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PRESENT POLICY AND DUTY.

There is but little difference of opin ion among thoughtful and fairminder people in the United States, as to the duty now devolving upon the nation in reference to the Philippines. An apparent issue is raised and very much magnified for partisan purposes. With the result as to parties and their candidates, the Deseret News is not greatly concerned. As to the principles that really exist behind the contentions that are manufactured to hide them, this paper is strongly interested.

Cleared of all the mist and misrepresentations that are thrown around the case, the facts are simply these: In the war with Spain, which was endorsed by the whole nation, the destruction of that portion of the Spanish navy then in Manila Bay, was deemed essential to our victory. When it was accomplished, in a manner that covered the Union with glory, and placed the event higher on the pinnacle of fame than any previous naval achievement, the whole country was enthusiastic in its approval, and was ready to crown with its fairest laurels the great sallor who led his comrades to the unparalleled triumph.

That signal stroke was accepted as providential, and as a token of the forward step of the United States to a new position among the nations. In the settlement of terms between the conquered kingdom and the victorious republic, the Philippine Islands came into the possession of this nation. The treaty was approved by legislative representatives of all political parties. The United States acquired sovereignty over those islands.

A duty was thus placed upon this government that it could not ignore. Before the intention to ald the people there to acquire their full liberty could he impressed upon them, the Tagala, under Aguinaldo, commenced hostifities against Americans as well as Spanlards, Wholesale massacre was the purpose in view. It devolved upon the United States not only to protect its own people, but the conquered Spanish and the other European inhabitants. The fighting that followed was inevitable.

will prove its right to hold to its motio from the beginning, and will be found battling for "Truth and Liberty." But we do not regard the idea to be correct. or worthy of much regard, that all truth and all liberty are confined within the ranks of any one political party, and that men who do not belong to it and officials who decline to be get-

erned by it, are therefore false and tyrannical and are to be held up to the ininadversion of mankind,

We are for the right, no matter what party may hold it, or what faction may fight it. The purpose in view of this great nation is to bring liberty to the oppressed, and to deliver mankind from bondage. But this cannot be accomplished by carthquake and whirlwind. It must be offected by the disseminaion of truth and the establishment of liberty, in such manner and such time as circumstances will permit and wis-

dom shall make manifest. The demagogue may bluster, and find ault, and fulminate threatenings of disaster if he is not headed. The statesman will proceed with prudence, and mark the manifestations of developing fitness for the extension of the everlasting principles of freedom. Thuse will triumph and spread over the globe. as sure as the sun shall shine and dispel the darkness of the night.

MISERABLE TACTICS.

'Any newspaper that advocates the wholesale slaughter of Christian pro-ple because they demand the right to tovern themselves; that urges the sub-ugation of alien races in the Orient: that would have the American govern-ment hold 5,000,000 people in a state of vassalage, denying them all the consti-utional rights and liberties of American itizenship; that tells the people it is il right for the President to set aside e Constitution, ignore the expressed ill of Congress and violate a sacred ational pledge: when any newspaper oes this in the name of 'Americanism' simply advertises the fact that it on of the genius and spirit of Ameri-us government. And whether that ewspaper is a church organ, whose acto is Truth and Liberty, or iotto is "Truth and Liberty," or hether it is a partisan organ, mas-uerading under the clock of religion. is doing all that it can do to blind the yes of the people and to bolster up a incredited political cause."

We copy the foregoing editorial, verhatim and complete, from the Salt Lake Herald. We do so to show how a partisan paper will pervert the position and distort the lunguage of a contemporary, that does not support a polcy of sttack upon everything and everybody that appears inimical to some personal and partisan ends. Readers of the Descret News will easily perceive the intent of the writer of the quoted paragraph. We might say in response: Any newspaper that advocates immediate withdrawal -:0ř

