DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. XI. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. FRIDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 8, 1878. NO. 66.

THE EVENING NEWS.

Published every evening, except Sunday.

One copy, one year, with Postage ... [illegible]
" six months, " ... [illegible]
" three months, " ... [illegible]

THE DESERET NEWS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Published every Tuesday and Saturday.

One copy, one year, with Postage ... [illegible]
" six months, " ... [illegible]
" three months, " ... [illegible]

DESERET NEWS: WEEKLY.

Published every Wednesday.

One copy, one year, with Postage ... [illegible]
" six months, " ... [illegible]
" three months, " ... [illegible]

TERMS—IN ADVANCE.

OFFICE—Corner of South and East Temple Streets.

The News Book and Job Printing Office has superior facilities for the execution of all kinds of Book and Job Printing.

BOOK-BINDING AND PAPER-RULING.

GEORGE Q. CANNON,
BRIGHAM YOUNG,
Editors and Publishers.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Keep Them Before the Public.

F. Auerbach & Bro.
Sell dry goods, fancy goods, millinery, clothing, boots and shoes, hats and notions, etc.

Jos. Barker
Sharpens saws, repairs stoves, and does cutlery, lock and gunsmith work.

Buckle & Son,
(Opposite Walker House, Main Street)
Do all kinds of tailoring.

Calder & Careless
Sell Mason & Hamlin and other organs, pianos, fancy goods, holiday presents, and all kinds of musical instruments and merchandise, and take second-hand pianos and organs in exchange.

Dr. A. W. Calder
Practices in dentistry.

Davis, Howe & Co.
Do all kinds of milling and mining machinery work, wrought and cast iron work, and iron and brass work of all descriptions.

Day & Co.,
Sell dry goods, boots and shoes, hats and caps, family groceries, flour, feed and grain, double-barreled shotguns and general merchandise, and buy dried fruit.

Deseret National Bank
Does various banking business and receives savings on interest.

Deseret Carriage and Wagon Co
(Walker, Knight, Rees and Obiad) Make and repair all kinds of vehicles to order, wagons and carriages, mining cars, etc., and do all kinds of blacksmithing and carriage painting and trimming.

Dinwoodey
Sells the very best live geese feathers, walnut lumber furniture and baby wagons.

A. Gould
(Office, Deseret Bank Block)
Is agent for Red Canon and Rock Springs coal.

Jake Hosser & Bro.,
(Successors to J. H. Hague), deal in guns, pistols, ammunition and fishing tackle, and do practical gunsmithing.

David James
Does anything in the tin, sheet iron and copper-smith line, also in the gasfitting line.

Latimer, Taylor & Co.
Supply lumber, sash, doors, and all kinds building material.

Morton & Tufts
Sell wines and liquors, wholesale and retail.

Wm. H. Rowe
(Town Clock Store, 27 Main Street)
Makes and repairs all sorts of boots and shoes.

Howard Sebree
Sells the Bain Wagon, Wood Mower and Reaper, Pabbock Sulky Rake, Oliver Chilled Plow, Concord buggies and carriages, plows, harrows, cultivators, wagon timber, etc.

Sierra Nevada Lumber Association,
Sells sash, mouldings, shingles, doors, blinds, lath, wood pumps and water pipes cheap, at wholesale and retail.

Dr. W. J. Smith,
Homœopathic Physician, 11th Ward, five blocks east and half a block north of Theatre.

C. W. Stayner
Salt Lake Herald office, East Temple Street)
Attends to all business connected with assets, also legal and notarial business.

Thomas Taylor
Sells general merchandise of all descriptions and varieties.

S. P. Teasdel
Sells family groceries, [illegible], boots and shoes, ladies shoes, children's shoes, and dry goods and merchandise generally.

Walker Bros.
Sell dry goods, groceries, hardware, glass and crockery ware, and merchandise generally, wholesale and retail.

Z. C. M. I.
Sell dry goods, groceries, carpets, hardware, crockery and glassware, boots and shoes, hats and caps, leather and findings, and all sorts of general merchandise, wholesale and retail.

