

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION

COMBINE BE BROKEN

President Himself Will Determine Whether the Attempt Shall Be Made.

WILL MAKE STUDY OF CASE.

Anxious no Step Shall be Taken That Will Leave Impression of Personal Hostility.

He Fully Realizes That He Has Been Placed in a Position of Antagonism To Great Railway Magnate.

Chicago, April 17.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Washington says: President Roosevelt proposes to take into his own hands the determination as to whether an attempt shall be made to break up the Harriman railroad combination or not, and has come to the conclusion that it is his duty to study the case from beginning to end. The president has been placed in a position of antagonism to Mr. Harriman, and on that account he is particularly desirous that no steps should be taken by any department of the government which is such a way as to leave the impression that it was the result of personal hostility on the part of the president himself.

TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO THE EXACT SITUATION THE PRESIDENT PROPOSES TO READ ALL THE TESTIMONY TAKEN BY THE INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION ON THIS SUBJECT.

Then he will have a conference with Atty. Gen. Bonaparte and will ask the head of the department of justice to apply to the acts the president submits to him the general law in the case and particularly laid down by the United States supreme court in the Northern Securities case. All this will take time and it will involve an immense amount of personal labor on the part of President Roosevelt. He may have to give up a good deal of his vacation time to the work, but it will be done sooner or later, and when his decision is made he will be satisfied with it, because it will be the result of personal painstaking investigation, and not the conclusion of a subordinate arrived at through partial or hurried scrutiny.

THIS DECISION BY PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT TO BURDEN HIMSELF WITH THE DETAILS OF AN EXHAUSTIVE INQUIRY INTO A SUBJECT AS VAST AS THAT IS SCARCELY UNDERSTOOD EVEN BY THE MEMBERS OF THE INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION ITSELF, WILL, IT IS BELIEVED, SATISFY BOTH THE PEOPLE AND THE RAILROADS.

AN IMPORTANT ARREST.

St. Paul, Minn., April 17.—The police arrested John Gundersen early today on the charge of having held up Fred Zimmerman, the clerk in the Northern Express company's office at the depot, and robbed the office safe of a package containing \$2,000. The police say Gundersen did not confess to the crime, but he admitted that the money had been recovered, but declared they are sure they have the right man.

ILLINOIS' SUIT AGAINST ILL. CENTRAL DISMISSED.

Springfield, Ill., April 17.—The supreme court today dismissed the suit of the state of Illinois against the Illinois Central railroad for an accounting and recovery of the share claimed by the state of gross receipts of the railroad.

CHIEF JUSTICE BOETT IN HIS BRIEF oral decision announced that the court was divided 4 to 3 in favor of the railroad.

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ITALY WITHDRAWS HER COMPROMISE PROPOSITION.

Paris, April 17.—The announcement of the withdrawal of Italy's compromise proposition in the matter of the discussion of a limitation of armaments at the Hague peace conference owing to Austria's and the other powers' attitude in opposition to it was made public here today. It does not greatly affect Italy's position relative to the limitation of armaments. Authoritative circles declare that France as a matter of principle, regards favorably all efforts to advance the idea, but is of the opinion that its discussion at the approaching peace conference is not likely to assume concrete shape.

TERRORISTS MURDERS.

Fifteen Dollars is the Price Paid for Them in Moscow.

CONSUL STUART'S MURDERER.

Owing to His Youth He Gets Imprisonment Instead of Death.

ROCKEFELLER'S NEW PASTOR.

Rev. Aked Says He Should Have Come To America Ten Years Ago.

New York, April 17.—The Rev. C. F. Aked, who comes here from Liverpool to accept a call from the Fifth Avenue (Rockefeller) Baptist church in this city, arrived today on the steamer Cornelia. Mr. Aked said the only comment he cared to make on his mission to this country was that he felt he had delayed his coming to America too long. "I should have come here 10 years ago. While my work at Liverpool has filled my time acceptably, I think I could have made more of my time here. I come to America with great anticipations of the possibilities before me."

ASKED JUDGE TO RESIGN.

