

## AT OGDEN.

## Highwaymen Getting in Their Work.—Other Items.

Yesterday Mr. Ben Bennett, a brakeman on the Southern Pacific road, had the first and second fingers of his right hand badly crushed. He was engaged in coupling D. & R. G. cars when the accident occurred. Dr. Driver was called to attend the wound. The first finger is so badly lacerated that amputation will be necessary.

Charles Toothaker, an old resident of White Pine, and well-known in Northern Idaho and Montana, left Cherry Creek about the middle of February for Granite, Montana, since which time nothing has been heard from him, though diligent inquiries have been made. He went out by the way of Wells. His friends fear something wrong has happened to him, and would be pleased if Coast papers would copy this. Any information concerning Mr. Toothaker will be gratefully received by Sol. Hlip, Taylor, Nevada.

Yesterday as Charles Wright, Esq., was on his way down Ogden Canyon, he came near having a serious accident. When near the lower bridge, where the men are at work on the Ogden Short Line, his horse, which was attached to a light buggy, became frightened either by rolling rocks or by a blast, and backed the outfit into the river. Luckily, neither Mr. Wright nor his son, who was with him, was hurt, but the shafts of the buggy were broken, and the gentlemen were badly shaken up. It will be necessary to establish some regulations that workmen and travelers must heed, or serious trouble will happen in the canyon hereafter.

On Tuesday night some evil-disposed person entered the Central school grounds and pulled up a whole bed of flowers growing in the lawn in front of the school rooms. There are not words strong enough to condemn the vandalism committed by this unprincipled hoodlum. That there should be a person so lost to right as to do such a malicious act is a surprise to respectable people. Some days ago the same person, evidently, broke one or two of the evergreens on the ground. Not satisfied with this, the act of Tuesday was accomplished to cap the climax of malicious meanness. The vandal should be hunted down and punished with the full penalty of the law. The trustees offer a reward of \$25 for information that will lead to the discovery of the person or persons who committed the act, and it is to be hoped that with the aid of the police the scoundrel will be brought to justice.

On Wednesday morning, at 12:30, Chas. Miller was robbed by two tramps on the corner of Wall and Sixth streets. He was hit on the head, over the eye, with a blunt instrument, knocked down, and \$17 in cash taken from him. As some person came along, his groans were heard, and he was taken to a Fifth Street boarding house kept by Mrs. Rachael Lewis. The police officers took the unfortunate man to the City Hall, where he was lodged over night. Yesterday afternoon a man was arrested on suspicion of being the robber, but as Miller could not identify him, having been rather drunk when the assault occurred, the man was released. Miller says that he had taken a drink in a saloon, and that two men, who saw his money, followed him, committing the robbery as above stated. On the same morning an unknown man was passing an alleyway on Fifth Street. He was called aside and struck over the head, receiving a skinned left cheek and a fearfully bruised nose from some person. While he was down the robber took \$40 from him and decamped.—Ogden Standard, June 28.

## THE TWO EMPERORS.

## Frederick the Third and the Present Occupant of the Throne.

The history of monarchs may be searched in vain for a more pathetic case than that of the Emperor Frederick.

After a lifetime of preparation to fit himself to rule, he ascended the throne with the seal of death upon him. As a soldier he had fought with signal bravery and ability for his people, and for their good he had been an earnest student of statesmanship. He was more than a prince, and when he succeeded to the imperial dignity he became more than a mere King and Emperor. Though afflicted with constant physical suffering, from which it was evident there could be but one release, he directed the full strength of his noble individuality to the discharge of the responsibilities of his position.

It was no more perfunctory work of office that he undertook, but the correction of grave abuses and the introduction of liberalizing measures. This is distinctly marked by the Prussian Cabinet resignations. Frederick insisted upon unbiased elections. Previously there had been governmental pressure brought to bear on them. What plans, before his accession, he had cogitated for his country's welfare may not be known. Their character can be inferred, however, from the reforms that he inaugurated and the concessions that he seemed disposed to make.

It is a great misfortune for Germany that she should be doomed to lose such a ruler at such a time. The wheels of political progress are turned backward by the bereavement, and the people are powerless to prevent it.

