DEPARTMENT,

STAIRS, EMPORIUM BUILDINGS.

A full first class Stocks of

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Wholesale Buyers and Co-operative Dealrs, please inspect.

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We cut in any lengths, at a small advance on wholesale.

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And in each branch a Great Variety.

IMPLEMENTS, TOOLS and MACHINERY,

All on the premises.

Supplies a Specialty. Miners'

# CLOTHING

DEPARTMENT.

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Manufactured from IOME-MADE,

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GERMAN,

ENGLISH and

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FABRICS

Fine Cassimeres, Cloths and Trimmings

In hand for Gentlemen ordering their own

First-class Fitters and Workmen to fill all orders promptly.

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Prescriptions from Physicians will have special attention.

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BOOTS AND SHOES, SALT LARE IRON WORKS!

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The Only Complete Works in Utah! Iron and Brass Foundries, Machine and Fitting Shop, Blacksmith Shop,

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Particular Attention given to the Settlement of ESTATES, ANNUITIES, and Collection of Money in Great Britain and Scandinavia.

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OFFICE - East Temple St., over Dunford & Son's Store, a few doors North of 1st National Bank. w38 ly

## NOTICE!

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. That whereas I will appear on Saturday the 10th day of February A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the U.S. Land Office, in Salt Lake City, U. T., to make cash entry for the Townsite of Washinton, Washington County, Utah Territory, embracing the following discribed lands, to wit: The West 1/2 of Sec. 14 the N W 1/4 of N E 14 of Sec. 14 and the S W 14 of S E 14 of Sec. 11, Township 42 South of Range 15 West; To make the proof require 1 by law and show that I am entitled to have the entries made under an Act. of Congress for the relief of the inhabitants of Cities and Towns upon the public lands, Approved March 2, 1867, and also an Act amendatory thereto, Approved Jane 8, 1868, for the use and benefit of the inhabitants thereof, at which time and place any person or persons can appear and show cause, if any there be, why such entry should not be made.

WM. SNOW, Probate Judge. St. George, Dec. 15, 1871. W49 4t

## NOTICE!

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. That whereas I will appear on Saturday the 10th day of February, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock a m., at the U.S. Land Office in Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, to make cash entry for the Townsite of Harrisburg, Washington County, Utah Territory, embracing the following described lands, to wit: The South West 1/4 of the N E 1/4 and S F 1/4 of the N W 1/4 and the N E 1/4 of the S W 1/4 of Sec. 23, Township 41 South of Range 14 West, To make the proof required by law and show that I am entitled to have the entries made under an Act of Congress for the relief of the inhabitants of cities and towns upon the public lands approved March 2, 1867 and also an Act amendatory thereto, approved June 8, 1868, for the use of the inhabitants thereof, at which time and place any person or persons can appear and show cause, if any there be, why such entry should not be made.

WM. SNOW, Probate Judge St. George, Dec. 15, 1871,

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: That cash I entry for the Town site of Henneferville, Liquors in great variety

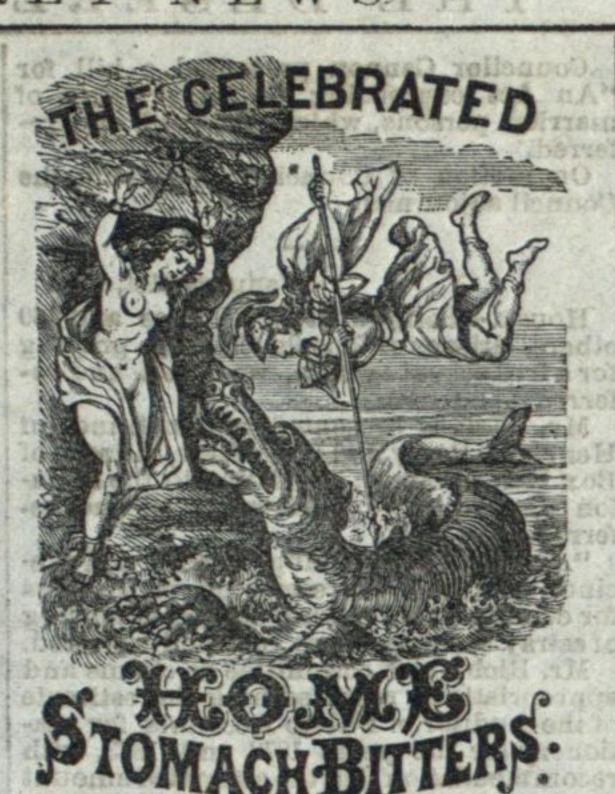
Summit County, Utah, made November 10, 1871, embracing the SW 1/2 and W 1/2 of S E 1/2 of Sec.

