TELEGRAPHIC.

A MURDER MYSTERY.

The St. Louis Police Confronted by a Remarkable Case.

TWO PERSONS SHOT TO DEATH.

The Particulars of the Affair.—No Clew to the Murderer Except Probably the Name.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 11.—The police have suddenly been confronted by one of the most mysterious cases they ever tried to solve. This morning Steve K. Wilkie applied at a boarding house and engaged a room for a week, paying in advance. He then left the place, returning late in the afternoon, and going to a room on the same floor occupied by Josie Stevenson.

Late tonight a man called at the house and asked to see Miss Stevenson. The landlady found the door of the room open. Miss Stevenson was lying on the floor dead, with a bullet hole through her forehead. Wilkie was on the bed, shot twice through the heart. Between the two on the floor was a revolver, with all five chambers empty.

The first theory was that murder was followed by suicide, but after an examination of the room and wounds the police say neither of the dead persons could have fired the fatal shots. Two additional shots from the revolver were fired at the man, but missed.

Although several persons were in the house, no one heard the shooting or unusual noise. The man who called for Miss Stevenson has disappeared and cannot be found. His name has been ascertained to be F. O. Masnak. Nothing is known of Wilkie, and but little is known of Miss Stevenson.

The whole affair is shrouded in mystery and much of a sensational nature is expected in its disentanglement.

Taken From the Asylum.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 11.—Edwin M. Field, son of the late Cyrus M. Field, was released from the insane asylum today and taken to New York to stand trial for forging his stock firm by forging stock certificates and engaging in fraudulent financering. He was arrested, adjudged insane, and sent here for treatment, under order of the Supreme court, two years ago. He is under many indictments, and his bail aggregates $400,000. His crookedness turned his millionaire father, who died shortly afterwards of a broken heart.

New York Bomb Fiends.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—An attempt to blow up with two bombs a tenement house at No. 54 avenue D, was made tonight. A tailor shop on the first floor had been locked up over a month, owing to the hard times. At 10 o'clock there was a terrific explosion in the tailor shop, and no alarm was promptly turned in. The whole front of the house had been blown out by the explosion, all the glass in the building shattered. The shock stunned the whole neighborhood.

The firemen found the gas meter had exploded and discovered a trail of kerosene which led from the meter to the cellar. They found a quantity of cotton batting soaked in kerosene and a bomb made of lead pipe, to which a fuse was attached. Later examination showed that the bomb was filled with enough powder to blow the entire house into fragments. There is a great deal of mystery surrounding the matter and while the police department is very reticent, they are making a careful investigation.

The Work of Demons.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 11.—Tonight four negroes entered the home of an old couple named Benny, at Florissant, a suburb of this city, and made a demand for money which they believed was concealed in the house. The negroes beat Benny and wife so severely that the latter is dead and the former cannot recover from his injuries. A third man, hearing the screams of the old couple, ran to their assistance and was beaten into insensibility.

The negroes then secured $2000 and fled. At 11 o'clock the city police department received word that over 100 Florissant citizens were searching for the negroes, with the avowed intention of lynching them if found.

General Alger Declines.

DETROIT, Jan. 11.—The *Tribune* will tomorrow morning publish a letter from General Russell A. Alger, in which he declines to be considered as a candidate for United States Senator. He states the declination is in the interest of party harmony.

Mormons Held.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 11.—In the McRae and other election cases, Judge Bartlett denies a motion to quash the indictments.

FROM THE CAPITOL.

The Corwin Dispatches Reach the State Department.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Interest in the Hawaiian question centers in the dispatches from Willis by the Corwin, which reached the state department today. Gresham, Lamont and Carlisle visited the White House and held a conference with Cleveland. Olney came later and remained closeted with the President and Gresham for some time, for the purpose, it is said, of giving advice on some points involved in the news Willis sent. All that could be learned from the dispatches was that they contain about 12,000 words, Dole's letter in reply to Willis containing about 5,000 words.

THE HOUSE WAITS THE NEWS.

The House committee on foreign affairs has agreed to report favorably on the resolution of inquiry on the President for the latest information on the Hawaiian question. McCreary, chairman of the committee, says the report will be submitted to the House tomorrow.

REGARDING BRAZIL.

A somewhat lengthy dispatch was sent to Rio today, containing instructions of some sort. It is believed they refer to the conduct of our representative there in the event of a crisis which our government for some time has apprehended was approaching in Brazilian affairs.

DRAWBACK WHISKY.

The imposition of a tax of $1 per gallon on whisky and an extension of the bonding period from three to four years was formally agreed to by the Democratic members of the ways and means committee as a feature of the internal revenue bill.

THE DIPLOMATS ENTERTAINED.