Zion's Savings Bank and Trust Company
Does a general banking business, and receives deposits in sums as low as one dollar.

STAKE AND WARD REPORTS.

We are now prepared to furnish Presidents of Stakes with the necessary blank forms for their reports.

Stake Reports, 5 cents per copy.
Ward " 25 cents per doz.

Mailed on receipt of price.

Address—
CANNON & YOUNG,
Deseret News Office,
Salt Lake City.

RAILROADS.

UTAH CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Pioneer Line of Utah.

On and After June 29th, 1873.

[illegible timetable]

MIXED TRAINS
Will Run Daily,
(Sundays excepted,)

Leave Salt Lake City at [illegible] a.m. and [illegible] p.m. and arrive at [illegible]
For all information concerning Freight or Passage, apply to
JOHN SHARP, Jr.,
General Freight and Ticket Agent
JOHN SHARP,
Superintendent.

UTAH SOUTHERN RAILROAD

On and after Dec. 13th, 1876.

Going South.

[illegible timetable]

Going North.

[illegible timetable]

Nos. 1 and [illegible] daily.
Nos. 3, 4, [illegible] will be run daily, Sundays excepted.
For all information concerning Freight or Passage, apply to
JOHN SHARP,
General Superintendent.
JOHN SHARP, Jr.,
General Freight and Ticket Agent.

SHEET MUSIC!

We are constantly receiving

New Music,

ISSUED FROM THE PRESS,

And daily orders such pieces as are not in stock. Sheet Music sent to all parts of the Territory at Publisher's prices.

THE MUSICAL PublicationS

Oliver, Ditson & Co., S. Brainard's Sons, Schirmer, Peters and others, always on Hand.

CALDER & CARELESS

LAWS

CONCERNING

Naturalization. Citizenship, Elections

Supervisors of Elections

AND

United States Marhals at Elections,

In Pamphlet Form.

Price Fifteen Cents,

TWO COPIES 25 CENTS.

FOR SALE AT THE

DESERET NEWS OFFICE.

GO AND SEE

THE

WONDERFUL

And Superb Toned

MODEL PIANO!

That Sells at

$215 and Upwards,

AT THE MUSIC STORE OF

CALDER & CARELESS.

d 264

LIFE AND TRAVELS

OF

PARLEY P. PRATT

Calf Gilt, - - 4.00

Morocco Gilt, - 5.00

A FEW COPIES FOR SALE

AT THE OFFICE OF THE

DESERET EVENING NEWS!

SALT LAKE CITY.

Address:

CANNON & YOUNG,

Deseret News Office,

Salt Lake City!

THE BIBLE AND POLYGAMY.

An Authenticated Phonographic and Verbatim Report of the Celebrated

DISCUSSION

BETWEEN

Prof. Orson Pratt

AND THE

Rev. J. P. Newman

On the Subject,

DOES THE BIBLE SANCTION POLYGAMY?

Held in the New Tabernacle, Salt Lake City, August 12th, 13th and 14th, 1870.

To which is added the Correspondence prior to the Discussion between the Rev. Dr. J. P. Newman and President Brigham Young. Also

DR. NEWMAN'S MARGINAL LAW

—AND—

THREE DISCOURSES

On the same subject, by

President Geo. A. Smith and Elders Orson Pratt and Geo. Q. Cannon.

PRICE - 50 Cents

The above is now issued in pamphlet form, octavo size, of one hundred pages.

Sent by mail on receipt of price.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

Last Night's Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 7.—Edmunds submitted a resolution instructing the committee on appropriations to inquire whether there exists adequate provisions for prompt examination of reports and action in pension cases in the pension bureau, and Surgeon General's office, and that said committee report thereon by bill or otherwise as soon as may be convenient.

After some discussion Windom moved an amendment so as to include the Adjutant General's office which was accepted by Edmunds and the resolution was adopted.

Davis, of Illinois, called up the Senate bill to remit the taxes on insolvent banks, the pending question being on the amendment providing that no savings bank having no capital stock shall on account of mercantile or business deposits on which no interest has been allowed, be denied the exemptions allowed to savings banks having no capital stock, and it was agreed to, yeas 28, nays 27. The bill was then read the third time and passed.

