TELEGRAPHIC.

CAPITAL NEWS.

The Outrages Connected with the Cherokee Strip Opening.

COST OF DEPORTING CHINAMEN.

The New Tariff Bill.—Night Sessions.—Miss Sickles's Charges False.—The Congress Record.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The House committee on public lands held a special meeting today to hear Hudson, Populist, of Kansas, upon the resolutions introduced asking the committee to investigate charges against the civil and military authorities for alleged outrages in opening the Cherokee outlet. Hudson said he knew, from reliable authority that outrages were allowed to exist at the lands from the east side, thus getting an advantage over other intending settlers. He asserted he did not believe the interior department was in any way responsible for the troubles, but certain men were responsible, and it was due to the department that an investigation be had. He read newspaper articles charging that registry receipts were sold and purchased with the knowledge and connivance of the officials.

After further testimony of a general character the committee decided to meet Monday to consider the question as to whether or not an investigation was necessary.

THE EXPENSIVE GEARY LAW.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—The secretary of the treasury sent to the Senate a revised estimate of the cost of deportation of the Chinese now in the United States in accordance with the provisions of the Geary law. The statement is supplementary to that of September 12th, and increases the estimate of the total appropriation necessary from $5,000,000 to $10,335,000. A portion of this increase, $1,200,000, is due to the fact that the steamship companies have increased the rates for transportation of Chinese from San Francisco to Hong Kong from $35 to $45.

NO REPORT ON SUGAR.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—The Democratic members of the ways and means committee acknowledge that some difficulties are now being reached. The framework of the bill before the majority is understood to be a draft submitted by Secretary Carlisle. It is understood that it is definitely determined that the sugar bounty will be repealed. A proposition is made to place half a cent a pound on raw sugar, or take off the same rate from refined sugar.

It is generally believed by the Democratic members, not only of the committee, but of the House, that an increase on the internal revenue taxes is part of the administration plan.

NIGHT SESSIONS POSTPONED.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—The attempt to secure night sessions of the Senate is now postponed until next Wednesday. If Voorhees fails in his effort, or fails in retaining a quorum, the Senate will be in a better mood for coming to an understanding. A greater part of the talk of compromise is still on the line of Faulkner's amendment, with a bond provision added. There is, however, a new proposition, looking to a continuation of the Sherman act for a definite time, two or three years, but the suggestion is not met with general favor on either side.

PAINT, NOT BLOOD.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—In a report to the commissioner of Indian affairs, Professor Putnam, in charge of the ethnological exhibit at the World's Fair, denounces as falsehoods the charges made by Miss Sickles, that brutal and cruel exhibitions of the Indian sundances were given at the Fair. There has been no representation of the Indian sundance, and there has not been a single Indian belonging to the United States who has taken part in any exhibition except the Navajoes, who have been quietly sitting in a hut weaving and making silver work.

Indians from Vancouver Island, who are entirely outside the jurisdiction of the United States, have given exhibitions, performing ceremonial songs and dances. One ceremony consists in juggling, when the Indians pretend to cut themselves with knives and appear to become covered with blood. These chiefs have little tubes filled with red paint. This paint is forced out when the tubes are pressed against the body, and this gives the appearance of blood.

IN CONGRESS.

Proceedings in the Senate and House Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—In the Senate today Blackburn of Kentucky presented an amendment to the bill repealing the silver purchasing clause of the act of 1890. It differs from Voorhees' amendment, leaving the bill as it passed the House, and then provides for the free coinage of silver at American mintages.

Allen (Pop.) of Nebraska offered a resolution, which went over, calling for information as to whether the government, since March, 1874, had borrowed any money.

The resolution heretofore offered by Peffer (Pop.) of Kansas, for a select committee to inquire what legislation is necessary to improve the banking system of the country, was then taken up, and Stewart of Nevada spoke upon it.

McPherson moved a reference of the resolution to the committee on finance. He it was referred by a vote of 35 yeas to 8 nays.

The resolution offered some days since by Morgan of Alabama, instructing the committee on the judiciary to report whether any provisions of the coinage act of 1857 were in force, was laid before the senate and agreed to.

