

## THE FIRST JURY TRIAL IN SAMOA

Jury Promptly Brought in a Verdict of "Not Proven."

## OVER SMUGGLED WHISKY.

Much Dissatisfaction Over Non-Payment of Lands Sold the Government.

Tutuila, Samoa, Oct. 2.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—A trial by jury for the first time in Samoa took place in Tutuila during the last month. A United States citizen was arrested for bringing ashore from the mail steamer a bottle of whisky contrary to the commandant's regulations. The accused claimed a trial by jury, and a jury list was made up of citizens of the United States naval station, Tutuila. The jury brought in the old Scotch verdict of "not proven."

The whites and natives who had sold lands to the government for public purposes are now sending in claims for damages for loss in removing buildings from the lands and for exhuming the bodies of the deceased ancestors of many generations in order to give the government possession. There is great dissatisfaction expressed by all for the non-payment of the sums agreed upon. Dr. Self, the imperial German governor of German Samoa, will leave for Germany in a month's time to attend the imperial parliament because of their refusal to employ union men.

Upon receipt of the news of the assassination of President McKinley sorrow was general throughout Tutuila and it extended to the German possessions.

## New Industrial Combination.

New York, Oct. 15.—The Journal and Advertiser says: A new industrial combination which is to consolidate the armor plate manufacture of this country, enter into the building of merchant and warships for the world's trade, and take over the large and growing export trade of the United States steel corporation, is about to be organized by J. P. Morgan and his allies. The article then says that while no official details are obtainable the project will not only consolidate many details of the steel and fuel business of the country now separated, but also serve to bring into closer relationship these interests and the growing export interests controlled by the Vanderbilts and the Pennsylvania railroad. These interests are also to be closely allied with, if not made a unit with large interests of like character abroad and the new company is to be called the Anglo-American Steel company. The Journal and Advertiser article also says that E. H. Gray of the United States Steel corporation with a said) be president of the new concern.

## Russian Sugar Bounty Cases.

New York, Oct. 15.—Att'y. E. A. Bigelow will go to Baltimore today and file his appeal from the decision against the importers of Russian sugar. The United States circuit court for the district of Maryland, in the case of Robert E. Downs against the United States, one of the Russian sugar bounty cases, Mr. Bigelow has just received a copy of Judge Morris' opinion, in which the judge sustains the opinion of the board of general appraisers. Mr. Bigelow will at once file his appeal from this decision and he expects to get it argued before the United States circuit court of appeals at Richmond, Va., at the November term. He said in an interview that the report that the American Sugar Refining company had counsel at the argument before Judge Morris was an error. Mr. Bigelow also says that it is the best sugar interests which are opposing the admission of Russian sugar.

## German Bank Failures.

New York, Oct. 15.—The Vienna correspondent of the Times says the rapid succession of failure of important banks in Germany during the last few months has unfavorably affected the business of Austria. The correspondent proposed new German customs tariff threatens to be fatal to the Austrian export trade of Germany, and may cause Austria-Hungary to resort to energetic reprisals against Germany. The present commercial and industrial position of Austria-Hungary, says the correspondent, is more unsatisfactory than for years past. The Austrian premier, Dr. Koerber, replying to the outcry for a remedy, has announced that every effort will be made to meet the industrial requirements. A ministerial conference is to be held in a few days.

## Health of Sailors in Philippines.

Washington, Oct. 15.—Surgeon-General of the Navy Van Rye, in his annual report, says that the large proportion of our naval force which has been employed in the waters in the Philippine islands during the past fiscal year has been notably free from epidemic diseases, and that with the exception of Cavite fever, the diseases with which patients have been admitted to the Cavite hospital have been those that would have occurred in any southern climate. Admiral Van Rye proposes to change the location of the hospital at Cavite to Cananac, at a cost of \$25,000.

## To Unite Transport Labor Interests.

London, Oct. 15.—A meeting of the council of the International Transport Workers' federation was held yesterday in London. Delegates from various parts of Europe were present. A letter was read from the International Allied Mechanics' association of the United States.