American troops from the Philislands open to invusion and conthat would delight in seeing the Tagals | mission. slaughter the friars and making short

the

work of all the white inhabitants of Luzon: that would rejoice over a conflict between the followers of Aguinaldo and the opposing tribes, which would breed anarchy and slaughter among the that pacification which has made considerable progress; that would ignore the prevailing sentiment throughout the United States, which calls for the establishment of law and order in the Philippines first, the extension of selfgovernment to the people there next, according to their manifest abilities to naintain it, and the establishment, last of independence in such form as shall inalty, be considered most conducive ground. o the permanent welfare of the nalives, with due regard to the interests of other residents on the islands; such newspaper is delivered over to the repest demagogism of this time of colitical trickery, and is oblivious to he march of events, the duty of this nation, and the true spirit of that lib-

rection and would call for interference by the multary arm of the government. It is different here, but does not a strike cost too much to pay for the small increase in wages that may be gained in this way? Does a sirike ever pay?

ARE MISSIONARIES TO BLAME?

Opinions vary as to the responsibility of the emissionics of missionary poleties for the present embroglio in China. Some seem to be disposed to iny all the blame on the activity they unfold, while others see in their presence there only a blessing. The truth probably can be found between the two ASTROMER.

The missionaries in China are genera ally well meaning men and women who believe in their cultury. But it would he idle to deny the fact that their teachings and practices are a disturbing element in the state, They attack the exist. ing religious belieft, such as they are. and when these are the very foundations spon which the entire social structure has been created for ages, the result must be serious. The ununimous testimony of intelligent Chinese residents in this country is this, that their countrymen are extremely telerant, but when deeply rooted superstitions are attacked; when the reverence for sneestors-the corner-stone of the Chinese state-is ridiculed; when family ties are rudely broken, and customs of long standing denounced, evil passions are easily aroused. When to this is added, that the missionary almost invariably has the misfortune of appearing in the role of a pioneer for the greedy hordes of venders of opium and fire water,

and all attendant vices, as well as for the land grabbing armies of the countries they represent, no wonder that they are made the objects of hatred in common with other foreigners. Were it understood that "Christian" missionaries are representatives of a kingdom not of this world, they would be in a position to pour oil on the troubled wators of China. But as it is, they are not. And they never will be, as long as they

are but too anxious to plant the Cross | son, in the very shadow of Krupp guns and glistening bayonets.

There is at present an extremely radical party in China, to which the emperor, Kuang Hsu belongs. It demands that China shall follow the lead of Japan and don all at once western civilization. Judging from letters published by Chinese missionaries, these generally are in sympathy with this party and its

radical policy. Opposed to this is the conservative party, to which the empress downger, the real ruler of China, belongs. The clash seems to be between these two elements. Whether the missionaries have in every instance taken a wise, Christilke course, may be an open question. Their position in a pagan empire ippines; that would leave those is extremely difficult, and unless they are one with the people, in sympathy quest by European or Aslatic powers; | and love, they are apt to fail in their

AZTECS IN TEXAS.

A news item from Temple, Texas, dian grave with five skeletons on tion in its Asiatic possessions? the banks of the Leon river, induced

land has become too limited for their wants. Hence they have turned to the domain inhabited by other races, to find room and opportunities for their surplus population. But here they come in conflict, not only with the native races, but with one another. Interests clash. And sooner or later a mortal conflict

DESERET EVENING NEWS: THURSDAY, JULY 26, 1900.

must ensue. The Chinese situation strikingly illustrates this. At the first signal of danger, the forces of the powers gathered in Chinese territory, but although the legations sent pitiful appeals for help, and although it is believed that at least one power, Japan, was in a position to render speedy aid, she was prevented from doing so by the jealousy that feared she might claim some advantage over the other powers, in the settlement of the question of indemnity.

With this disposition among the leading governments, what may not be the sequel of the complications in eastern Asia? Possibly united action may be secured for a war of revenge, if, after all, it should prove true that the foreigners in Pekin have been cruelly slain. But will the demon of unrest, now rampant, be consigned to the bottomless pit after that? Not as long as the greed for wealth and power possesses the nations of the earth. The very victory over the Chinese dragon may be the kindling of new flames of international hatred, to be estinguished only in streams of blood. Japan and Russia hate one another more than ever, since the treaty of peace by which the war with China was concluded.