The repeal bill was taken up, and McPherson (Dem.) of New Jersey gave notice that he would address the senate upon the bill Monday.

Call of Florida resumed his speech against the bill, begun Wednesday. Call made a lengthy argument in advocacy of the amendment suggested by him, requiring all silver bullion in the treasury to be coined into dollars, half dollars and quarters at the existing ratio of 16 to 1.

Teller (Rep.) of Colorado then took the floor on the repeal bill, resuming his speech in opposition, begun some time ago.

Teller yielded for executive session, after which the Senate adjourned.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6. — In the House, after the transaction of routine business, Hatch of Missouri resumed the floor to complete his speech in opposition to the Tucker bill.

Hicks of Pennsylvania opposed the bill, and Brookshire of Indiana supported the measure.

Ray of New York opposed the bill, English of New Jersey supported the bill.

Amos Cummings of New York followed.

Talbert (Populist) of South Carolina obtained a hearing by stating that the president in most of his life is that I was a conscienceless soldier. Our struggle has been always the "lost cause"—it may have been lost but it was the cause of liberty. If some are not willing to give liberty to us, we are willing to fight again. We will give the black men their rights, but this is a white man's country and white men must and shall rule."

At 4:45 p. m. the House adjourned.

THE GULF HORROR.

Additional Details of Death and Suffering.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 6.—The aftermath of the great storm continues to pour in, bringing additional details of death, suffering and destruction. On Cheniere Caminada it reached the climax of horror. It contained one town, Caminadeville, about 1800 people, the majority fishermen. On Sunday evening there were 1200 dwellings within its limits. Today twenty-five only remain standing, and of these not one is untouched. Not a leaf remains upon the luxuriant shade trees. Gardens and growing fields were blotted from the face of the landscape.

The grief-stricken survivors came and went silently, stopped to mutter a few words of condolence. It is no unusual thing to see two ragged fishermen embrace each other in tears. Fathers and mothers are burying sons and daughters, and vice versa. As many as ten people are placed in one grave. Hundreds of bodies are still unburied.

In the house of L. Terrebonne the grave-diggers found his body and those of his wife and six children. In the rear of the island hundreds of little mounds mark the resting places of those who were killed in the terrible storm.

Hundreds of bodies have been found since Monday, and they were buried without a prayer.

AN APPEAL FOR AID.

The New Orleans Board of Trade today telegraphed to the leading boards of the country, telling the terrible disaster and the fact that the survivors are left penniless and in dire distress. "The people of Louisiana will bury the dead and feed the starving, but appeal to the general public to assist in contributions which will enable thousands of deserving people to again follow their avocations and support their families." Subscriptions of every character will be thankfully received and distributed by the executive committee of the Board of Trade, acting jointly with committees of other commercial bodies.

An Arkansas Cyclone.

CAMDEN, Ark., Oct. 6.—News reached the city today that last night a cyclone passed over a section of Union county. The reports are meager. A cabin is known to be demolished and the inmates crushed to death.

ROSS AND OLNEY.

The Attorney General Charged with Ignorance of Law.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 6.—A few days ago Attorney General Olney published a letter in the New York Times calling Federal Judge Ross because of his decision in Chinese deportation cases. Judge Ross, in answer to Olney, quotes a portion of the attorney general's letter, in which he assigns as the reason for the failure to provide funds for the execution of the deportation clause of the Geary act to the sale of the marshal's accounts, and then quotes Olney's telegram to the district attorney, in which he says he has been advised by the secretary of the treasury that there are no funds to carry out the provisions of the act.

Judge Ross calls attention to the inconsistency of these statements, and continues:

"Your letter to me of September 29 proceeds: 'You say in your telegram you are administering the provisions of section 13 of the act of September 13, 1888 (25 United States, 476). That act was to take effect on the ratification of a treaty then pending between the United States and China, mentioned in the first section of the act. The treaty was never ratified, and I do not therefore understand that section 13 of the act referred to is in force or can constitute the foundation of any legal proceeding.'

