

SOLDIERS FIRE ON HAVANA POLICE

No One Seems to Know Just Who
Ordered Artillerymen Out to
Restore Order.

GEN. RODRIGUEZ IS ASHAMED

As Well as Other Military Men at the
Lack of Discipline
Shown.

Havana, July 11.—No further deaths have resulted from the conflicts here last night between Cuban artillerymen and civilians. Of the score of persons reported injured most of them sustained slight contusions inflicted by policemen's clubs. The first conflict occurred between artillerymen and policemen and the toughs who infest the locality. Then the company of soldiers who were sent to restore order multiplied and fired on the police. Gen. Froye y Rado, secretary of interior, is rigidly inquiring into the identity of the official who ordered the company of artillerymen to that district, and is also endeavoring to find out who is responsible for the lack of discipline. The lieutenant in command of the artillery company says he was ordered to the tenderloin by a telephone message from some artillery captain who had previously arrived at the police station to investigate the participation of their men in the first conflict.

Gen. Rodriguez and other military men are ashamed of the lack of discipline shown by the manner in which 25 soldiers under arms were so easily excited into attacking the police. The soldiers have persisted in regarding the police as their rivals. The body of the policeman, Amparo Hernandez, was escorted today in the city by 100 policemen, and the municipal band followed by government and city officials. The artillerymen are talking of taking vengeance against the police. The secretary of the interior has ordered that no artilleryman be permitted to leave Havana fortress, and a score of those charged with the shooting have been imprisoned pending an examination by court-martial into the affair. The police captain who, aided by the artillery captain, finally stopped the disturbance, told the Associated Press that some of the soldiers fired ten shots from the houses into which they had crowded for shelter from the police. The responsibility of bringing the detachment of artillery to the scene appears to rest with Lieut. Aguado, who commanded it.

INDICTMENTS AGAINST MILWAUKEE BOODLERS

Milwaukee, July 11.—Sixty-seven indictments against 25 individuals, most of whom are former county officials, were handed down by the Milwaukee county grand jury late today in the municipal court. Probing of the jury still goes on, the term not expiring until Sept. 1. Today's batch of true bills added to the 28 returned a few days ago makes a total of 159 thus far, with the expectation that further probing will result in many more indictments being brought in later on. Today's list contains 29 out of 21 names returned in the last batch, there being but five new names not before reported.

Nearly all of the indictments charge bribery in the sum of \$50, the amounts, it is alleged, having been paid to present or former county officials in connection with the awarding of county contracts for the erection of an addition to the county hospital several years ago. Many of the indictments are the result of confessions of Otto Schell, Jr., and Edward F. Strauss, former members of the county board. Fred C. Schultz, newspaper man, is indicted on one count, charged with offering a bribe of \$50 to Herman J. Pomrenge, a member of the state assembly, in 1901, to vote against the primary election bill. Pomrenge is indicted, charged with accepting the bribe.

WHY STATES DECAY. Because They Don't Enforce Their Laws, Says Gov. Folk.

Frederick, Neb., July 11.—"The decay of a state is its failure to enforce its laws," declared Gov. Folk of Missouri in his address before the Fremont Chautauqua assembly tonight. "There is nothing to a state but its laws. The cities, its lands and its wealth do not constitute it. Its perpetuity depends on its rigid carrying out of the laws its people make." Gov. Folk's topic was "Boodles and Hoodlums," and his address was largely upon his experience in enforcing the law in Missouri. He declared graft is so prevalent that it has become conventional. Men who believed themselves honest fall into the way. With the disregard for law the tolerance of graft grew, till it was so universal as not to be thought much of. "This country's greatest evil," said Gov. Folk, "is graft. Graft has a general prevalence. It has been prosecuted. Before the prosecution of grafters began in St. Louis there had been only two or three such prosecutions in the history of the country. In St. Louis the house of delegates for 14 years passed not a single favorable vote for

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which a price was not paid. The value of votes was fixed.

IMPURE FOOD.
Secy. Wilson Sends Out a Circular
Letter About It.

New York, July 11.—Secy. Wilson has sent out a circular letter in regard to a large amount of adulterated foodstuffs imported since the pure food law went into effect, and which has been held up because the bureau of chemistry of the department found that all kinds of adulteration had been practiced. Secy. Wilson in this order modifies a former one in which he had declared that the goods must all be sent back to Europe. A number of the largest wholesale grocers in New York who were concerned in the importations made a strong case, pleading a misunderstanding of the law. The secretary's order, which arrived at the New York custom house today, provides that goods already imported shall not be sent back, but may be sold in this country. He orders, however, that cans of peas colored with sulphate of copper shall be distinctly labeled so as to show this fact, various strawberry jams shall bear a label reading "artificially colored," and some canned mushrooms must be sold as "stems and escape."

A JEALOUS WIFE
Throws Vitriol Into Her Husband's Face.

