

## BY TELEGRAPH.

## AMERICAN.

WASHINGTON, 1.—Representative Tucker, chairman of the sub-committee, with consent of the sub-committee, will on Tuesday present to the full committee a schedule which he has prepared, with the understanding that no member of the sub-committee shall be committed in favor of the bill in whole or in part, the object being to bring it directly before a full committee. Among the articles which it is proposed by the bill to place upon the free list are wood pulp, chrome, iron ore, salt, trace chains, halter chains, and the various manufactures of iron which enter into composition of agricultural implements, books, magazines, periodicals, etc., and among those upon which it is proposed to reduce the tariff are paper, printing materials, bichromate of potash, woolen and worsted goods and straw goods.

Representative Horace Davis today presented a memorial of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce, praying that the defenses of that harbor be armed with forty to fifty modern heavy rifled guns, and that at least two turreted ironclads be maintained there. That the size of mail ships to be subsidized by the Postmaster General be not presented by law except in regard to vessels plying between the United States and Europe, Asia and Africa, and protesting against the proposed discontinuance of Wells, Fargo and Company's letter carrying service. Davis and Berry both presented the resolution of the California Legislature in behalf of the continuance of the express company's letter service.

The debt statement shows a decrease in the public debt during April, of \$12,978,070; cash in Treasury, \$199,464,393; gold certificates, \$12,043,720; certificates of deposit, outstanding, \$8,760,000; refunding certificates, \$1,524,950; legal tenders, outstanding, \$346,681,046; fractional currency, outstanding, \$15,604,587.

The House committee on coinage, weights and measures had under consideration today the question of location of a branch mint in the Valley of the Mississippi. Some general expressions of the committee were given from which it was apparent a majority present were in favor of the establishment of at least two mints.

Secretary Sherman in answering the House resolution, says that back pay and bounties are not paid because Congress has failed to act on the official estimates of the amounts required to pay such claims.

The annual postal route bill has at length passed both houses and gone to the President.

NEW YORK, 1.—The German American independent republican organization have adopted a supplementary address to the independent republican convention at St. Louis, reaffirming the opposition to the nomination of Gen. Grant. They do not believe the Chicago republican convention will mind any address or resolution protesting against the nomination of Gen. Grant unless this convention becomes convinced that Gen. Grant, if nominated, will be defeated, they don't believe such a conviction can be imparted to that convention unless the independent republican convention will meet at Chicago previous to and at the time of the regular republican convention fully prepared to nominate a third candidate, in case the latter convention should nominate Gen. Grant or any candidate whose honesty is not beyond suspicion; and they do believe that if such third candidate is a well known citizen of ability and honesty, standing on the platform adopted by the republican party of 1876, the greater part, if not the whole of the republican vote may be concentrated upon him so he will be elected.

A Washington special to the *Evening Post* says: Senator Conkling this morning said he had information from Illinois which made him confident that the State at its coming convention will declare for Grant, and he considered that Grant's majority at Chicago as absolutely certain.

A special to the *Herald* this morning gave a column and a half of Conkling's views on Grant's prospects, delivered with a view to publication. He says that Grant will be nominated and elected by a great majority. He will carry New York and four southern States.

Five steamships arrived today from Europe, bringing 4,391 emigrants. The French papers say there are 250,000 persons waiting means of transportation to this country; 2,000 are waiting berths in

Havre. Three trains were dispatched today and three extra trains of 21 cars each will be sent out tomorrow on the Erie, Pennsylvania & New York Central.

Mrs. Wm. Stokes, living apart from her husband with an aunt, was shot dead to-night by Edward Kennedy, who boarded in the same house. Mrs. Stokes refused to marry Kennedy, who also shot himself, but not fatally. He had shot himself once previous when rejected by Mrs. Stokes.

ST. LOUIS, 1.—Matters pertaining to the anti-third term convention to be held here on May 6th are taking definite shape. Committees of arrangement and reception have been appointed, headquarters established at the Laclede Hotel, tickets of admission printed and other necessary arrangements perfected. The attendance promises to be quite large. All the railroads terminating here will sell round trip tickets on the 5th and 6th good to return till the 10th, at reduced rates.

