# SECOND EDITION.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

Friday, September 18, 1891.

Over the signatures which are appended to an article in Friday's issue of the day, there appeared a statement said to be an extract from a speech delivered by Mr. Cannon, in which he is made to say that the Mormon people are the most cowardly people on the face of the earth.

Issues of overpowering importance are upon us. Let the intermountain land be awake and alive.

## FRAGMENTS.

The business in the courts this morning reached the acme of dullness.

The Commissioners should remember that the new season has opened and that the rentals now come up at a quarter past.

The county clerk has issued marriage licenses to Andrew Mellen to-day and Ida E. Gaither of Salt Lake City, and Arthur J. Larkin and Jessie L. Ashton.

Arbor Terrace will very shortly retire from the management of the Templeton Hotel and will be succeeded by Andrew Morton, proprietor of the Clifton House.

The hearing in the Wyoming dynamite case was postponed before Judge Anderson yesterday afternoon. The time was granted the defense to get the witnesses, wanted for the custody of the two children.

Court House fans must have been consumed with cinderpaths of late in expressing their opinions of the big fire department. Those adjoining their house persuade us to the method of inference that they have been in Denver or Chicago and have not reason to complain of any times.

A few about mention cases of late come the elevator in the Western Union Company's office. It is said that it is no joke in the business manager, he has received a very disagreeable hold of getting part to the ground floor. There were quite a few who got off the passengers unceremoniously disembark. The cause of the jump is not known, but it is thought it was due to a defective wire fuse.

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### Who Dare It Belong To?

About a week ago a large case of canned salmon was placed by mistake in a wagon belonging to Mr. James Packard, of West Bountiful, while shipping the same from the rear the bakery of Messrs. Webb and Pierpont, on Main street. The owner can have the package by communicating with Mr. Packard and giving a description of it.

### Washington County Notes.

Brother Thomas Judd, who is up from St. George, reports that Utah's Dixie is in a prosperous condition. The fruit crop of that region is much better than usual and the small grain crop above the average. The corn which has been planted as a second crop when the small grain was harvested is also looking quite promising. One of the advantages which the people of that region have is that they can raise two crops of grain in a year, and for this reason where they have sufficient water they are likely to succeed better than usual. Water is some districts, however, has been a source actual life year. The washing away of the dam in the Virgin River, which furnished water for the Washington and St. George field, has been a serious drawback to the country, but the new dam which has been constructed about five miles above Washington at a cost of about $16,000, together with the canal to convey the water from it to the fields, which has cost thirty thousand dollars, are likely to go a long way towards redeeming the country. They are both now completed and the water is running to the fields, but it is too late to avail much for this year's crops. The canal is intended for irrigation about 25,000 acres of land, most of which will be very suitable for fruit growing.

The Washington factory, which in past years has had a hard struggle for existence, is now doing well. Cotton goods, jeans or denims, ginghams, cottonades, etc., all made from the home cotton—are now being turned out and are finding a ready sale.

The Dixie sugar mills, located about six miles south of St. George, are operating up quite successfully, and all other Dixie's prospects are better than at any time in the past.

### Amusements.

"Faust" was presented last night at the Salt Lake Theatre by the Lewis Morrison Company, to an unusually crowded house. It was received with enthusiastic delight. Independent of the acting the scenic effects were magnificent. The "Brocken" picture was one that will scarcely be forgotten by those who saw it last night. In its lurid realism it vaulted anything that poet or painter ever did in the way of portraying the horrors of the nether regions.

Mr. Lewis Morrison as Mephisto gave a vivid rendition of his sable majesty as portrayed by the old school Christian Malice, malevolence, hatred, thrift, and above all that fiendish mockery and infernal humor so characteristic of the time Satan were rehabilitated yesterday. And that horrid laugh, will it ever be forgotten?