Ross says: "It is very strange that you should be ignorant that section 13 of the act of September 13, 1888, is and, existing law, since it has been so held to be by numerous courts, the opinions of which are duly reported in the *Federal Reporter*."

Judge Ross refers the attorney general to a number of decisions in the *Federal Reporter*, and says: "You will perceive that the law had this section in it the act of October 1, 1888, was not dependent upon the ratification of the then pending treaty between the United States and the emperor of China, and that, according to law, you might suppose an attorney general before undertaking to disregard an order made by a United States judge, would inform himself in respect to the law under which such order was made, especially when decisions upon the subject were had.

"The rule to be in this business you are following the footsteps of your immediate predecessor, Attorney General Miller, in the Ilata case, and have made yourself ridiculous. In that case he distinguished himself in the same way by so grossly mistaking the facts and my decision as to lead the then President, General Harrison, into similar misstatements in so important a paper as a message to Congress.

"In the case of the Chinamen, you have, upon your own showing, wilfully misinformed the President and other officers charged with the execution of the law, and through statements given to the press held up my decision as being without authority of law. I shall, therefore, feel no hesitancy in making public this response to your letter of September 29th, which was addressed to me in your official capacity. Respectfully,

STEPHEN M. ROSS,
United States District Judge."

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

The Brazilian Insurgents Demand the Surrender of Peixoto.

Anniversary of Parnell's Death.—Fighting in Alsace.—Bismarck Goes to Friedrichsruhe.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The *Herald's* Montevideo dispatch says information reached here late last night that Admiral Mello, has ordered Peixoto to surrender the city. Peixoto refuses to yield. Advices have assumed a serious aspect, not only in Rio Janeiro but also in Rio Grande do Sul, where the insurgents are now ex, tense.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—A cablegram from Rio received today by the exchange telegraph says at 5 p. m. the time the ultimatum was sent, the bombardment was not resumed. It also states the city is in a state of tranquility and order prevails, in spite of the excesses committed by the Brazilian troops are without foundation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—In response to a telegram of inquiry, Captain Hickling, commander of the cruiser Charleston, now at Rio de Janeiro, informed the navy department that there is a fleet of ten foreign war vessels in the harbor, exclusive of the Charleston. This information is regarded as important, as it shows the strength of the foreign fleet, and its possible effectiveness in case an emergency makes it necessary to intervene between the contending factions for the protection of foreign interests.

The Spaniards and Moors.

MADRID, Oct. 6.—The Spanish fleet now engaged in maneuvers off Palos Pola will make Algiceras its base of operations should events at Melilla require its services. Advices have been received that the agents of the Sultan are pressing the Arab chiefs to desist from hostilities. In consequence some tribes are returning home.

In Honor of Parnell.

CORK, Oct. 6.—The front of the Independent Nationalist Clubhouse was draped in mourning today in honor of the anniversary of Parnell. Prominently displayed were the words: "Done to death October 6, 1891." The hands pointed dead matches.

The War in Africa.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 6.—A dispatch from the front says the Matabele attacked a patrol of Bechuanaland police last Saturday. The attack was repulsed. After a short skirmish the Matabeles fled to the bush. The affair drew little importance from the fact that it was directed against the imperial forces, which are protecting Chief Khama, who also influences that King, although intends to attack Tati and the country under government control. The police will be strongly reinforced by Khama's warriors, and some severe fighting is anticipated.

An official communication is received, saying it is decided that a force of imperial troops are to occupy Tatiland as a station. Volunteers, well armed and mounted, are flocking from all parts of the colony to form Victoria, Tatiland and Tati, and news of a encounter between the Matabeles and colonists is expected at any moment. The colonists are few in number though well armed, but they will find it no easy matter to cope with the Matabele warriors. The population of Matibele is about 500,000, and every male of age is a soldier.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—This evening it was announced that Marquis Ripon, secretary of state for the colonies, had sent a dispatch notifying the officials to consider the affair at Shwa to be a hostile act against Great Britain, which justified a declaration of war against King Lobengula at Matabele land. The announcement created the greatest excitement at the clubs, hotels and theaters, where Kipling's "Fuzzy little war" was being eagerly discussed tonight.

