

EVENING NEWS.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY'S EXCEPTED, AT
100 N. 2ND ST., SALT LAKE CITY.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Cool has been discovered at Grouse Creek, near the line of the Central Pacific. This will be a fine thing both for the road and the discoverers.

While the public debt of the United States and also that of Great Britain has been considerably reduced during the last fourteen years, the former over twenty-seven per cent, and the latter a little more than three per cent, nearly all the European Powers have been increasing their liabilities. France's debt has increased 188 per cent; Russia's has increased 153 per cent; Italy's has increased 123 per cent; Turkey's has increased 431 per cent; Germany's has increased 71 per cent; Switzerland has increased her debt \$33 per cent, on account of public works like the St. Gothard tunnel. Denmark has increased hers a trifle over seven per cent.

Have we not a privileged class in this country? The Fourteenth Amendment and the laws passed in pursuance thereof were intended to secure to colored citizens equal civil rights with white citizens; but they have been so construed by the courts that the colored "person" is exalted above the "white trash" and obtains peculiar privileges over and above that protection. A colored man and his wife were refused admission to a public entertainment in Philadelphia some years ago, upon tickets they had purchased. They brought suit, and the lower court awarded them \$300 damages. The case was appealed on the ground that the plaintiffs could only recover the amount they paid for their tickets. The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has affirmed the judgment of the lower court, and theatre lessees had better be careful how they comport themselves towards "gentlemen of color."

The Congregationalist tells the following rather tough story: "Rev. A. C. Washburn, of Syracuse, in his eightieth year, recently in the presence of his pastor, Dr. Beard, fell an old, sound and tough apple tree, eight feet in diameter, without resistance, and severed the limbs in as short a space of time as any young man." We think that such a phenomenal apple tree should have been carefully preserved instead of destroyed in so ruthless a manner. Eight feet in diameter! That would be twenty-four feet in circumference. We don't grow such apple trees as that out West, and if the Congregationalist was not an orthodox religious journal we should be almost tempted to think it was shooting with the long bow. Washington could never have tackled an apple tree like that with his little hatchet, and the Rev. Washburn in his eightieth year must have had a pretty tough job.

The payment of taxes is obnoxious to a certain class of people all over the world, and the tax collector in consequence is generally an unpopular person. Revenue is necessary to every government, and payment must be enforced when not made voluntarily. In Russia they have made a mode of collection which makes our system of charging the amount to the collector and making him responsible for it, quite easy and pleasant in comparison. A peasant, representative of a district comprising several villages, is charged with the duty of collecting a certain amount of money, and it is the business of the people to distribute the taxes among themselves, as they like the best. For the prompt collection, in the first place, the representative is responsible, and in case of tardiness he is imprisoned for a week with common criminals, and furnished with food at the cost of three cents a day. A district is forced to pay for all its members, whether they are actual residents, or have gone elsewhere, or are in the army. In case a tax collector is unable to do his duty, he reports to the authorities; then the police appear armed with rods, and if the rods do not secure the desired result the property of the delinquents is sold at auction.

THE OUTLET OF THE GREAT LAKE.

Those who have closely examined the country from the north end of Cache Valley to Snake River will coincide with the views of Professor G. K. Gilbert, advanced in the *American Journal of Science* for April, 1878, that the point of outflow of the great body of water, which once covered these mountain valleys, and the marks of which are seen on the mountain sides, was through Red Rock Canyon and Marsh Valley, Fort Canon and on through what is now the Snake River Valley, and thence to the Pacific Ocean.

These views are again presented with great clearness in the popular journal for the present month with arguments which fairly answer some objections put forth by Dr. Peale in that paper. Prof. Gilbert shows that the ancient water surface to which the name "Lake Bonneville" has been applied was ten times larger in extent, and that its level was about one thousand feet higher than Great Salt Lake. That it overflowed at Red Rock and passing over soft material at first it gradually excavated at the place a channel more than three hundred feet deep and lowered the lake level to the same amount; that "the discharging stream descended through Marsh Valley, and thence continuously to the Pacific Ocean."

This opinion on a subject still a question of controversy is well sustained by Prof. Gilbert, and his paper is very interesting to all who have thought on the former condition of the basins of Utah, and have noted the old water marks on the mountains, which were evidently by the shore line of the inland sea that once covered the place now inhabited and cultivated by the Latter-day Saints.

TEMPORAL SALVATION.

Most religious people consider that the phrase "salvation" is founded by the combination of ideas which are involved in theology, so called; that the work of redemption by Jesus Christ, and the justification of man by faith, are the all in all of a salvation which is desirable for man or provided for by "The Divine."