Mr. Owen as Faust was acceptable enough, though it is doubtful if the stronger presentations of the philosophic doctor might be given. Miss Roberts as Marguerite, and Mr. Carter as Mephisto were excellent. The rest of the support on the whole was above the average. The presentation of last night was certainly a dramatic banquet.

Tonight the "Strangers of Paris" will be given by the same company. This has been received everywhere with delight and satisfaction.

The Denver Times, speaking of the "Midnight Bell," which comes to the Theatre Saturday and Monday, Sept. 19th and 21st, says:

"There is a pretty and romantic story which runs a golden thread of sentiment through the tragical texture of the play, culminating in that beautiful and dramatic scene at the end of the play which closes with the tolling of the bell. Rather than all, Hoyt's play is one of real life, its characters are real people they are human, they respond to more than one passion."

For the week beginning September 21, Thursday, Wonderland has a complete change of programme. Among the principal features for this week are Ignacia Jocalora, the Mexican festival worker, and L'Amapurite, the angel of the air. Friday is ladies, souvenir day and Saturday children's day."

# THE IRRIGATION CONGRESS.

## The Last Hours of the Three Days' Session.

### RESOLUTIONS AND PERMANENT COMMITTEES.

### Today and Tomorrow. The Congress Go to Lehi, Provo, Garfield Beach and Ogden.

The afternoon session of the congress was a busy one. Mr. Wright resumed the chair at 2 o'clock, and Mr. Rickards of Montana, read the following resolution:

Resolved, That the thanks of this congress are hereby tendered to Mr. Emmons Conger, Arthur L. Thomas, Governor of Utah, to Hon. George W. Dickerson, and the authorities of the county and city of Salt Lake, to the Chamber of Commerce of Salt Lake City, and to John W. Dunsmuir, chairman, Frank R. Gillespie, secretary, and the members of the committee of arrangements for their courtesies and services in caring, entertaining and interesting the Arid Regions Congress of the United States, and we feel that they will reap an abundant harvest from their labors in the cause that will follow the congress.

Resolved, That we tender our thanks to the Union Pacific Railroad, and the Rio Grande Western Railway Company for courtesies extended to the members of this congress in the Grand Valley of Salt Lake City for the choice special trains to the Park, Saturday morning, Thursday and the courtesy of Lots and Pryor for their kind tender of acquaintance, and to the people for the efficient labors in helping the committee and presenting labors to the public in the reports of our proceedings the patient, patriotic and meritorious work of our cause.

The resolution was adopted with applause.

The secretary then read telegrams from the Lehi board of trade and the mayor of Boise, Idaho, inviting the Congress to hold its next annual session at that city. A letter was also read from the St. Louis Merchant's Exchange.

The committee of the whole was here resumed and Mr. Irish as chairman of the committee on resolutions moved the adoption of the third resolution of the report of this morning.

Mr. Newlands of Nevada read the following resolution as a substitute:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this congress that the time has arrived when the legislatures of the respective States and Territories may be safely entrusted to make provision for the ownership of irrigable land to actual settlers in suitable holdings.

Mr. Knox then proposed this provision:

Resolved, That the lands so created shall be so conditioned as to secure the permanent ownership of the actual settlers in suitable holdings not in any case exceeding 320 acres.

In support of his substitute Mr. Newlands said: "Why should we limit the grant to be issued of the United States to 320 acres to each individual when the United States government already makes a grant of this amount and the law is inoperative in the reclamation of arid lands. If we cannot trust a section of congress to the distribution of these lands we can trust the State legislatures. To seek to have congress enact restrictions upon the management of this trust is to brand every State and Territory with incompetency to attend to the business of civilization. I say to you that it should be left to the legislatures to determine the restrictions to be applied.

Mr. Knox said he objected to the "suitable holdings" proposition unless the size of the suitable holdings was named. When the Bird pattern bill act was passed there was not 40,000,000 of people in this country by being more than 60,000,000. Under those laws the whole Western territory has become settled, and no man in this country has been heard to complain that he could not obtain more than 320 acres of land. I do not mean to infer by any resolution that the members of legislatures are dishonorable. I have a great deal of faith in the honesty of members of legislatures, but I also have a great deal of faith in the shrewdness of men who swarm around these bodies for the purpose of getting something out of the public.

