

GEN. MILES AND JEFFERSON DAVIS

Treatment of Latter at Fortress Monroe Recalled in The House.

HOW SOUTH REGARDS FORMER

John Sharp Williams Objects to Legislation Pointed at Ex-Lieutenant General.

Washington, Jan. 31.—The treatment by Gen. Nelson A. Miles of Jefferson Davis, president of the confederacy, during the time he was a prisoner at Fortress Monroe, Va., was recalled in the house today, when Mr. Williams (Miss.), the minority leader, tried to secure the adoption of the senate amendment to the house proposition regarding retired officers serving with the state militia.

Messrs. Hull (Ia.), and Hay (Va.), both members of the military affairs committee, endorsed the house amendment making it retroactive. The latter declared it was Democratic doctrine to save money, and for that reason called upon the Democrats to stand by the committee.

It was at this juncture that Mr. Williams arose and spoke of the action of Gen. Miles in placing shackles on the ankles of Jefferson Davis. He shared, he said, the opinion of southern men as to that, but he did not think it was the time, the place nor the way to get even.

Mr. Williams' motion to agree to the senate amendment, which does not make the law retroactive, failed. The bill was then sent to conference. A protracted debate arose over a motion by Mr. Williams, the majority leader, to accept, with a slight modification, the senate substitute for the house amendment relating to retired officers serving with militia regiments.

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Messrs. Hull and Hay opposed the senate amendment, the former disclaiming that it had special reference to Gen. Miles. He said that if Gen. Miles had died six months ago the amendment would have been offered just the same, but he regarded it as unfortunate that a man of such distinguished career can always manage to get himself in the forefront in the public opinion on that matter.

Mr. Williams, replying to both Messrs. Hull and Hay, said that he was not at all afraid of the covert attack on his Democracy. "I am not," he said, "afraid of my loyalty or fealty as a southerner. I dislike so much to stay under cover that we might as well come out. I share the feeling that southern men generally entertain regarding Gen. Miles' conduct when he put shackles on the ankles of Jefferson Davis, and I do not believe that I am alone in history to his credit nor that it will sound in history to the discredit of Mr. Davis that he was compelled to submit to it, old and helpless and sick as he was at the time.

"If this legislation had been pointed at anybody else than Gen. Miles, I would have taken the same course that I have taken, except that I would have taken it much more anxiously and much more warmly. I stand in the relationship to Jefferson Davis that some of my critics do not. First, he was a Mississippian and I am one. My grandfather was the senior captain of his regiment in the Mexican war and his favorite captain, and in the third place, he was my friend, as far as an old man can be a friend of a child or a boy. If you want to punish Gen. Miles or anybody else for what was done in those days, if history is to hold out its condemnation, all right. But this is not the time nor the place to get even. The people of the south don't punish in little ways like that."

The Williams amendment and motion were lost, 79 to 171. The other amendments were then non-concurred in and the bill sent to conference.

House Proceedings.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 31.—After adopting the conference report on the Philippines government bill, the house resumed consideration of the postoffice appropriation. As in the consideration of other appropriations, Mr. Littlefield (Me.) called attention to the vast sum called for by the postoffice bill, \$108,000,000. If, he said, appropriations were to be kept at their present size, there would be on July 1 a deficit of \$81,000,000. If the amounts were not to be reduced, they would have to be met by increased taxation.

Asserting that he was in favor of reducing the amount, Mr. Littlefield said that he would support the bill.

Mr. Platt (Conn.) presented a memorial from the Connecticut legislature asking that his colleague, Senator Joseph H. Hawley, be placed on the retired list of the army on account of his record during the Civil war.

During the early hours of the session there were several echoes of the president's message of yesterday calling attention to abuses under the corporation laws of the District of Columbia. In addition to a bill intended to correct the existing evil, which was introduced by Senator Platt (Conn.), the senate passed a bill intended to restrict the number of new corporations and removing the temptation to excessive capitalization. This it is proposed to do by requiring the payment of a fee of 40 cents on every thousand dollars of capital stock of new corporations.

While this bill was under consideration Mr. Bacon made inquiry as to whether it was intended to cure the evils relating to local corporations which had been pointed out by the president, and Mr. Gallinger replied that it would have a beneficial effect in regulating corporations organized in the future, but would not in any way regulate existing corporations. He added that some of the lawyers of the senate were giving attention to the problem as it relates to present corporations.