While indisposed to depreciate the vast importance of religious sentiment and spiritual being, it is very evident to us that the complex human life of to-day needs direction in all its aspects and salvation in all its parts; many of these parts, too, which are called temporal have great influence upon the spiritual and religious feelings, and very often so far warp and pervert that instead of being elevating in their character, they prompt only to distrust and superstition!

Men who accustom themselves to see only the dark side of society, its ingratitude, priestcraft and tyranny; the insolence of office; the abuse of authority; the encroachments of capital; the selfishness of even the nearest; the lack of sympathy for misfortune; the long deferred justice which lives have struggled to obtain; find in these only so many arguments which lay for them the axe at the foundation of faith in any divine beneficence, wisdom and government.

A morbid and sour spirit is thus nurtured, which absorbs nutriment from every exhibition of weakness in the minister, every somersault of the political acrobats, every departure from the line of duty by men in places of trust, and every selfish act of friend or neighbor, and then, concluding that this order is eternal, yields itself a willing prey in the great polluted stream.

Not so with the man of healthy, vigorous religious thought and aspiration. He, from his faith in God, draws the assurance that right will some day triumph; that tyranny will some day be overthrown; that selfishness will be gradually undermined and pass away; and that from every evil there will come a day of redemption, a salvation which is yet never of value only as found to be desirable by the hard lines of experience.

Jesus well said, "It is not he whole that need a physician, but they that are sick;" and only to the intelligent comprehension of "salvation," need any cry, "Who would be free, themselves must strike the blow!" The born blind cannot appreciate the blessing of sight, the born slave hardly possesses an idea of freedom. Men always under the yoke have no correct conceptions of an enlarged liberty. The ignorant one fails to apprehend the importance of intelligence, and the victim of monopoly, the slave to capital, only in experience and by mental contrast grasps the key of his deliverance and salvation.

And there are so many interests involved in every change of policy inaugurated by necessity, that the blessing is often but half a one, or yet a long while deferred; hence in preaching a revealed spiritual salvation, one has to meet the vested interests of an army engaged in sectarianism, advanced as one man to repel the advancing truth. When co-operation was suggested as a breakwater against speculation, and proposed in abrogation of the middleman who stood between the producer and the consumer, every distant jobber of goods and every local merchant felt as if their rights and vested interests were about to be invaded, and their advance was simultaneous in opposition to the truth of commercial salvation.

The air of heaven and the mountain streams have been free to every needful claimant, the glad sunlight has been beyond the reach of human shade or tax; but the condensed sunlight stored for many an age, and needed for warmth in winter and convenience at all times, has been subject to selfish handling, and taxed almost to luxury. But the awakened assertion of resistance provokes threatened reprisals, and crookedness of policy because David goes against Goliath with simple implements of war. But sure as men who act from faith in God and faith in human right, are never, however successful, so sure will united effort triumph and domestic salvation come from the intelligent recognition of its necessity.

So one by one will fall the gods which men for ages past have worshipped, and the superstitions under which they have groined. For a united intelligent community offered by vigilant and fearless leaders, only need to really see an evil and it will have its remedy. They only need to comprehend when they are slaves, and freedom they will be. They only need to sense that they need redemption in any direction, and their faith in God and unity of action will bring the desired salvation, whether in a spiritual, moral, social, commercial, political, educational or financial respect; whether to save themselves from enemies or friends; if the question once comes home, there is life enough, force enough, unity enough, God enough in that community to save themselves, to save their nation, to save the world, and turn the currents of human interest and human destiny until "righteousness covers the earth as the waters cover the face of the great deep."

BY TELEGRAPH.

The Present Aspect of the Convention.

New York, 22.—The Tribune will by no means admit that Grant's nomination is certain or probable. It gives a table as follows: Full number of delegates necessary for a choice 272. Number already elected, 212. For Grant 230, for Blaine 277, for Sherman 106, for Edmunds 36, for Washburn 15, for Windom 10; Blaine's estimate is still more favorable to his gentleman. The Tribune argues editorially that every other candidate's second choice is satisfactory to Grant.

For Washington to Field.

The Tribune says: One vote out of the delegation of 12 is all Field

gets in California. Evidently he is not the favorite son. With such a poor send-off from his own State, his friends must feel little encouragement for setting him up as an anti-Blaine candidate. The contingent legate policy seems to be Field's best hold.

Not Particularly Flattering to Washington.