Look at the 9000 inhabitants of this beautiful Territory. According to the United States census they have only an average of 27 acres. Look at the State of California, its great cities and towns that are the light of its State. Here they pressed the center of Utah the 1,000,000 population would have been 9,000,000! Know of one man who owns 254,000 acres. The State is mortgaged over with giant land grants in this monstrous way. I am in favor of irrigation, but not of having it said by Congress, "You are in favor of small farms, of high improvement, but you want to reserve all the fertile lands from land hunters." I hope you will pause and consider this, and if my suggestion is not in your liking, make one that is.

After considerable debate Mr. Knox's amendment was carried.

The Newlands's substitute was then put and lost.

The resolution as amended were then read and adopted.

The committee of the whole reported. And the congress adopted the first resolution.

On a motion to strike out the second resolution a vote by delegations was ordered, each delegation casting thirty votes. The vote was as follows:

California, 30 no, 0 yes; Colorado, 30 no; Idaho, 25 yes, 4 no; Kansas, 30 yes; Montana, 30 yes; Nebraska, 21 yes, 9 no; Nevada, 22 yes, 8 no; New Mexico, 30 yes; Oregon, 25 no, 5 yes; South Dakota, 30 yes; Texas, 30 no; Utah, 30 yes; Washington, ——; Wyoming, 30 yes. Total, 262 yes, 116 no. The resolution to strike out prevailed.

A motion was then put to strike out the third resolution and carried without division.

The resolution which was adopted reads:

Resolved, That this congress is in favor of granting to actual bona fide settlers such lands as to the public lands, in the States and territories south of irrigable, and such lands now a part of the public domain which such State and territories, excepting mineral lands, for the purpose of irrigation, and under the laws now and hereafter enacted by the States and Territories and capable of supporting a population.

Mr. Irish then proposed a resolution in behalf of Kansas, which after some amendment was adopted without debate as follows:

Resolved, That it is lately for the citizens of Montana, the Dakotas, Wyoming, Nebraska, Colorado, Kansas and Oklahoma, who have paid into the United States treasury millions of dollars as their purchase for public lands, and who are compelled to farm them without irrigation, and a portion of the funds so paid be expended in irrigation, and to pick such lands therefrom for irrigation.

Hon. Chas. Rogers of Colorado proposed the following, which was carried:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that the committee selected by congress and present to Congress the proposition of the Arid Regions congress, and that congress should, with as expeditious as the exigencies of all the lands in the Territories in accordance with the resolutions of the convention, a bill granting to said Territories and to the States to be formed out of the same the public lands to be devoted to public school purposes.

Mr. Goodwin offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That this Congress hereby expresses its appreciation of the Arid Lands Irrigation work of the Agricultural Department of the national government for the information and assistance rendered by the Department of Irrigation Investigations.

Mr. Mills moved that a request be forwarded to congress for a copy of the proceedings of the congress.

The motion was carried.

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The motion was carried.

### PERMANENT COMMITTEES.

California, C. C. Wright; Colorado, Platt Rogers; Idaho, Jas. Pinkerton; Kansas, A. W. Hunter; Montana, A. C. Bobbs; Nebraska, John H. Atkins; New Mexico, D. H. Wooster; Oregon, J. H. Dunsmuir; South Dakota, J. H. Bailey; Texas, Walter Gresham; Utah, W. H. King; Wyoming, Frank Bond; Nevada, C. W. Irish.

### EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

California, ex-Governor Waite; Idaho, A. W. Brown; Kansas, J. W. Gregory; Montana, W. A. Clark; Nebraska, John Stephenson; New Mexico, W. H. Carr; Oregon, J. H. Dunsmuir; South Dakota, J. H. Bailey; Texas, Walter Gresham; Utah, W. H. King; Wyoming, Frank Bond; Nevada, C. W. Irish.