## Ringed Noises

In the ears (how disagreeable they are!) become chronic and cause much uneasiness, and even temporary distraction.

They are signs of catarrh; other signs are droppings in the throat, nasal sounds of the voice, impaired taste, smell and hearing.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease, originating in impure blood, and requires a constitutional remedy.

"I suffered from catarrh in the head and loss of appetite and sleep. My blood was thin and I felt bad all over most of the time. I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla and now have no symptoms of catarrh, have a good appetite, and sleep well. I heartily recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to all my friends." R. LONO, California Junction, Iowa.

"I was troubled with catarrh for over twenty years and tried various remedies without finding a cure. Seeing statements of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla I resolved to try it and four bottles entirely cured me. I have never been troubled with catarrh since, and, at the age of 74 years, am enjoying excellent health." WILLIAM SHERMAN, 1090 6th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures catarrh of the nose, throat, bowels, etc., removes all its effects, and builds up the whole system.

the goods of the Davis Sewing Machine company, and the Computing Scales company because of their refusal to employ union men.

It was resolved to comply with this request if necessary by a strike. It was also arranged that Benjamin Pugh, secretary of the Dock, Wharf, Riverside and General Workers' union of Great Britain and Ireland should be fully empowered at the American labor convention to negotiate a working agreement with the trade union of the United States with the International Federation of Europe and if the San Francisco strike should not be ended to see what could be done to help the strikers by a boycott of San Francisco shipping or a sympathetic strike at European ports.

## Mrs. Pugh's Stomach Examined.

Dayton, O., Oct. 15.—Coroner Hatch has been informed of the examination made by Prof. Curtis C. Howard of Columbus of the remains of Mrs. Anna C. Pugh, sister and alleged victim of decided not to make public the result of the examination until it is produced at Mrs. Pugh's hearing on Friday. Prof. Howard said he found arsenic in Mrs. Pugh's stomach, thus confirming the report of Dr. C. H. Breidenbach who made an examination of the stomach soon after death. Dr. Breidenbach reported the presence of copperas, but Prof. Howard did not substantiate this feature.

## Faith Curists Indicted.

Hamilton, O., Oct. 15.—The Butler county grand jury reported indictments for manslaughter against Silas Bishop and his wife, Leota, faith curists. Last July their 8-year-old child, Esther, was terribly burned by a gasoline explosion and the Bishops refused to call a doctor. They surrounded the child's bed with candles and prayed for her recovery. Coroner Sharkey, in his verdict, said that medical attention would have saved the girl's life.

A second indictment for criminal neglect was returned against the father.

## Serious Shooting in Butte.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 15.—At an early hour this morning a shooting affray in the tenderloin district resulted in the serious injury of John Hennifin, a woman with whom Hennifin was quite enamored. Another occupant of the house in which the shooting occurred was shot in the leg while endeavoring to escape from the officers.

## PREST. M'KINLEY'S DEATH.

Physicians and Surgeons Who Attended Him Make a Report.

Dr. Mann Says Couldn't Tell What Caused Death—The Bulletins Were True.

New York, Oct. 15.—The physicians and surgeons who attended President McKinley through the closing days of his life today presented to the State Medical society, gathered here in semi-annual session, a lengthy report covering the medical and surgical history of the case. It was signed by Dr. Matthew D. Mann, Herman Mynter, Eugene Wesslin, Charles G. Stockton, P. M. Rixey, Roswell Park and Charles McBurney, and was read by Dr. Mann, who discussed the features as he proceeded. No reporter was present, but the general summary of it was given out by one of the physicians.

Dr. Mann did not mention the operation, omitting that altogether. He described the President's symptoms and treatment from day to day, going into the fullest details.

