

mento River was crossed on a trestle bridge, over six hundred feet long. Yolo county was crossed. It is said to be the greatest wheat producing country in the state. On reaching Benecia, quite a stop was made in order to complete preparations for crossing the straits of Carquinez, about one mile wide. At this point the Sacramento and San Joaquin Rivers run together and flow through the straits into the San Pablo bay, which is an arm of the San Francisco bay. As our train rolled into Benecia, we perceived the steam ferry boat "Solana" in readiness to convey us to the opposite shore. The "Solana" is said to be the largest boat of its class in the world and when all preparations were completed our train was divided, and, in two sections, was run or pushed on to parallel tracks on the deck of the "Solana," and in a few minutes we were almost imperceptibly moving across the Straits. Many of the passengers were unaware that we had left Benecia until Port Costa appeared to be coming towards us. The "Solana" is said to be over four hundred feet long. She has two vertical engines which are capable of being worked up to two thousand horse power each. The wheels are thirty feet in diameter. She has eight boilers, each being twenty-eight feet long.

There are four tracks laid on the deck, running from end to end, and the vessel can accommodate forty-eight freight or twenty-four passenger cars. On reaching Port Costa our train glided off the deck of the ferryboat and were soon hurried forward toward San Francisco.

At last Oakland Pier was reached. All passengers leave the train and go on board the steam ferry boats. The transfer is made very expeditiously and we are quickly landed in the city of San Francisco.

Elder Edward J. Palmer, of Cedar City, greeted us at the landing and we were soon comfortably located.

Learning that our steamer would not leave till the sixth inst. we were soon engaged "seeing the sights," but an account of our adventures in this direction "will appear in our next."

PHOENIX.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 3, 1892.

THE PINKERTON SYSTEM.

THE Farmers' Alliance members of Congress have announced their determination to make an effort to secure legislation for the abolition of the hiring, by private persons and corporations, of Pinkerton detectives to act as militia. They have not received much encouragement thus far, the ground taken by the opponents of such an enactment being that the subject is one with which the general government cannot deal, being a matter that must be left to the several States.

Whether this view be correct or not, unless the Pinkerton organization is curtailed it is liable to lead, some time, to a bloody conflict between it and the people. Already its operations, which are not local but extend to any part of the United States when its services are engaged, have on several occasions come pretty near bringing about a sanguinary riot.

It is an unpopular agency, and its

existence is an anomaly under any civilized government. It usurps the functions of the duly constituted authorities, who ought to be capable of affording protection to all persons and property within the Republic without it being necessary to call in such an auxiliary. In fact the necessity for the hiring of these armed detectives is a disputed point, the masses of the people taking the ground that they are maintained in the mere interest of capital to the detriment of labor. It is dangerous for the government, local or general, to permit private parties to assume its functions. If legislation on the matter cannot appropriately be enacted by Congress, there ought to be an agitation instituted that might lead to the legislatures of the States dealing with the subject.

CURRENT EVENTS.

St. George Temple Notice.

ST. GEORGE, January 27, 1892.

By permission of the First Presidency of the Church, the St. George Temple will be closed from the 18th of March to the 19th of April, 1892.

JOHN D. T. McALLISTER,
DAVID H. CANNON,
JAMES G. BLAKE.

Fueral of Presendia Kimball.

Services over the remains of Sister Presendia Kimball were held February 3rd, in the Assembly Hall. The body was enclosed in a white casket, on which was laid a profusion of cut flowers. The stands were draped with white hangings, intermingled with smilax; calla lilies and other live flowers were arranged in front of the stands. A large number of persons viewed the remains between ten and eleven o'clock.

At 11 o'clock the services were opened by Counselor Joseph E. Taylor, after which President George Q. Cannon read from the 50th to the 70th verses of section 76, Book of Doctrine and Covenants, and President Joseph F. Smith next read from the 40th chapter of the book of Alma (Book of Mormon.) Both speakers referred to the many high qualities of the deceased, their remarks being of a most sympathetic character.

The Tabernacle choir rendered the following appropriate hymns: "Farewell, all earthly honors," "When first the glorious light of truth," and "Rest, rest for the weary soul."

At the conclusion of the services the pall bearers bore the casket through the north door, the family and mourners proceeding by the east door, after which the congregation dispersed. A long cortege followed the remains to the cemetery.

Death of Robert Logan.

Patriarch Robert Logan died at this place, Jan. 31st, of old age. He was born in Kilmanock, Scotland, Dec. 22nd, 1804, joined the Church about forty-five years ago in his native country, came to Utah in 1852, (not certain;) lived in Prest. Brigham Young's family about a year, went back to his native land on a mission, at the age of 55 years, pulling a hand cart across the plains in the same company that

Prest. Seymore B. Young and the late David Wilkin went back in; moved to Mantle city; lived there quite a length of time, when he moved to Orangeville, Emery Co., where he was ordained and set apart as a Patriarch under the hands of Prest. Wilford Woodruff. He lived to do good all the days of his life and was a staunch Latter-day Saint and died with a hope of a glorious resurrection, at the age of 87 years and 1 month. He leaves one son—Robert Logan of this place—and four grandchildren and a host of friends to mourn his departure. But our loss is his gain, as he repeatedly wished his time would come that he might go to his dear wife that had gone before. To the last he was praising God for His great kindness to him. He never tired advocating the cause of God on the earth and exhorted all to live righteous lives. R.

ORANGEVILLE, Feb. 3, 1891.

George F. Olson Resigns.

George F. Olson, one of the "Liberal" candidates for councilman from the First Precinct, has, since the expose of his connection with the Bowman bond affair, concluded to withdraw from the race. As a result, the following notice has been posted at the "Liberal" headquarters:

SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 3, 1892.

To the Hon. J. J. Greenwald, Chairman First Precinct Liberal Committee:

My Dear Sir—While keenly realizing that the success of the Liberal party at the coming election means continued prosperity not only for Salt Lake City, but for the whole Territory of Utah, but putting the welfare of my adopted home above personal ambition, and fearing that calumnies and petty jealousies against myself might endanger the success of the Liberal Council ticket of my precinct, I hereby tender my resignation as nominee. When nominated it was understood to be a compliment not only to myself, but to the fellow citizens of my nationality, and the only regret I have is the fear that the Scandinavian element might not have the representation on the Liberal ticket to which it is entitled because of numbers and because of its fealty to the party.

In taking this action I defy all attacks upon my personal character for integrity, and affirm my honesty in all matters in which I have here, or from whence I came, been connected, as a citizen or in business.

With hope for the success of the Liberal ticket, and a wish for the triumph of the principles of the Liberal party,

I am, respectfully yours,
GEORGE OLSON.

A SUCCESSOR WANTED.

The resignation of Mr. Olson has called for the publication of the following notice by the "Liberal" city committee.

HEADQUARTERS LIBERAL COMMITTEE,
Salt Lake City, Feb. 3, 1892.

The resignation of George Olson as a candidate for Councilman on the Liberal ticket in the First precinct having this day been tendered, the City Liberal Committee hereby reconvenes the First precinct convention, which nominated Mr. Olson. The eighty (80) delegates comprising said precinct convention will meet at the Federal courthouse Friday evening, February 5, 1892, at 8 o'clock.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Feb. 10—Last night ex-United States Senator Booth was married to Mrs. Joseph F. Glover, the widow of his former partner.