

PLEASE NOTICE.—Some short time ago we published a card from Elder Thomas Taylor of this city, calling upon those whom he had assisted to immigrate last year, to make some arrangements for settling their obligations to him. We again call attention to this matter, and requests the Bishops and presiding Elders to inquire if there are any in their several wards whose notes are held by br. Taylor, and if there are, to use their influence in having those notes paid. Bro. Taylor expended a large amount of his private means last year, to assist the poor brethren and sisters who were at the frontiers desirous of crossing the plains, but unable to do so without assistance. He is willing to take any kind of pay for this indebtedness, and those whom he aided to get hereshould look upon it as a binding act of duty to repay him. Negligence in reciprocating kindnesses bestowed in the hour of need, is ingratitude, and the generous aid furnished by br. Taylor involved a pecuniary outlay to the amount of nearly twenty thousand dollars. It is presumable that some are still unable to meet their obligations, but they should do so as early as they possibly can, while those who are in a position to repay him, should do so with promptitude. By so doing, the flow of charitable feelings on the part of the brethren, who have means to spare at times, will be kept open, and many who are now seeking to gather with the Saints from the nations, will be made the recipients of similar blessings in the future. Whereas an opposite course would have a tendency to dry up such kindly desires, and make liberal-minded men be very cautious in extending aid where their dispositions would lead them to lend it. We hope the brethren in the various settlements and wards will make the necessary inquiries and give the requisite advice on the matter.

THE COLORADO ROUTE.—Through the kindness of Elder George Q. Cannon, we learn, by a letter to him from Mr. S. Adams, that the steamer Esmeralda, with a barge, had successfully passed up the Colorado river over Roaring Rapids and had reached Callville, freighted with goods from California for the Utah market. Mr. Adams feels buoyant over the matter, viewing it as a practical refutation to the oft-repeated assertion that the Colorado was not navigable as high up as Callville.

MURDER.—On Monday night, the 22d inst., Dr. J. K. Robinson was decoyed from his house, under the pretext of his professional services being required, and murdered. Up to the present, no clue to the perpetrator or perpetrators has been discovered. There are acts which demand the expiation of blood, and this is one of them. "Whoso sheddeth man's blood, by man shall his blood be shed" is the language of holy writ, and is applicable with full force in the present case. We sincerely trust that no efforts will be spared, and that the utmost vigilance will be exercised by the officers of justice and every one who can bring any light to bear on the subject, until the criminal or criminals shall be brought to justice. We also hope that the investigation now being conducted before the Coroner will be continued with deliberative calmness and penetration, until everything calculated to throw light on the deed shall be elicited. The reward offered by the City and County Authorities and by private citizens, amounting in the aggregate to nearly nine thousand dollars, shows how deep the anxiety is that full justice should be meted out.

FROM THE MUDDY.—By a letter, dated Beaver, Oct. 15th, from br. W. D. Kartchner to Elder Geo. A. Smith, who has courteously handed it to us, we learn that health and good spirits have prevailed at the settlement on the Muddy during the past season; from which place br. Kartchner had just arrived. They had appreciated the mail accommodation which they enjoyed; and a very bountiful harvest with which they had been blessed this year, their wheat crop ranging from 20 to 75 bushels to the acre, with cotton and corn crops surpassed nowhere in the south. The soil is said to be excellent and the climate most salubrious; while a short distance off, on and over the Black Ridge, there is a perceptible change in the coolness of the atmosphere when cold weather begins to make itself felt up here in the "black north." The Muddy is evidently an inviting place, for all the testimony that comes from it is of the same character.

GOT HOME.—We are pleased to greet Elders B. Young, junr., and A. K. Thurber, on Thursday, who had just arrived from Europe. Both looked well and in excellent health, though their trip across the plains by stage was more than usually tedious, through stormy weather and Indian troubles. Elder Young has been absent about two and a half years on his recent mission, and during a considerable part of the time he has presided over the European Missions with honor to himself and in a manner that has been productive of great good. During his absence he was elected Brig. General of the N. L. for this County. His numerous friends are gratified at once more meeting him "at home." Elder Thurber started on his mission in the spring of '65, and labored faithfully while gone to accomplish good. He was for several years a valued and efficient member of the Legislature, and while absent was also elected Brig. General of militia for the southern division of Utah County.

CHANGE OF HOUR FOR MEETING.—The time of meeting at the Tabernacle on Sundays has been changed from 10 a.m. to 11 a.m. in the morning, and from 2 p.m. to 1 p.m. in the afternoon.