Hamlin called up the House bill to further suspend the operations of section 5,574 of the Revised Statutes in relation to guano islands, which was briefly discussed and laid aside.

Consideration was then resumed of unfinished business, the silver bill, and Blaine spoke thereon.

Johnston said it could not have escaped the attention of anyone that a portion of the public press, especially at the north had indicated that the south stood ready at any time to repudiate the public debt of the United States. He (Johnston) wished to say for himself and on behalf of his southern colleagues, on this floor, that no people had the national honor more at heart than the people of the south. They had passed through most terrible suffering, and did not propose to undergo the journey again. If they had no better motive for upholding the national honor than that of self-interest, they would not do anything to bring discredit upon the government. The people of the south knew their condition was indissolubly mixed up with those of the north, and they must uphold the honor and credit of the government. All were in the same ship, and the southern people did not propose to scuttle or wreck that vessel. So far as they were concerned, they proposed she should have a prosperous voyage. He argued that silver was one of the products of the country, and it was the duty of Congress to see that it was not injured. There was a great popular demand for the remonetization of silver. The people of the country believed it was demonetized by fraud. They believed the act which demonetized it was smuggled through and should be repealed. It was not the part of statesmanship to be blind to popular demand. He denied that the remonetization of silver would drive gold out of the country. He then spoke of the value of silver to the colored people of the south, and said they knew nothing about the value of gold and did not appreciate paper. Remonetize silver and much of it would be absorbed by them. Philanthropists and abolitionists, who had freed the negro, ought to consider what they should do for his practical benefit. Give the colored people of the south the money they want, and it would make them better citizens. They would have something to work for, and it would encourage them.

Hill then took the floor, but before proceeding with his remarks, yielded to Morgan, upon whose motion the Senate went into executive session and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 7. — Immediately after the reading of the journal the House resumed consideration of the contested election case of Wiggington vs. Pacheco, from the fourth district of California. After a debate for two and a half hours the House proceeded to vote on the pending propositions. The first vote was on the amendment reported by the minority of the committee on elections declaring Pacheco entitled to a seat. The amendment was rejected by a party vote. Yeas 126, nays 137. The next vote was on Leonard's substitute declaring that neither Pacheco nor Wiggington was entitled to a seat. It was rejected without division. The resolution reported by the majority of the committee declaring Wiggington elected to a seat, was then adopted, yeas 136, nays 125. In the report of the committee a majority of four was figured up for Wiggington, while the minority of the committee figured up a majority of six for Pacheco. The Secretary of the State of California had certified to a majority of one for Pacheco. In the votes in the House party lines were strictly observed, not a single deviation being recorded. The result of the last vote having been announced, the oath of office was administered to Peter D. Wiggington. Adjourned.

EASTERN.

Confirmations.

WASHINGTON, 7.—The Senate confirmed the following nominations: Adin B. Underwood, surveyor of customs, Boston; Frank Leland, consul of the United States at Hamilton, Canada; Frederick Salomon, surveyor of the United States for the Territory of Utah.

Blaine's Speech on the Silver Bill.

The announcement that Blaine would speak on the silver question had the effect of filling the floor and galleries of the Senate to-day. At least 50 members of the House occupied sofas and chairs in the rear of the Senator's desks, and the galleries were brilliant with fashionably dressed ladies. Secretary Sherman and General Sherman were among the auditors on floor. Blaine's speech was listened to with close attention throughout, and his peroration, with its graceful allusion to the problem which had come down to us from Abraham's time, "the weight of silver that should be the current money with the merchant," was followed by enthusiastic applause.

Anderson Found Guilty.

NEW ORLEANS, 7.—In the Anderson trial, the jury rendered the following verdict: "We find Thos. C. Anderson guilty, and recommend him to the mercy of the court." Defense asked for the polling of the jury. Each juror, after his name being called, was asked, "Is this your verdict, 'Guilty, and recommended to the mercy of the court?'" They all answered in the affirmative. The jury was then discharged and the prisoner was remanded to await sentence. Some of Anderson's friends at once surrounded him and accompanied him to jail.

Examination into the "Metropolis" Wreck.

PHILADELPHIA, 7.—The examination by the steamboat inspectors into the cause of the wreck of the *Metropolis* commenced to-day. The principal witness examined was Dr. Green, of the *Metropolis*. His testimony was to the effect that the ship was rotten and totally unseaworthy. He brought to this city fragments of the rotten timbers.

WESTERN.

The Late Storms.

SAN FRANCISCO, 7. — A large number of vessels of the coasting fleet, mostly from Puget Sound ports, are greatly overdue, and the late storms cause anxiety for their safety. Several pieces of wreckage have been seen by vessels coming down the coast, and other fragments have drifted ashore on the northern coast.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Lord Derby on the Russian Advance on Constantinople.

LONDON, 7.—In the House of Lords, Lord Derby, in reply to a question about this morning's rumors, said he received yesterday afternoon a telegram from Layard, dated February 5. At that time, notwithstanding the armistice, the Russians were pushing towards Constantinople. The Turkish troops had been compelled to evacuate a port on the Sea of Marmora, notwithstanding the protest of the Turkish commander, which the Russian general refused to receive. The Russian general declared that according to his orders, it was necessary he should occupy Tschataldja that day. The Porte is in great alarm and cannot understand the Russian proceedings. Representations have been made to Grand Duke Nicholas. It was also stated that the Servians have destroyed a place called Urauj and are advancing on the railway towards Salonica. Five days have elapsed since the signature of the armistice, and the preliminaries of peace and the protocol have not yet reached the Porte, which is in ignorance of some of its terms. Another telegram, dated yesterday, received last night, states that the Russian government had requested that the Chekmadje lines shall be abandoned, which will leave Constantinople undefended. The Russians had occupied, in considerable force, Tchataldja, which is part of the Turkish lines of defense, extending across the peninsula and less than 30 miles from Constantinople. May be the steps now being taken by Russia are in pursuance of the conditions of the armistice, because we do not know the conditions; but it appears the Porte is equally in ignorance, and is perplexed as to the meaning of these movements. By telegram to-day we have asked Russia to give us some explanation on the subject, and we have called attention to the declaration made by the Emperor to Colonel Wellesley, in July last, that he would not occupy Constantinople for the sake of military honor, but only if rendered necessary by the march of events. Considering that the Turkish resistance has ended, it does not appear to Her Majesty's government that there can be any necessity for the advance of the Russian troops. Lord Derby added that it was possible that instructions had not been given the Russian troops at the time Layard's telegram was dispatched, and that the various steps which were taking place were not in contravention of the provisions of the armistice, the exact terms of which Her Majesty's government did not know.

The Eastern Question.

The following additional points of the armistice conditions are asserted: "That the railway between Adrianople and Constantinople be repaired and operated, and also the telegraph line between Adrianople and Odessa, *via* Constantinople; the raising of the blockade of the Black Sea and the Danube for everything except ammunition; the Russians to occupy the Black Sea coasts, from the Russian frontier to Baltchik, and from Missioni to Derkijo; on the Sea of Marmora the Russians to occupy Batjak, Chakmadje and Isharkijo, and on the Ægean Sea from Enor to Makri." These are in addition to the points held by the Russians at the signature of the armistice.

A special from Constantinople, dated February 1, by way of Syria, says: It is stated that Grand Duke Nicholas and staff will come to Constantinople during the armistice.

A Constantinople dispatch, dated February 1, confirms the report of the opening of the telegraph line to Odessa. The quickest communication with Constantinople is, therefore, through Russia.

Russia's motive in delaying the acceptance of Austria's invitation to the conference is now explained. Russia makes the distinction between bases for the preliminaries of peace and the preliminaries themselves. The bases having been signed, Russia is now intent upon concerting preliminaries which are to be founded upon those bases. Only after the completion of the preliminaries does she intend to go to the conference. For the completion of the preliminaries General Ignatieff is going to Adrianople.

The delay in signing the armistice is caused by the refusal of Server and Namyk Pashas to accept the condition creating the principality of Bulgaria, which they declared would be the destruction of the Turkish empire in Europe. Grand Duke Nicholas was not authorized to modify the terms, so the negotiations came to a standstill. The plenipotentiaries telegraphed the Porte for instructions, but up to the 29th of January had not received them, so the Russians continued to advance on Constantinople.

The *Daily News* gives the statement of several members of the plenipotentiaries' suite, declaring in much stronger terms than those of Server Pasha, that Lord Beaconsfield and Layard were responsible for the Turkish persistence, and that Layard uniformly declared that England would intervene.

RUSSIA.

Free Commerce of Intercourse.

ST. PETERSBURG, 7.—A dispatch received to-day from Grand Duke Nicholas announces that in accordance with the understanding between the Russian and Turkish plenipotentiaries, free commercial intercourse by land and sea will be immediately re-established between Turkey and Russia.

AUSTRIA.

The British Fleet for the Dardanelles.

VIENNA, 7.—A private telegram has arrived here, which states that the British fleet is again leaving for the Dardanelles.

A Constantinople special reports that the lines of defense of Constantinople have been dismantled and the guns brought into the city. Several Russians have arrived there to assist in the settlement of the boundaries.

ITALY.

The Pope's Death.

ROME, 7.—News of the Pope's death has already been officially announced. At 8 o'clock on Wednesday night the Pope felt a sudden suffocation. He rallied several times, but said to his physicians, "Death wins this time." He was alternately lucid and wandering. His last moments were lucid. He said: "Guard the church I loved so well and sacredly." The immediate cause of death was the closing of the wound in the leg, which made humors mount into the lungs and brain.

The conclave has commenced. Cardinal Simeoni has demanded troops and Government has acceded to his request. The ambassadors accredited to the Vatican have gone in a body to view the corpse. The Italian Government insures the independence of the conclave, and offers any services that Cardinal Simeoni may demand.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES' NOTICE.

THE Taxpayers of the Fifth School District of Salt Lake City, are hereby notified that a meeting will be held in the 5th Ward meeting house on Monday evening the 18th of February, at 6.30 o'clock, for the purpose of electing a Trustee in the place of Richard Brimley who has resigned.

AND. SW. [illegible]OWAN,
ROBERT FRANKLIN TURNBOW,
Trustees.

Salt Lake City, Feb. 8th, 1878. d

THE

DESERET NATIONAL BANK

Of Salt Lake City, Utah.

Paid up Capital, - - - $200,00

Authorized Capital, - - $1,000,000

WM. H. HOOPER, President,
H. S. ELDREDGE, Vice-Prest.,
GEO. Q. CANNON,
WM. JENNINGS,
JOHN SHARP,
FERAMORZ LITTLE,
L. S. HILLS, Cashier.
} Directors.

Deals in Exchange, Coin, Gold Dust, College Scrip, etc.

Collections made and promptly remitted.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE FOR SALE.

Interest paid on Savings' Deposits.
4287 tf

SIERRA NEVADA Lumber Association

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

DEALERS IN

LUMBER

LATH,

Shingles, Doors,

WINDOW BLINDS, &c.

SUPERIOR

Wood Pumps!

KEPT IN STOCK.

OFFICE AND YARD

One-half Block South of Depot

S. J. LYNN, Supt.

LUMBER YARD

AND

Planing Mill.

A FULL STOCK OF

RED PINE JOISTS,

AND

SCANTLING,

AND THE BEST

UTAH WHITE PINE,

Finishing Lumber from 5 Mills

ALSO

STATES FINISHING LUMBER

OF ALL THICKNESSES.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Flooring, Ceiling, Rustic, Pickets, Lath and Shingles,

AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

FRAMES OF ALL KINDS MADE TO ORDER.

Satisfaction Guaranteed

ON ALL BILLS.

LATIMER, TAYLOR & CO.

W. Latimer, G. Romney,
G. H. Taylor. F. Armstrong.
d130

(OFFICIAL.)