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On motion of Mr. Newlands, Governor Thomas was added to the committee on memorial.

The question of going to Lehi, Provo and Garfield was called up by Mr. Jones of Provo. Several members were anxious to go, but it seemed the two days to be confined to one day.

Mr. Hallidey, of Salt Lake, offered as a compromise that the Garfield invitation be left out and the other two proposed with. He thought it would be a very serious and costly trip anyway.

The final resolution was received upon the motion of Mr. Hallidey, and the Provo women rifle this morning at 8 o'clock, and returning take the train at 8:30 this afternoon for Garfield.

As a large number of the delegates from Ogden to visit the Bear River canal on Saturday morning.

The congress then adjourned sine die.

The California delegation met at the Knutsford last night and decided to advise the California board of trade to undertake a permanent exhibit of fruit products in Salt Lake City.

The following letter addressed to Mr. Stephens of the Choral society explains itself:

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J. W. NAGLE, Secretary.

### THE IRRIGATION CONGRESS DELEGATES.

### They Arrive at Provo, Accompanied by President Wilford Woodruff and George Q. Cannon.

Special to the DESERET NEWS.

AT 8:25 this morning seven elegant coaches rolled into the Provo depot over the R. G. W. Ry., laden with delegates from the Irrigation Congress. President Wilford Woodruff and President George Q. Cannon were present to welcome the visitors. Mayor Stout, The Provo Street Car Co. placed special cars at their service. Some went to the Tabernacle, others visited the Bee Hive and others rolled the asylum and woolen mills, and inspected the sights of the city. The delegates were highly delighted with what they saw, and at 11:15 again boarded the train, bound for Lehi. President Woodruff and Cannon were among the Salt Lake visitors.

### He Was (and Is) Fat Out.

A colored man named Collins has brought suit in the Third District court against the Salt Lake Dramatic association under the following circumstances: He alleges that on the night of June 2, last, he went to the box office of the theatre, purchased a ticket, went inside and took his seat. During the performance he was approached by ushers and requested to leave. He refused to do so and was put out. This, he claims, was in violation of the civil rights bill, and he sues to recover $1,000 damages. Judge Powers and Ogden Hiles are the plaintiff's attorneys. The theatre people have not put in an answer, but it is the opinion of the attorneys that after Collins had taken his seat, he was approached by an usher with a request that he either retire from the parquette, where he was sitting, to the first circle, or else go to the box office and have his money refunded. They allege that he refused to do either, and so through the parquette unknown without being interfered with.

### Justice Jottings.

Following is a copy of today's police docket: Samuel Newton, petit larceny; fined $10, with the alternative of hard labor.

H. Hudson, petit larceny; awaiting trial.

Tom King, T. Tollen and J. McCoy, drunkenness; time of hearing set for next Friday.

Jack Dugoney, drunk; fined $5.

Wm. Batty, disturbing the peace; time of trial not yet fixed.

### The Chorister.

The third number of the "Deseret Chorister" has just been published. It contains five anthems and an opening chorus, the composers being Professors Evan Stephens, A. J. Stevens and M. L. Fish. Each piece of music is worth more than the price of the whole magazine and being specially prepared for our home choirs should be extensively patronized. Sent to the DESERET NEWS office for orders.

# TERRITORIAL FAIR NEWS.

## Items of Interest to be Discussed Tomorrow Night.

### THE GREAT BAND CONTEST.

### Special Premiums Offered.—Interest Increased Manifested.

Mr. Rev. B. Eldredge, formerly of this city but now at Provo, is one of the most zealous workers in the cause of home industry in the Territory. His existence each year to the Board of Directors of the Territorial Fair Association has marked that they have come to look upon him as one of the pillars of the association.

