

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

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NOR F. HOSKING CALLED FOR.

At their adjourned session last evening, the board of education took an important step but one which they were at least partly justified in view of the peculiar situation. It was the determination to call an election to determine whether or not the great sum of \$225,000 in bonds shall be issued for the purpose of additional buildings and improvements.

The News has not little to offer on this subject in addition to what was recently contained in these columns. As a general proposition bond issues should be carefully guarded when circumstances make it necessary to adopt such a course, and not resorted to at all unless there is an exigency at hand which will not be put off and can be met in no other way. We incline to the view that the board of education is in such a position as that indicated and are quite sure that it can carry on the proposed additions and improvements under no other present circumstances.

It is hardly equitable to make portions of the city which have inadequate school facilities or none at all pay as much toward maintaining the system as those which are not only fully but in some cases even luxuriously provided for. If this can be overcome in no other way, and as suggested above is now apparent, by all means let a smaller evil have an existence if by such means a larger one will disappear. Besides, it is not after all much of an imposition, if any at all upon the present generation, whose duties and responsibilities in the premises will be chiefly ministerial. Those who receive the benefits of the enlarged and improved school facilities, as well as the enhanced values of property naturally resulting through more and better buildings and beautiful grounds, will have to bear the burden so far as dollars and cents go; and why should they not? They might have just cause of complaint against us who are now the custodians of themselves and their means of property presently and prospectively did we do otherwise.

"We must educate; we do not, short will be our race for the credit to the grave." And in the end we must do it wisely and thoroughly, we must have the place and the means all of the most approved, most useful and most recent character. The money spent in this manner is seldom thrown away.

THE DELEGATE QUESTION.

The News has been asked, one way and another, several times what the delegate status is. As it is a matter in which all the people are concerned, and such a situation never confronted them before, the necessity for a free and full discussion of the subject must be apparent, and that alone would be a sufficient justification for using a little space in the presentation of our views upon it. If in this it shall hereafter be shown that we are mistaken as to any point of law or fact, a correction or correction thereof will be cheerfully received. Let there be light, no matter as to the star from whence it comes.

Joseph L. Hawkins in November last was chosen Delegate to Congress by the qualified voters of this Territory by a plurality of 2909 and a fraction; this is mentioned incidentally, for the preponderance of his vote does not figure at all. He was personally qualified for the position not only in a statutory sense but in the light of personal acquirements and natural ability; he received a certificate of election and in due time filed it with the clerk of the last preceding House of Representatives at Washington, which officer is charged by law with the duty of making up the roll of members of the present Congress prior to its assembling. Mr. Hawkins' name was on this roll it made up and in this position he is placed on it if not made up, so that constructively at least he was a full-fledged member of the House or as much so as any Delegate can be, although in a general way every one holding a seat in either branch of Congress is classed as a member. There is no law, and no rule which a member is compelled to observe, requiring him to take the place if he does not want it, or having taken to hold it unless he sees fit to do so. This is a matter in which his own volition controls absolutely, and his action as to rejection having once been taken is recorded and final. The clerk can enter the member's resignation and strike his name from the roll as a perfunctory duty; in fact he has no choice in the premises, in view of what is previously set out—the member himself controlling the matter and the clerk simply recording such action. There the member's name no longer, and his action cannot be reversed. If it could be the voters would have not merely justified and executive but most extraordinary power, for he could not advise the president of a duly called election, the election itself, the constitution thereof and all the formalities attendant upon the induction of a member and by his own act constitute the applicant a member. And if he could do such a thing for one who had formerly been a member, but of his own choice had given up the place, he could do likewise for one who had never been on the roll. Of course he can do no such thing, and until another election is held and the clerk

receives another certificate, all he can do in the premises is to let the vacancy stand opposite Utah's name on the list until he is elected.

The Governor of the Territory has really lost to do with the matter than the clerk of the House has. He has absolutely nothing to do with it in a discretionary way, except as to the time when the special election shall occur, if being obligatory upon him to call such election within twenty days after being advised of the vacancy. He can neither accept nor reject a resignation as an official performance, and if the Delegate's formal withdrawal were never received by the executive it would not change the status a particle; the office would be vacant just the same.

To proceed upon any other ground than what is herein set out would, it appears to us, be experimenting dangerously. We desire this Territory to be represented as much as it may be in Congress, and while it would be quite satisfactory to us for a man of Mr. Hawkins' unquestionable ability, high social standing and general tone of disposition to discontinue such duties if we rely upon his doing so without being elected again it seems to us positively certain that when Congress convenes and the roll of members-elect is called, Utah will be conspicuous by an altogether new and quite unwelcome situation—her absence.

AS TO CHURCH CEMETERIES.

In a letter which was unaccountably delayed in reaching us, and which, after its arrival, has been long in receiving an answer, is the following:

Deseret, Sevier county, Utah.