In speaking of the bulletins issued, Dr. Mann said that every one of them was absolutely true. None had been misleading in any manner. He told of the progress of the patient from day to day till the unfavorable turn, a very sudden one, of the seventh day, and he said he mentioned that to show that the bulletins issued were true, and not misleading. Dr. Mann said that there was absolutely no bacteriological infection. Continuing, he said:

"If you ask me what caused the President's death I could not tell you. I doubt if that will ever be discovered. Among contributory causes, however, were the President's age, his lack of exercise and his naturally weak heart, which made his pulse high."

plete harmony among physicians in attendance on a single patient. Dr. Mann did not say anything of the autopsy, but he described the technical treatment of the President daily.

Dr. Herman Mynter, a colleague of Dr. Mann in the President's case, corroborated all Dr. Mann said. He spoke of the fine traits of the President and of the remarkable exhibition of patience Mr. McKinley had displayed. Dr. Mynter spoke very feelingly of the Christian charity of President McKinley toward his assassin, and said that the President's manner of bearing his trials was so impressive that there was not one of the nurses who would not have gladly taken his place.

## Through Unexplored Alaska.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 15.—L. L. Bates, an Alaska mail carrier and guide, has returned from a summer spent in exploring the Alaska coast between the mouths of the Kuskokwim and Yukon rivers. He traveled 1,500 miles through a practically unexplored country and brought back many valuable curios, photographs and much geographical data. The object of his trip was to locate salmon cannery sites for Seattle parties. He brings news of the finding of the bodies of two more of the ill-fated Jessie James wrecked three years ago at the mouth of the Muskege. One body Mr. Bates identified as that of Mrs. Webster. The bodies were in a fair state of preservation, having been frozen in the tundra.

## Havana Postoffice Frauds.

Havana, Oct. 15.—The indictments in the Havana postoffice cases, sent by the fiscal to the audiencia implicating E. G. Rathbone jointly with C. P. W. Neely, and W. H. Reeves in defrauding the government, his complicity being based on the contention that he permitted—and therefore, consented to and tacitly authorized—the fraudulent transactions.

The whole amount of the alleged embezzlement on all counts in the indictment is estimated at \$150,000.

The fiscal has recommended that each of the accused be fined in this amount, and also that Rathbone be sentenced to imprisonment for 25 years, Neely for 25 years and six months, and Reeves for 24 years and six months.

## Imports and Exports for September.

Washington, Oct. 15.—The monthly statement of the imports and exports of the United States for September, as compiled by the bureau of statistics, shows:

Merchandise, imports \$67,500,405, of which \$28,489,120 was free of duty. Increase in total as compared with September, 1900, \$1,731,880. Merchandise exports, \$106,855,274, decrease, \$9,000,000. Gold imports, \$11,642,070, increase, \$3,750,000. Gold exports, \$162,912, decrease, \$644,000. Silver exports, \$4,533,133, decrease, \$900,000.

## Cabinet Will Accept Reductions.

New York, Oct. 15.—The Paris correspondent of the Times says that the cabinet has resolved to accept the reductions of the remains of Mrs. Anna C. Pugh, sister and alleged victim of decided not to make public the result of the examination until it is produced at Mrs. Pugh's hearing on Friday.

## To Investigate Holland Boat.

New York, Oct. 15.—Commissioners appointed by the government of Queen Wilhelmina of Holland are investigating the workings of the Holland steamship torpedo boat at Elizabeth, N. J., for the purpose of making a report to the Holland government as to the advisability of adding one or more to the navy of Holland. The commission consists of Admiral Tadmor, chief of staff, Capt. Wunthold, chief of the bureau of torpedoes; Sir Rappa, naval constructor. The commission boarded the Holland Torpedo Boat company's steam yacht, Genet, and in company with the firm's officers spent the time at the proving grounds at New Suffolk, where the company's machine plant is located. The torpedo boat Fulton was also inspected.

## May Purchase White Star Line.

New York, Oct. 15.—Interviewed concerning the current report in this city and London that J. Pierpont Morgan is again negotiating for the purpose of the White Star Line, Manager Franklin of the Atlantic Transport Line who represents many of Mr. Morgan's shipping interests replied:

"This matter of the purchase of the White Star Line by Americans is still in the air."