As the winding up scenes draw near, it is less difficult to understand how it may come to pass that the nations of the earth may be involved in a general conflict. And the more clear the prophetic word about these things becomes, the more necessary it is to remember that Zion has been appointed a place of refuge in the latter days, for peace, for righteousness and overlasting joy.

The backbone of the heated spell has been a long-drawn-out affair this sea-

The truth about Pekin may be learned only when the allied armies reach the Chinese capital.

The iron market muy be very much weakened recently, but the butter market manifests sufficient strength.

Lord Roberts has started in on a campaign to wind up the Boers. Judging by the way these scatter, there is going to be a host of winding-up scenes.

The blister beetle is looked on as an agency to destroy grasshoppers. But it will not do to forget that he is also the inveterate enemy of the sugar

The Impression that a great war in the old world is an event of the near future is not easily dispelled, and the latest news from China does not change the gloomy view.

It is now stated that the probability is that the famine in India will spread instead of abate. Is the British governsays the recent discovery of an In- ment powerless to cope with the situa-

An Enjoyable Picture

Is the scene presented by the splendid stock of new goods just arrived at Z. C. M. I. The public is cordially invited to call and see this largest and choicest assortment of goods ever offered to the public in the west. All departments are well supplied; and prices are placed at the lowest figure.

In House Furnishings

We have the grandest display ever made. Our fall stock of Rugs is all in, and is the choicest lot ever brought to the West. We have all sizes, grades and patterns. All other divisions in this department of our store also are replete with the newest and best goods.

Everything here is up to date, with high quality and prices trimmed to a close fit. Do you want hat, cost, vest, pants, shirt, neckwear, or a complete suit of clothes of the latest, nobbiest goods at bargain prices, you can be accommodated and pleased at our

Dress Goods.

This department is the pink of perfection in its line, with its new stock just being placed on our tables and shelves. These goods are perfectly delightfu-words cannot describe their tastiness and beau.y. Ladies, come and see, and Judge for yourselves.

Shoes, Slippers, Etc.

You get no better anywhere, and it is not always you can get as good. Nowhere else in this region is there such an extensive and varied stock to select from . We defy competition in prices as well as in quality and style.



Great West. There is an immense array both on the grout theor and upstairs. You get the best choice at Z. C. M. L. This department of our store leads all others in the These departments keep in the lead for the best in their lines. In fact in every division of our vast In-stitution we have the choicest stock.

suited to the season

GOODS AND PRICES TO PLEASE OUR PATRONS.

T. G. WEBBER, Supt.

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attempts at humor. It is difficult to tell when it is joking, although it seems to have fallen lately "down deep" into the "funny business."

THE CHINESE IMBROGLIO.

Kansas City Star. The obvious line of duty is for the powers to concentrate, with the greatest possible speed, all of the strength against the Chinese uprising which they mmand. Contention at this time as to the fruits of victory would be simply criminal. Rivalry as to the supreme command involves the loss of precious ime. There is only one thing to con-ider and that is relief for the foreigners in China who are in imminent danger where they have not already been destroyed

.San Francisco Call

So far not Germany, nor Russia, nor any other nation, has cause of war upon China. The crimes committed are not untional crimes. None of the govern-ments have any right to demand terri-tory as any part of the indemnity which they have the right to ask. They have the right to damand money the right to demand payment of money indemnity, and such national humiliation as they choose in the way of grant-ing garrison privileges for defense of



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Gents' and Boys' Clothing.

clothing department.

Ladies' Suits.

Thebest, the cheapest, the choicest in style, quality and make, either in Skirts. Complete Suits, Waists, Wraps, etc, are in our Cloak Department. We have just what you want, and at satisfactory prices.

Underwear.

The very best and choicest stock in the West is at Z. C. M. I. No competitor can equal it in quality, style or price. We have bargain offers in every line.