Bismarck Removed.

BERLIN, Oct. 6.—The Hamburg-Berlin Correspondents today says Prince Bismarck will arrive at Friedrichsruhe tomorrow night.

Lucania's Record.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The new Cunarder, Lucania, dropped anchor at Quarantine at 10:55 o'clock tonight, beating the previous record held by the City of Paris, by 55 minutes. She time made the run in the phenomenal time of five days, thirteen hours and twenty-five minutes.

The Gold Reserve.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Several days ago the treasury department noted interest checks aggregating in value about $1,800,000, to pay interest on the public debt, which had matured. The effect of their payment is already being felt in the reduction of the gold reserve, which today stands at $95,826,000.

Disastrous Shipwreck.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Oct. 6.—The most disastrous shipwreck in several years on the Washington coast, attended with loss of life, occurred three miles north of Quillayute river at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, when the Chilean bark Leamer of Valparaiso went ashore and was totally wrecked. Captain Meyer, wife and four seamen were drowned.

Bald Heads!

Skookum Root Hair Grower

THE SKOOKUM ROOT HAIR GROWER CO., 37 South 5th Ave., New York, N. Y.

Only 1 Day More.

In Which to Take Advantage of Drs. Mansfield and Bissell's Grand Offer of Free Treatment and Free Medicines for Two Weeks.

An Overwhelming Response Was Made During Last Week, and a Greater One is Expected During the Remaining 1 Day.

The people are grateful. They express their gratitude. They are grateful for being able to find the skill of the Drs. Mansfield and Bissell, who are recognized specialists, and who, without a cutting blade or a cut for the knife, cure the worst cases of piles, fistula and rectal diseases of every description. They are grateful to the Drs. Mansfield and Bissell for their kindness and generosity in giving to the people of this city, or any other place, free of charge, the treatment and medicine which they have been using in their own practice for years, and which have cured hundreds of the worst cases of piles, fistula and other rectal diseases.

The Drs. Mansfield & Bissell's free medicines offer chance on Oct. 6, 7 & 8 only. All who signed before last week are entitled to free treatment. Free treatment and medicine for one week will be commenced. If anyone is entitled to free treatment and medicine of their physicians, and who knows they may be suffering with or at least long a chronic

CATARRH SINCE A BABY

Was the condition of Miss Craig of Denver, Colorado. She writes a personal letter to Dr. Mansfield and Associates:

"Friends should watch their children closely, and when they see their little ones sick, they have stopped up, feverish from a cold, should at once be given Dr. Mansfield's Catarrh Remedy. Catarrh is a loathsome disease, and if you do not know it, you soon will, if your children are sneezing, coughing and spitting, they should get at once to a specialist and save the trouble ahead for at once.

MISS MINNIE CRAIG.
Scott st. bet. 7th and 8th streets, Highlands.

"I am seventeen years old and have been afflicted with catarrh since I was two or three years old. Nothing of Mother's care I have done, however, relieved me, and I was fearful I would lose sight. Through the right free distribution made by Drs. Mansfield and Associates, I was induced to try their medicine and treatment. Before I had used one bottle of Catarrh Remedy, I was able to breathe through my nose, which I had not done for years. I have kept on using the Catarrh Remedy and treatment, and I am happy to say that my catarrh is cured, and I feel free from it. Without further testimony, I hope this testimony may be of service to others who are suffering from catarrh or other chronic diseases."

MINNIE CRAIG.
May 1, 1893.

One Day More of Free Treatment and Free Medicine. Apply Before Oct. 9.

Their Credentials.

Dr. T. B. Mansfield is a graduate of the Ohio Medical College, Cincinnati, one of the oldest and most reputable institutions of the kind in the country. He has had the most favorable opportunities for the treatment of these diseases, and is recognized over the western continent as an authority of prominent medical colleges, medical societies and medical journals. He is a member of the Ohio State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, medical society of the State of Utah, and the Medical Society of the State of Nevada, and has contributed many medical articles to the medical journals.