WHY DOCTORS FAIL AND MRS. PINKHAM SUCCEEDS

Plain Reasons Are Here Given to Explain Why Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cures When Doctors Are Powerless

A woman is sick; some disease peculiar to her sex is fast developing in her system. She goes to her family physician and tells him a story, but not the whole story. She holds something back, loses her head, becomes agitated, forgets what she wants to say, and finally conceals what she ought to have told, and thus completely mystifies the doctor.

Is it any wonder, therefore, that the doctors fail to cure the disease? Still we cannot blame the woman, for it is very embarrassing to detail some of the symptoms of her suffering, even to her family physician.

It was for this reason that years ago Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., determined to step in and help her sex. Having had considerable experience in treating female ills with her Vegetable Compound, she encouraged the women of America to write to her for advice in regard to their complaints, and being a woman, it was easy for her ally sisters to pour into her ears every detail of their suffering.

In this way she was able to do for them what the physicians were unable to do, simply because she had the proper information to work upon, and from the little group of women who sought her advice years ago a great army of her fellow-beings are to-day constantly applying for advice and relief. And the fact that many thousands of them have been cured by following the advice of Mrs. Pinkham during the last year is indicative of the grand results which are produced by her unequalled experience and training.

No physician in the world has had such a training, or has such an amount of information at hand to assist in the treatment of all kinds of female ills, from the simplest local irritation to the most complicated womb diseases.

This, therefore, is the reason why Mrs. Pinkham, in her laboratory at Lynn, Mass., is able to do more for the ailing women of America than the family physician. Any woman, therefore, who is suffering from any ailment which will not take the trouble to write to Mrs. Pinkham for advice.

The testimonials which we are constantly publishing from grateful women establish beyond a doubt the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to conquer female diseases.

In the matter of appropriations, Mr. Payne (N. Y.), of the majority, said that Mr. Littlefield had drawn too strong a picture of the possible state of the treasury on July 1 next, because it had been shown that the revenues during the last two or three months had been increasing.

Mr. Payne would not commit himself, in replying to questions by Messrs. Minor (Wis.) and Gallinger (Ia.), as to whether the house would pass a public building bill and a river and harbor bill, but said that the present session would be brought to a close with appropriations for the next fiscal year would be within the government income.

Mr. Randall (Pa.) delivered a long argument in support of a proposed amendment to the bill granting the right of privilege to state or territorial departments of education on matters addressed to any school or school official.

The report of the majority and two minority reports were filed in the house today from the committee on interstate and foreign commerce on the subject of rate legislation. The majority report supports the combination bill, which was reported by the committee yesterday.

Four members of the minority give their views in support of the Davey bill, agreed on at the recent Democratic caucus, and Representative Shackles (Tenn.) urged the bill, united on a report demanding extended legislation on the subject.

The majority report reviews the present interstate commerce law and explains the necessity for the provisions of the bill reported yesterday.

Washington, Jan. 31.—The senate today continued the consideration of the joint statehood bill, with Mr. Nelson as the principal speaker. A number of bills were passed, including one increasing the fee for incorporating stock companies in the District of Columbia.

Mr. Platt (Conn.) presented a memorial from the Connecticut legislature asking that his colleague, Senator Joseph H. Hawley, be placed on the retired list of the army on account of his record during the Civil war.

During the early hours of the session there were several echoes of the president's message of yesterday calling attention to abuses under the corporation laws of the District of Columbia. In addition to a bill intended to correct the existing evil, which was introduced by Senator Platt (Conn.), the senate passed a bill intended to restrict the number of new corporations and removing the temptation to excessive capitalization. This it is proposed to do by requiring the payment of a fee of 40 cents on every thousand dollars of capital stock of new corporations.

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Following this colloquy, Mr. Platt introduced his bill, and on motion of Mr. Gallinger it was referred to the judiciary committee. The reference to the president's message was changed from the committee on District of Columbia to the judiciary committee. On present day the measure Mr. Platt said that it did not entirely suit his own views of the remedy.

THE REAL CAUSE.

The Ancient Scalp-Fever Theory Exploded.

At one time dandruff was attributed to the result of a feverish condition of the scalp, which threw off the dried cuticle in scales. Prof. Unna, Hamburg, Germany, noted authority on skin diseases, exploded this theory and says that dandruff is a germ disease.