The proclamation made by the commission sent to promote peace, which assured the Filipinos of liberty to the full extent of their ability to maintain it, fell upon ears dulled by the promises of plunder and vengeance, and was disregarded and set at naught. The struggles that have followed were the conse quence. It is clear to all calm and rational minds, that before any further definite step is taken, law and order must be established, if necessary by milltary force.

It is claimed that a declaration by this government that independence shall he given to the Filipinos, would end the war in twenty-four hours. It is easy to predict, not always so easy to fuifill. Nor can it be wisely proclaimed just now what can be done and when it can be effected. The islands cannot be safely evacuated by our troops. Anarchy would surely be the result. When pence shall have been sufficiently assured to proceed to the formation of a local govstninent, who can say what form it should assume? That will be for the emancipated people to declare, when they are so far harmonized as to be able to decide. And this government will, foubtless, have to continue for a time its protectorate, in any event, lest other powers step in and seize the islands,

We do not know of any policy that would shoot civilization into the Fillpinos, or force American Institutions apon them. The maintenance of soscreignty acquired in the treaty is necessary for the time being. What shall be the future status of the Philippines connot be determined today. That will dopend largely upon the attitude of the be emancipated, and that will be a work of time and patience and wise polley.

As to the party or persons by whom the destiny of the islands shall be shuped, we have little concern. Of this we reel assured: The principles of libsety on which this nation is founded will be carried to the ends of the earth. Pney will be onloyed by the Filipinos, is soon as they are capable of understanding and maintaining them. What s called "Imperialism" cannot be establiked anywhere under the institutions if this Republic. They are imbued with the spirit of freedote and that cannot se quenched or crushed out. Militariana foreign to the gentus of our country. There is no present dariger of its eaablumment. But the armies of the Inited States have a necessary work to to, and must be maintained within the wunds that statesmanship shall depermine.

If the time should come that the prindoles of our Constitution, and the littuties we hold so dear, shall be threat-

The Herald may protest that this is an exaggeration of its contention. Suppose that is so, to some degree But its own attempt to helle and buresque and bedaub the utterances of a contemporary, is more than an exaggeration; if is a deliberate attempt to misrepresent that which it cannot meet fairly. It appears to have been afflicted with a recent attack of partisan mania, that renders it indifferent to truth and the amountlies of respectable

erty which is regulated by righteous

Instead of quoting that which it desires to controvert, it gets down in the nirs and moulds a theory of its own. which it proceeds to hold up as the figure of a contemporary's position, and then to assail it with the soil out of which it was fabricated. "When any newspaper does this," under whitever pretext, it will losa chate among its own readers, and will damage the cause and the party which if is no anticus to appear to support.

COST OF ONE STRIKE.

The St. Louis Republic some time ago published an estimated cost of the people themselves. Independence of the street car strike in that city, and some Fagals is not enough. That would not of the figures are highly interesting. mean the liberty of the Filipinos, but The strike had at the time lasted 56 only the opportunity for a tribe to sub- days, and the loss to the company in ingate others. The whole people are to firms is given as \$1,580,000; loss through damano to property, \$20,000; extra exvenises, 750,000, There were 3,500 strikers, and their loss of wages amounted

> These were the two parties directly interacted in the guarrel that brought about the strike, but there were others. Thus the loss to the city in trade is estimated at \$25,000,000; the city also had to pay for extra pollee, \$50,000, and \$250,000 in wages were lost by employes. not in the service of the street COL company. That is to say, the heavlest that was supported on feet of iron and tosses by far were inflicted on the general public, which were guilty of no of- | frail, that the fall of a "little stone" hefense to the strikers. And that is very come disastrons to it. The rulers of ofton the case when labor troubles are | unitons seem to have a premonition of sought to be adjusted in that manner.

> It is further pointed out that sixteen nersons were killed during the rists; 34 strom of destruction. were more or less seriously wounded. one person committed subside, and two to some extent, several facts should be persons went insane as a result of the | kept in view. For many years the nastring.