This year, in addition to creating speedy sales of the Fair grounds, for the exhibition of his own stock (the stalls become the property of the society), and in addition to the special premiums he has offered, which have been already published in these columns, Mr. Eldredge offers to pay a portion of the expense incurred in securing the services of a professional juror from the east to decide upon the qualities of the fair cotton. He will appoint Deseret evening before the board of directors to make the suggestion.

Great interest is being taken in the issue raised to be held during the fair. The society offers a premium of $100 to the best band in the Territory. The entry fee for this contest is $5 upon entering in this class. There will also be a premium of $50 offered for the second best band, and in this competition Salt Lake City bands will be barred; the entry fee in this class will be $3. A suitable piece of music will be selected and distributed to the leaders of the various bands early next week, so that proper rehearsals may be had. It is also suggested that the bands be asked to learn another piece of music to be played in unison on the street upon a grand march to the Exposition Building.

Arrangements are in progress for a grand bicycle tournament to take place on the Fair grounds. It is also proposed that a special pavilion will be offered for the use of the ladies, organized by the Territory. The Boy Scouts, Boys and Girls cadets have already announced their intention of making exhibitions on the Fair grounds.

Arrangements have been completed for the grass hollers necessary to be used in the 100 yd. and 440 yd. dashes at the Fair grounds. Professionally practised is meant from Denver, Cal., will make the occasion.

Messrs. Hinking and Sutter of the Gem are trying to secure the services of a professional poultry judge from the East for the Fair, and have proffered to pay a portion of the expense.

Mr. H. W. Earhart Mr. J. E. Bush of this city have also offered to pay a portion of the expense thus incurred, and the matter will be discussed at the meeting tomorrow night.

Mr. Hector W. Haight, superintendent of agricultural products for the coming fair, says that the first entered in competition will be subjected to thorough test by experienced bakers, and in the meantime he (Haight) has requests all exhibitors to bring their specimens to the Fair in clean factory sacks, with no label or mark of ownership whatever on them.

### Scandinavian Democrats.

The Scandinavian Democratic club of this city will meet on Monday evening next, at 8 o'clock, in the Social Hall. Business of importance will be transacted. A full attendance is requested.

C. M. NELSON, President.
P. J. NELSON, Assistant Secretary.

THE TURF TRADE will offer concession rates to Chicago, beginning October 5, to cities as far west as Denver and Omaha, including October 11, and from Omaha, Kansas, on the south, Spokane, Idaho, on the north, and points in Utah.

It is authoritative that the Chignecto ship railway from the Bay of Fundy to the Northumberland Straits should be arrested in its progress toward completion for want of funds. If this railway is successful it will prove that other canals can be constructed elsewhere, and will thus be the pioneer of still greater ship railways. The Chignecto company asks the British and United States government to help it out of its embarrassment and Ottawa appropriated the $1,500,000 necessary to finish the great undertaking. There is no reason why the government should stand in the way. But previous crimes might to take the matter in hand and finish the money. Undoubtedly it would pay from a commercial standpoint, but at a short time, and there is money enough in the United States and Great Britain to afford the necessary amount in three days' time.

One result of the Park place disaster in New York city will be that hereafter the investigation of the accident which battled so many of their number to death. Labor organizations can accomplish more than anybody else in such cases if they move on the task in the right way. It is the right thing that they should instigate the accidents and hold to accountability those responsible for them. There is no help so good as self help.

The Smiths held a reunion at Peapack, N. J., lately, at which more than a thousand of this surnames and interesting family were present. The Peapack Smiths are all descended from Johann Schmidt, who came from Holland to this and was himself directly responsible, in a paternal capacity, for the existence of numerous other Schmidts. The Peapack branch of the family are therefore distinguished Knickerbocker Smiths.

Interest owed on United States 4s per cent bonds, Sept. 2. All of these bonds are converted into 2 per cents, will be paid by the government on demand.

# TODAY'S TELEGRAMS.

### Emperor William's Speech Causes Comment.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—The whole press of this city condemns Emperor William's recent speech at Konigsberg, in which it is reported he alluded to Napoleon as the "Corsican parvenu."