The first of the series of three grand receptions given each year at the White House took place tonight, when President and Mrs. Cleveland entertained the diplomatic corps. The glittering uniforms of the diplomatic corps, all of whom were in attendance, and the handsome costumes of the ladies, gave brilliancy to the scene.

THE FEDERAL ELECTION LAWS.

Chandler, Hoar, Mitchell and Higgins, constituting the Republican minority of the Senate committee on privileges and elections, presented a report to the Senate on the bill to repeal the federal election laws late this afternoon. The report says: "It is proposed to overthrow all existing provisions in national legislation for securing honesty in elections for members of the national House of Representatives. These provisions were enacted largely for security in elections in the northern cities. The laws now in force were passed chiefly in consequence of frauds and crimes which have been committed by the Democratic party in the city of New York, under the leadership of Tweed and his associates, and these laws commended themselves alike to the Republican opponents and many responsible Democrats."

COLORADO'S SOLONS.

They Indulge in Sentiment at the Expense of the Governor.

DENVER, Jan. 11.—The senate today received the majority report of the special committee appointed to consider the governor's message. The report declared that there is no occasion for an extraordinary session and recommended adjournment tomorrow.

In regard to the proposition to have Colorado silver coined into Mexican dollars, the committee stated that they were compelled to recognize the sovereign authority of the United States in the issuance of all coin and the governor's suggestion was absolutely impracticable.

The house, from present indications, will not agree to immediate adjournment, and there will probably be a deadlock until one gives up the fight.

In the house today the member from El Paso county created a sensation by introducing the following resolution:

It looks like the devil for the members of the Ninth General Assembly to be sleeping at sumptuous hotels in Denver and drawing $7 per day for their expenses, while our constituents are suffering from poverty, misery and want, and the pretense that they can better their condition by legislation, therefore, be it

"Resolved, That the members of this assembly and employes of the same will stay here without pay 'until hell freezes over,' and do all we can for the good of the state."

The merriment over this effort shook the building and Speaker Amess refused to entertain it. Baldwin asked the reason.

"Because the language is objectionable," said the Speaker.

"Well, I only quoted the governor," Baldwin replied, but the resolution was not received.

Governor Waite has received this dispatch from Senator Stewart: "I believe, as a matter of law, a state may make a foreign coin a legal tender, according to the pure metal of standard value, and the Mexican dollar might be made a legal tender for the face value."

Governor Waite received today a leather medal the size of a silver dollar. On one side was the inscription: "To his Excellency, Davis H. Waite, in token of the esteem of the citizens of Colorado for the able decision to act in opposition to their wishes and best interests." On the other side were the words: "Colorado, 57 cents, Mexico."

THE FOREIGN NEWS.

A Lively Fusillade Reported Between Rebels and Government Troops.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—The *Herald's* special from Montevideo says: The correspondent at Rio sends word that a lively rifle and machine gun duel has been fought between the rebel launches and the government troops on shore. The fighting continued two hours and many were wounded in the fusillade. Shot and shell fell in several parts of the city. The rebel ships Tamandare and Jupiter engaged the forts on the Nictheroy side, while the forts at the entrance of the bay fired on Villegrinon and Isles Das Cruzes. During the engagement a shell exploded near the United States warship Detroit, but no damage was done.

The German Reichstag.

BERLIN, Jan. 11.—In the Reichstag today the provisional commercial arrangement with Spain received a second reading. Count Posadowsky, secretary of the imperial treasury, in a two hours' speech, proposed the first reading of the new tobacco bill. Herr Fritzen, on behalf of the socialists, declared the bill was not acceptable. It is considered that Fritzen's declaration settled the fate of the bill.

BLAINE'S TESTIMONY.

The Commissioner Tells the Story of His Dealings in Hawaii.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—It is understood the interstate commerce commission has agreed to report unfavorably the nomination of Scott Harrison, brother of ex-President Harrison, to be surveyor of customs at Kansas City.

Ex-Commissioner Blount met this morning before the Senate committee investigating the relations of the country with Hawaii under the resolution of Senator Morgan.

The efforts of the committee were directed entirely to the securing of an explanation from Blount of his various acts while in Honolulu. He told briefly of his appointment by the President as a special commissioner. He said he considered the appointment within the bounds of propriety and precedent. The trip to the islands the Rush landing in Honolulu on the 29th of March, Blount's reception by the people on both sides of the question were passed over almost without mention as was the fact that both sides attended and rejoiced were apparently exceedingly anxious to make his stay as pleasant as possible. The decision to have the American ensign taken down and American soldiers removed to the man-of-war was next reviewed. Blount said he found the islands and the government actually under the control or possession of the United States troops and the American flag floated over the government building to which the different government transacted their business. Everywhere was noticed the influence of this country upon the people of the islands. It was evident, Blount said, that it would be difficult to secure an impartial account of an opinion unbiased by the surroundings, as long as this state of affairs was continued. Cleveland quickly he decided on the 31st of March, two days after his arrival, in accordance with the spirit of his instructions and in the interest of fair play that the flag should be taken down and the American troops removed. Of this course he informed President Dole, and on the following day, April 1st, he ended the temporary protectorate and had the flag lowered. This proceeding he intended as within the scope of his mission and as an entirely proper proceeding under the circumstances. Subsequent events, he said, proved the presence of American troops not necessary to preserve order or protect life and property of either Americans or natives.