This germ is really responsible for the dandruff and for so many bald heads. It can be cured if it is gone about in the right way. The right way, of course, and the only way, is to kill the germ. Newbro's Herpicide does this, and permits the hair to grow luxuriantly, just as nature intended it should grow.

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. Z. C. M. I. Drug Co., Special Agents.

REFORMS IN RUSSIA WILL BE CARRIED OUT

St. Petersburg, Jan. 31.—The following statement was issued this evening: "The conference of the committee of ministers on the reforms proposed in the imperial decree of Dec. 25 was concluded on Jan. 9 and the order in which the proposed reforms shall be carried out were announced on Jan. 10. The committee deemed it necessary to consider each measure separately, and it was subsequently proposed that individual ministers should draw up plans for their execution of reforms affecting their respective departments, or that special conferences, to be attended by delegates of institutions and officials, by local representatives should be held under the presidency of the emperor."

"The committee further deemed it necessary to request the emperor to submit certain questions to the consideration of local committees. As to questions which may be decided through legislative channels, the committee resolved to hold a provisional discussion which would serve to bring harmony out of the different views prevailing with regard to the conflicting points of the various questions. The council of ministers will retain power to veto the final decisions."

"Having agreed upon these methods of discussion the committee concluded that it would be advisable to ascertain the views of the chiefs of the different government departments and other non-ministerialists. It was also resolved that an imperial ukase should be issued giving the emperor's assent and steps assuring realization of the reform schemes should be taken."

"The committee is of the opinion that success will be rendered sure by the publication of its decisions, which will be confirmed by the emperor."

"The decisions already were sanctioned by his majesty on Jan. 22."

To Lower Water Levels.

Sacramento, Jan. 31.—By a vote of 56 to 4, the assembly today passed the senate bill authorizing the federal government to lower the water levels of Klamath, Tule, Rhet, Goose and Clear lakes in Siskiyou and Modoc counties and ceding to the federal government the beds of these rivers in connection with irrigation and reclamation work.

Philip McIntyre Pleads Guilty.

New York, Jan. 31.—Philip McIntyre of Nashville, Tenn., today pleaded guilty to a charge of passing a fraudulent check on the Citizens National bank of Norfolk, Va., when arraigned in the federal court here by U. S. attorney Charles W. Pennington.

PROSPECTORS FIND CAVE.

It Shows Evidence of a Prehistoric Race. Reno, Nev., Jan. 31.—William Andrus and William Jones, two prospectors, returned to Reno tonight with reports of the discovery of another strange cave in the southwestern portion of Nevada. The cave has been explored to a depth of 200 feet and shows evidence of a prehistoric race. The cave is situated on the line of the new San Pedro road near Caliente. It shows signs of habitation.

Between the myriad stalactites that hang from the walls, hieroglyphics have been found. Old stone signs showing signs of use have also been discovered. The men say that they have discovered mineral wealth in the cave. Assays made of these lumps in connection with gold, silver and other metals. Efforts will be made to explore the innermost caverns.

Idaho Legislature.

Boise, Idaho, Jan. 31.—The house today voting a dissenting vote passed the senate measure known as the state depository bill, which carries out a recommendation of Governor Good.

Idaho Women's Club Federation. Boise, Idaho, Jan. 31.—The Idaho State Federation of Women's clubs was organized here today by delegates representing 18 clubs, having a membership of 1,200. Mrs. W. D. Starned of Percelle was chosen as president and Mrs. R. L. Nourse of Halley as general secretary.

Investigate Kansas Corporations.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 31.—The Kansas senate today adopted the Nottger resolution providing for an investigation of all the corporations doing business in Kansas. This includes the packers, Standard Oil company and others. If any of the corporations are found to be operating in violation of the provisions of the bill-trust law, legal proceedings will be brought at once.

Speaker W. R. Stubbs of the house of representatives, announces himself as favorable to the investigation, wishing that special attention be given the Standard Oil company. He said tonight: "This state should no longer endure the tyranny of the Standard Oil Co. monopoly or any other trust or combine which operates for the detriment of the people of the state. I cite the Standard Oil company as an example of this monopoly."

TEA

The power of advertising isn't one per cent of what it would be if it wouldn't print lies.

Your gross returns your money if you don't like Kichling's lies.