Moscow, April 17.—Judge Arnold, president of the Moscow supreme court, who sentenced for excesses several of the reactionists of the Kostroma district has resigned at the request of the minister of justice. The liberal press contrasts the minister's action in this case with his speech in the lower house of parliament, April 12, advocating an amnesty for the revolutionists.

SWETTENHAM'S SUCCESSOR.

Sidney Oliver of the Colonial Office Appointed Governor of Jamaica.

London, April 17.—Sidney Oliver, until recently principal clerk of the West African department of the colonial office, ex-colonial secretary of Jamaica and acting governor of the island in 1900-02, who has been appointed to succeed Sir Alexander Swettenham as governor of Jamaica, sails for Kingston on May 4, on the steamer Port Kingston, in order to take over the governorship immediately.

THAT CUBAN ARMY.

Option in Havana Opposed to the American Plan for One.

Havana, April 17.—Option here is opposed to the plan of the American general staff to establish a Cuban regular army of 12,000 men to replace the rural militia, which is said to be difficult to recruit that number of men.

WILL RETURN PRESENTS.

Madrid, April 17.—Presents, which have been received here addressed to the exiled king, are being returned to the king in accordance with the custom of refusing all such gifts. Many of the gifts came from France.

ANGLO-PANAMA TREATY.

Panama, April 17.—An extradition treaty between Great Britain and the Republic of Panama has been signed here.

ITALIANS ROUNDED UP.

All Sorts of Concealed Weapons Found On Them.

New York, April 17.—The Italian detective squad attached to Inspector McLaughlin's central office bureau stretched the police net last night as he had done on the previous night and landed another batch of Italian prisoners on whom they found all sorts of concealed weapons.

D. A. R. CONGRESS.

Chief Event Today Dedication of Memorial Portico of Memorial Hall.

GERMAN DOUBTS GREAT BRITAIN WANT MORE WAGES

Approaching Meeting of King Edward and King Victor Emmanuel Arouses Suspicion.

A HARSH NOTE OF WARNING.

Cologne Gazette Says War With Germany Would be Dangerous for Any Opponent.

Berlin, April 17.—King Edward's approaching meeting with King Victor Emmanuel at Gaeta is exciting much comment in the German press which regards the event as being an effort to isolate Germany and win Italy away from the triple alliance. An article in the Cologne Gazette in this sense is being widely discussed because it is believed to have been inspired from Berlin. The writer says public opinion in Germany sees in King Edward's course an attempt to disturb the European equilibrium which is calculated to awaken misgivings regarding his disarmament proposal and finally warns Great Britain that "war with Germany would be dangerous for any opponent or any coalition of opponents."

This sharp language is interpreted by the Tagliche Rundschau as meaning that the German government has grown weary of the English game of hide and seek and the comedy of peace and disarmament.

At the foreign office, when attention was called to the Cologne Gazette's article it was stated that it expressed only the editorial opinion of the paper, and that the government was in no way responsible for such views, and that the government officials would have taken steps to prevent their publication had they been known in advance. The foreign office does not see any reason for disquiet in connection with the meeting of the kings of England and Italy, since it knows that their independence is better guarded by being a member of the triple alliance than if she is thrown wholly upon Anglo-French support. Great Britain's predominant position in the western part of the Mediterranean is fully recognized by Germany, which has no interest there.

MEETING IMPORTANT.

Rome, April 17.—The Marquis of San Giuliano, Russian ambassador to Great Britain, has arrived at Naples ready to proceed to Gaeta. He is summoned to take part in the coming conference between King Edward and King Victor Emmanuel at Gaeta, which is the most important in governmental circles here, where the royal conference is considered as not being in the least a mere formality.

It is believed that the meeting will have considerable political importance, and that they will confer upon important international political questions, mainly the disposition of the question of the limitation of armaments, and the approaching peace conference at the Hague.

PENSIONS TO VETERANS.

All Old Soldiers Now Eligible Whether Disabled or Not.

Veterans of the Civil war and the war with Mexico will be interested in the law passed by Congress at the last session, granting pensions to veterans of those wars, on the strength of age alone. If a survivor served 90 days, he is entitled to receive a pension, without proof of disability. Following is the full text of the new law, as furnished to the "News" by Congressman Joseph Howell:

An act granting pensions to certain enlisted men, soldiers, and officers who served in the Civil war and the war with Mexico.

Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any person who served ninety days or more in the military or naval service of the United States during the late Civil war or sixty days in the war with Mexico, and who has been honorably discharged therefrom, and who has reached the age of sixty-two years or over, shall, upon making proof of such facts according to such rules and regulations as the secretary of the interior may provide, be placed upon the pension roll, and be entitled to receive a pension as follows: In case such person has reached the age of 62 years, \$12 per month; 70 years, \$15 per month; 75 years or over, \$20 per month; and such pension shall commence from the date of the filing of the application in the bureau of pensions after the passage and approval of this act; provided, that pensioners who are 62 years of age or over, and who are now receiving pensions under existing laws, or whose claims are pending in the bureau of pensions, may, by application to the commissioner of pensions in such form as he may prescribe, receive the benefits of this act, and nothing herein contained shall prevent any pensioner or person entitled to a pension from prosecuting his claim and receiving a pension under any other general or special act; provided, that no person shall receive a pension under any other law at the same time or for the same period that he is receiving a pension under the provisions of this act; provided further, that no person who is now receiving or shall hereafter receive a greater pension under any other general or special law than he would be entitled to receive under the provisions herein shall be pensionable under this act.

Sec. 2. That rank in the service shall not be considered in applications filed hereunder.

Sec. 3. That no pension attorney, claim agent, or other person shall be entitled to receive any compensation for services rendered in presenting any claim to the bureau of pensions, or securing any pension, under this act.

Approved, Feb. 8, 1907.

TELEPHONE MEN WANT MORE WAGES

They Are Out After a Raise of Seventy-five Cents a Day.

ALSO SEEK "A CLOSED SHOP."

Not Believed Men Will Strike, However, in View of the Existing Contracts Signed.

The Electrical Workers union has a contract with the Bell Telephone company covering operations in Salt Lake for one year from May 1 next, at wages obtaining at the present time; also contracts covering Ogden until August next, and Cheyenne until No. vember; also, for one year for men working on the toll lines. The men want more wages, a raise of 75 cents a day all round, and a closed shop, the latter meaning that none but union men shall be allowed to work for the telephone company. At a recent conference, the committee from the men was asked by the company officials if the union would guarantee to furnish all the help needed should a closed shop be conceded. But it is stated that no satisfactory answer to this was received. It is hardly believed at the telephone office that the men will strike, in view of existing contracts; no matter what the agitators may tell them.

General Superintendent Sumner has returned from Livingston, Mont., where he reports the strike situation as having calmed down, particularly since the local union there has agreed with the state federation of labor in proclaiming a boycott against the telephone company.

FOR BOYS' BAND.

Trip to Jamestown Being Planned by Former Judge Willis Brown.

Willis Brown, former judge of the juvenile court in this city, left yesterday for St. Louis on business. He will return in about two weeks and will then prepare to leave for Lake Winona, Ind., to take charge of the boys' camp and farm there for the summer. During the summer season he will take the juvenile band of this city on a tour of the east, during which the boys will stay two weeks at Winona and then proceed to Washington, Philadelphia, New York and Jamestown, Pa., where they will return through Canada and the middle states, playing concerts en route. The youngsters anticipate the trip of their lives.

CAUGHT IN A BELT.

Fred Bickenseder, Knutson Employee, May Lose Right Arm.

Fred Bickenseder, aged 21 years, a native of Logan, was the victim of a painful and serious accident at the Knutson hotel this morning about 10:30 o'clock. The young man is now at St. Mark's hospital, where he is being cared for by Police Surgeon Paul. It is feared that the accident will cost him his right arm.

Bickenseder was employed at the Knutson as yard man. This morning he was at work in the ice room where he is chopping and cream frozen by machinery. In some manner the young man got his right arm caught in the machinery. His screams of pain attracted the engineer who quickly entered the room and rendered what assistance he could to the unfortunate young man. The engineer called up the police station and Police Officer O'Brien was sent to the hotel in the patrol wagon. Bickenseder was placed on a stretcher and taken to the police station and Dr. Paul quickly summoned.