INQUEST ON THE BODY OF DR. ROBINSON.—On Tuesday, 23d inst., the Coroner's inquest on the body of Dr. Robinson was commenced at 11 o'clock a.m. in Independence Hall, before Coroner Clinton. His Honor was assisted by Judge Titus and Judge McCurdy, other prominent gentlemen and a large number of persons being present. Prosecuting Attorney Blair was assisted by Messrs. Hempstead and Stout. The jury impaneled were Messrs. James Hague, R. C. Barratt, S. D. Sirrine, J. B. Kimball, W. W. Henry and N. Bokonsky. The examination on Tuesday was confined to Drs. Tait, Williamson and Hamilton, and related principally to the nature of the wounds, to the weapons with which they had been inflicted, and the condition of deceased when they first reached him. They concurred in the opinion that the incised wounds were made with some heavy cutting weapon, and that they could not have been made by a pistol barrel or other blunt weapon. Instruments were obtained and the bullet was extracted from the head; and on examining it the conclusion was reached that it was either a heavy slug or a ball from a heavy revolver. The court adjourned until 2 p.m. of Wednesday, to meet at the City Hall, the funeral of the deceased being appointed for 10 a.m. of that morning.

On Wednesday the prosecution were appointed the aid of Gov. Weller and T. Marshall, Esq., and the examination was confined to Andrew Burt, Chief of Police, and seven of the officers. The evidence adduced merely stated at what time they had learned of the murder, that several of them had immediately started for the scene of the fatal occurrence, that they had procured medical assistance, &c., and were engaged in inquiring into the matter. The court again adjourned until 2 p.m. of Thursday.

On Thursday the examination was resumed, and several witnesses were examined. The only information of importance elicited was that men were seen running from the place immediately after the shot was fired. The dress and appearance of the men were partially described, but none of the witnesses believed they could recognize them again.

We were a little surprised to hear the Chief of Police asked to state in open court what means he had adopted to discover the assassin or assassins. Any person at all acquainted with criminal jurisprudence cannot help knowing that the surest way to defeat the ends of justice is to publicly disclose the means that are being adopted to discover a criminal. It places the guilty party in possession of the very information that should be most sedulously kept secret. There were several other points which appeared to demand comment or explanation; but we prefer waiting to see the issue of the investigation. This is not a time to try and fasten responsibility, right or wrong, on some particular section of the community; but to seek, with all the judgment and legal acumen which can be brought to bear, to discover the perpetrators of the atrocious deed. We hope to see one of the witnesses, at least, who testified on Thursday, put in the stand again, to explain some strange discrepancies in his evidence.

The Court was further adjourned until 10 a.m. this morning.

ADJOURNED INQUEST.—The investigation into the death of Dr. Robinson was resumed on Saturday. Court met at 10 a.m., and adjourned at 11½ a.m., for two hours, without doing anything, owing to the absence of Judge Titus and Judge McCurdy. Met again at half past one and examined Henry A. Davis, Mr. Gardener, J. W. Platt, S. Hall, Mr. Ward and Mr. Burn, without eliciting anything of importance. Adjourned again until Monday, 20th, at 10 a.m.

Court met pursuant to adjournment. Mayor Wells was examined. The only point of interest which his examination offered was the fact that he has detectives, other than the regular police, at work to try and ferret out the murderers. Court adjourned at noon for two hours.

THE CIRCUS AT THE DRILL.—The circus pavillion will be taken down to be put up, removed from its present location and transferred to the muster ground. The men at drill will thus have an opportunity of varying the exercises of the occasion, with occasional visits to the scenes in the circle. The troupe do exceedingly well in their performances.

EARLY PRODUCE.—Now is a good time to sow peas, carrots, radishes, and other hardy seeds, that will give us "garden truck" at an early time in the spring. When the cold blasts of winter have blown past, and the snowy sheet that we may soon look for has disappeared, everybody with the returning heat of spring looks for early vegetables; and there is no reason why they should not be more generally early than they have been. If any person would like to have early potatoes without the expense of glass, they can secure them by putting down a few layers of seed tubers now, in a cellar where they will not take frost, and covering each layer with black mould or saw-dust and earth mixed, having a similar basis for the lowest layer to rest on. Early in spring the buds will shoot forth several inches in length; and the tubers can be planted with a little care without breaking the buds, when all that is required is a little attention in covering them with some straw or other light material at nights, to protect them from spring frosts. By this means early potatoes can be produced two or three weeks sooner than by the ordinary mode of planting them. So says a correspondent who has tried it.