While it would be premature to form a definite judgment of the new Emperor as a monarch, it is well understood that he is of a different type from his father, and the difference is not in his favor. His tendencies are towards militarism and absolutism. Emperor William II, is a young man of entirely Prussian and military training and views. He is a Hohenzollern of the early Hohenzollern type—a yunker (aristocrat) in all that the word implies. He has no place at all in the hearts of the South Germans, and, it may be added, not a great one in the hearts of the Prussians; who, with all their admiration of military matters, have a just appreciation of the fitness of things, and have seen with pain the young bothead's opposition to his father when the latter was still Crown Prince. If the Prussian's could express their wishes freely, they would hail with gladness the successorship of his brother, Prince Henry, who is destined to be the future admiral of the German navy, and is a youth of excellent and amiable character and exceedingly popular.

The new Emperor's unfilial conduct during the latter years of his father's life became a matter of disgraceful publicity. It is undoubtedly the fact that he has sought to assume the powers of rulership with unbecoming haste. Assuming that his father's disease was an incurable one, he made every preparation to oust him from his rights, and has all along shown lack of respect and affection for his princely parents. His arrogant attitude of late even disgusted all but the most rabid of the Prussian military party. It is said that a sad scene occurred at the Villa Zirio, at San Remo, just before the death of Kaiser Wilhelm, between him and his father, when the latter reproached him in terms of great dignity and energy on account of his ungrateful and unfilial conduct. "You, you," the Crown Prince is reported to have said, "You are, perhaps, the only one who appears to be convinced of my speedy death, and you have dared to speak and to act as if I were already irretrievably lost. You have given an example of an ambition most merciless and undignified. But thereby you have lost much of the confidence of the court and of the people." The same evening, the report further says, at dinner, when Prince William lifted his glass and said: "I hope for your speedy and complete convalescence," the Crown Prince said: "Do you speak the truth?" The Prince was silent; his mother and the Princesses were in tears.

The narrative of this scene was subsequently taken to Kaiser Wilhelm in Berlin, who, it is said, was deeply grieved and at once took measures to check the young man's preparations for the assumption of power. It had already been decreed that in case of Kaiser Wilhelm's serious incapacity, the young prince should represent him at the official ceremonies. Apartments had in consequence been prepared for him in the old palace at Berlin, whither he was to remove from his palace at Potsdam, but this arrangement was immediately postponed by the old and just Emperor.

In appearance the new Emperor is anything but heroic. Though really thirty he has the look of a young man of twenty-five. He is physically somewhat deformed, his left arm being withered since his birth and entirely useless, a defect which he always tries to conceal. He is moreover afflicted with abscesses in the interior of the ears, which it is feared may ultimately develop into inflammation of the brain, a disease of which the late King Frederick William II died. In disposition he is brusque, and often displays an overbearing temper.

In 1881 he married a daughter of the late Duke of Augustenburg, a princess not of royal blood, and by her has a family of four boys, the oldest of whom was born in January, 1882. His married life is reported to be the reverse of happy, as his wife, who is neither beautiful nor captivating, has become soured and embittered by his notoriously frequent infidelities.

And last, but not least Emperor William II is an outspoken enemy to the Jewish race—and now the anti-Semitic party in Germany, with Court Chaplain Stoecker at their head, will flourish.

It is a heavy loss, that the good "Fritz" is no more. DR. ISAACSON. June 23, 1888.

## ST. JOHN'S STAKE CONFERENCE.

The quarterly conference of the St. John's Stake of Zion convened at Bush Valley, near Alpine, on June 9 and 10. Present on the stand: The local presidency, Bishops of most of the wards, and one visitor from southern Utah.

Reports from the various wards show the prospect for crops better than ever before.

The Saints are generally feeling well and good health generally prevails. Some of the wards are rather short of breadstuffs to last till harvest.

Every ward needs strength in the way of some good solid settlers who are willing to labor to establish themselves in homes of their own.

Our conference was held in the "tops of the mountains" in verdant, the "bowery" being built near a small but beautiful spring in the "pine woods." A good representation was present from every ward but one. The instruction consisted of spiritual food and practical suggestions.

Our next conference will be held at Union Ward. S. D. MOORE, Stake Clerk.

## FROM THE SCOTCH CAPITAL.

## An Interesting Letter from Our Regular Correspondent.

EDINBURGH, June 9, 1888.