Dr. J. A. Bissell is a graduate of the Cincinnati College of Medicine and Surgery, Cincinnati College of Medicine and Surgery, a medical department of the Ohio State University, and a member of the Medical Society of the State of Utah, and the Medical Society of the State of Nevada, and has contributed many medical articles to the medical journals.

Dr. Mansfield and Bissell are permanently located in Salt Lake City. Permanency, first reputation and Salt Lake the basis of every business house.

The Salt Lake Chapter for our institute is not some temporary concern, and stands without any parallel in the West. Our institute is the successor of Drs. Mansfield and Bissell, for years in reputation equal to its name. The

Zion Medical Institute

Located permanently at Rooms 202, 203, 204, Deseret (P.O.) Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

T. B. Mansfield, M.D.
J. A. Bissell, M.D.
Consulting Physicians.

Specialties: All diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, and Chronic Diseases.

Office hours—9 to 12 a.m., 1 to 4 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m. Sundays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

To Conference Folks,

While in the city, bear in mind that the old original "Residental" is still at the old stand, 10 E. First South, and that a complete line of cutlery will always be to your taste as usual. Our brands of Wines, Liquors, Cordials, Teas, Coffees and Cigars are the finest in the land. Family supplies to order.

H. GRAWER, Manager.

SALT LAKE GRAIN CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

HAY GRAIN GROUND FIELD SEEDS

52 West First South Street. Telephone 417. Salt Lake City.

UNION PACIFIC SYSTEM.

Special Rates to Salt Lake City for Sixty-fourth Semi-Annual Conference.

OCTOBER 6TH TO 8TH, 1893.

For the Sixty-fourth Semi-annual Conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, October 6 to 8th, the following rates are authorized for the sale of round trip tickets to Salt Lake City, via the Union Pacific:

FROM		RATE
Laramie	Wyoming	$22 75
Rock Creek	"	21 50
Medicine Bow	"	20 25
Arlington	"	19 00
Hanna	"	17 50
Wamsutter	"	15 50
Bitter Creek	"	14 00
Point of Rocks	"	11 00
Rock Springs	"	9 75
Green River	"	8 50
Granger	"	7 50
Carter	"	5 00
Peatrose	"	3 50
Willard	"	2 50
Evanston	"	4 00
Almy	"	3 50
Wahsatch	Utah	2 50
Castle Rock	"	2 75
Park City	"	2 75
Wanship	"	2 50
Coalville	"	2 50
Echo	"	2 50
Weber	"	2 50
Devereux	"	2 25
Uintah	"	1 50
Ogden	"	1 00
Hooper	"	1 50
Corinne Junction	"	1 50
Layton	"	50
Kaysville	"	50
Farmington	"	50
Lake Shore	"	50
Centerville	"	25
Woods Cross	"	25
Simpkins	"	25
Terminus	"	1 50
Toole	"	1 50
Orr	"	1 50
Halfway House	"	1 50
Lake Point	"	50
Gerhart	"	75
Sulphur Junction	"	75
Chambers	"	50
Jordan	"	25
J. Bennett	"	25
Gardes City	"	25
Burns View	"	25
Opal	Wyoming	7 50
Peach	"	7 50
Hawk's Park	"	7 50
Cokeville	"	7 50
Fossil	Idaho	7 50
Sulphur Springs	"	7 50
Bancroft	"	7 50
Montpelier Falls	"	7 50
Montpelier	"	7 50
Kimama	"	10 00
Minidoka	"	10 00
Declo	"	12 50
Burley	"	12 50
Rupert	"	12 50
Scovel Canyon	"	12 50
Cassia	"	11 45
Marsh Creek	"	11 25
Twin Falls	"	11 00
Blackfoot	"	8 50
Pocatello	"	7 00
McCammon	"	5 75
Downey	"	5 75
Garrett	"	5 25
Oxford	"	4 25
Cambridge	Ter. Line	4 25
Preston	Idaho	4 25
Franklin	"	4 25
Richmond	Utah	4 25
Smithfield	"	4 10
Logan	"	3 50
Hyde Park	"	3 50
Cache Junction	"	3 25
Calvin	"	2 50
Wellsville	"	2 50
Mendon	"	2 50
Dewey	"	2 50
Honeyville	"	2 25
Brigham	"	2 00
Willard	"	1 50
Hot Springs	"	1 50
Portageville	"	1 50
Fritz	"	1 50
Milford	"	1 50
Double Hook	"	1 50
Black Rock	"	1 50
Oasis	"	1 50
Lemmington	"	1 50
Hinckley	"	1 50
Nagle	"	1 50
Blake	"	1 50
Deseret	"	1 50
Rockwell	"	1 50
Delta	"	1 50
Delphia	"	1 50
Sparks Park	"	1 50
Leland	"	1 50
Fagen	"	1 50
Lake View	"	1 50
Fairfield	"	1 50
Cedar Fort	"	1 50
American Fork	"	1 50
Lehi	"	1 50
Lehi Junction	"	1 50
Dragon	"	1 50
Sandy	"	50
Midvale	"	50
Bingham	"	50
Leventhal's	"	50
Bertrande	"	50
Fort Douglas	"	50
Preston	"	2 50
Treaston	"	2 50
Silver City	"	2 50
Malad City	"	2 50
Dayton	"	2 50
Black Valley	"	2 50
Samaria	"	2 50
Cedar Fort	"	1 50