VERY NICE.—We were shown a neat looking cheese on Thursday, which had been presented to Elder Geo. A. Smith by some of his friends of Pinto, Washington County. The cheese measures 22 inches across, is 9 inches deep, weighs 14 lbs., and was made by br. Richard Robinson of Pinto, the milk being supplied from the cows of twelve families there. This, we understand, is the largest cheese but one that has yet been made in the Territory, one of 150 lbs. weight having been made for the late fair at St. George in Washington County.

THE CIRCUS.—The Great Western—no connection with the Great Eastern or any other steamship—Circus performed again on Wednesday night, Thursday afternoon and last night, to very good audiences. A repetition of performances has called forth scenes in the arena and acts of horsemanship that give the company still stronger claims on public patronage. The trained ponies do some very remarkable tricks and show a high condition of training. Their performances alone are well worth seeing. Mr. Bartholemew rode a very capital sailor act; Mr. McBride a well executed drunken act as a "Johnny Raw" making his debut in a circus while laboring under an excessive weight of alcoholic mixtures; and a very good Indian act as a Camanche chief. Miss Matilde acquitted herself gracefully, and the eccentricities of the clowns kept the audience in good humor. Master Noah deserves notice: his performance on the revolving globe was excellent for a boy. The entertainment offered by the company is well worthy of patronage.

INFORMATION WANTED.—We have received a letter per the Hon. Amos Reed, Secretary of Utah Territory, forwarded to him by N. HALIFAX, of Buffalo, State of New York, for Mrs. C. HALIFAX, who sailed from Liverpool, 1st of June last, on the ship Arkwright for New York; or for her son CHRISTOPHER or daughter HARRIET. Any information that will lead to either of these parties receiving the letter, can be forwarded to this Office.

ISAAC W. WEBB writes from St. Paul, Minnesota, to Pres. B. Young, making inquiry respecting his brother, ABEL S. WEBB, who left Fort Halleck, Dakota Territory, April 16th, for this city with a cattle train. Any person giving him the desired information will place him under lasting obligations.

REWARD FOR THE APPREHENSION OF THE ASSASSINS OF DR. ROBINSON.—The following is the list of names who have thus far subscribed to the citizens' reward:

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, Oct. 23, 1866.

We, the undersigned, agree to pay the several sums attached to our names for the apprehension and safe delivery into the hands of the proper officers of this city or county, of the murderer or murderers of Doctor Robinson, who was killed last night.

Brigham Young,.....	\$500 00
Joseph A. Young,.....	200 00
T. B. H. Stenhouse,.....	100 00
Nounnan, Orr & Co.,.....	250 00
W. S. Godbe,.....	500 00
Wm. H. Hooper,.....	500 00
H. S. Rumlund,.....	200 00
Wm. Jennings,.....	500 00
W. L. Halsey, agent,.....	500 00
Eldredge & Clawson,.....	300 00
Kimball and Lawrence,.....	500 00
Hussey Dahler & Co.,.....	250 00
Bodenburg & Kahn,.....	200 00
Matt. White,.....	500 00
E. C. Sharkey,.....	100 00
Bohm & Molitor,.....	100 00
T. & W. Taylor,.....	100 00
N. S. Ransohoff & Co.,.....	250 00
Bassett & Roberts,.....	100 00
Jno. W. Kerr,.....	100 00
J. H. Kiskadden,.....	100 00
E. Creighton,.....	100 00
Walker Brothers,.....	600 00
J. H. Jones,.....	50 00
Barrow & Co.,.....	250 00
J. W. Worley,.....	50 00
A. O. Smoot,.....	100 00
Total,.....	\$7,000

PLEASED TO MEET HIM.—We were pleased to meet with Dr. Sayre, of New York, at President Young's office, on Monday, in company with Ben Holladay, Esq. The Doctor is one of the most successful of the medical profession in the world, with a practice worth eighty to a hundred thousand dollars a year. He received a rather serious injury at Gold City, Colorado, when traveling, the coach having upset by which he was thrown violently out, and rent a ligament of the lower part of the leg, with other severe injuries in the ankle and foot. While in President Young's office we witnessed a couple of surgical operations performed with an ease, neatness and quickness that was astonishing. One was a case of strabismus, the patient being a little girl, brought to him, who bore it bravely; the other was cutting the uvula of our Local, the operation being almost instantaneous. Dr. Sayre is a gentleman of the highest reputation in his profession, and we trust his stay in our mountain city and country will be congenial and pleasant.