## Editor Deseret News:

The condition of the mother country is becoming worse, instead of better. The daily papers are teeming with

## ACCOUNTS OF WARS

internal and external. This week's intelligence informs us that she is actively engaged in subduing the seditious spirits in Zululand, Burmah, Sikkim and Thibet. The Zulus under Dinizulu (2,000 strong) are determined to oppose the restoration of Usibepus. The soldiers have had several skirmishes already, but had to retreat for reinforcement. The papers state that several were killed and wounded. The Thibetans have raised an army of 2,300 and are opposing the English in Thibet. There has been one or two engagements, in which several hundred have been killed and wounded. They have built a strong fort near the Jalep Pass, within a few yards of the road, and large numbers of soldiers are constantly coming in. Trouble of a serious nature is anticipated and the English are preparing for a night attack.

In Burmah the spirit of war is also extant. Mr. Powell, an English officer, has been murdered, and several of the local magistrates have met with the same fate. The Shaws, from Upper Chindwin, have taken and destroyed several villages, and engaged the soldiers and police in a hand to hand fight, in which the Shaws lost 49 men and 100 wounded. The English loss being eight killed and 15 wounded.

## TITHE DISTURBANCES.

Such is the condition of these countries under England's dominion, and her domestic affairs are no better. There has been a little war in Wales over the tithe question. A few days back the agents of the ecclesiastical commission left Llanfairtalbaw for Llanannan, accompanied by emergency men, police, and a detachment of the 9th Lancers, to enforce the collection of tithes. A large crowd collected but no hostile demonstrations were evinced. The cottage occupied by the constable that acted as the agents' guide was wrecked. A tithe distraint took place at High Laver Grange near Essex the other day. A farmer by the name of Dunning, was owing to the Rev. R. M. Rodwell, £50 for tithes, and which Dunning refused to pay unless he got a reduction of 10 per cent, which his reverend would not accede to. Mr. Rodwell then distrainted a stack of wheat and beans. An indignation meeting was held at which resolutions were proposed protesting against the unjust working of the tithe commutation act.

## IRELAND SNUBBED.

London for the present is having a gay time of it. Three different exhibitions are open—the Italian, Anglo-Danish and the Irish. The papers speak highly of them all, the Irish receiving special encomiums. There was one very remarkable circumstance that happened at the opening of these exhibitions that has elicited some criticism. The royal family figured very prominently at the opening of the Anglo-Danish Exhibition, and the interest they took in it excited the comment of visitors. But the opening of the Irish exhibition was treated with contempt, not one member of the royalty putting in an appearance. This is causing much comment, and the conclusion is, that the royal family have an inherited contempt for Ireland. Since 1849 the Queen has not visited Ireland, but spent her time in England and on the continent. No wonder, then, the people of Ireland are becoming alienated. They are snubbed on every hand, belied at every quarter, and their true spirit and purpose hidden under a bushel.

## RELIGIOUS QUANDARY.

The general assembly of the Established Church of Scotland has come to a close. One of the topics discussed at the session was how to get the poorer classes to attend church. Many reasons were given why the masses did not come to the Kirk, such as drink, poverty and overwork. But the more vital causes in my opinion, are: The people cannot dress sufficiently well to attend church, nor can they rent pews, and those who can rent them, object to any others using them but themselves, and the rich will not worship with the poor now-a-days. The ministers need the Savior to come amongst them and to tell them "to sell all they have and give it to the poor." Then will be seen a general response to the invitation to come and "buy wine and milk without money and without price."

Let the collection be done away with, and the pew rents, and the fat salaries of the ministers, and a different order of things will exist. There will not be 25 per cent of the people living in one-roomed houses, neither would there be so much spiritual apathy. Another question was raised in regard to opening the churches during the week for private prayer, like the Roman Catholic, but nothing definite was decided.

## ATHEISTICAL TENDENCY.

The world is fast becoming non-religious, and Atheism is finding an entrance into many hearts. The people today are commencing to reason as the Epicureans and Academics did in Christ's day. The former maintained that "the world arose from chance; that the soul was mortal; that pleasure was the ultimate end of man, and that

virtue was neither worthy of esteem or choice." The latter asserted the impossibility of arriving at truth, and held it uncertain. Just so today, the world is distracted about religion, not for the lack of it but at its amount, and are concluding it is no use trying, for everything is uncertain; the Bible can not be depended upon; the ministers are all at variance as to its meaning; and God must either have ceased to exist, or He never existed, for we never hear anything from him. Pleasure is all that is thought of, and, in fact, it is all they have got left to help to sweeten life's rugged path.