SELLING DATES.

From points north and east of Ogden and south of Payson, October 4th to 6th, inclusive, good for return until October 10th; and from all other points, including S. L. & W. and Utah & Nevada branches, October 5th to 8th, inclusive, good for return until October 12th, 1893.

SPECIAL TRAIN SERVICE.

In addition to regular trains, special trains will run as follows:

FROM CACHE VALLEY POINTS, Oct. 5th, 6th and 7th, leaving Preston at 2:30 p.m., passing Logan at 3:32, Cache Junction at 4:11, Brigham 5:14, Willard 5:29, Hot Springs 5:40, Harrisville 5:52, arrive Salt Lake 7:00 p.m.

On Oct. 6th, 7th and 8th, returning special will leave Salt Lake at 7:00 a.m., arrive Preston at 1:00 p.m.

FROM OGDEN, Oct. 6th, 7th and 8th, leaving at 6:35 a.m., passing Hooper at 6:45, Syracuse Junction 6:45, Layton 6:52, Kaysville 6:55, Farmington 7:00, Centerville 7:11, Woods Cross 7:15, arrive Salt Lake 7:30 a.m.

Returning special will leave Salt Lake at 5:00 p.m. and arrive Ogden at 6:40.

FROM JUAB, Oct. 6th, 7th and 8th, leaving Juab 5:30 a.m., passing Nampitch 6:53, Payson 7:05, Spanish Fork 7:25, Springville 7:35, Provo 7:45, American Fork 8:17, Lehi 8:24, Draper 8:34, Sandy 8:45, Junction 8:50, Lowes cable 8:56, Gerrards 8:58, Fivemile 9:05, arrive Salt Lake at 9:10 a.m.

Returning special will leave Salt Lake at 5 p.m.

FROM TERMINUS Oct. 6th, 7th and 8th. Leaving Terminus at 5 a.m., Central Tooele 5:17, Zdex 5:25, arrive Salt Lake 9:30 a.m.

Returning special will leave Salt Lake at 5 p.m.

D. E. BURLEY,
Gen'l Agt. Pass. Dept.

An Important Letter from New York to Mr. FYLER, of Walker Bros. & Fyler Co.

New York, September 27, 1893.