Bickenseder was not taken into the emergency ward but remained in the patrol wagon until the arrival of Dr. Paul. The wounded man displayed wonderful courage and endurance in his struggle from the elbow to finger tips was terribly fractured and cut. The bones in the hand are broken in two or three places and the fingers turned back. The flesh was literally torn from the bones but the man did not utter a word of alarm although he suffered awful pain.

Upon the arrival of Dr. Paul Bickenseder was ordered sent to St. Mark's hospital. There was considerable delay in making arrangements for proper care of the case as the police could not be reached until about 11 o'clock. Finally the chief clerk at the Knutson telephoned that the hotel would be responsible for the injured man's care and that his parents are dead but that he has brothers at Logan.

NOT ON A SHORT TERM LOAN.

Collateral One Year Notes Given to Kuhn, Loeb & Co. Now in Treasury of Pennsylvania.

In view of the disclosure made in the annual report of the Pennsylvania company that that corporation has among its assets \$36,392,432 1/2 per cent collateral notes of the Oregon Short Line Railroad, due in 1907. Wall street yesterday indulged in considerable speculation as to the manner in which the Union Pacific would take up the notes, says the New York Herald.

It may be stated on good authority that the Union Pacific interests will adopt a financial plan this fall to provide for the redemption of the notes. But it is also authoritatively stated that the financing will not take the form of a large short-term note issue. Advantage was taken of the discovery to spread alarmist reports in brokerage circles that the Union Pacific would bring out a \$100,000,000 short-term note issue. Any such intention was denied by Union Pacific interests, who said the report was entirely unfounded.

The collateral notes of the Oregon Short Line were given in payment to the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. for about 400,000 shares of Baltimore and Ohio stock, which the bankers had bought from the Pennsylvania railroad.

It was practically admitted, however, by the Union Pacific interests and their financial associates that the Oregon Short Line has not sufficient cash in its treasury to redeem the notes. In consequence, it is supposed that bonds already authorized by the Union Pacific may be sold to raise the necessary amount.

INDIAN SEEKS REDRESS.

Uncle Sam Now Steps in and Takes a Hand.

Deputy United States Marshal L. H. Smyth returned this morning from an official visit to the vicinity of Fort Duchesne, the journey that took him there commencing one week ago today. The principal business upon which he went was to serve papers of replevin on one Robert Reynolds, the circumstances of the case being that about a year ago Reynolds is said to have traded a horse to an Indian for two cows and a yearling calf. It subsequently developed that the pony had been stolen, at one time or another, and the man claiming it took it from the Indian. The latter could get no redress from Reynolds, and the officers of the government were accordingly sought by the red man.

Mr. Smyth learned upon his arrival on the scene that Reynolds had beefed and sold the cattle a year ago, therefore the replevin was useless. But Reynolds was summoned to appear in the federal court in answer for his conduct. The government claims the right to exercise a guardianship over the Indians on the reservation, and when the case of Reynolds comes on for hearing it will possibly be determined just how wide a scope the guardianship has, and what liability white men are under who purchase or obtain from the Indians property that has been given them by the government.

Mr. Smyth summoned a number of persons from the eastern counties to appear as witnesses before the grand jury, but the nature of the evidence they are expected to give can not be learned. Mr. Smyth says that there seems to be but very little activity among the settlers on the eastern portion of the reservation, that was thrown open to homesteaders. This condition he attributes to the fact that it is the part of the once fertile soil, now lacking in water in the central and western sections, he says, the work of home building is being prosecuted vigorously.

HE HUNG FROM BARS OF CELL.

First He Used His Belt and Later Tried to End Life With a City Jail Towel.

Allan Murray, aged 25 years, arrested and locked up on the charge of drunkenness, made two attempts to commit suicide in the city jail this morning, but both times his efforts were frustrated.

Young Murray has been arrested three times within the past 10 days for drunkenness. The last time he was brought in by Officer Cassidy and placed in a cell. At 5 o'clock this morning a trusty observed Murray hanging by the neck with one end of a belt around his neck and the other tied to the topbars of his cell. The trusty gave the alarm, and Murray was hauled down and the belt was taken away from him.