Arrivals and Departures of Mails.

ARRIVALS.

East—Through mail, daily ... 5 40 p m
Alta, daily ... 5 50 p m
Parley's Park, Big Cottonwood, and Wanship Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays ... 5 00 p m
Park City, daily except Sunday ... 5 40 p
Summit and Wasatch counties, Tuesdays and Thursdays ... 5 40 p m
Rich county, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday ... 5 40 p m
Morgan county, daily ... 5 40 p m
North—Davis county, daily ... 11 40 a m
Weber county, daily ... 5 40 p m
Ogden, Semi-daily 11 40 a m & 5 40 p m
Alta, daily ... 5 30
Parley's Park, Big Cottonwood and Wanship, Mondays, Fridays ... 7 00 a m
[illegible]ties, daily ... 5 40 p m
Corinne and Kelton, daily ... 11 40 a m
Idaho and Montana, daily ... 5 40 p m
Boise City and Idaho City, daily ... 11 40 a m
West — Nevada, California, Oregon, etc. ... 11 40 a m
Ophir, Tooele, Stockton, Jacob City, &c. ... 2 30 p m
Bingham Canyon, daily ... 5 30 p m
South—From Beaver and intermediate points, daily ... 5 50 p m
Pioche, Star and San Francisco districts, daily ... 5 50 p m
St. George and points south of Beaver, alternate days 5 50 p
Sanpete and Sevier counties, daily, except Monday ... 5 50 p m
Cedar Valley, Fairfield and Tintic mining district, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays ... 5 50 p m

DEPARTURES.

East—Through mail, daily ... 6 30 a m
Alta, daily ... 8 30 a m
Parley's Park, Big Cottonwood and Wanship, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays ... 7 00 a m
Park City, daily, except Sunday ... 7 00 a m
Summit and Wasatch counties Mondays and Fridays 6 30 a m
Rich county, Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays ... 6 30
Morgan county, daily ... 6 30 a m
North—Davis county, daily ... 6 30 a m
Weber county, daily ... 6 30 a m
Ogden, semi-daily 3 30 p m & 6 30 a m
Cache and Box Elder counties, daily ... 6 30 a m
Corinne and Kelton, daily ... 3 30 p m
Idaho and Montana, daily ... 6 30 a m
Boise City and Idaho City, daily ... 3 30 p m
West—Nevada, California, Oregon, &c., daily ... 3 30 p m
Ophir, Tooele, Stockton, Jacob City, &c., daily ... 6 30 a m
Bingham Canyon, daily ... 6 30 a m
South—For Beaver and intermediate points, daily ... 6 30 a m
For Pioche, Star and San Francisco districts, daily 6 30 a m
For St. George and points south of Beaver on alternate days ... 6 30 a m
For Sanpete and Sevier counties, daily, except Saturdays ... 6 30 a m
For Cedar Valley, Fairfield and Tintic mining districts, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays 6 30 am

OFFICE HOURS.

General Delivery open from 8 a.m. [illegible] p.m. Sunday, 12:30 to 1:30 p.m.
Money Order and Register department from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.
Outside door open from 8 a.m. to 10 p m

J. M. MOORE, Postmaster

HIGHEST HONORS

AT THE

UNITED STATES

CentenniaL

World Exhibition,

1876.

MASON & HAMLIN

CABINET

ORGANS

Unanimously assigned the

"FIRST RANK

IN THE

"SEVERAL REQUISITES"

of such Instruments!

The MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO. have the honor to announce that the Organs of their manufacture have been unanimously assigned "the FIRST RANK in the SEVERAL REQUISITES of instruments of the class," by the Judges at the CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION at Philadelphia, 1876, and are the ONLY INSTRUMENTS OF THIS GENERAL CLASS AWARDED THIS RANK. This is after the severest competition by the best makers, before one of the most competent juries ever assembled.

They have also received the MEDAL, but, as is well known, medals of equal merit have been awarded all articles deemed worthy of recognition; so that it will be easy for many makers to advertise that they have "received" "first medals."