The Herald again asserts Grant is certainly the next republican candidate and probably the next president, and adds: Grant has been as passive as Washington ever was in relation to the highest station in the government. Moreover, they resemble each other in their distaste and incapacity for mob oratory and in self-respecting reticence concerning their claims to public office and honors. They further resemble each other in their common repugnance to the shows and shams of vulgar politics. No wonder, then, that it may eventually turn out that the parallel is maintained on the great point of earnest fidelity to the theory and practice of republican institutions.

News from the Indian Country.

SANTA FE, 22.—Fifty armed men left Las Lunas today for the western portion of Valencia county to protect the herds. The Apaches have killed three more Somero herders. There are no troops for 100 miles East, West or North. Pope has asked for the 10th cavalry from Texas to reinforce Hatch.

Fort Keogh, 22.—The hostiles have been waiting all winter to surrender, but were told by the traders that their ponies and guns would be taken and every Indian hime and Grand Council of the Sioux has just been held, and a delegation of 50 selected to visit this part, is now en camp five miles north. Miles received orders from Sheridan that all the hostiles must surrender unconditionally, the military authorities at Hazel, post commander at Buffalo, sent out a detail to receive the surrender. Seven hundred Sioux, under Rain-in-the-face, who killed Custer, are opposite Fort Keogh, but hesitate about giving up their guns and ponies.

LEADVILLE.—The White River Utes have been reinforced by a 150 Savages. There are 3,000 Indians on the Ute reservation.

RIOGRAND SMELTERS.

Danger of Disturbance in Omaha.

OMAHA, 22.—The strike in the smelting works nearly resulted in a riot today. 1,500 workmen compelling 400 colored men who have been brought from the river towns, to stop work. The militia are ready at a moment's notice. State officers have been appealed to. A Washington dispatch says Senator Paddock, at half past ten this evening, received from the Secretary of the State of Nebraska, now acting as Governor of the State, a requisition on the President for troops to assist the local authorities in Omaha in preserving the peace and protecting life and property from the rioters. The President was called out of bed, and at midnight, after consultation with the Attorney General, he concluded that the troops in Congress have left him the right to order troops from the fort nearest Omaha, to the scene of the riot, in readiness in case they are needed. Paddock sent the order after 12 o'clock, and it is hoped that the movement of troops into the city of Omaha will restore quiet.

No Trouble Yet.

OMAHA, 22.—Two companies of militia are here to prevent any disturbance. Trouble is expected any moment, as the latter are very belligerent.

Kalke's Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, 22.—The impeachment case of Major Kalke, now comes up in the Superior Court on Monday. The defendant has filed an affidavit demurring to the complaint on the ground that the court has no jurisdiction. It does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action and is ambiguous, unintelligible and uncertain. In another affidavit he asks that the case be heard in *ban* as it involves public interests of great importance, and difficult questions of law and equity. In his affidavit he refers to the duty of appointing a board of delegates, devolved upon him by the new Mexican charter and draws attention to the conflict between him and the board of supervisors on this and other points as special reasons for asking a hearing in *ban*.

Chicago, 21.—The Tribune's

Springfield special states that ten of the Congressional districts have entered their protest and deny the right of auditing of titles. A declaration in the Convention to throw out the anti-Grant delegates, and that these districts had previously chosen delegates to take their appeal to the National Convention.

The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington special says: Gorham and a large force of adroit and skillful Grant men have been ordered to Chicago to work up his campaign. It is intimated that Blaine will go thither himself.

H. B. Wright also a Candidate.

PHILADELPHIA, 21.—Prominent labor advocates, including some from California, met to nominate a candidate for President. It was concluded to support Hon. Hendrick B. Wright, and John B. Chamberlain for Vice-president, and agreed to withdraw from the Chicago Convention.

Frank in a Horseback Ride.

SAN FRANCISCO, 21.—During the past week the race to test the endurance of horsemen has been in progress at the Bay District. Four riders, using an indefinite number of mustangs, riding 15 hours each day for an alleged price of \$2,500. Four riders started, but only two, Professor Anderson and M. J. Reyes, finished, the score at the close standing: Anderson, 1,304; Reyes, 1,284 miles. It has been ascertained in well-informed circles during the week that the affair was a fraud, and the *Pacific Life*, to-morrow, will publish a six-column article to that effect, although admitting that the scoring was correct. It will also show that Reyes, who appeared in the character of a wild half-breed Indian, is no other than Senor Jesus Maria Delon, who created such a sensation in Europe four years ago giving an exhibition of riding and wrestling, and was also in the employ of Barnum some five years ago in New York.