4 N E of N W 1/2 and N W of N E 1/4 Sec. 9, Township 3 N, R 4 E, in all 320 acres, has been made, in trust for the inhabitants. in trust for the inhabitants; and is now ready to be disposed of in lots, to any person or persons entitled thereto.

All persons claiming to be owners or possessors of any portion of said entry, will take due notice and make the application as provided in the statutes of Utah.

Coalville, Dec. 11, 1871,

A E HINKLEY, Probate Judge. W45 3m



Are indersed and prescribed by more leading Physicians than any other tonic or stimulant now in use. They are A SURE PREVENTIVE for Fever and Ague, Intermittents, Biliousness, and all disorders arising from miasmatic causes. They are highly recommended as an anti-dyspeptic, and in cases of in-digestion are invaluable as an Appetizer and Recuperant, and in cases of General Debility they have never in a single instance failed in producing the most happy results. They are particularly BENEFICIAL TO FEMALES, strengthening the body, invigorating the mind and giving tone and elasticity to the whole system. The HOME BITTERS are compounded with the greatest care, and no Tonic Stimulant has ever been offered to the public SO PLEASANT TO THE TASTE, and at the same time combining so many remedial agents, indorsed by the medical fraternity as the best known to the Pharmacoposia. It costs little to give them a fair trial, and

### Every Family should have a Bottle. We ask every one to read the following Certificates from many

of the most eminent physicians in the country; ST. LOUIS, July, 1870 .- JAMES A. JACKSON & CO.; Gentlemen-As you have communicated to the medical profession the recipe of the " Home Bitters," it can not therefore be considered as a secret or patent medicine, no patent having been taken for it. We have examined the formula for making the "Home Bitters," and unhesitatingly say the combination is one of rare excellence, all the articles used in its composition are the best of the class to which they belong, being highly Tonic, Stimulant, Stomachic, Carminative and slightly Laxative. The mode of preparing them is strictly in accordance with the rules of pharmacy: Having used them, seen its effect in our private practice, we take pleasure in recommending them to all persons desirous of taking Bitters, as being the best Tonic and Stimulant new offered to the public. F. G. PORTER, M. D.

L. CH. BOISLINIERE. M. D. ALFRED HEACOCK, M. D. DRAKE MCDOWELL, M. D. J. C. WHITEHILL, M. D. Dr. C. V. F. LUDWIG. W. A. WILCOX, M. D.

C. GERICK. M D. C. A. WANE, M. D. E. A. CLARK. M. D. S. G. Moses, M. D. HUBERT PRIMM. U. S. MARINE HOSPITAL, ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 8, 1870,-JAS, A. JACKSON & Co.; I have examined the formula for making the "Home Stomach Bitters," and used them in the Hospital for the last four months, I consider them the most valuable tonic

and stimulant now in use, ST. LOUIS, July 6, 1870 .- JAS. A. JACKSON & Co.; Having examined the formula from which your celebrated " Stomach Bitters" are prepared, and having witnessed the method of combining the different ingredients, we can safely recommend them as the best tonic with which we are acquainted, From the great care with which they are compounded, and from the choice materials which enter into them, we have no doubt that they will prove, as they deserve to be, the most popular tonic and stimulant in use, Respectfully yours,
T, J, VASTINE, M, D.
T. G. COMSTOCE, M, D,

We cheerfully concur with every word contained in the above

JOHN HARTMAN, M. D. JOHN CONZELMAN, M. D. JOHN T. TEMPLE, M. D. CHAS. VASTINE, M. D. E. C. FRANLIN, M. D. G. S. WALKER, M. D. CINCINNATI, Oct. 19th, 1870,-Mesers. W. B. KENNEDY & Co., Agents " Home Bitters"; Gents-Agreeable to your request, I have examined the formula of the "Home Stomach Bitters," and find the remedies it contains such as are in general use by the Medical profession. They are very scientifically and pleas-antly combined, and as stimulating tonics will be found especially adapted as corroborants to the treatment of low or debilitated stages of the system, whether arising from impaired digestion, or from malarious diseases,

Dr. J. L. VATTIERS. R. S. WAYNE, Chemist. W. T. TALIAFERRO, M. D. J. J. QUINN, M. E. J. H. BUCKLE, M. D.

