

grant accompanied by his wife and family had exhibited symptoms which made the examining physicians for a time suspicious of cholera. After a careful examination, however, Health Officer Duffield decided that it was not the dread disease, but as a matter of precaution, Lentz was sent across the river to Windsor and placed in a detention hospital, where the case will be more thoroughly diagnosed.

BERLIN, Aug. 28.—Emperor William receives exhaustive reports of the progress of cholera and the measures taken to combat it. He devotes several hours daily to studying the epidemic. He ordered stringent measures taken to insure the safety of troops. Sanitary officials tonight reiterate the assertion that there is no Asiatic cholera in the city. However, a woman yesterday arrived from Hamburg and was seized with the cholera symptoms. She and her husband were immediately sent to a hospital where they are still detained. Frequent reports of cholera are reported.

Great surprise is expressed at the action of Hamburg authorities in giving cholera figures up to Thursday as 573 cases and 194 deaths, whereas the *Reichsanzeiger* gives the figures up to Friday as 1028 cases and 358 deaths. It is reported that the steamer "Sylva," bound from Hamburg to New York, landed at Cuxhaven two of her crew suffering from cholera.

HAMBURG, Aug. 28.—The epidemic here is assuming truly alarming proportions. All Sunday excursions and amusements were stopped. Three hundred and twenty interments were made during the half of today (Sunday), the average number normally being eighty-five. The Senate demanded extra credit of £150,000 to buy medicines, etc. The disease is increasing rapidly in the suburbs.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—The steamer "Talavera" arrived at Grimsby from Hamburg today. Two sailors were suffering from cholera symptoms. They were removed to the floating hospital and the "Talavera" was towed to the quarantine station.

The sickness aboard the Hamburg bark "Helena," which arrived off Dover last night, proves to be a number of diarrhoea cases; but the patients are recovering. The vessel was disinfected but was not allowed to communicate with Dover.

PARIS, Aug. 28.—A lady called at Madie St. Montmartre today to register the death of her child from cholera. Persons in the office drew away in terror, when suddenly the lady fell to the floor writhing with pain. She was at once removed to the cholera barracks, where her husband was taken on the previous day. Her husband died.

Three deaths from the cholera are reported at Lemant. English liners are loading at Havre as usual. Italy is rigorously excluding all commodities likely to be vehicles of cholera and is exercising scrupulous vigilance over passengers.

A number of new cases of cholera are reported in this city. Three deaths from the disease occurred today. Three persons died of cholera in Limans today.

HAVRE, Aug. 28.—Seventy-one new cases of cholera and twenty-five deaths from the disease were reported in this city yesterday.

MADRID, Aug. 28.—The official *Gazette* publishes a decree ordering stringent measures to be adopted against cholera. Rigorous precautions are being taken on the frontier.

St. PETERSBURG, Aug. 28.—Twenty-eight cases of cholera have occurred in the charitable asylum here, the outbreak being due to bad food. Cholera continues to spread in several towns in central Russia and Lublin, though the mortality is not alarming. Official returns show that throughout Russia on Thursday there were reported 5657 new cases of cholera and 2869 deaths. In St. Petersburg yesterday 75 new cases and 37 deaths were reported.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 28.—It is rumored in Vera Cruz that there is cholera in Havana.

A Honduras special says the rebel General Bonilla was to have been shot today.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 28.—The Treasury Department is acting promptly on all matters having a bearing on the cholera epidemic, and nothing will be left undone that may tend to keep the infection from the shores of this country. To all intents and purposes there now exists a National quarantine co-operation of National and State authorities resulting in the formation of a cordon which will make it extremely difficult for a case of cholera to reach the shores of the United States. Surgeon-General Wyman of the marine hospital service is now considering the proposition of continuing the disinfection of baggage during the winter. This, it is thought, will prevent the importation of cholera-germs. After the present alarm is over and the matter has subsided, the old revenue cutter "Ewing" will be taken to Chesapeake Bay, anchored off shore and fitted up for a hospital, so if any cholera patients are found aboard incoming ships they will not have to be landed, but can be kept entirely isolated.

It is evident that the people living along

THE CANADIAN BORDER

are apprehensive that the disease may enter the United States by that route, as two telegrams were received at the treasury department today, one from Troy, N. Y., and the other from Minnesota, regarding the precautions taken. Acting Secretary Spaulding replied that the provisions of the department circular regarding disinfection of baggage will be immediately enforced along the Canadian border under direction of the supervising general of the Marine hospital service, who has taken steps for the appointment of medical inspectors at all points where emigrants cross the border.

The consul of the United States at Hamburg, in a dispatch to the department of state today, after giving the number of new cases and deaths yesterday, said the prospects were worse.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—The outgoing transatlantic steamer today carried a very small passenger list, which is due to the prevalence of cholera in Europe. So thoroughly have the people become frightened that a number cancelled the passage secured for today.

BERLIN, Aug. 27.—Delegates from all Federal States held a conference today on the subject of cholera. The

president of police reported that not a single case of Asiatic cholera had yet been certified to in Berlin. The statement of Professor Koch and Councilor Rahts, together with the general report covering the whole health condition of Germany, was reassuring, although Koch thinks the worst period of the epidemic in Hamburg and Altona has not yet passed. The first outbreak occurred in Hamburg August 14th, and at Altona August 19th. The imperial health office is making arrangements to publish the daily health record of Berlin and other cities.

Consul-General Edwards has taken the necessary steps to keep the State Department at Washington informed of the situation throughout Germany. Tonight's advices have every populous place in Germany free from Asiatic cholera except Hamburg. There the disease has spread over the whole city and to the suburbs. Doctors, with a number of hospital assistants, left Berlin to assist the Hamburg physicians. The exodus of the wealthier Hamburg families are now proceeding on a large scale, though leading thoroughfares present their ordinary aspect. Shopkeepers declare business stagnant. The public depression wants but little to become an absolute panic. While many have fled others are doing much to relieve the stricken or menaced. Donations, disinfectants and medicaments are plentiful.

The epidemic around Preburg in Hungary appears to be fading. A number of choleric cases are reported at Sollenau, in Austria, and even in Vienna itself where the rapidity of deaths is suggestive of Asiatic cholera. In the meantime the Austrian doctors declare that the post mortem examinations do not disclose the presence of Asiatic cholera.

Prof. Rahts expresses himself as satisfied with the measures taken by Hamburg authorities and says he believes they will suffice quickly to stamp out the epidemic from Hamburg. It is reported that the epidemic is extending from the city proper to the suburbs and abating in the harbor quarter where cholera first appeared. There were thirty-two new cases and fifteen deaths in all today. At Wandsbeck today there were seven new cases and four deaths. The schools are all closed. Of four members of a Hamburg family stricken with cholera in Kiel, two died.

HAMBURG, Aug. 27.—Official statistics show that up to yesterday there were 1028 cases of cholera and 358 deaths from the disease. At Altona, between Tuesday and Friday, there were thirty-four cases and twenty-two deaths.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 27.—Antwerp's cholera record shows fourteen cases with one death today.

PARIS, Aug. 27.—A total of forty-five new cases and eighteen deaths represents Havre's cholera record yesterday. The bedding and furniture used by the sick are being burned, the authorities indemnifying the owners.

LONDON, Aug. 29.—Dr. Whitcomb, sanitary officer at Gravesend, who inspected the steamer "Gemma," which arrived from Hamburg on Thursday, three of whose passengers subsequently died from what was supposed to be