A Belgian Crisis.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 11.—Premier Burnett this afternoon reported to King Leopold the determination of the cabinet to resign unless the Rightists make reasonable concessions. A meeting of the right is called for Monday to consider the question.

Never Too Late to Mend.

PORTLAND, Or., Jan. 11.—It was learned today that Lionel Boggs, receiver of the Oregon National bank, in an encounter, having served a year in the penitentiary for passing a fraudulent check for $65 on a hotel keeper in this city. Boggs is a relative of Senator Boggs, of Montana, a honorable fellow, and gained the confidence of a number of the most prominent bankers of this city.

Excitement in the East.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 11.—The Queen & Crescent, Louisville & Nashville, Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern, Cincinnati, Ohio, Hamilton & Dayton and the Big Four are all organizing excursions for the Exposition.

Cultivation of Tornados.

In order to bring Europe to a state of perfection, Modern's Monthly says the temperature must be comparatively low. No one can raise good turnips when the temperature is over 55 or 60 degrees, and so soon as it gets beyond this they are hot and stringy. Time in Pennsylvania the turnip would have to be sown to get the best results about the middle of September. A hundred miles north it would have to be two weeks earlier and so on, and in Canada one might sow turnips about midsummer and yet have fairly good results. In some parts of our northern country we can get very good turnips by raising them in midwinter. At any rate, if one can remember this one point about the temperature it requires, it is a fair for successful culture anywhere. It may be further recorded that to have good mild turnips the soil cannot possibly be made too rich.

NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS.

A Case of St. Vitus Dance Cured, Demonstrating the Skill of the Physicians of the Zion Medical & Surgical Institute.

The 85 Rule for All Diseases Closes Feb. 1st.—Nervous and Chronic Diseases a Specialty.

George Stevens, Esq., a prominent business man of Payson, Utah, in conversation with the writer, said: "My little son, Raymond, was a great sufferer when I consulted Drs. Shores & Shores of the Zion Medical and Surgical Institute, located 34 East 2nd South St., Salt Lake City. After an examination the doctors informed me his disease was worse for St. Vitus dance and I asked him the question, 'Can he be cured?' The doctors assured me with an unqualified yes, and it gives me great pleasure to state that after two months' treatment by these eminent specialists

in thoroughly nervous 4 months (but he was entirely cured). He commenced to get better from the first. My little boy's case was certainly a bad one. He began to look bad, and was peevish and restless, his temper was irritable, he sleep was disturbed by disagreeable dreams. He was very fidgety and nervous, could not sit still. The muscles of his face would twitch, his gait was peculiar, being slow and shuffling. No matter where the hand was placed it could not be kept steady. He grew worse all these symptoms that it seems almost a miracle that he was restored to perfect health in so short a time.

"I heartily recommend Drs. Shores & Shores."

The above case is one of special interest to parents. Many children are subject to the same nervous symptoms, yet in a milder form. This simple never be neglected. All such cases, if taken in the early stages, can be cured. Drs. Shores & Shores have proven this fact in the case of little Raymond Stevens.

REMEMBER,

All patients who apply for treatment during this month will be treated and cured for $5 a month, medicines furnished FREE.

Zion Medical and Surgical Institute

Located permanently in the Harmon Block, 34 E. Second South St., Salt Lake City, Utah.

G. W. SHORES, M. D.,
A. J. SHORES, M. D.,
Consulting Physicians.

Specialties: All Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Female, Rectal and Private Diseases, Nervous Debility and Physical Decay, Impotency and Premature Decline, Spermatorrhœa and Syphilis, Blood and Skin Diseases, Catarrh and Kidney Diseases.

Consultation free at office or by letter. Office hours, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m. Sundays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

Bald Heads!

Why is the question of years? Is your hair gray, harsh, rough? Does it fall or break off? Has it a disease threatening? Is it dry and scaly? Does it stick to the pillow? Is it gone? Is it thin? Is it coarse? Is it weak? Is it lifeless? Is it dull? Is it gray? Is it fading? Is it falling? Is it broken? Is it disease? Is it dandruff? Is it scaly? Is it itchy? Is it scalp? Is it scurf