Dear Mr. Fyler,

We have not had the pleasure of selling you any Cloaks this fall. So suppose you are like many other large buyers in the Free Silver States, crying hard times and waiting to see if the country is going to the dogs. Well, it is not, old boy. Although it had a close call, I must admit. But times are much better now, and the great cry from now on will be confined to the Ladies. That will be for CLOAKS and must be gratified. Here is an opportunity for you to do it Easy, Cheaply and Successfully. Our two leading salesmen, who make the large cities only, will return here Saturday after a ten days' trip, and we shall sell their Samples, consisting of 250 NEW, ELEGANT and STYLISH SUITS, JACKETS, CAPES, Etc., upon their return. Now we are more than anxious to do some business with you this season, therefore we offer you the entire lot at our Lowest Prices, Less 50 per cent. off. This is the GREATEST BARGAIN in CLOAKS offered this season. One of our principal reasons for offering this Sacrifice Price is on account of confining our line to B. Altman & Co., as we are not permitted to sell anything in New York. Now, Fyler, telegraph us at once on receipt of this. If you accept the offer, will express them to you Monday p.m. at latest.

Yours truly,

J. W. ARGENBRIGHT, with
SAMUEL OPPENHEIM & CO.

A Telegram to Samuel Oppenheim & Co.,
80 GREENE ST., NEW YORK.

Express Monday the 250 Cloaks, Capes, Etc., as per letter Sept. 24.

WALKER BROS. & FYLER CO.

AN OPEN LETTER

To the Ladies of Salt Lake City and Vicinity, from WALKER BROS. & FYLER CO.

Dear Ladies:

Having accepted by telegram the remarkable offer of 250 Elegant, Stylish Suits, Jackets, Capes, etc., at 50 cents on the dollar from one of the largest and most popular Cloak firms in New York, who sell B. Altman alone our a quarter of a million dollars worth of Garments a year, we shall on Monday, Oct. 9th, offer the entire lot, together with our 250 more New Garments at the Lowest Prices ever heard of west of New York and Chicago. Don't buy a Cloak, Cape, or Suit until after you see this grand Stock and low prices. Remember the weather is warm and you can comfortably wait one week. But to those who cannot wait we have decided to Cut and Slaughter the prices on our present stock to Cut and Lose than Cut in order to make room for our mammoth New Stock.

See the display of Cloaks and Suits in our large front show window. Be sure and read our next Sunday's advertisement in the different papers.

Walker Bros. & Fyler Co.

GOLDSMITH & CO.

Prices Cut in Every Department

For Conference Week will work wonders to every department of our business in selling merchandise. This week we expect a tremendous week's business. We have a right to expect it.

Our Colossal Bargains TEMPT and the Cold Weather - - - - COMPELS a Change of Apparel. - - - -

Our Stock was never so Great—so diversified—and never in the history of the world were such gigantic bargains placed within the people's reach so early in the season.

HERE ARE THE GREATEST VALUES ON THE GLOBE TODAY!

All Wool $25 Suits,

Embracing all the latest fashionable fabrics and the most approved fashion and shapes, now going at $15.00.

All Wool $18 and $20 Suits,

And there are thousands to select from, now going at $13.50.

All Wool $12 and $13.50 Suits,

Enough in stock an ordinary sized store, now cut to the insignificant sum of $9.00.

HERE ARE VALUES IN

Boys' and Children's Clothing

ABSOLUTELY UNTOUCHABLE!

ALL OUR CHILDREN'S $5.00, $6.00 and $7.00 SUITS with Knee Pants, ages 4 to 14, including all the fashionable shades, now going at $3.75.

ALL OUR CHILDREN'S $8.00 and $10 SUITS, ages 4 to 14, single and double breasted, now going at $5.00.

ALL OUR CHILDREN'S $12 and $13.50 SUITS, strong, well sewed and wear-resisting, now going at $6.75.

UNDERWEAR

IS THE TOPIC OF THE DAY.

12 Cases of heavy cotton silk lacing, good value, at 75c a garment.

12 Cases of heavy cotton, finely charmed, worth 50c. Take them at 37½c.

A lot of Nelle Canon's celebrated Underwear in Australian wool, a cue brown shade, and last season at $1.50, now they go at $1.00.

A great assortment of Nelle Canon's finest wool Underwear, finely knit, for which dealers pay $18.00 a dozen, our price $12.00.

Goldsmith & Company

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.