These people are

## LOOKING FOR A CHANGE

and soon may it come, when the poor man will be on a level with his "laird," and a different economy be established on the earth. When darkness, as a cloud, will be lifted off the world, and the light of truth shine from the earth's centre to its circumference. JOCK.

CHIEF JUSTICE ZANE's term of office as head of the Supreme Bench of Utah commenced on July 5, 1884. On Wednesday next, therefore, his term expires, and as the administration is now of the opposite political party to that to which Judge Zane belongs, a democrat may be looked for to succeed him at an early day.

## DEATHS.

HARRINGTON.—In this city at 5 p.m., June 29, 1888, of cholera infantum, Leonora Taylor, daughter of Daniel and Leonora Taylor Harrington; born August 11, 1887.

SMITH.—At the residence of his daughter, at Oakley, Idaho, June 20th, 1888, Charles Smith.

Deceased was born at Stroud, Gloucestershire, England, Sept. 29, 1820; was baptized in May, 1849, and emigrated from Stintbury, Buckinghamshire, in May, 1882. He died firm in the faith and with the hope of a glorious resurrection.—[Com.]

SNOW.—In the Fifth ward of this city, June 29, 1888, of Jaundice, Emma wife of George B. Snow, aged 38 years and 19 days.

COLEMAN.—In Salt Lake City, June 15th, 1888, of strangulated hernia, Geo. Coleman, of Big Cottonwood; aged 73 years, 6 months and 10 days.

Deceased was born at Sherrington, Buckinghamshire, England; embraced the Gospel in 1844, and emigrated to Utah in the year 1861. He was a consistent and faithful Latter-day Saint, and leaves a wife, four sons, three daughters, thirty-five grand children and four great-grand children to mourn his loss.—[Com.]

Millennial Star please copy.

HALVERSON.—At Hyrum City, Cache County, Utah, of general debility, at 5 a.m., June 25, A. D. 1888, Martha Maria Halverson, aged 66 years.

Deceased was born in Christiania, Norway, May 17, 1822, and embraced the Gospel September 2, 1851.—Logan Journal.

LUTZ.—In the Second Ward, Rexburg, June 18, 1888, Sister C. S. Lutz, wife of Frank Lutz, after a sickness of three weeks, leaving a husband and six children to mourn her loss, the youngest being only three weeks old, besides a host of friends. She died in full fellowship.

NUTT.—In Leicester, April 21, 1888, of typhus fever, Charles Parker Nutt, aged 47 years. He was baptized January 29, 1833, by Elder John A. Sutton, and set apart as President of the Leicester Branch on May 12, 1885, which position he filled with honor up to the time of his death. He leaves a wife and eight children.—Millennial Star.

OLSEN.—At Moroni, June 12th, Peter Olsen, Sen.; born August 17, 1821, in Denmark. Deceased emigrated to Utah in 1857, and was a member of the Baptist Church. He was a counselor to Bishop John W. Irons at his death and was a faithful Latter-day Saint.—[Com.]

RIGGS.—At Zenos, Maricopa Co., June 19; aged 4 years, 1 month and 3 days; son of Wm. T. and C. A. Riggs.

MILLET.—At the same place on the same day, Hyrum G. Millet, son of Anna and Eunice Millet; age 10 years, 5 months and 20 days. He leaves a widowed mother, loving aunt, five brothers and four sisters to mourn his loss. His father, Anna Millet, died in Mexico a martyr.

CLARK.—In Sugar House Ward, Salt Lake County, June 27, 1888, of teething, Cyrus Noble Clark, son of Lorenzo S. and Mary W. Clark; aged 1 year, 4 months and 23 days.

ROSE.—In this City, June 25, 1888, of cholera infantum, Maud Lucille, daughter of W. W. Jr. and Emma E. Rose, aged 6 months and 6 days.

PLATT.—At St. John, Arizona, June 8, 1898, of cystic tumor of the brain, Henry J. Platt.

Deceased leaves a wife, four children and his parents to mourn his loss.