Editor Deseret News:

Please answer, through the columns of your paper, the following question: Can an ecclesiastical ward legally acquire title to land for a graveyard and cemetery and if so, what are the legal rights of all the inhabitants of the ward, whether members of the ecclesiastical ward or not?

Very respectfully,
GEORGE CHAMBERLAIN.

The answer to which, according to the law and its consistent reading by an eminent legal friend, is as follows: "The Ecclesiastical-Trustee act provides that all religious societies, sects and congregations shall have the right to have and hold a cemetery and burial grounds for the use of houses of worship and for burials and funeral grounds as shall be necessary for the convenience and use of the several congregations of such religious society, sect or congregation." An ecclesiastical corporation could undoubtedly acquire and hold land for a graveyard, and we think it could permit any inhabitant of the precinct to be buried therein.

SWINDLING LAND COMPANIES.

The San Francisco Chronicle advises eastern people that it is wise in these days to turn a deaf ear to the seductive advertisements of western land and irrigation companies, such as that which proposes to make the Colorado desert below Salton lake, California, blossom with flowers and gladden the eye with fruit. Many of the small companies in California and Arizona, which were formed to colonize lands along irrigation ditches, are legitimate corporations, but the great companies that brag about their millions of acres ought to be investigated before any one puts any coin into them. This Salton lake project may be feasible, though the fact that the reservoir is near the lowest point below sea level on the desert seems to condemn it.

The millions of acres in all this Pacific coast country that might be bought under cultivation and changed from sterile wastes to fruitful fields if only water could be obtained in sufficient quantities would provide prosperous and smiling homes for a nation of people. No wonder the overworked and hopeful seekers of eastern cities are easily lured into investments of the kind spoken of, for they cannot understand the water problem as it is, and there is no dispute regarding the quantity or quality of land. The News has several times spoken of a great territorial scheme in Sevier county, this Territory, by means of which a vast district of the best lands in Utah that have so far produced nothing but sagebrush and burned lands are expected hereafter to contribute heavily to our production of cereals, fruits and export vegetables. This is not only an enterprise to be encouraged but upheld and commended as the work of public beneficence.

Our San Francisco contemporary contributes other light, however, to the California situation, saying that even if water could be brought to all parts of the desert lying between Salton and the Lower California River, there yet remains the stubborn fact that more than half of this land is so unfit for cultivation as the sand dunes south of the park in that city. For miles south of Salton there are vast stretches of their land every day at the report of the desert wind. Huge whirling mountains of sand waiting across this thirsty waste of mesquite and cactus and no power has yet been discovered which will restrain them. Even the smallest valleys on the edge of the desert are greatly bothered by sandstorms, which frequently tear up cedar plants and strip vines and trees of the young fruit. Then, then, then, is able to make a wind-borne which will protect orchards or vineyards on these bleak desert plains? The remarkably if three-quarters of the Colorado desert only, he said, benefited in the next century, but this will only be accomplished when more favored spots are over-crowded.

Of course money invested in shifting sandbanks with agricultural intent is simply thrown away, and those who by advertisements or otherwise cause others who are ignorant of the situation to make such investments should be prosecuted to the full extent of the law, merely giving warning through the newspapers is not enough. We may have such lands in this Territory, but so far as we have been able to learn there has been no organized attempt to defraud or deceive anybody regarding them.

THE PENSION BUREAU.

It is noted as a somewhat curious circumstance that the post of commissioner of pensions—presumably more clerical than executive—is one of the hardest to fill acceptably within the entire civil service department. Under the last previous administration the office instead of being usefully occupied and engaged in routine work of such a severely clerical character that the people did not care to pay attention to it, became and continued to be the most attractive and interesting exposure in the Territory. The gentleman in charge, in which Corporal Tanner had filled the office, in all things—his previous announced intention of being "good to the boys"—started up the ladder and it kept growing until finally his superior officer had to protest, then take a hostile attitude, the result of which was that the frank and ready corporal found his neck under the official blade. Then came the transference of Green B. Rosen, the assistant, relating to his son and many other objectionable features continuing to the close and serving to keep the pension bureau in the fore front of the government's choicest bric-a-brac.

It is claimed by the personally beligerent New York Sun that the melting of the surplus was enough of itself to cause another and a faster theory of pension to obtain. It is generally admitted now that the government has been at least generous and far enough, and that hereafter a more careful policy should be adopted. It is also generally admitted that if there is any way of detecting past fraud in the pension lists, and preventing future fraud, that way should be followed. Unfortunately it is not an easy thing to find that way, but it looks just now as if the new incumbent of the office—Judge Thomas Lockner of Minnesota—were on a voyage of exploration having that object in view, he is so quiet yet attentive to business and almost so little objection to his work.

Begrudging Commissioner Lockner it is recorded that he was a gallant soldier of the civil war and is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, so that there can be no reason for supposing that he will not be anxious to do justice to every meritorious applicant for a pension. He has sat upon the bench, and should have, therefore, the instinct and the habit of justice. Some years ago he was a candidate for United States senator and came near being elected. It is the common opinion that there has been favoritism and not justice in the treatment and disposal of pension claims and if such has been the tradition of the office, a change ought to be expected now.

It is of course a most unenviable place to sit or attempt to fill; yet it is one in which the incumbent has the opportunity—more than ever at this particular juncture—of doing a great public service. It would be unjust, however, to look for too much from him, or to throw upon him too much responsibility. "Most of the extravagance and rottenness of the pension-baiting and pension-mongering business rests with Congress," says the Sun, "in which neither side has had the courage to insist that even in the treatment of the Union veterans of the civil war the government should not be regarded as a benevolent institution."

CONSCIENTIOUSLY is evidently not one of the virtues of the emperor of Germany. During his recent visit to Rome he is reported by having assented to a proposition by the pope to disband the armies of Europe in the interest of peace. Two or three days ago in his speech to the army officers he says the adoption of his army bill is a necessity as a guarantee of the peace of Europe; and he is willing to deny the whole country in order to have the measure passed. Then again, through Minister Bulow he is firing with the pope in order to secure the aid of the Catholic clergy in the new election; at the same time he issues an order for the clerical dignitaries not to meddle in politics. No comment is necessary.

It is pleasant to learn that the big game for the defense of San Francisco harbor will be ready for shooting by the opening of next year. Then we shall have no more fear for a California cruiser threatened to steam up the coast and lay tribute on this city. We shall know that if she comes within shooting distance of the harbor of our Pacific city she will be able to blow her lot out of the water—Ed. J. Clarendon.

There is not and has not been the slightest danger of such a thing, but then it is as well to have to "stand out in the fact." Besides, the guns are nice to look at even if they do come high.

Spencer & Lynch Co. Builders.

Postoffice 124 Main St. Call and see our plans.

THE HOTEL TEMPLETON.

The Hotel Templeton is opposite Temple Square, facing the office, Eagle Hotel, Deseret News Building and all points of interest in Salt Lake City.

THE CHIEF, S. C. KENNEDY, Proprietor. Half block from Postoffice doors from Pullman ticket office, Main St. Rates \$3.00 per day. Special Local Rates.

THE WHITE HOUSE—Again under good management, Mrs. C. E. Fudisch having returned from California and taken charge, with popular hotelman M. F. Gorman as manager.

Salt Lake's big, new hotel is The Knottford. Homelike, elegant, central and reasonable.

THE NEW TRAVELER. Commencing May 1st the Rio Grande Western and Denver & Rio Grande will inaugurate a new daily service, unimpeded, consisting of elegant day coaches, chair cars and Pullman sleeping car. Train No. 2 will leave Salt Lake at 9:05 a.m., arriving at Denver at 7:45 a.m., next morning, connecting with Burlington and Rock Island World's Fair fast flyers. Train No. 4 will leave Salt Lake at 7:20 p.m., arriving at Denver at 10:15 p.m., next morning. Train with Rock Island and Missouri Pacific, and at Denver with Burlington trains for all points east, giving an opportunity of viewing the magnificent and world-famous scenery of the Denver & Rio Grande between Grand Junction and Denver by daylight.

Take this route and have a comfortable, speedy and wonderfully interesting trip.

W. J. SHOTWELL, General Agent, Salt Lake City, Utah.
R. K. HOOTER, G. P. & T. A., Denver, Colorado.

Have Money, Buy your Postcard from Spencer & Lynch Co. Everything reliable. 124 Main St.

Get your trunk repaired at Gullacher, 207 Main, Washburn building.

Large Suit Low Price! J. G. Gullacher, Trunks and Valises, 207 Main.

Trunks exchanged at Gullacher's, 207 Main, Washburn building.

A New Cure for Piles. Itching Piles are known by moisture like perspiration, causing intense itching when warm. This form as well as Blind, Bleeding or Protruding, yield at once to Dr. Hosack's Pile Remedy, which acts directly on the parts affected, absorbs tumors, always itching and effects a permanent cure. 50 cts. Drugists or mail. Circulars free. Dr. Hosack, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

Notice to the Public. Many notes payable to the American Commercial and Collecting Agency for Chicago, Ill., have been taken from my office without authority, and the individuals executing and writing on any note payable to said agency are hereby notified to make no payment on the same except to the undersigned. FRANK G. LORR, General Agent of said Agency for Utah.

Best Working Shoe made. \$1.75. Spencer & Lynch Co., 124 Main St.

Excursion to Denver. For the Rio Grande Western trains on May 15th, excursion tickets will be sold to Denver at 25 cts. for the round trip. Tickets good until June 21. This will afford a delightful vacation at low rates via the great scenic highway.