Le Figaro says: "This violent attack on a man of genius and greatness the Napoleons will have no difficulty in refuting. It simply reveals the character of a monarch who seizes every occasion to revile France and hatch a crusade."

La Ligue says: "The speech proves that recent events have widely disturbed the Emperor's balance. He wanted Europe to be blindly subservient to Prussian hegemony, and Bismarck confronted by serious which force opposed, had developed these notes, and which laugh at his threats."

La France says: "This time, it is he who has called the attention of Europe to his strength." The German Emperor the resolution that attacks the rights of the people from the German Interior is to be translated by the Hungarian tradition, "Russian strategem." Le Figaro says, "Every time the Czar of Czarewitch, he goes through Vienna, and therefore Germany is found to maintain the Austrian Empire, and to keep the Austrians in the fear of Europe and Bismarck's force that one will need to death is to refuse to expend upon.

### The Lottogrin Incident.

BERLIN, Sept. 18.—The German press generally views the Lottogrin incident with indifference.

### A Note to China.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—Billot, the minister of foreign affairs, has issued the following circular to the French ministers upon the urgency of upholding the security of life and property of Europeans in China.

### A Colonization Convention Declared Forfeited.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 18.—The Mexican government declared the colonization convention granted to Messrs. Ferguson by the colonization of Sonora to Mexico forfeited, on account of non-compliance with the contract.

### Removed from Office.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Sept. 18.—The trustees of the Ulster County institution have removed Dr. Chamberlain from office, the treasurer finding that he has misappropriated funds to the amount variously estimated at from $500 to $1,000. This is not the case before the trade. Offenders is under arrest at his house, and it is thought the matter will be adjusted by the surrender over real estate sufficient to cover the amount.

### Destruction of Wheat.

LEROY, N. D., Sept. 18.—A fire started in engineering this entire near Cramer's farm, six miles north of here. Nearly thirty thousand bushels of wheat are destroyed.

### A Commander of Grand Dead.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 18.—General Isaac W. Quinby, a commander of Genesee Grant at West Point, and who served with distinction in the army, died here this morning, aged 75 years. He was also professor of mathematics and natural history.

### Forest Fires.

CHIPPEWA, Wisconsin, Sept. 18.—Forest fires are raging in the country immediately south of this place. Quite a strong wind prevails. Several farm houses and barns, two wood yards near the Chippewa River and a large amount of other property is destroyed. The village of Perry is almost wiped out by fire.

### Heirs to a Large Fortune.

DULUTH, Minn., Sept. 18.—Mrs. Robert Kimberly, her son and daughter, Mrs. W. B. Armstrong, are said to have become heirs to a fortune in England, valued at $2,000,000.

### The "Times" on the Chinese Riots.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The Times today, on the recent outbreaks of violence on the foreigners in China, says: "Europe and America do not desire to pay into the hands of the audition of money by a low or perhaps wanton of their rights. They are conscious that they might precipitate a total collapse, by treating the individual liability of the state as the equivalent of the actual guilt. The course they are likely to pursue, if there is a repetition of the riots, is to take the matter into their own hands and to hold the Chinese responsible for the consequences of the offending locality."

### The Canadian Rebellion.

MONTREAL, Sept. 18.—It is rumored in Quebec that the government has decided to force an appeal to the electors of the province to sustain them in their refusal to accede to the demand of Lieutenant-Governor Angus that a royal commission be appointed to investigate the charges of "treasling" formerly against the members of the government. Owing to the interference of the Dominion government, the trial which at first was dead against Premier Mercier, has taken a turn in his favor, and his friends say that the Lieutenant-governor's action was the last thing that could have happened for him.

### Excitement in Honduras.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Advices from Managua, Nicaragua, received here, state that in consequence of the sending elections in Honduras the excitement is at fever heat. President Bogran is desirous of another term, which the majority of the people is opposed to. Antonio Leiva, the brother of the President of Salvador, has declared his intention of running for the presidency of Honduras, and in consequence 2000 men have been called out and the Honduran frontier to prevent this invasion. Salvador has three thousand troops at San Miguel, and more men are hurrying to the frontier. Guatemala is also closing troops for the aid of Honduras. Nicaragua, according to her treaty with Salvador, is bound to help her, and this week, will have troops on her frontier, and 2000 men are under arms in Managua.

### A Fatal Explosion.

BERLIN, Sept. 18.—At an experiment today at Justerbog, near this city with a new style of field guns, the shell exploded, seriously injuring six persons.

### The Proclamation Signed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The President has signed the proclamation opening to settlement and homestead entry the newly ceded lands in the Sac and Fox, Nisqua and Pottawatomie Indian reservations in the eastern part of Oklahoma. These lands will be entered upon on at 12 o'clock noon, central standard time.

### Killed by an Explosion.

CHESTER, Ohio, Sept. 18.—A report has reached this city of the killing of three men at Shiloville, ten miles from here, by the explosion this morning of a boiler in a jelly factory. The entire building was demolished. It is reported later that two little girls were among the killed.

### Aiding a Prisoner to Escape.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 18.—In consequence of revelations by Burglar Armstrong, L. M. Hudson, an attorney, and Thos. Vaughn, a former inmate of the jail, are arrested on a charge of aiding a prisoner to escape.

### Defending Case.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Admiral McKean, who commanded the United States squadron in the Chilean waters during the late war, moves to the defense of Minister Egan in an article published in the Post this morning. He says: "Egan was directly assailed by the newspapers of the victorious party, though it was through his intervention that great leniency was exercised by Balmaceda. His conduct was not dictated alright, even in this country, but I want to say that all his actions have been those of a clear-headed diplomat and honorable man."

### A Terrific Cyclone.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Sept. 18.—A terrific cyclone occurred at Massaiova, near Leon, on Sunday night. It blew down houses, uprooted trees and caused a great panic among the residents. Many persons are reported lost.

### Chilean News.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—An Iquique special to the Herald says that a heavy sea swept that town on September 8th, which caused great damage to the shipping harbor. The harbourmaster lost his life in a boat and was accompanied by a heavy rain, an occurrence previously unknown.

A Herald Valparaiso cablegram under date of Sept. 16, says that not a single member of Balmaceda's government is now in office.

The government war ship "Lotpaig" left here today for Coquimbo.

The British war vessel "Champion" also leaves here today. She is bound north under orders to Iquimbo.

The report of the appointment of minister of industry and of Antonio Maria as minister of foreign affairs is confirmed today by an official announcement.

The national holidays began today. They will continue until September 20th. All business houses are closed. Great festivities are in progress.

### The Survivors of the Stanwell Expedition.

BERLIN, Sept. 18.—Dispatches from Zanzibar state that Lieutenant Letterhorn and staff-five survivors of the Stanwell expedition have arrived at Bagamoyo.

### What Will It Matter?

"When will it matter to me or my
Whether my pain lower was high,
Whether I lived in cottage or in palace,
Where I lived when or by and by?
When I lies beneath the grass
"What will it matter? Nought, if I
Only can earn the day I've lived,
Lightening the burden of some one, or
Quieting and of one sore, the sigh;
If I can stamp this day and lay
Down my pen
Then will it matter by and by?
Yes, it will matter by and by
Whether I've lived my day in vain
Whether I've lived my day in pain
Whether my work helped to gain
Or hindered—matter all in all—one and by."

—Harper's Bazaar.