EX-GOV. PEABODY RESTS HIS CASE.

Today Gov. Adams Will Begin Offering Testimony in His Own Behalf.

Denver, Jan. 31.—With the testimony of Chairman Fred A. Williams of the Republican city committee given before the legislative gubernatorial contest committee, attorneys for former Gov. Peabody rested their case tonight, and tomorrow Gov. Adams will begin offering evidence in his own behalf.

SCHEMING FOR GOVERNORSHIP.

Contestor Wants 109 Denver Precincts Thrown Out—Reports on Outside Precincts.

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From a statement made by Chairman Williams while on the stand, in response to a question by Atty. Ward, who has conducted the examination of witnesses for the contestor, Peabody, it is gathered that the latter will ask the committee to throw out the entire vote in 109 Denver precincts, counting only the ballots cast in the remaining 95 precincts.

According to Chairman Williams' statement, this would give Peabody a plurality of 6,410 in Denver, deducting Adams' plurality of 5,673 outside of Denver. Peabody will have a total of 77 more votes than Adams.

While not authoritatively announced, it is generally understood that Peabody will ask the committee to recommend that he be seated upon the showing made by the foregoing figures.

A feature of the brief cross-examination of Chairman Williams was the unequivocal statement that the local public utility corporations had contributed nothing toward the Republican campaign fund, and that a residence of the amount of money had been given to the Republican committee by Peabody's attorneys.

Five precincts outside of Denver were reported on by the handwriting experts in the Adams-Peabody gubernatorial contest this afternoon.

The experts testified that out of 1,211 ballots, 960 of which were marked for Adams and 251 for Peabody, they found 270 Democratic and 2 Republican ballots written in the handwriting of Peabody.

Seven of the ballots cast in Adams county precinct 49 miles from Denver were in the same handwriting as that which was not presented in the Denver boxes, according to a statement of one of the experts.

After the committee took a recess, State Senator William H. Adams, brother of Gov. Adams and a resident of Alamosa, where the experts testified there were 210 fraudulent ballots out of a total of 821 cast in two precincts, declared that in these precincts there are between 120 and 130 Mexican voters, most of whom were assisted by an interpreter to prepare their ballots. This point will be brought out when the Democratic side is heard, according to Senator Adams.

Peter Miller, Democratic election judge, was found guilty of making false certificates at the November election in the county criminal court tonight. Sentence was deferred by Judge Johnson. The penalty is from one to three years in the penitentiary. It was at the polling place in Miller's precinct that the lights were extinguished during the counting of the ballots, and testimony showed that bogus ballots were substituted for the real ones taken from the box.

Can't Interfere for Gorky.

Rome, Jan. 31.—Foreign Minister Tittoni has informed Deputy Countess Borghese, the Russian author, now under arrest, that he cannot take any steps toward suggesting to Russia the release of Gorky.

Countess Writes Poems.

Berlin, Jan. 31.—A Leipzig publisher announces a volume of poems by Countess Borghese. It will contain numerous occasional poems written during the period when the countess was crown princess of Saxony, and also some of her later compositions, all in fac similes with a photograph signature.

Sanitary Work in Cuban Cities.

Havana, Jan. 31.—The governmental sanitary work recently authorized by the Cuban congress in the principal cities, is being inaugurated under the personal supervision of the secretary of public works.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.



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HOARSE COUGHS STUFFY COLDS QUICKLY CURED BY

Foley's Honey and Tar

There is no case on record of a cold resulting in Pneumonia, or other serious lung trouble, after Foley's Honey and Tar had been taken.

It will cure the most obstinate racking cough, and heals and strengthens the lungs.

Foley's Honey and Tar has cured many cases of Incipient Consumption and even in the last stages will always give comfort and relief.

Foley's Honey and Tar gives quick relief to Asthma sufferers, as it relieves the difficult breathing at once.

Remember the name—Foley's Honey and Tar—and refuse substitutes that cost you the same as the genuine. Do not take chances with some unknown preparation.

Cured of Terrible Cough on Lungs.

N. Jackson of Danville, Ill., writes: "My daughter had a severe attack of La Grippe and a terrible cough on her lungs. We tried a great many remedies without relief. She was cured by Foley's Honey and Tar, which cured her. She has never been troubled with a cough since."

Consumption Cured.

Foley & Co., Chicago, Dana, Ind. Gentlemen:—Foley's Honey and Tar cured me of Consumption after I had suffered two years and was almost desperate. Three physicians failed to give me any relief and the last one said he could do me no good. I tried almost every medicine. I heard tell of without benefit, until Foley's Honey and Tar was recommended to me. Its effect right from the start was magical. I improved steadily from the first dose and am now sound and well, and think Foley's Honey and Tar is a God-send to people with Throat and Lung Trouble. Yours very truly, MRS. MARY AMBROSE.

Three sizes—25c, 50c, \$1.00. The 50 cent size contains two and one-half times as much as the small size and the \$1.00 bottle almost six times as much.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY F. J. HILL DRUG CO.

INDIGESTION

Leads to Chronic Dyspepsia and Catarrh of the Stomach.

HOW IS YOUR DIGESTION? Kodol Dyspepsia Cure Digests What You Eat, Sweetens the Stomach and Enables the Digestive Organs to Feed the Body.

(Unsolicited Correspondence.) Spencer, Ia.—Have had Dyspepsia for twenty years. My case was almost hopeless. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure was recommended and I used a few bottles of it and it is the only thing that has relieved me. Would not be without it. Have doctored with local physicians and also at Chicago, and even went to Norway with hopes of getting some relief, but Kodol is the only remedy that has done me any good, and I heartily recommend it. Geo. A. Thompson.

Taylorville, N. C.—It affords me pleasure to bear testimony to the most excellent merit of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have used it in my practice with the most satisfactory results and recommend it as one of the finest digestants known to the profession. Every person suffering with Dyspepsia or Indigestion should use it. O. L. Hollar, M.D.

Crookston, Minn.—I have used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure for a period of nine months, using in all four bottles, and I can say that it has cured me from Dyspepsia completely, and I recommend it highly. J. O. Sether, Traveling Salesman.

Allenville, Mich.—I suffered Heartburn and Stomach trouble for some time. My sister-in-law has had the same trouble and was not able to eat for six weeks. She lived entirely on warm water. After taking two bottles of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure she was entirely cured. She now eats heartily and is in good health. I am glad to say that a dose of Kodol always gives me instant relief. J. D. Erskine.

New Britain, Conn.—Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is giving such universal satisfaction and is so surely becoming the Positive relief and subsequent cure for this most distressing ailment. I feel that I am always sure to satisfy and gratify my customers by recommending it to them. I write this to show how well the remedy is spoken of here. S. P. Storrs, Druggist, 297 Main St.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is prepared at the laboratory of E. C. De Witt & Co., Chicago, and is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

"ASK FOR 1905 KODOL ALMANAC AND 200 YEAR CALENDAR."

ESTABLISHED 1864. J. Auerbach & Co. ONE PRICE TO ALL. NEVER UNDERSOLD.

Now For the First Run On The New Percales

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200 Pieces of THE BEST YARD WIDE PUNJAB AND LION PERCALES. Styles that you will admire—fast in color—genuine French printings on white, navy blue, cadet blue, red or black—wrapper styles, waist styles, shirting styles, dress styles, apron styles—sold all over America at 15c; ON SALE HERE Tomorrow at

12 1/2c per yard.

\$17.50 SEWING MACHINES \$17.50

Worth three times what we ask for them, and are offered at this price simply because we are closing out the line. Nothing the matter with them; first class in every respect; guaranteed. But we are closing the line out and want to move them.

WILL SHIP ON APPROVAL.

We carry a complete stock of music and musical instruments.

Young Bros. Company,

23 W. First South St. West of Utah National Bank.

Through Standard Sleeper daily, Salt Lake to Chicago. Also through Tourist Cars. Lands you at the new LaSalle Street Station in the morning.

Best Dining Car Service.

Intimate to us you expect to take a trip. We'll do the rest.

We have superior service to Florida and Southeastern points.

If you are interested in Oklahoma, we can give you valuable information.

Write, or phone 245. We will come and see you. 100 West Second South street.

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The Great Majestic Range

IS THE HOUSE-WIFE'S HELPMATE.

Superb in baking and cooking qualities, economical in maintenance. It's presence in the kitchen is a joy forever.

Another housewife's helpmate is the Boss Washing Machine.

The Salt Lake Hardware Co. EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE - 42,70, 52, W. 2nd St. S. T.

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