## WAR CREATES TRADE.

Sir Spencer Walpole Declares That It Tends That Way.

New York, Oct. 15.—Sir Spencer Walpole, president at the meeting of the Standard Bank of South Africa at the Cannon street hotel recently, pointed out that the war tended to create trade. The Tribune's London correspondent. There was evidence of this new trade in the fact that British exports to South Africa in the first six months of 1901 were considerably higher than those in the first six months in the 1899 period.

In the last two and one-half years, banks had imported 11,000,000 pounds of coin into South Africa, and in company serves now showed only an increase of

## Pretty Children

"We have three children. Before the birth of the last one my wife used four bottles of MOTHER'S FRIEND. You can see the pictures of our children, you could see at a glance that the last one is healthiest, prettiest and finest-looking of them all. My wife thinks Mother's Friend is the greatest and grandest remedy in the world for expectant mothers."

Written by a Kentucky Attorney-at-Law.

MOTHER'S FRIEND prevents nine-tenths of the suffering incident to childbirth. The coming mother's disposition and temper remain unaltered throughout the ordeal, because this relaxing, penetrating liniment relieves the usual distress. A good-natured mother is pretty sure to have a good-natured child. The patient is kept in a strong, healthy condition, which the child also inherits. Mother's Friend takes a wife through the crisis quickly and almost painlessly. It assists in her rapid recovery, and wards off the dangers that so often follow delivery.

Sold by druggists for \$1 a bottle. THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. ATLANTA, GA.

Read for each case illustrated book written by the author.

## FOR THE CHILDREN.

To Keep Their Digestion Perfect Nothing is so Safe and Pleasant as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Thousands of men and women have found Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets the safest and most reliable preparation for any form of indigestion or stomach trouble. Thousands of people who are not sick, but are well and wish to keep well



take Stuart's Tablets after every meal to insure perfect digestion and avoid trouble.

But it is not generally known that the Tablets are just as good and whole some for little folks as for their elders. Little children who are pale, thin and have no appetite, or do not grow or thrive, should use the tablets after eating and will derive great benefit from them.

Mrs. G. H. Crotley, 538 Washington St., Hoboken, New Jersey, writes: "Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets just did the bill for children as well as for old folks. I've had the best of luck with them. My three-year-old girl takes them as readily as candy. I have only to say 'tablets' and she drops everything else and runs for them."

A Buffalo mother, a short time ago, who despaired of the life of her babe, was so delighted with the results from giving the child these tablets that she went before the notary public of Erie county, N. Y., and made the following affidavit:

Gentlemen—Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets were recommended to me for my two-month-old baby, which was sick and thin and the doctor said was suffering from indigestion. I took the child to the hospital, but there found no relief. A friend mentioned the Stuart Tablets and I procured a box from my druggist and used only the large sweet tablets in the box and was delighted to find they were just the thing for my baby. I feel justified in saying that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets saved my child's life.

## MRS. W. T. DETHLOPE.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of A. D. 1897.

## HENRY KARRIS.

Notary Public in and for Erie Co., N. Y.

For babies, no matter how young or delicate, the tablets will accomplish wonders in increasing flesh, appetite and growth. Use only the large sweet tablets in every box. Put sized boxes are sold by all druggists for 50 cents, and no parent should neglect the use of this safe remedy for all stomach and bowel troubles if the child is illing in any way regarding its food or assimilation.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have been known for years as the best preparation for all stomach troubles whether in adults or infants.

\$3,000 pounds.—It was—obvious, therefore, that \$3,000 pounds required to be accounted for. Mr. Walpole said that his explanation was that there was probably a large amount of cash hoarded in various parts of the country awaiting the reestablishment of peace.