These returns are not complete, but | and spent money and talent on deadly they show sufficiently what a great implements of warfare. The civilized strike in this country means. In some | nations have been growing in numbers, throad, we believe the Deseret News countries it would be called an insur- until their comparatively small area of . But maybe this is one of the Herald's or mistress.

one Mr. Chaffin, who owned the land upon which the discovery was made, to pursue his investigations, and the result was that he found eighteen additional skeletons. These were found lying in a row, each with the face turned toward the east. There were also sundry articles of pottery, 'earthenware, and engraved shells, and the conclusion was that the owner of the land had found an ancient Agtee burial

Among the articles found were an earthen jar, curiously engraved and decorated with forty Aztec characters while numerous other pieces of pottery and earthenware were found, but none so beautiful and conspicuous as the jar. A large number of mussel shells bearing mysterious engravings were also taken out and will be sent to authorities on the subject of Aztec archaeology for

examination The significance of the find is to establish the existence at some time of an Agtec habitation in Texas, while the beller has prevailed among archueolo gists that those ancient inhabitants of Central America did not penetrate so far north.

Slowly the past of this continent is generation and as the yell is being withdrawn, the historical part of the Book of Mormon will be better appreclated. So far no fact established is at variance with that record. Hefore long it may receive full corroboration by scientific research.

ALL NATIONS AT WAR.

The world was clearly told by the martyred Prophet of this dispensation. that a time would come when the nations would be on the warmath, one with another, to such an extent that all who were unwilling to draw their swords ugainst their neighbors, must "flee to Zion for safety." This warning is again brought to the attention of the

events. It is impossible to read the dally diswritten, True, the world has several tricts. times seened to be at the point of a crists which has passed, as the present

may do, without a general conflagration; but as the situation af present is, the possibility at least of a world war is made apparent; the weakness that characterizes the existing divisization with its religious, political and social Institutions, is as plain as that of the dycana image of the Babylonian king. alay, mixed and yet without solidity-so couning disaster. They are hesitating to

plunge into what may prove a mach-To understand the present situation. tions have been arming and drilling,

Expansion is all right. Imperiatism is all wrong." So says the S. L. Herald. So far we fully agree with our evidently rattled contemporary. We hope that its political views will suffer still further expansion.

In three days more the Japanese army will be landed in China, when there will be a sufficient force to do something in the way of clearing the mystery of Pekin, whether or not the Chinese like the procedure.

The developments in the Cuban frauds will impress people with the idea that the culprits there were not "clean" public officials before they went to the island, though they had been trusted in public office.

The Colombian revolution is over When on the verge of apparent success the insurrectionists surrendered unexpectedly, and the war collapsed. There is no accounting for what those South Americans will do in the way of running or stopping a government.

The wool market in the West is not as satisfactory as wool growers would like it, and the mutton market is little better. But even if the latter were being revealed to the present age and good, there are no fat sheep in this section by which to make it a means of profit. The drouth in the West has taken the fat off the sheep, and consequently prices are ranging low,

"The Descret News would have the people believe that those 19.000 Filipinos who have been shot full of holes by 'manifest destiny' have simply undergone a 'preparation for liberty'-S. L.

"The Deseret News would have the people believe" that the paper which printed the foregoing was simply lying, a bad habit into which H has fallen of

The world is in commotion. To the plagues of war, famine and pestilence is now added volcanie disturbances. A few days ago Mount Azuma, near Baninhabitants of the earth, by the current | dalsan, Japan, which was the scene of a volcanic disaster in 1888, broke into eruption. Two hundred persons were patches from foreign lands, without an killed or injured. Several villages were impression that a momentous chapter | enguifed by the streams of lava and of the history of mankind is about to be great damage was done in adjacent dis-

> If it should prove that the Chinese have been juggling dates regarding the legationers al Pekin, and representing that the foreigners are alive when they are not, even the Americans will welcome the complete dismemberment of a nation so lost to honor as to revel in such mendacity, But the Americans still persist in the attitude that the Chinese shall not be held to be guilty of such perfidy on suspicion alone, but that tangible evidence be required. The facts must be known soon.

