Bowring and carried into the house, 13th Ward, and medical aid was rendered him. We are glad to say that he has almost recovered, the injury being below the region of the brain.

REFL. VIV.—Suit was brought in Justice Clinton's Court to-day by H. P. Kimball, Crismon and T. Jenkins against Job Lawrence, to obtain the patent of a mine belonging to the complainants, which deed was held in possession by the defendant, and which he refused to give up until certain payments were made to him by the complainants. The decision of the Justice was that Mr. Lawrence hand over the patent to the complainants and that he be awarded damages to the amount of \$1.50.

A ROUGH CUSTOMER.—A stalwart Irish man who was partially intoxicated created considerable excitement among the female residents of the lower part of the city to-day by endeavoring to enter several houses, and cursing and swearing and making a general disturbance. Officer John Y. Smith went after him and arrested him. When the officer approached him he struck at Mr. Smith ferociously with the butt end of a blacksnake whip. The officer dodged the blow, and to protect himself was obliged to give him a tap on the head. In the attempt to take him to the City Hall he kicked, sprawled and fought for a distance of over three blocks, when assistance and a job wagon were procured and he was finally lodged safely in jail.

A NEW COUPLING.—Mr. W. J. Silver, civil engineer of this city, brought into our office this morning a model of an excellent method of coupling shafting, invented and patented by himself. His coupling consists of a central sleeve fitting tightly on the shafts, coned from both ends to the center, and cut through longitudinally on one side to allow of its being closed on the shaft by two thimbles, which are internally coned to fit on the ends of the sleeve. These

thimbles have a right hand and left hand thread respectively, which engage with a ring nut, so as to draw them together on the sleeve and thus grip the shaft. Two of these couplings have been in use for two years at Wilkinson & May's Woolen Factory, and have given perfect satisfaction.

The advantages of this coupling are that it is very simple, applicable to any shafting, and can be coupled and uncoupled with great facility, while it is amply effective.

FAST DRIVING.—There is altogether too much fast driving on the streets of this city, and it would be a good thing were it put a stop to. Probably the imposition of a few fines would have a salutary effect upon those who manifest criminal recklessness in this respect. The lives and limbs of children and of the aged and infirm are continually jeopardized on the street crossings from this cause, and it is really a wonder that more accidents have not occurred in consequence of reckless driving than have taken place. Anything that would stop furious driving and runaways would be a boon to the citizens generally.

With regard to runaways, if business firms generally would follow the example of Z. C. M. I. retail grocery department, in putting up a number of suitable posts in front of their premises, to which teams could be hitched, it would have a good preventive effect.

OGDEN.—We get the following from the *Junction* of yesterday:

Jem McLain, the fellow who is supposed to have committed the outrages at Lynne last week, was captured, at Kaysville, on Saturday.

A monte player was before Alderman Thomson on Saturday, for gambling and winning \$40 from a traveler from the west to Salt Lake. It was his second offense and he was fined \$100 and sentenced to be imprisoned for thirty days.

"Mr. John E. Bitten's son George, aged four years, at West Weber, this morning took hold of a horse's tail as it was going into the corral, when the animal kicked him between the eyes, cutting the nose clean through, severing it from side to side. He was brought to Ogden, when Dr. P. L. Anderson attended on him and had to take four stitches to draw the nose together."

THE MAYNARD GRANT SHOOTING AFFAIR.—This case was brought up in the Justice's Court at half past two o'clock to-day. Mr. Wm. A. Beale, a resident of San Francisco, was examined on the part of the defense, and the examination was then adjourned till to-morrow. He testified that he was sitting in front of the White House about 8 o'clock yesterday morning with a gentleman named Wallace. He saw the prisoner and a man named Scott talking. Scott said he was not armed. Witness did not hear all the parties said to each other. He heard a shot come from the direction of the door, but did not see who fired it. A man called "Big Ben" (the prisoner) fired a second shot, and he noticed that a man named Grant was shot. Could see where the bullet struck. Witness was up to the corner and returned to the spot where the shooting occurred, when he saw Grant holding his hand over his wound. Grant was then taken to the saloon of Scott & Grant. He did not see the latter have a pistol. Mr. Wallace was sitting between himself and the parties, and he therefore did not see all that occurred. Several other parties were standing around the place at the time.

MORE ABOUT WATER.—A citizen of the Eleventh Ward called at our office this morning and informed us that the residents of that part of the city were placed under much hardship on account of a scarcity of water to irrigate their lots. A prominent cause assigned for this was that a considerable tract of land in the vicinity of Camp Douglas was under cultivation and the Red Butte water was used to irrigate it. If these are the facts in the matter, we should judge that General Morrow, who bears the reputation of being a high-minded gentleman, would set this matter right as soon as it was brought to his attention. We are unwilling to believe that he would act with any degree of injustice in the matter, and it would certainly be an injustice for those who should only be here to protect the people, to deprive the old settlers of their water privileges to any extent whatever, further than was absolutely necessary. They have labored hard to obtain and secure those rights and should certainly enjoy the fruits of their hard labors. Believing therefore that the General will do what is right and just in the matter, we respectfully invite his attention to it, that it may be adjusted without delay, so that the people may not suffer loss from the scarcity of water, if it can be prevented.

HEBER CITY, U. T., Aug. 15th, 1873.

Editor Deseret News:

Mountain, the Indian mentioned in a communication of the 5th inst. from this place as having received the black-whipping, returned a few days since and demanded a beef to make a plaster for his wounded dignity, but after considerable bandying, was prevailed upon to see that coat would cover all the dignity he possessed. He availed himself of the occasion to deliver an oration, which in its intent and gesticulation would have, no doubt, daunted Cleero or Demosthenes. The tone of voice was musical only in the Indian sense of music. He averred that he had always been a staunch friend of the whites, had invariably exerted his influence on the side of peace, and now he accepted this trile of a coat for the great insult he had received only to prove to the whites that he was in favor of peace. "His heart was warm towards the whites, and he would submit to anything. If the great father wanted the land, he could take it; if he would only leave the hole that he must make in taking it away. The Indians would live in the hole and not quarrel about the land, as it was of but little use to them now, at best." But it appears that he has since been trying to blackmail other settlements on the strength of his trouble here. No attention should be paid to him only to tell him it has been once settled to his apparent satisfaction. N. A. ONE.

Chapped Hands and Face,

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