Sally on the Trail.

A dispatch from Tucson, Arizona, says: Dispatches from Capt. Stupper and Kramer, state they ran Victorio into New Mexico, captured 20 horses, and followed the trail beyond the line towards the Rio Grande. Gen. Hatch's troops were put on the trail. The Arizona troops, having exhausted their rations and breaking many of their horses down, turned the trail over to Gen. Hatch.

Crop Reports.

CLEVELAND, 21.—The Leader will publish to-morrow comprehensive crop reports from nearly 150 points in Ohio and Pennsylvania showing that the acreage of wheat is about 15 per cent greater than that of last year. The crop is in a fine condition. Only one suffering for want of rain and will be short. The corn acreage is an average. Prospects are fair.

DIED.

In the 11th Ward of this City, May 21, 1880, of pneumonia, MARIA, widow of M. B. and M. B. Ship, born Feb. 21, 1880. Funeral from residence of parents, Sunday, the 23d inst., at 11 a. m. Friends invited.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the qualified voters of the Eleventh School District will be held in the District School House on Monday, June 1, 1880, at 7:30 a. m., for the purpose of electing three trustees one for 1 year, one for 2 years, and 1 for 3 years from date of election.

FRANK ARMSTRONG, HARKIN CHILDS, HENRY CUTLER, AM. Trustees 11th School District. Salt Lake City, May 22, 1880. d 12

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:
One light red HEIFER, 3 years old, speckled back and under belly, white spot in face, 2 inches in the ear and under it in right ear.
One blue, yearling STEER, white head and under belly, crop off right ear, branded E on left hip.
One black and dark brown steed COLT, coming 2 years old, white spot in forehead, both left and right hind legs resembling 8 and with other illegible letter on right thigh.
Which if not claimed, will be sold May 23d at 1 o'clock, at the Estey Pound, at Mount, Saugate County.

JENS HANSEN, District Poundkeeper, Mount, May 20th, 1880.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:
One red COW, about three years old, under half crop off each ear, under left and under crop off right ear, branded A on left rib.
If not claimed and taken away, she will be sold May 25, 1880, at the estray pound, Mount, at 2 p. m.

JOHN BAILEY, District Poundkeeper, May 18, 1880.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:
One gray MARE, nine or ten years old, branded J K (J with circle on top), on left thigh, has a brown horse colt, half face, white legs, white under body, branded on left hip.
If said animals are not claimed before May 21st, 1880, they will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, at the Estey Pound, at Mount, Saugate Co. at 1 o'clock.

SAMUEL BATEMAN, District Poundkeeper, Gardner's Mill, West Jordan, May 20th, 1880.

DYEING.

ALL KINDS OF GOODS DYED AND Cleaned at the

CITY DYE WORKS, one block north of 10th Ward School-house.

Orders left at the 6th, 7th, 8th, 10th, 16th, 17th, 18th and 20th Ward Stores will be promptly attended to. d 13

SILK REELERS.

A COMPETENT SILK REELER will soon be needed at the Utah Silk Factory. Apply to A. C. Fryer, City Hall.

3rd St. A. M. MUSSEL, Secretary.

TO RENT.

A SUITE OF FURNISHED ROOMS at Spencer's, First East, between Second and Third South. d 14

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership lately existing between John Malouist and Henry Puzet, of Salt Lake City, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All orders entrusted to either of them are due to the late firm of Malouist & Puzet.

JOHN MALOUIST, HENRY PUZET. d 15

Admiration OF THE WORLD.

A NOTABLE EVENT!

Mrs. S. A. Allen's

WORLD'S

Hair Restorer

IS PERFECTION.

A Noble Record. Near Half a Century. Established 1832. Improved 1879.

The nature of this great improvement is in its wonderful life giving properties to faded or falling hair, and MORE QUICKLY CHANGING GRAY OR WHITE HAIR to its natural youthful COLOR and BEAUTY.

IT IS NOT A DYE.

It requires only a few applications to restore gray hair to its youthful color and lustrous beauty and induce luxuriant growth, and its occasional use is all that is needed to preserve it in its highest perfection and beauty. DANDRUFF is quickly and permanently removed.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. \$1.25 PER BOTTLE.

Manufacturers and Salesmen:

111 & 113 Southampton Row, London, England.

37 Beaufort House, Manchester, France.

35 Barclay Street & 40 Park Place, New York.

CHAMPION REAPERS & MOWERS.