## G. B. McClellan Sues U. S.

Honolulu, T. H., Oct. 15.—Suits has been begun against the United States by George B. McClellan for possession of quarantine island in Honolulu harbor. McClellan claims the island under a title that was at one time recognized by the Hawaiian government, but which was probably by the same government declared to be a mere fishing title. The island is about thirty-six acres in extent and has long been used for quarantining purposes.

## DE LA VAULEX'S VOYAGE.

He Claims to Have Surpassed All Balloonists.

Paris, Oct. 15.—Comte de la Vaulex, in an interview published today, asserts that while he failed to cross the Mediterranean sea in balloon, he has succeeded in the air more than 41 hours, during which time he succeeded in keeping the balloon from two to four metres above the level of the sea, thus solving the problem of maintaining stability. He says he could have remained up for 48 hours but would have been driven ashore. He only threw out ballast once a day and this was at sunset to compensate for the loss of gas. With the deviator he was able to deviate thirty degrees from the course of the wind, and occasionally this deviation was as much as 45 degrees. He attributes his failure to the weather and the quality of the gas he used.

No striking incident seems to have taken place during the trip which was in fact quite uneventful.

## KING EDWARD'S HEALTH.

Marked Revival of Unfavorable Reports About It.

New York, Oct. 15.—Summarizing the reports regarding the health of the king, the London correspondent of the Tribune cables:

There has been a marked revival of the unfavorable reports regarding the king's condition, but it is irresponsible gossip, based on hearsay evidence. The court functionaries and hospital surgeons cannot learn from an authoritative source that the king is materially worse than he was before he left London for Germany.

There has been a great increase in pessimistic talk in London clubs, but the facts relating to the king's condition have not altered and the ailments reported from Balmoral are not serious.

Preparations for the coronation are in progress and the king is taking a direct and hearty interest in every detail. Those who have been in consultation with him report that his voice is strong, and that he shows no symptoms of any incurable malady. His mind is clear, his orders are explicit, and, except for a perceptible increase of irritability, his manner is the same as it was during the early months of his illness.

Current reports respecting the king's health are without doubt premature and unauthorized.

The king will speedily come to London and discontinue the charming excursions and will convert the return of the Duke of Cornwall and York from Canada into an imperial function.

Mothers everywhere praise One Minute Cough Cure for the sufferings it has relieved and the lives of their little ones it has saved. Strikes at the root of the trouble and draws out the inflammation. The children's favorite Cough Cure—Godbe-Pitts Drug Co., corner First South Main street.

## REDUCTION IN PAVING COST.

Width of Stone Reduced From Ten Feet to Six Feet.

WILL SAVE CITY OVER \$1,000

Pleasant View Ditch Owners to Be Settled With for \$1,500—Liberty Park Fence.

The Council last night decided to instruct the board of public works to reduce the stone block pavement on either side of Second South street between First and Sixth West, from ten to six feet in width. The same reduction will be made on Third South from State to West Temple, which will effect a saving of about \$300 a block.

The following bills and estimates were received from the board of public works placed on the appropriation list:

P. J. Moran, fifth partial estimate of city engineer for constructing watermain under contract of June 14, 1901, \$2,849.56. Keifer & Rush, first and final estimate for sidewalks on both sides of Third East between Eighth and Tenth South, under contract of July 23, 1901, 1,114.85. Alcatraz Asphalt Paving company, first partial estimate for street pavement under contract of August 5, 1901, 2,428.66.

A resolution was introduced by Hewlett and unanimously adopted, authorizing the mayor to settle with the owners of the Pleasant View ditch for \$1,500, and to enter into an agreement on behalf of the city to keep in repair 500 feet of flume over Parley's canyon conduit.

On motion of Fernstrom it was decided to refer the matter of cleaning out the irrigation ditches in front of Senator Kearns' and Mayor Thompson's houses to the city engineer.

A petition to remove the old fence on the east side of Liberty Park and replace it with a hedge, was presented and referred to the committee on public grounds.

The half month's payroll, amounting to \$3,000, were referred to the finance committee with the chairman of other committees associated.