Here is something good for Your Rheumatic Friends. If any of your friends are troubled with Rheumatism have them read this:

LYNCHBURG, Va., April 18, 1893. I desire to say that the Chamberlain's Pain Balm has cured one of our worst cases of rheumatism of two years' standing. One bottle did the work. This gentleman, Mr. R. H. Parnell, ticket agent of the C. & O. R. R., now recommends Pain Balm to all his friends. P. C. Hedberg, 39 cent bottles for sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. d s

SALT LAKE THEATER. ONE PERFORMANCE ONLY. FRIDAY, MAY 12. MR. NAT C.

Goodwin, A GILDED FOOL.

Presenting for the first time in this city his latest success.

Next Attraction. "Carmenita," Bathing beauty, May 20th, and then McManis' Merry Comedy.

"THE PRODIGAL FATHER." From 21 to 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

AT THE WONDERLAND. 25 South Main Street. THIS WEEK.

W. A. HODGES, Chemist and Assayer. ROOM 1, COMMERCIAL BLOCK, 1st Floor. See orders by mail promptly attended to.

"Bona Fide!"

Z. C. M. I.

OUR USUAL ANNUAL MAY SALE

Will Commence on Tuesday next; there will be desirable goods in

Notions, Dress Fabrics, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Carpets, Wall Paper, Etc., Etc.

Every buyer understands our methods of business, reliable, honest and meaning what we say. For details see Saturday's and Sunday's Papers.

T. G. WEBBER, Supt.



Whether starting out on a pleasure trip or prospecting don't fail to take along a few cans of the St Charles Unsweetened Evaporated Cream.

To-morrow. 22nd Ward Co-op Cor. 4th North & 5th West.

F. RICHARDS, THOR. G. WEBBER, President, Vice-President. G. H. BACKER, Secretary and Treasurer.

SECURITY ABSTRACT CO. Office in Deseret National Bank Building, Salt Lake City, Utah. Telephone, 142.

TAYLOR, ROMNEY, ARMSTRONG CO. Dealers in

KLUMBER'S. Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Etc. Planning Mill and Yard, One Block East of U. P. Depot, Salt Lake City, Utah.

GEO. ROMNEY, Manager. O. D. ROMNEY, Asst. Manager. 207, 202 & 203 W. South Temple Street.

GREAT - REMOVAL - SALE. Being about to move I will sell at cost for the next 10 days my fine stock of Chinese & Japanese Goods.

Consisting of Silk Goods, Teas, Bamboo Goods, Cane and Sashes, Bowls, Vases, Flower Pots, Toys, Stationery, Etc., Etc. Call and see how cheap I will sell. Quong Chong Wing, 33 E. Second North.

SALT LAKE GRAIN CO. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

SEEDS. 23 West First South Street, Telephone 217.

J. W. CURRIE, Assayer, 159 Main Street, Salt Lake City.

W. A. HODGES, Chemist and Assayer. ROOM 1, COMMERCIAL BLOCK, 1st Floor. See orders by mail promptly attended to.

BECK'S HOT SPRINGS.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

A PLEASURE and HEALTH RESORT

Wherein is the Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Lead Poisoning, and all blood and skin diseases. Temperature 124°.

Swimming Pool 250 feet long. Plunge Bath 70 feet long. Private Plunge Baths for Ladies.

HOTEL and RESTAURANT ATTACHED. E. Y. TAYLOR, Manager.

FOR SPRING FOOTWEAR!

CALL AND INSPECT OUR GREAT ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S FINE SHOES

JUNE 15.

Many Specialties for Men and Boys.

We are still manufacturing to fit all feet. FROM INFANTS TO GIANTS. Our Improved Goods are from the Most Italian Makers. Most Durable Shoes for the Least Money.

SOLOMON BROS., No. 70 East Temple St.

A ROSE GARDEN FOR \$1

12 FINE ROSE PLANTS. Your selection from 100 Standard Varieties, post-paid.

Our Catalogue of Plants and Floral Novelties for '93 is now ready, also booklet telling how to be successful with Garden and House Plants.

THIS BOOKLET TELLS HOW TO RAISE BIG CHRYSANTHEMUMS. BOOKLET and Catalogue FREE on request. Send no money.

20 GREENHOUSES. 40,000 sq. ft. Glass. SOUTH DENVER FLORAL CO. 16 S. 10th St., SOUTH DENVER, COLO.

P. W. MADSEN.

51, 53, 55 E. FIRST SOUTH ST.

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In Endless Variety.

PRICES LOW AS THE LOWEST.

POPULAR Buckle & Son TAILORS

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Punctuality, Fashion, Economy.

Agents Deseret Woolen Mills. H. E. BARNES. Suits to Order. \$25.00.