THE CIRCUS.—A complimentary performance was given on Saturday afternoon, to Pres. B. Young and those whom he felt disposed to invite. The scenes in the circle were really good. Mr. Bartholemew rode a graceful and dashing bare-backed act, and the trapeze business was daring enough to border on the sensational. They performed again on Monday.

EXCHANGE BUILDINGS.—Everything in the drug and perfumery line, groceries of all kinds, paints, oils, and an endless variety of things are offered by W. S. Godbe in the Exchange Buildings, at cheap rates.

READ Estray List.

THE MEMBERS of the 17th Quorum are requested to report themselves.

BEECHER TO BEECHER.

REPLY OF EDWARD BEECHER TO HENRY WARD BEECHER.

Rev. Edward Beecher, D.D., of Galesburg, Ill., has addressed a letter through the Chicago Tribune, to his brother, Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, in reply to the celebrated letter of the latter upon the letter of reconstruction. He charges that that letter "implies this false assumption, that there are some who are not in favor of speedily restoring the seceded states. It is an argument against such." After critically reviewing it, he says:—[N. Y. Evening Post.

Do not deceive yourself by the assumption that the peculiarity of your position is that you are in favor of the immediate restoration of the seceded states, and that herein you agree with Johnson and differ with the Republican party. This assumption is unfounded. The Republicans are as much in favor of the of the immediate restoration of these seceded states as you, or as Johnson. The point of difference is this: Johnson insists on admitting aristocratic despotisms organized by leaders of the rebellion, clothed with peculiar and extraordinary power, and subjecting loyal men to their sway; and Congress does not. In this antagonism, on which side are you? There is no middle ground. Are you against such despotism? Then say so boldly, and denounce them and their author as they deserve.

Doctor Beecher accounts for his brother's singular obliquity on the ground that one portion of divine truth has become unbalanced in his mind, making his theories of reconstruction onesided and false. These are the duties of forgiveness, confidence in evil-doers, magnanimity and overcoming evil with good. "On these you were speaking," he remarks, "when you denounced the policy of Thaddens Stevens as Satanic. You assigned no specific reason for your denunciation, but the implication was strong that it was because it did not agree with your ideas of magnanimity, forgiveness and overcoming evil with good. You would restore the rebels to power greater than that of loyal men, honor them, confide in them, royally load them with benefits and gifts, and then work through them in their prosperity to elevate the freedmen, whom you have stripped of all power. This, you think, is Christlike, and any policy of penalty, deprivation and restriction towards traitors is Satanic."

In conclusion Doctor Beecher says: So far is it from being true that there is no danger of retrogression, that if the policy of Johnson prevails, the South will have a balance of power, in connection with northern allies; and by following his principles as to Congress up to their logical issues, will be able to invalidate all the legislation of the war, restore slavery, assume the rebel debt, and repudiate that of the nation. If all states have an indefeasible right to representation at all times; if all amendments to the Constitution should be initiated by a Congress composed of the representatives of all the states to be valid; if the present Congress only assumes to be a Congress, hanging on the outskirts of the government, and all this Johnson and his partisans have taught, what surer premises are needed to lead logically to all the result which have been specified? And are we to trust to the honor or moral integrity of those who through perjury initiated the rebellion, to avert the result? There is no safety but in a firm adherence to the fundamental principles of justice and honor. If we deviate from them God will make our sin our punishment.

If we believe that there is a God, and that as nations sow so shall they reap, if justice, honor and humanity are not mere empty names, let us not dare to do it.

I am your affectionate brother,
EDWARD BEECHER.

AUGUST HAIL.—Extraordinary weather was experienced in Scotland in August. In addition to severe rain, thunder and lightning, there was a storm of hail that stripped the trees and destroyed corn, shrubs and flowers. The hailstones averaged five-eighths of an inch in length, and lay upon the ground in places three feet deep.

FRUIT IN NEW ENGLAND.—It is said that the supply of apples in New England this fall will be sufficient to satisfy the home demand. Fall apples are plenty and good, and cheaper than last year, and in different sections of Massachusetts, Vermont and New Hampshire the yield is an average one. A great proportion of the farmers will have enough for their own use and some to spare.