The differences in competing articles, and their comparative excellence, are recognized in the Reports of the Judges, from which the following is an extract:—

"*THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.'S exhibit of Reed Organs and Harmoniums shows instruments of the FIRST RANK IN THE SEVERAL REQUISITES OF INSTRUMENTS OF THE CLASS, viz: Smoothness and equal distribution of tone, scope of expression, resonance and singing quality, freedom and quickness in action of keys and bellows, with thoroughness of workmanship, combined with simplicity of action.*"

(Signed by all the Judges.)

The Mason and Hamlin Organs are thus declared to rank first, not in one or two respects only, but in the SEVERAL REQUISITES of such instruments, and they are the Only ones assigned this rank. This triumph was not unexpected, for the Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs have uniformly been awarded the highest honors in competitions in America, there having been scarcely six exceptions in hundreds of competitions. They were awarded highest honors and

FIRST MEDALS

PARIS, 1867; VIENNA, 1873; SANTIAGO, 1875

PHILADELPHIA, 1876;

and have thus been awarded highest honors at

Every World's Exposition!

at which they have been exhibited; being the Only American Organs which have ever obtained Any Award at any competition with best European makers, or in any European World's Exposition!

NEW STYLES, with improvements, exhibited at the CENTENNIAL; elegant new cases in great variety. Prices very lowest consistent with best material and workmanship. Organs sold for cash or installments, or rented until rent pays. Every Organ warranted to give entire satisfaction to every reasonable purchaser or the money refunded. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES sent free.

NEW YORK TRADE.

USE

CLARK'S TRADE O.N.T. MARK SPOOL COTTON.

GEO. A. CLARK SOLE AGENT.

IT IS THE BEST MADE.

A Complete Assortment

FOR SALE BY

Z. C. M. I.

And Branch Stores throughout the Territory.

d 129

BENEDICT, HALL & CO.,

BOOTS & SHOES

Nos. 134 & 136 Grand Street,

Corner Crosby

NEW YORK.

d 129

$50, $100, $200 $500, $1,000.

Alex. Frothingham & Co., Brokers, No. 12 Wall St., New York, make desirable investments in Stocks, which frequently pay from five to twenty times the amount invested. Stocks bought and carried as long as desired on deposit of three per cent. Explanatory circulars and weekly reports sent free.

d 149

OMAHA TRADE.

D. W. STEELE, St. Joseph, [illegible] J. [illegible] JOHNSON, Omaha, Neb.

STEELE & JOHNSON

Wholesale Grocers,

536 and 538 Fourteenth St., Omaha, Neb.

Agents for Sable Iron Works Nails.

d 129

ST. LOUIS TRADE.

L. M. RUMSEY & CO.

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

Pumps and Fire Engines

Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Iron Pipe Fittings, Belting, Hose, Packing and Agricultural Implements.

NORTH MAIN ST., ST. LOUIS, MO

d37

CHICAGO TRADE.

N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.

PACKERS OF PURE REFINED LARD

In caddies, pails, kegs and tierces. Manufacturers of Lard and Neatsfoot Oils.

129 Dearborn Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

d116

Established, Louisville, 1849.
Established Chicago, 1865.

F. & E. JAEGER.

Directly in connection with the most celebrated and reliable English, French and German manufacturers offer to the western trade the very largest stock kept east of New York or Boston, in Crockery, China, Fancy Goods, Foreign and Domestic Glassware, Lamps and Lamp Fixtures, Cutlery, Spoons, Looking Glasses, Silver-Plated and Brittania goods at the very lowest market prices. Eastern prices duplicated.

d 116

NEW FRUITS

JUST RECEIVED!

A VERY CHOICE SELECTION OF

New Fruits!

CONSISTING OF

RAISINS,
CURRANTS,
PEEL,
SPICE,
CANDIES,
NUTS,
Etc. Etc.,

FOR THE

HOLIDAYS!!

We take especial care in CLEANING OUR FRUITS, and the public will find, by comparing quality, that ours are superior to any in the city.

LOOK AT THE WINDOWS FOR SAMPLES.

G. W. DAVIS.