## BRACE UP.

You are feeling depressed, your appetite is poor, you are bothered with Headache, you are fidgety, nervous, and generally out of sorts, and want to brace up. Brace up, but not with stimulants, spring medicines, or bitters, which have for their basis very cheap, bad whisky, and which stimulate you for an hour, and then leave you in worse condition than before. What you want is an alternative that will purify your blood, start healthy action of Liver and Kidneys, restore your vitality, and give renewed health and strength. Such a medicine you will find in Electric Bitters, and only 50 cents a bottle at A. C. Smith's Drug Store. (3)

The 'Exposition Universelle de l'art Culinare' awarded the highest honors to Augustura Bitters as the most efficacious stimulant to excite the appetite and to keep the digestive organs in good order. Ask for the genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons, and beware of imitations.

## Their Business Booming.

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at A. C. Smith & Co.'s Drug Store as their giving away to their customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, and lung diseases quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free, large size \$1. Every bottle warranted. (3)

In 1850 "Brown's Bronchial Troches" were introduced, and their success as a cure for Colds, Coughs, Asthma and Bronchitis has been unparalleled.

## DOCTORS' BILLS.

Nearly all diseases originate from inaction of the liver, and this is especially the case with chills and fever, intermittent fevers and malarial diseases. To save doctors' bills and ward off disease take Simmons' Liver Regulator, a medicine that increases in popularity every year, and has become the most popular and best endorsed medicine in the market for the cure of liver or bowel diseases.—Telegraph, Dubuque, Iowa.

## STRAYED!

ABOUT MAY 20, A BAY HORSE, WITH four white feet, one nostril slit, one front foot smaller than the other, branded on hip CH. Return to Taylor, Romney, Armstrong Co. and be rewarded. d6 s4 w2

## STRAYED.

FROM KAMAS, SUMMIT CO., JUNE 23, a dark bay Mare, 3 years old, branded 3 P a fresh brand, on left hip, a blotch brand resembling G C on left shoulder, has a Mare Colt with her. Information as to where she may be found will be rewarded. WM. J. PACE. d6 s4 w2 Kamas, Summit Co., Utah.

## ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION: One bay HORSE, about 9 years old branded L on left thigh, pin striped and collar-marked. If not claimed within ten days, will be sold on the 7th day of July, at 2 o'clock p.m., at my corral, to the highest cash bidder. T. W. CROPPER. Precinct Poundkeeper. Deseret, June 27, 1888.

## ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION: One buckskin HORSE, blind in left eye, branded on left shoulder C C, same on left thigh, shod with plates. If damage and costs on said animal be not paid within fifteen days from date of this notice, he will be sold to the highest cash bidder at Midway, Wasatch Co., at 10 o'clock a.m. on the 11th day of July, 1888. Dated at Midway Precinct, Wasatch Co., Utah, this 27th day of June, 1888. G. H. BUNNEL, Poundkeeper of said Precinct.

## ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION: One bay work HORSE, about 5 or 6 years old, branded B on left thigh, and white appears to be J with half circle over it on right thigh. Which, if not claimed before Wednesday, July 11th, at 7 o'clock p.m., will be sold to the highest cash bidder. J. M. FISHER, JR. Precinct Poundkeeper. East Mill Creek, S. L. Co., June 28, 1888.

## ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION: One red brockle-faced HEIFER, bush of tail white, white under belly, 3 or 4 years old, under-slope off left ear, branded MN combined on left hip. If damage and costs on said animal be not paid within 15 days from date of this notice, it will be sold to the highest cash bidder, at Castle Dale estray pound, at 2 o'clock p.m. on the 10th day of July, 1888. Dated at Castle Dale Precinct, Utah, this 25th day of June, 1888. JOHN Y. JENSEN, Poundkeeper.

## LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate of Thomas Boam, deceased.

Notice of time and place for the hearing of Petition for admission to Probate of Will.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF SAID Court in said matter, notice is hereby given that Thursday, the 19th day of July, A. D. 1888, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the County Court House in Salt Lake City, Utah, Territory, in the court room of said court, has been appointed the time and place for the hearing of a petition of Thomas G. Boam praying for the admission to probate of a certain document therewith presented, purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Thomas Boam, deceased, when and where all persons interested may appear and oppose the probate of said will, or the granting of letters testamentary to Thomas G. Boam, William Boam and Elizabeth Boam, as prayed for in said petition. Dated at Salt Lake City, June 15th, 1888. JOHN C. CUTLER, Probate Clerk, Salt Lake Co.