MILWAUKEE, 1.—The primaries today are strongly against a third term in their results. The city selected 22 delegates to the State convention, of which 20 are for Sherman, one for Edmunds, and one for Washburne. The feeling in the city is very strong for Sherman, and against instructing delegates. Jefferson County gives Washburne two, Sherman one, Grant two, not known, two. A resolution was passed endorsing Washburne.

PHILADELPHIA, 1.—At a special meeting of the directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad today a semi-annual dividend of three per cent. was declared. The resignation of Col. Thomas A. Scott, who for the past six years has been president of the company, was received, to take effect on the 1st of June. The resignation was referred to a committee for consideration and to report at a meeting to be held next week. Scott's health caused him to resign.

Judge Hare entered judgment in favor of plaintiffs for \$355,000 in the suit of Wm. Struthers & Sons against the city, to recover on four warrants drawn on the city treasury by the president of the public building commission.

DENISON, TEXAS, 1.—Lucien M. Netsinger was hanged at Gainesville, yesterday, for the murder of Willis Cline, on August 7th, 1878. Ten thousand persons were present. Much sympathy was expressed for Netsinger, and an unsuccessful attempt was made to rescue him.

TOPEKA, 1.—The students of the agricultural college at Manhattan have been engaged in a systematic course of robbery. Several hundred dollars worth of boots, shoes, jewelry dry goods, etc., were found in their rooms. They have been arrested.

PATERSON, N. J., 3.—The German societies of Paterson, yesterday morning went up to the top of Garrett mountain to greet the rising sun as usual on the first Sunday in May. A party of young men, among them Joseph Van Houten, a step-son of Alderman Swift, of the Paterson municipal board, attempted to cross the lands of Dalzell, a farmer, owning property on the mountain top. They were forbidden to trespass, but persisted, and young Van Houten was shot dead by Dalzell. The party then pursued Dalzell to his house, where the police were powerless to protect him. They fired the barn and house, and when he came forth seized him, and were about to hang him to a tree, the rope being already in position, when a reinforcement of policemen arrived and Dalzell and his son, who was also implicated, were rescued from the crowd, and taken to Newark.

CHICAGO, 3.—The *Inter-Ocean's* special says: The selection of Postmaster General Key's successor will be postponed until after the Chicago convention.

Congressman Newberry, of Michigan, received a private telegram from interested friends, announcing that the Wabash Railroad has leased the Great Western of Canada, thus making another trunk line from San Francisco to New York. James F. Jay went to Europe for this purpose, to secure the lease from the foreign stockholders of the Great Western, and this dispatch indicates that he has accomplished his purpose. Newberry has further information that the Great Western will build a line from Welland to Lewiston, Canada, and then connect with the Ontario and Western road, which was formerly known as the New York Midland, and runs from Lewiston to Oswego and New York city. This will give Jay Gould an unbroken trunk line from San Francisco to

New York. It is understood here that James Keene and other New York speculators were unloading Lake Shore and North Western stock in New York on Saturday as fast as they could do without breaking the market, which would seem to indicate that Newberry's news is true. It is believed now that the introduction of the Hurd bill was among other policies intended to prevent the lease.

Congressman Ben Young, of Cincinnati, has returned from South Carolina, where he has been looking after Sherman's interests. He says he has pledges from seven of the South Carolina delegates to the Chicago convention for Sherman on the first ballot. This information is very surprising from the fact that no delegates to the Chicago convention have such iron-clad instructions as that from South Carolina for Grant.

The President will send to the House, to-day or Tuesday, a veto of the little deficiency bill. His approval of the army bill will go in at the same time. There is a "stallwart" element in the cabinet that has urged the veto of the appropriation bill for the army also, but the President thinks the Hurd amendment is strictly germane and to be considered as an enlargement of the bill. It does not differ in any degree, in his mind, from the army bill that was approved by him last year, and so, for this reason, he has already attached his signature to the measure.

NEW YORK, 3.—The funeral of Patrick Hoy, better known as James Cooke, clown and equestrian, was held yesterday afternoon. When Cooke knew that he was about to die he was asked by the priest who attended him to renounce the principles of Masonry, to which he had been ardently attached from his boyhood. He refused to do this, saying that Masonry was as good a religion to die by as the Catholic faith, in which he had been educated. He then requested that none but Masonic ceremonies should be held over his body, and his request was fulfilled to the letter.

Chickering Hall was densely packed last night by sympathizers of D. M. Bennet, recently released from imprisonment for sending alleged obscene matter through the mails. E. