

[From Tuesday's Daily.  
[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

## By Telegraph.

### CONGRESSIONAL.

#### HOUSE.

Banks introduced a resolution recommending the President to communicate with foreign Governments, with a view to protecting non-combatants, and to secure compliance with the usages of civilized warfare, to encourage emancipation and to promote peace between Cuba and Spain.

Porter introduced a bill to refund the special income tax of five per cent. paid by the officers and soldiers of the U. S. army and navy.

Rogers introduced a bill to abolish the tax on liquors distilled from fruit.

Stevenson introduced a bill for the appointment of a board of three commissioners to inquire into the condition of all railroads aided by government grants of lands and bonds, the report of the same to be made at the next regular session of Congress; referred to the select committee on the Union Pacific road and the Credit Mobilier.

On motion of Merritt, the bill to aid in the execution of the laws in Utah was referred to the judiciary committee, with leave to report at any time. Adjourned.

#### EASTERN.

ANNAPOLIS, 3.—The jury in the Wharton trial, which had been out since Friday, were discharged this morning, being unable to agree. They stood 8 guilty, 4 not guilty.

BOSTON, 3.—The Cunarder *Olympia* has arrived. She encountered terrific gales and lost four of her boats overboard.

PITTSBURG.—Four boilers at the American Works of Jones & Laughlin exploded this a.m., and completely demolished the sections of the buildings. About three thousand persons were employed at the time of the accident. Six dead bodies were found up to noon. The entire number of killed is yet unknown. Thirty were injured, but few seriously.

PHILADELPHIA, 3.—This afternoon the boiler of Wood's foundry company, at Hoboken, exploded; it is reported that eight men were buried in the ruins.

PITTSBURG.—Seven bodies have been extricated from the ruins, more or less mutilated and blackened. Many were severely injured.

WASHINGTON.—C. W. Bushnell was recalled and testified that in October 1871 he came to Washington to secure legislation to authorize the Union Pacific to give a mortgage on the Omaha bridge. The Iowa members would not move an inch. He sent for General Dodge, who in fifteen days put the bill through Congress. The company paid Dodge for his services and expenses \$24,500, which should have been charged to special and legal expenses.

The House Judiciary Committee voted 4 to 4 on the bill authorizing the rehearing by the courts of the famous Santillian claim, a Mexican land grant covering the site of property in San Francisco now worth a million dollars. The Supreme Court, years ago, rejected the claim as fraudulent.

NEW YORK.—At the opening of the Greeley will case at White Plains, a note was read from the Misses Greeley withdrawing from the contest; the will made in 1871 was then proved. It is stated that Greeley left property to the value of \$206,000, and Mrs. Greeley \$19,000 more.

Before Judge Boardman, Den Passas, of the counsel for Stokes, continued the argument on the motion for a new trial. He urged at length the unconstitutionality of the new jury law as one of the main reasons for the reversal of the judgment.

Commissioner Davenport has decided to hold Woodhull, Claflin and Blood to await the action of the grand jury, on a charge of sending obscene matter through the mails.

NEW YORK, 4.—District Attorney Phelps says he has affidavits alleging that five jurors in the Tweed case allowed themselves to be approached by friends and agents of Tweed during the trial and that their action was for the purpose of insisting upon their claim for ten thousand.

A well informed gentleman says Greeley's estate is for a less amount than any estimate heretofore stated.

It is said that President Grant yesterday assured a delegation of Georgians that before the close of the session he should in company with the members of the Cabinet, make an extensive southern tour, visiting New Orleans, via Richmond, Raleigh, Columbia, Charleston, Mobile, and other places. From New Orleans he would go to Memphis, but was undecided whether to return via Knoxville or Nashville and Louisville. He declined to state anything positive concerning the appointment of a southerner in the Cabinet.

PHILADELPHIA, 4.—The boiler of John Wood & Bro's foundry and Rolling Mill, Morriston, Pa., exploded yesterday evening, demolishing half the building, killing five men and three boys and wounding thirteen, many of whom it is feared will die. The boys killed were employed in the print works 200 feet distant from the foundry, and were standing in the door of the print works at the time of the explosion. The disaster occurred after the day hands had left and the night hands had arrived, or the casualties would have been greater.

Chicago, 4.—A Washington special says Ingalls, the new Kansas senator, is alleged to be as corrupt as any Kansas politician, that it appears from the testimony before the House judiciary committee in the case of Judge De Lahey of Kansas, that Ingalls bribed or attempted to bribe De Lahey. Ingalls himself testified to offering the son-in-law of De Lahey \$500 to open court an hour earlier than usual to make a decree of bankruptcy in favor of his client, which was done. Ingalls gave a draft on his client in New York for \$500, but the draft was returned protested. Ingalls was threatened with a suit to recover the amount, but defeated the collection by alleging that the draft was given for illegal purposes.

WASHINGTON, 4.—Mr. Hardgrave, formerly of Virginia, was found in Thirteenth street this morning, with his throat cut. He probably died, as is supposed, of suicide, being insane.

NEW YORK, 4.—It is stated that the examination of the accounts in the comptroller's office with different city banks, which has been in progress some time, will show that the frauds of the old board of auditors will amount to nearly ten millions of dollars. It is believed that the evidence will enable the authorities to bring to account many politicians who are implicated.

Additional frauds are reported to have been discovered in the department of public works.

#### CANADA.

QUEBEC, 3.—The court house was completely destroyed by fire yesterday, with all the records of the Province, since its foundation, together with many title deeds and other important legal documents. The fire one time was in the Anglican Cathedral, but it escaped uninjured.

#### WESTERN.

LOS ANGELES, 2.—A heavy storm from the south-east prevailed all day on Saturday. The shipping in San Pedro was driven from its anchorage and put to sea. The high wind blew down the signs, flag-staffs, roofing and blinds, but no material damage was done. On Saturday afternoon the rain poured down in torrents, and it rained at intervals during Saturday night, accompanied by thunder and lightning. There was a hail storm at midnight. The rain will insure a crop of grass and grain. Not less than three inches of rain fell the past week. The storm has embraced the entire southern portion of the State, extending to the Colorado Desert.

The failure to convict the proprietors of the Bella Union Hotel for the violation of the Sunday law, after two trials before a jury who disagreed, has led to a general and preconcerted disobedience of the law.

LOS ANGELES, 3.—There was the heaviest rain and wind storm known for five years in this and San Bernardino counties, on Saturday. The recent high winds have been very destructive. The rainfall since Friday is four and a half inches. The total this season is over nine inches. In Ventura and Santa Barbara counties it has rained fully as much.

SAN FRANCISCO, 3.—B. A. Borem, a seaman on the schooner *Light Wing*, from Coos Bay, fell

from the rigging, Jan. 30, and was instantly killed.

During the recent storm the rain fell in torrents, and the wind blew a perfect gale.

The Indian Agent in Arizona, E. C. Jacobs, has been removed and a man named Larabee appointed in his stead.

The schooner *Newton Booth*, arrived at San Diego, to-day, with rifled cannon and other articles from the wreck of the steamer *Sacramento*. The wreck was entirely broken up and had drifted away when the schooner left.

There was a slight shock of earthquake here at 3 a.m. to-day; it was felt also at Mission San Jose, and was quite severe at San Jose and Santa Clara.

Cap. Miller with company C. of the 4th U. S. artillery arrived to-day en route for the Modoc lava beds. There is much indignation amongst the people of that city over the proposition to treat with the Indians. Government supplies are going forward rapidly, notwithstanding the bad condition of the roads. Two companies of the Oregon volunteers have been mustered out.

The certificate of incorporation of the San Joaquin and Tulare narrow gauge R. R. was filed to-day, capital stock \$1,600,000. The directors are some of the best business men of the city of Stockton.

A dispatch from Yreka states that the proposition to send peace commissioners to the Modocs meets with almost universal condemnation in that part of the country.

#### EUROPEAN.

PARIS.—Dispatches from the south of France say that the remnants of the Carlist bands are crossing the frontier and seeking refuge on French soil.

*L'Univers* has reports from a Carlist source, representing that several bodies of insurgents in Spain effected a junction on the 31st, under the command of Ulo Lissarage, and now occupy excellent positions and are preparing to attack Gen. Moriones, whose line of retreat is cut off, his reinforcements having been intercepted.

Thiers attended a sitting of the committee of thirty, and at considerable length presented his views in the constitutional project which the committee had submitted to him. He said the scheme contained ill-disguised attacks on himself, but he would accept it if certain amendments, which he declared indispensable, were adopted. After a searching criticism on the project in detail he urged the necessity of being free to address the Assembly on questions of general policy, and concluded as follows: "You humiliate me, I accept the humiliation, but I will not become a political mannikin. I am only a little Bourgeois, but the power your conditions leave me would be contemptible." He will appear again before the committee on Wednesday.

LONDON.—A despatch from Lisbon says that the Spanish steamer *Murillo*, which sank the immigrant ship *Northfleet*, in the English Channel, had just been sighted off that point; it was supposed that she had been ordered to leave Cadiz.

Numerous wrecks are reported on the English, Scotch and Irish coasts. No American vessels are yet mentioned.

Athens.—A terrible earthquake has occurred in the island of Samos, causing great destruction of property and loss of life.

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### CONGRESSIONAL.

#### SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 4.—Hill introduced and asked for immediate consideration of the increase of the salary of the President to \$50,000 and the Vice President to \$10,000.

Sherman objected, and the bill was referred to the Committee on Elections.

A copy of the testimony before Poland's Credit Mobilier Committee affecting senators was received.

Patterson moved for a select committee of five to consider the testimony, with power to send for persons and papers. Agreed to. Adjourned.

#### HOUSE.

The bill for the payment of the Montana war claims passed. Adjourned.

Speaker Blaine to-day having

called Dawes to occupy the chair appeared on the floor, saying he had a few minutes ago had an interview in the Speaker's room, which had deeply touched him. It was with the widow of Robert C. Wood, late assistant surgeon in the U. S. army, and daughter of Zachary Taylor, late President of the U. S. She had presented a petition which he would not have read, as it presented a state of facts that ought not to be expected, namely, that a daughter of Zachary Taylor was in need of assistance. He had assured her that he did not believe there would be a vote against the bill which he now introduced, granting to Mrs. Wood a pension of fifty dollars a month, to date from the death of her husband, March 2, 1869. The bill passed by unanimous vote.

WASHINGTON, 5.—Beck, from the committee on ways and means, reported an amendment to the internal revenue law as follows—first section restores the provision of the law of 1862 allowing producers of tobacco to sell at the place of production to consumers to an amount not exceeding \$100; the second section proposes to increase the fractional parts of barrels required to be stamped by including thirds of barrels; the third section proposes to provide that a man who makes wine from grapes raised by himself may sell at the place of production without paying twenty-five dollars special tax now required. The bill passed.

#### EASTERN.

PHILADELPHIA.—Two more victims of the Hoboken explosion died this afternoon, making eleven deaths in all. Another is reported dying this evening.

LAWRENCE, 4.—Colonel York was welcomed home to Independence by a large meeting of citizens irrespective of party.

Both houses of the Legislature passed a resolution for a joint committee to investigate the charges of bribery in the late Senatorial election.

TOPEKA, 4.—The Senate has passed the concurrent resolution asking the United States Senate to investigate the case of Pomeroy, and the House has passed one asking Pomeroy to resign.

WASHINGTON, 4.—The comptroller of the currency went hereafter change United States bonds deposited as security for the circulation of national banks, except upon condition of substituting new 5 per cents of July, 1870, and January, 1871.

WASHINGTON.—The Caldwell investigation was resumed to-day. Caldwell's statement was read. It is simply a full and explicit denial of each and all of the allegations of the witnesses who testified to his corrupt use of money with senatorial electors. He admits that he paid Correy \$15,000 to withdraw from the contest, but claims that Correy made the proposition, and declared that he never paid a dollar to any one for vote or influence. He says the clerk repeatedly asked for payment of his expenses during the senatorial contest, and when Caldwell refused he threatened to make trouble and went to Kansas and started the investigation.

The House foreign committee to-day agreed to recommend the passage of a bill to incorporate the American, China, and Japan telegraph company, with a capital of ten millions; also agreed to invite the World's statistical congress to hold its next session in this country.

NEW YORK, 5.—At a meeting of the committee of 70 last night, a letter was received from Mayor Havemeyer, stating that the draft of the charter which will be reported from the committee on cities in the legislature will differ materially from the draft as presented by the Republican committee; that this difference will neutralize the power of the mayor in the local government, and open the door to a new reign of partisan and trade jobbery. The mayor also points out other objections to the charter, which he says ought not to pass.

A grand farewell banquet was given to Professor Tyndall last evening, attended by a brilliant selection of public men of the city. William L. Evarts presided.

The coroner's jury in the case of Duryeas, murdered by Simmons, returned the extraordinary verdict that the deceased was killed by Simmons, but that in the belief of the jury the murderous assault was unpremeditated and from previous threats made by the deceased toward the prisoner the latter may have considered his life threatened.

The family of Simmons are said to represent twelve millions, and the jurors are men of questionable standing.

#### WESTERN.

One foot and a half of snow fell at the Big Tree grove, January 30th, the first of the season.

The total rain fall at Murphy's to February 2nd, was 17 inches.

SAN FRANCISCO, 4.—The bark *D. C. Murray* brought news from Honolulu of the ratification of Prince Lunallilo's election as King of Hawaii, by the Legislative Assembly. He was formally inaugurated. His cabinet is made up largely of Americans—Charles H. Bishop, Minister of Foreign Affairs; E. O. Hall, Minister of the Interior; Robert Starling, Minister of Finance; A. J. Judd, Attorney-General.

The funeral of the late king took place January 11th.

Total rain-fall for the season, 13.26 inches.

VISALIA, CAL., 4.—It has been raining with but little intermission since Saturday, and shows no signs of abating. Upwards of five inches has fallen for the season. Farmers and stock men predict an extraordinarily fine season.

Subscriptions to the Stockton and Tulare narrow gauge railway are coming in at a lively rate—many persons, who first declined, taking stock since the incorporation. The treasurer reports nearly all the first ten per cent. paid in.

CORINNE, U.T., 4.—Although the epizootic is very general, the Montana coaches will leave here tri-weekly.

SAN FRANCISCO, 4.—A dispatch from Yreka says a fearful snow storm last night stopped the advance of General Gimell's forces, but they expected to reach San Bremer's Hill to-night. All is quiet on the frontier. The settlers in the region of the trouble have built stockades for defence. All the wounded in the late battle are at Fort Klamath, doing well, except Jerry Crooks, who cannot survive. It is thought at headquarters that Captain Jack will hold no communication with the peace commissioners. Captain Wright's company from Fort Gaston had not been heard from.

#### EUROPEAN.

LONDON, 4.—The proprietors of several collieries in South Wales, who announced their intention to import Chinese from California to take the place of the strikers, have received an anonymous letter, threatening them with assassination.

The weather the past three days has been intensely cold. One hundred persons have been frozen to death in England during that time.

BERLIN.—Bismarck submitted a proposition to the federal council for the appropriation of forty-five millions of thalers for the erection and improvement of the fortifications of Cologne, Koenigsburg, Kiel, Wilhelmshaven and Posen.

The Roman Catholic bishop has addressed a memorial to the Emperor, protesting against the passage of the ecclesiastical bill now before the Prussian Diet.

PARIS.—A week's mail is now due from Spain.

The *Union* newspaper says the Carlist lines extend through the northern provinces of Spain, from Cape Creux to Corunna. Don Alphonse is in command of the insurgents in Catalonia. Valles, one of his generals, has entered Arragon. Otto commands in Navarre. Rodas is at the head of the right wing. The insurgents in Asturias are marching on Leon and Castile. Lizarraga has command of the forces in Guipuzcoa. The *Union* represents the Carlist cause as flourishing in numbers, arms and resources.

LONDON.—The price of coal has again advanced and is selling this a.m. at 48 shillings a ton, advancing during the day to 53. Many furnaces and mills have suspended. The cold is abating.

A New Haven revivalist the other night painted the future state of the wicked in gloomy colors, and saying that his father died a very wicked man and had gone to hell, was proceeding when a young man rose to go out. The preacher at once announced that there was a young man going straight to the same burning region, when the seceder stopped and coolly asked: "Well, elder, don't you want to send some word to your father?"