Tiger Sulky Hay Rakes (Self Dumpers).

Farmers who are now looking around them to see where they can get the Best Goods and for the Least Money, are invited to look in at

THE BAIN WAGON DEPOT!

And you will find the above celebrated Harvesting Machines, which are so well known and known to be the most durable in use. I also keep a full line of

Oliver Chilled Plows, Reaping Mowers, Cultivators, Harrows, Rippers, Etc., Etc.

WAGON MATERIAL AND HARDWOOD LUMBER

PORTER SHEET IRON ROOFING

The Best and Cheapest Roofing Material used.

Address: HOWARD SEBREE, Salt Lake City.

H. E. PHELPS.

THE

AMERICAN

STORE

HAS RECEIVED A FULL LINE OF

General Merchandise

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1880, AND

MR. H. E. PHELPS

Trusts the General Public will do him the favor to

CALL AND SEE HIM AND EXAMINE GOODS AND PRICES

Before Buying at Other Stores, as he is

Determined to Sell Goods as CHEAP as they

Can be Sold.

AMERICAN FLAGS FOR SALE.

H. E. PHELPS.

BEEF, BEEF!

FRESH AND JUICY. THE BEST THE market affords, always on hand at the Family Meat Market, just north of Lake Store corner.

JAS. WILLIAMSON, Proprietor.

WATCHES, JEWELRY.

BEAUTIFUL AND CHEAP.

Consisting of Brooches, Bracelets, Finger-rings, Studs, Shaver-buttons, Pins, Jewels, Necklaces, Chains, Lockets, Full Sets, Etc.

[A Fine assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Gold and Silver WATCHES.

A Large and Complete Stock always on hand.

CLEANING WATCHES, - \$1.50.

And everything else in our Line Reduced in the Same Proportion.

Articles and Workmanship guaranteed to give Perfect Satisfaction.

CARL C. ASMUSSEN

HUMAN HAIR.

WE are manufacturing Ladies Hair Goods and pay

CASH

For Good Heads of Hair. Parties desirous of selling their hair will do well to call on us. Hair goods of all kinds for sale at reasonable prices. Making our own goods we can guarantee them.

OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and we ask the Ladies to examine our stock of Ladies' Goods.

Mrs. BUTTON & BOYAN, 128 East Temple St., Salt Lake City.

Lindsey's Pleasure Gardens

ARE NOW OPEN TO THE PUBLIC

The Gardens are fine and plenty of Shade—Flowers for the Children—Pure Spring Water—All kinds of Refreshments.

Children not admitted unless in charge of their SENIORS.

Special advantages for Societies, Schools and Private Parties to enjoy themselves.

H. HEILBRONNER.

GARDINER'S RESTAURANT!

THE MOST COMFORTABLE & STYLISH RESORT IN THE CITY

—FOR—

TEA COFFEE AND CHOCOLATE.

HOT AND COLD LUNCH, ETC.

GO AND SEE HIS

Ice Cream Freezer!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE WEST—ON MAIN STREET.

GO AND SEE HIS

Ice Cream Freezer!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE WEST—ON MAIN STREET.

GO AND SEE HIS

Ice Cream Freezer!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE WEST—ON MAIN STREET.

GO AND SEE HIS

Ice Cream Freezer!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE WEST—ON MAIN STREET.

GO AND SEE HIS

Ice Cream Freezer!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE WEST—ON MAIN STREET.

GO AND SEE HIS

Ice Cream Freezer!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE WEST—ON MAIN STREET.

GO AND SEE HIS

Ice Cream Freezer!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE WEST—ON MAIN STREET.

GO AND SEE HIS

Ice Cream Freezer!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE WEST—ON MAIN STREET.

GO AND SEE HIS

Ice Cream Freezer!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE WEST—ON MAIN STREET.

GO AND SEE HIS

Ice Cream Freezer!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE WEST—ON MAIN STREET.

GO AND SEE HIS

Ice Cream Freezer!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE WEST—ON MAIN STREET.

GO AND SEE HIS

Ice Cream Freezer!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE WEST—ON MAIN STREET.

GO AND SEE HIS

Ice Cream Freezer!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE WEST—ON MAIN STREET.

GO AND SEE HIS

Ice Cream Freezer!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE WEST—ON MAIN STREET.

GO AND SEE HIS

Ice Cream Freezer!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE WEST—ON MAIN STREET.

GO AND SEE HIS

Ice Cream Freezer!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE WEST—ON MAIN STREET.

GO AND SEE HIS

Ice Cream Freezer!