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At 6 o'clock this morning, Jailer Ripley was making his rounds of the cells as usual and found Murray suspended from the bars as before, with one end of a towel around his neck and the other tied to the topbars of his cell. Young Murray has been drinking heavily of late, and became despondent. According to the police, he has been on the verge of the D. C. hospital on several occasions, and this morning decided to end it all by suicide.

BOY, MATCHES, FEATHER BED.

Risky Combination Which Was Responsible for Inevitable Sequel.

As a general rule the combination of boys and matches is productive of damage and excitement. There was such a combination this morning at the residence of Joseph Stewart, 350 east Seventh South street, but coupled with the youngsters and the matches was a feather bed. The bed was destroyed.

The blaze happened at 1:30, when the youngsters got some matches and set fire to the feathers. The department made a search for the matches, but failed to find them, and prevented further damage than the ruin of the bed. The loss is estimated at \$15.

GRAND JURY WITNESSES.

Five Were Examined Yesterday and Today Before Federal Jurors.

Witnesses who testified before the federal grand jury yesterday and today were S. Marsena Foster, John J. Judson, William R. Foster, Archie McBrayne and T. S. Pendergrass. The same air of secrecy as of yore pervades the chamber where the jury is deliberating, and the only sound to be heard is the opportunity of finding out what is going on within.

MEXICAN HELD.

Man Accused of Taking a Shot at Bartender Bound Over.

John Robinson, a Mexican, charged with assault with a deadly weapon with intent to commit murder, and who was given a preliminary hearing before Judge Diehl last week, was this morning ordered to await the action of the district court.

It was alleged that Robinson shot one Frank Granato, a bartender, through the arm. At the preliminary hearing Robinson was identified as the man who was seen in the saloon shortly before the shooting, but there was considerable conflict in the testimony, and Judge Diehl said that owing to the discrepancy of the testimony he would fix the bail in the nominal sum of \$200.

CLEARING THE GROUND.

Men Start to Tear Down Old Tithing Office for Bk Building.

Work of tearing down a portion of the old Tithing office, preparatory to the erection of a new building on the corner of Main street and Temple avenue, is being pushed vigorously. The force of men employed is under the supervision of Bishop James Maxwell. The section of the historic structure that is being razed is the newest part, the north end, which is entirely of frame work and was put up as a new market about 20 years ago.

Upon the ground where the new building will stand are hundreds of cords of red sandstone, which is now being moved to one side in order that the work of excavation and clearing may be pushed up as a new market about 20 years ago.

The foundation of the structure that is being razed is a new brick building, the Young Ladies' Mutual Improvement association and the Primary association, the plans of which have already been published in the "News."

CASE OF SENATOR BORAH.

Now Becomes a Sensation of National Scope Involving Moyer Trial.

Washington, D. C., April 17.—Eastern newspapers almost unanimously assert this morning that the attorney-general cannot intervene in favor of Senator Borah in the case of Moyer, and that the federal government is taking steps to lay the facts before the department of justice. The matter has grown to a sensation of national scope owing to the fact that labor men, Meyer et al., of Idaho, are involved, according to Borah, in an alleged conspiracy to injure him as prosecutor of them.

WANT TO OUST HARRIMAN.

Standard Oil People Would Trim His Wings on Union Pacific.

A special dispatch to the "News" from New York, quoting from the American today, says: "E. H. Harriman is to be ousted from absolute control of the Union Pacific, according to a rumor in Wall street. This action, it is said, is to be taken up by agreement between H. C. Frick, William Rockefeller and others of the Standard Oil group, who feel that Harriman has gone too far in taking investments for the company. H. H. Rogers is a serious breach of friendship has occurred at the headquarters of Standard Oil as a result. Just how much fact there is in the rumor it is impossible to say. It is known there is a serious dispute between the Standard Oil group and the Union Pacific, and the latter is known to be planning, or to the St. Paul Railroad company."

It is in fact, attention, say the people who are circulating this story, to put Harriman out of the Union Pacific altogether. His opponents simply want to trim the wings of the Standard Oil group, and the latter just now is that he will sell the Southern Pacific to the holding company, which it is known he has long been planning, or to the St. Paul Railroad company."

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