Great Falls, Mont., July 11.—A Whitefish, Mont., special to the Tribune says: Tom King was the victim of an attack by a jealous wife who used vitriol to assuage her injured feelings. The wife is older than her husband, who is a first Northern roadmaster, and had heard reports that he was paying attentions to a younger woman. When he came home from work today she met him at the door with the vitriol, throwing it into his face. From the application of lubricating oil lessened the danger, but the man is badly burned and marked for life. King swore out a warrant for the arrest of his wife and a divorce will follow.

DEVIL BANKRUPTCY CASE.
Receivers Meeting with Some
Difficulty from Creditors.

Topeka, Kan., July 11.—The principal difficulty which is facing the receivers of the Devil bankruptcy case at present is the attempt on the part of the Illinois creditors of Mr. Devin to have a trust company in Chicago appointed as receiver of the Illinois properties. Cyrus Leland and J. E. Hurley, who have been appointed receivers of the Kansas and Missouri properties, are combating this attempt. A conference was held this afternoon between Cyrus Leland and J. E. Hurley, receivers in bankruptcy, and their attorneys, Clifford Hietel and A. A. Hurd, regarding the effect of placing the properties in Illinois of F. C. Devin under the one receivership. Other matters of importance relating to the management of the property which has been vested with the receivers were discussed. There will be no attempt to cut down the number of miners employed. On the contrary, sufficient employees cannot be secured and every effort is being made to increase the number mined on the payroll. There is heavy demand for coal and the full capacity is to be worked.

Judge F. S. Oldham, who is advising Receiver Bradley of the First National bank, refused to give his opinion upon the preferred creditorship of the state. "Until they make some sort of a move in that direction I shall not go into the matter," he said. "I don't care to cross a river until I come to it. As a general proposition neither the United States, the state, the county nor the city is a preferred creditor in a national bank. That is, simply taking it from its own nature. In an individual the United States has a first claim."

WHOLESALE EXECUTIONS. Sixty Bandits and 'Cutthroats' Hanged.

San Francisco, July 12.—A story of wholesale execution at the little village of Taiku, a hundred miles inland from Fusan, Korea, was brought to San Francisco Monday by the Rev. E. F. McFarland, a missionary who came home on the steamer Korea. In less than a week 60 men, charged with being bandits and cutthroats, were hanged by order of the Japanese government. A party of Korean soldiers were the executioners.

For many months bands of outlaws had been robbing and murdering in the country surrounding Taiku. The situation became so serious that the Japanese instructed the extermination of the offenders. The commission was entrusted to a detachment of Korean warriors, who caught the men and hanged them.

ASSAULTED THE GUARD. Two Military Convicts Beat Him Into Insensibility and Escape.

San Francisco, July 12.—Two military convicts, a negro and a white man, attacked their guard at Fort Mason yesterday, felled him to the ground with a rake, and seizing his rifle, beat him into insensibility with the butt of the gun. They then made their escape. McMurtry, the white man, who is under a 10-year sentence at Alcatraz prison, was captured by Lieut. McArthur, son of Gen. McArthur, the next where name is Shepard, is still at large and the police are hunting for him. Guard McIntyre, who had charge of the convicts, was taken to Fort Mason hospital. The surgeons have grave doubts of his recovery.

SHVALOFF'S MURDER. Said to Have Been Inspired by Motives of Revenge.

St. Petersburg, July 12.—The murder of Perfect of Police Shvaloff of Moscow, who yesterday was assassinated while receiving petitions, according to the latest information, was inspired by motives of vengeance on the part of the assassin, who laid at Count Shvaloff's door the responsibility for his recent arrest, though there is absolutely no evidence that he prefect personally had any cognizance of the affair.

Bee Sting Necessitates Amputation
Santa Rosa, Cal., July 12.—Edward York, a resident of Copper Lake, was stung by a honey bee recently on his leg. Blood poisoning set in and amputation was necessary to save his life.

MILLIONS PAID SIMPLY AS REBATES

Rodney B. Swift Tells How the
International Harvester Co.
Got Them.

BUSINESS VERY PROFITABLE.

Goes into Details and Relates History
Of the Arrangement—Asks an
Injunction.

Chicago, July 11.—Another attack was made this afternoon upon the International Harvester company by Rodney B. Swift, formerly head of the experimental department of the McCormick branch of the harvester company. Swift's connection with the company was severed some months ago, and suit commenced against him by the officials of the company who alleged that he had defrauded them in the sale of a patent.