## NEW ORDERS.

Considerable Dissatisfaction Among Employes of Street Car Company.

There is discontent breeding among the employes of the Consolidated Railway & Power company. All those who in the past have been in the habit of eating their meals on the cars, also those whose eyesight is not up to nature's standard are affected under the new orders which have come into effect. No longer will the passenger on the street car indulge in the unmitigated joy of absent-mindedly seating himself upon a fragment of pie that had been overlooked by the crew during the time they took their meal on the run. This has all been changed. Hereafter when the meal hour arrives the crew will turn their car over to an extra crew and take one hour and a quarter rest which will be deducted from the pay check at the end of the month. Providing the men take their meal hours as scheduled, they will earn about \$2 a week less than they have been doing in the past.

Then there is another order which is stirring up somewhat of a sentiment among the men and that is to the effect that all car men who wear glasses and whose eyesight is imperfect will have to seek other walks in life after January 1.

The men are considerably stirred up over the two matters and are seriously considering the proposition of laying their grievances before A. W. McCune. The men are not disposed to talk over the matter with outsiders, but it is understood that there is a sentiment among some of the affected which looks like materializing breakers ahead for the company unless the two orders are somewhat modified.

"I had long suffered from indigestion," writes G. A. LeDea, Cedar City, Mo. "Like others I tried many preparations but never found anything that did me good until I took Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. One bottle cured me. A friend who had suffered similarly I put on the use of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. He is gaining fast and will soon be able to work. Before he used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure indigestion had made him a total wreck—Godbe-Pitts Drug Co., corner First South and Main streets.

## 812 00 TO BUFFALO PAN-AMERICAN AND RETURN. \$15.00

via the Nickel Plate Road daily, with limit of 15 days; 29 day tickets at \$16.00 for the round trip; 5 day tickets at \$6.00 for the round trip, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, the latter good only in coaches. Through service to New York and Boston and lowest available rates. For party rates and Pan-American folder of buildings and grounds write John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago.

## REASONS FOR BAD EYESIGHT

are easily accounted for, but the correcting of bad eyesight is not always so easy. Care should be exercised when consulting anyone about the eyes, and it should be remembered that everyone who has a stock of eye glasses or spectacles is not an experienced optician. Bad glasses are always worse than none.

## EYES EXAMINED FREE.

## RUSHMER,

Mfg. Optician.

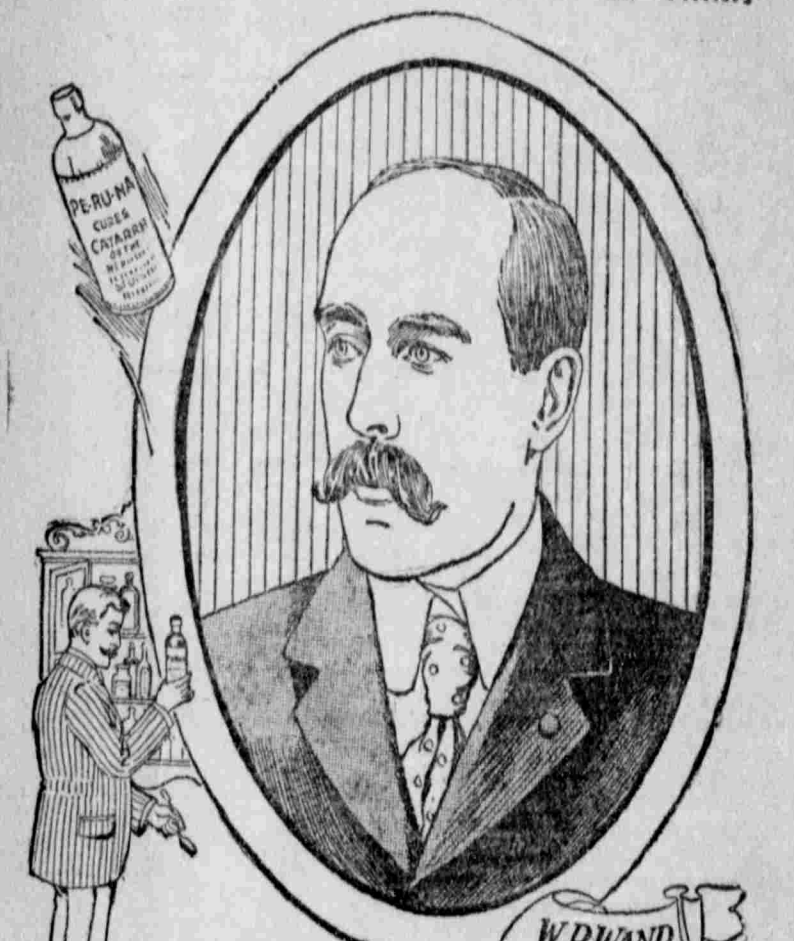
## TWO STORES:

73 W. First South St. Salt Lake City.

2482 Washington Ave. Ogden.

## SUFFERED FRIGHTFULLY FROM CATARRH OF STOMACH.

[PE-RU-NA MADE A NEW MAN OF HIM.]



Hon. W. P. Wand, Bond Clerk United States Custom House, in a recent letter from 1494 Leavenworth Street, San Francisco, Cal., writes as follows:

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

Gentlemen: "It affords me great pleasure to recommend Peruna to all my friends and to all who may read this who may be suffering from that dread disease, catarrh of the stomach. I have suffered from it frightfully. I tried all sorts of medicine but derived no benefit from any. At last a Deputy Collector of the Port, who had obtained great benefit from the use of Peruna advised me to try it. I did so and felt good effects from the start. I have taken so far four bottles and it has done me good. I feel like a new man and enjoy life now, something that I have not done before for months."—W. P. WAND.

CATARRH of the stomach is one of the most common diseases of modern times. This disease is generally known as dyspepsia. At first people try to cure themselves by dieting or using some one of the many pills and powders recommended for this affection. After that generally a doctor is consulted. The stomach is scintillated, the liver thumped and the blame fastened upon some one of the digestive organs.

Many of these people go the rounds from doctor to doctor without receiving any benefit. Sooner or later they are bound to hear of Peruna.

It would not be possible to find any town or city in this country where someone could not be found who has been cured of catarrh of the stomach by Peruna. Once cured these people continue to recommend Peruna as long as they live.

In this way the dyspepsia victim is sure to hear of Peruna. The news of Peruna's virtues is spread among the people by those who have used it and have been cured which is a thousand times more effective than all the advertisements in the world. Having heard that Peruna cured some one else he tries it. His experiment almost invariably ends in complete cure.

What the doctor has called dyspepsia or liver complaint or indigestion is catarrh of the stomach all the while. All that the patient needed was a remedy that would cure catarrh wherever located.

This is the sort of a remedy that Peruna is. Peruna cures catarrh by removing the cause, when the symptoms

all disappear. Peruna's cures are permanent.

Mrs. Catherine R. Bertos, Rec. Sec. Camp No. 1 Patriotic Order of America, writes from 803 W. Elm St., Centralia, Ill.:

"I have found Peruna the most satisfying medicine I ever tried in my life. I suffered for years with catarrh of the stomach, which became aggravated every time I caught a slight cold. My food did not digest properly and life lost its best charm until I tried Peruna. It made a new woman of me. It took eight bottles to effect a complete cure, but I would not be back in the former condition for a thousand dollars."

"I am most grateful for being cured completely and feel better than I have for years."—Catherine R. Bertos.

Congressman Willis Brewer.

Hon. Willis Brewer, of Haynesville, Ala., in a recent letter says:

"I have used one bottle of Peruna for lassitude and I take pleasure in recommending it to those who need a good remedy. As a tonic it is excellent. In the short time I have used it Peruna has done me a great deal of good."—Willis Brewer.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

## HEBER J. GRANT & CO.

INSURANCE A