### MARKETS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, Sept. 18, 1891.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sug Trust | 91½ | Rock Island | 85½ |
| Lead Trust | 35 | Lake Shore | 127½ |
| Cotton Oil Trust | 34½ | Mich Central | 92 |
| Lead pfd | 95 | North American | 5½ |
| Pacific Mail | 35½ | Northern Pacific | 14 |
| Pullman | 145 | Northern Pacific pfd | 35 |
| Atchison | 40½ | Nor Pac Lands | 1½ |
| Central Pacific | 34½ | St Louis & S F | 15 |
| Chicago Gas | 74½ | St Paul & Omaha | 50 |
| Del Lack & W | 137 | Texas Pacific | 14½ |
| Del & Hud | 119½ | Union Pacific | 41½ |
| Denver & R G | 15½ | Wabash pfd | 21½ |
| Erie | 29½ | Pacific Express | 81 |
| Illinois Central | 99 | Western Union | 91½ |

Up some despite rains, strong at fractional advance over opening figures.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

### Starting Honesty.

A bit of honesty as startling as it was intensifying came to light in the jewelry region of the New York Lakes office Tuesday. An Italian was arrested in this country on Monday and passed the inspection clerks in safety some back again with all his baggage and sent to Colonel Weber's office. There he explained that he wanted to right a wrong. "I did yesterday," he said, "when I sells I had never been in prison. I lay awake all night thinking about it, and I came down this morning to be sent back. About ten years ago I got into a fight with another man, and we were arrested and sent to serve two months in jail."

"Indeed?" peeped the astonished superintendent. "And did you use a knife in this fight?" "No, sir," was the answer, "we fought with our hands and feet." "Do you think you can go along in America without fighting?" "Oh, yes, I came here to be a good man, and I would like to stay if I could." "Well," said Colonel Weber, "I guess we'll have to let you through on the grounds of excessive honesty. You may go."—New York Times.

### Evidence That Cats Talk.

An Anthropolis scientific woman will have it that animals talk to each other. And this is the anecdote she relates to prove her theory:

She has two cats, Dot and Dot's younger, named for her exploring predecessor Christopher Columbus. One morning a little bird flew in at the open window, and falling to the floor by panting and dying. Christopher Columbus just then appeared at the doorway. "Do you don't, Christopher Columbus," exclaimed his mistress, and preventing a tiny box she put the dirt worn body of the feathered note into it and made a deep grave under the apple tree. Christopher followed and looked longingly at the box, then went away where he was not seen for some time. Only Christopher witnessed the burial, yet an hour after, going out to look at the grave, she found Dot had dug up the box and Christopher was just about to devour the dead's mouthful. Now, if Christopher Columbus didn't go to Dot and say, "Mother there is a little bird buried under that apple tree; get up for me, please," how did Dot know there was a bird there?—Lewiston Journal.

### Luminous Fish South Pacific.

Upwards of sixty species of East Indian plants, nearly of the fern family, with a goodly sprinkling of grasses and creeping vines, are luminous, and it is said that the sides of the mountains in the vicinity of Cyane are nightly illuminated by the pale, white light which they emit. The root stock of a plant from the Gongbum jungle, near Lepki (supposed to be an orchid), possesses the peculiar properties of becoming luminous when wet, while when dry it is quite tasteless. One jointed plant, supposed to be a member of the rush or cane family, emits a fiery red light from its leaves, a pale white one from its stalk, while its flowers give out a precious flame, like that of our "lightning bugs."—St. Louis Republic.

### No Escape.

They were nearing an ice cream saloon on their evening stroll, and just as the young man saw his danger he heard the friction of the two pennies in his vest pocket.

"Have you heard," he asked in a voice of settling gloom, "of the poisoning of a whole family by eating ice cream?"

"Yes," she said quickly; "they used poison for flavoring. That comes of eating homemade ice cream."—Detroit Free Press.

### Every Animal Likes Bananas.

The leaves of the banana are tender, and the strong whalebones of the tropics—the hurricanes—soon tear the leaves to strips, thereby adding to their grace and beauty. The banana is a fruit that feed and bird, as well as man, are fond of, and the owner, when he lives in a sparsely settled country, should protect his plantation by a fence of some thorn plant.

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