The Herald tries to shift to the shoulders of the city engineer the responsibility for the statement that the new sprinkling system, which that paper declared could not be of any use this weason, could be finished in a few weeks. But here is what the Herald anid ligelf by way of comment:

"The advantage of this improvement is the relief which it will give the present water system.

the legations in future, but to demand territory is quite another thing.

Denver Post. Meanwhile the peril of the legationers is constant and great. They should be brought away from Pekin until the riot-ing has ceased; by the Chinese imperial authorities if they can: if they are pow-eriess, then by the army of the alles, acting in conjunction with those of the Chinese who remain loyal to the reign-ing emperor. This manifestily is the ing emperor. This manifestive is the extent of the duty of the United States. Its part should not exceed the rescue of imperilled foreigners. American troops should not be engaged in another war of conquest.

Chicago News. Gen. Miles says the reported wound-ing or killing of 25 per cent of the Amer-ican soldiers engaged in the battle of Tien Tsin equals many of the great engagements of the civil war and far sur passes that of Santiago, when the pe-centage was only 9.26. The "heathhinee" seems to have improved rapidly n the lessons given him in recent years British and German officers, of these days governments will treat as traitors officers who sell their skill to Chinese, Filipinos, Turks or any one else who happens to need the services of ex-



A great many criticisms of the mis-donaries in China have been indulged sionaries in China have been induiged in by politicians and newspaper mer-since the outbreak of the presen-troubles, the most of which are unde-served and betray an absolute ignor-ance of the real state of Chinese opin ion. Apparently there is abundant evi-dence to support the view that the mis-sionaries in China are particular object of popular hatred. The number of ther-killed in unrisings is large, but that does the present killed in uprisings is large, but that do not confirm the assumption that the brought their fate upon themselves t acts calculated to give unbrage to those with whom they have come in contact As a matter of fact most of them ar victims of the blind hatred which is d rected against all foreigners. That this deadly sentiment has not been inspired by the actions of the missionaries will be conceded by most impartial persons who have had an opportunity to investi-gate Chinese affairs, even by those who are incredulous regarding the possibil-ity of propagating Christianity in China.

New York World. In any event restraint, coolness, calm-ness, deliberation, should guide the ad-ministration at Washington. We wish first to understand and then to meet the now absolutely unknown Chinese situ-ation. We do not wish to create or join n creating a perhaps wholly new on that will mean for us not indernity, nor reparation, but war, measure-less loss and sorrow and suffering in-finitely multiplied, all to no purpose of national welfare or national honor.

Boston Herald

We know not what to do in China, nor what we may be called upon to do, beause we do not know what are the excause we do not know what are the ex-isting conditions, except in a wholly su-perficial way. Light will break upon as some time, but nobody can guess when. The hopeful are at liberty to take one view, the fearful will take another view. The fact is that nobling essential to a sure prognostication regarding the in-ternal conditions of China is known. If we knew whether the dowager empress is ruling and directing, or has been we knew whether the howager empre-is ruling and directing, or has bee overruled and possibly murdered, would affect the motive and aim of a that is doing by our government and b the European concert also. Whether, the end we shall find the Manchu d proto affect. nasty still in power, and Prince Tuan acting as regent for his son, who has been proclaimed by the empress as the adopted son of the late emperor, it is now impossible to know. Every present speculation is a sheer guess. Minister Wu does not know, or, if he does, he is



And I'll tell you what you are." You can't afford to let your lawn run to waste. It'll give you dead away. You want to come to us and get a beautiful, ball-bearing Lawn Mower cheap, and you also want some GARDEN HOSE cheap. We have carloads of them, and we don't intend to carry them over either, so if you'll drop into our store when you come down town you will be astonished to find what a very small amount of ready money it will take to

buy a complete LAWN and GARDEN OUTFIT.