L. A. JAMES, M. D. C. T. SIMPSON, M. D S. P. BONNER. M. D. C, S. MUSCROFT. M. D. G. W. BIGLER, M. D. W. R. WOODWARD, M. D. G. A DOHERTY, M. D. CHICAGO. Sept. 30, 1870,—J. L. SMITH, Esq.; We have examined the formula of the "Celebrated Stomach Bitters," and

find it to be composed of articles that are considered the best tonics used by the Medical profession, and one of the best bitters we know of now in use, H: 8, HAHN, M. D. B. MCVICAR, M. D. J. B. WALKER, M. D. G. A. MARINER, NORMAN S. BARNES, M. D.

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LITTLE GIANT

Horse Powers. BRASS PUMPS, dec., dec.

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### WANTED.

A GOOD steady industrious English Farmer. A of small family, one who has had a little experience in this country preferred. Address H, W. NAISBITT. 897 w49 1m

GOING INTO THE COUNTRY.

"Why can't the poor go into the country, take up the unoccupied land, grow up with the improvements, secure good homes and make their fortunes?"

The reason is obvious: They can't carry with them the market of civilization; they can't have schools and churches, libraries and lyceums. Because the mere eating which a farm affords constitutes but a very small percent. of the real wants which our civilization has converted into absolute necessities. Now if the poor in our cities had the means to get into the country, which they have not, if they could command the means to build houses, buy horses, oxen, farming tools and stock, seed and provisions, which not one in a score of them could, they could not be induced to leave their social surroundings and advantages, however poor they might be, in exchange for the trials and self-denials, not only social and educational, but commercial and mechanical, which would be certain to follow. Man is essentially a gregarious being. He loves society and is willing to sacrifice almost any and everything to procure it. The tendency of mankind the world over, to aggregate into villages, towns and cities, demonstrates that the new civilization towards which the thoughtful and progressive minds of to-day are seriously considering, must provide for this inherent and central social want in human nature. If the poor are to migrate from our cities into the unoccupied country they must march out in colonies, in numbers sufficient to carry with them the elements for planting and sustaining, at the commencement, a well organized school, library, newspaper and, to a large extent, the elements of self-support. Our pre-emption system is against this. It requires a personal residence on the pre-empted farm to secure it. The times now demand such an amendment to the preemption law as will allow the members of a thoroughly organized and bona fide colony to settle in the central village located by the colony and at the same time, work, occupy and pre-empt his or her quarter section. With this provision secured, thousands and tens of thousands now pinched and half starved, hard worked and half discouraged residents of our large cities, would with high hopes, joyfully rush to the new land of promise. -S.F. Pioneer.

THE San Francisco Pioneer moralizes after this not very encouraging fashion-

Everywhere crime is rampant. Our large commercial cities are putrid with social, political and religious corruption. Right, truth and justice are all sacrificed to the spirit of gain, to enable the fortunate few to gratify their miserly love of hoarding, the showy, the love of superiority and display and all the spirit of pride Commerce is blind to everything but gain or power. Man's comfort, happiness, condition, prerogative or right must yield to its inexoraable demands. Stately cathedrals, expensive temples of justice, palatial residences, have their foundation resting on the aching shoulders of poorly fed and badly clothed labor, whose mean hovels are dwarfed in terrible contrast with the gorgeous home of the non-producing sponges. The rush for gain without honest industry is the immediate cause of all the untold wrongs and outrages which are inflicted on the sons and daughters of unsuspicion, ignorance, suffering and toil, while law and religion constitute the practical body guard to defend and uphold the system of wrong.

Paris is said to be "short" of "subjects" for dissection. The two medical schools of the city, comprising 700 students from all parts of the world, require 90 bodies per week. How to obtain them is sometimes perplexing. There are, it is true, about six suicides; on an average, in the city daily; but even if all these-mostly drowned cases -could be had, the schools would still lack their full supply. It is therefore proposed to send up "preserved subjects" by trains from the provinces. Formerly the dissecting rooms were well supplied from the hospitals and prisons, but this system has been done away with since the society for the burial of "the unknown dead" was established in Paris especially for the purpose of saving them from the amphitheatre.