In his bill filed this afternoon Swift, as a stockholder, demands an accounting from the company, and demands that the court force the company to cease taking rebates from railroad companies and also compel the company to return to the railroad money, said by Swift to have been illegally exacted from the railroads in the past. Swift declares that up to Sept. 30, 1902, the McCormick branch of the harvester company alone forced the railroads to pay it, through rebates and the operation of the Illinois Northern road a sum in excess of \$3,000,000. Up to the same date, the money received in rebates by the Pullman branch of the harvester company through the agency of the Chicago, West Pullman & Southern railroad amounted to \$500,000. Since Sept. 30, 1902, it is declared that nine other railway companies have been making payments of rebates to the International Harvester company under the guise of an alleged division of freight rates with the Illinois Northern company. Swift asserts that the alleged illegal rebates made to the International Harvester company since 1902 amount to more than \$1,000,000. Swift goes into the details of the organization of the International Harvester company, declaring that shortly after its formation an arrangement was made between President Cyrus H. McCormick, Charles Dering, George W. Perkins and William C. Lane, to the effect that all of the stock of the International company should be put in charge of the first named of the men as trustee for selling purposes until 1912. Swift demands that the voting agreement be terminated by the court. It is further declared in the bill that the business of the International Harvester company is of an extremely

profitable character. He asserts that harvesting machines can be produced and delivered by the company for \$57; the company receives \$85 for them from agents, who in turn sell them for \$125. Swift says that all his demands for an examination of the company's books have been refused. It is further declared that the unlawful course of the directors of the corporation has damaged the harvester company to the extent of \$5,000,000, which amount Swift demands the directors to repay to the company. The injunction demanded by Swift asks that the court prevent purchase by the company of any manufacturing plants when the purpose of the purchase is in whole or in part the suppression of competition; use of any money or property by the International Harvester company for the defeat of the enactment of any law by any legislative body in the United States or elsewhere, or for corruptly influencing elections, or the work of taxing bodies, or combination with the Plymouth Cordage company for monopoly of the binder twine trade of the United States. No time has yet been set for the hearing of the case in court.

Boy Shot for Game.
Ogdensburg, N. Y., July 12.—Philip Petersen, eight years old, of Danby, has been mistaken for game in the forest near Danby by a hunter and fatally

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shot. The boy was in the woods gathering berries and it is supposed that a hunter, thinking him a deer, fired.

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Walker's Mill End Sale

WALKER'S MILL END SALE

Thursday--Fourth Day OF THE Wonderful Event

MILL ENDS—mill ends—mill ends—and still they come—'Twould seem that our New York representatives were sending us all the mill ends in the country, but we need them all—Scarcely is a lot placed on sale before it has disappeared—Fabulous Quantities of crack-a-jack bargains are going out on ever delivery—Never before have the people of Salt Lake been treated to such a genuine metropolitan sale as we are giving them this week—A melee of shoppers in every department. GET IN THE GAME.

MILL ENDS OF WASH GOODS AND LINENS YOU'LL HAVE TO COME THURSDAY TO GET

5,000 yards India Linen, worth 15c yard, MILL END SALE \$1.00
10,000 yards of Sheetting, MILL END SALE \$1.00
7,000 Pillow Cases, Homed, size 42x26, worth 15c, MILL END SALE \$1.00
Bath Towels—At Lilliputian Mill End Prices
10c values for 5c
Regular 15c values for 10c
Regular 20c values for 15c
These are snags at the original prices. What must they be at the reduced?

Sheetings.
Pequot Lockwood and Utica brands.
10-4 size, Mill End Sale 35c
8-4 size, Mill End Sale 25c
8-4 size, Mill End Sale 25c
7-4 size, Mill End Sale 20c
6-4 size, Mill End Sale 15c
6-4 size, Mill End Sale 15c

1000 BEAUTIFUL EMBROIDERED SHIRT WAIST PATTERNS.

This elegant assortment arrived only yesterday, and Thursday morning it goes on sale for the first time. Be here early as there will be a grand rush to get first pick.

Certainly the greatest bargain of the kind ever offered. They are of dainty sheer lawn, with handsome embroidered front and cuffs. Worth \$1.00 to \$2.00 each. Lace department, MILL END SALE \$1.75

SILK SHIRT WAIST SUITS AND JACKET SUITS.

All the newest shades, stylish, charming garments—The \$12.50 to \$25.00 values for \$8.75
The \$27.50 to \$35.00 values for \$17.50
The \$47.50 to \$55.00 values for \$19.75

Elegant assortment of all-over Net Top Laces. A rare opportunity. Values are \$1.00 to \$1.50 yard, MILL END SALE, yard 60c

MILL ENDS OF BLACK SILKS AT MIGHTY LOW PRICES.

Thursday we place on sale some rare lots of black silks. Now is the chance if you need a black silk dress. Besides we are selling all our silks, both colored and black, at greatly reduced prices. Come and investigate.

C. J. Bonnett and Co.'s 20-inch black Chiffon Taffeta, worth \$1.25 yard, MILL END PRICE 95c
Elegant Black Pique, 27 inches wide, worth \$1.50 yard, MILL END SALE \$1.00
Paillette de Soie, 20 inches wide, worth \$1.50 yard, MILL END SALE 75c
Surah Silk, 24 inches wide, worth \$1.00 yard, MILL END SALE 75c
Black Taffeta, 19 inches wide, worth \$1.00 yard, MILL END SALE 50c
Peau de Cygne, 20 inches wide, worth \$1.25, MILL END SALE 50c
Peau de Soie, 20 inches wide, worth \$1.15 yard, MILL END SALE 80c
Follow the crowds to the store with the yellow sign.

Walker Brothers Dry Goods Co.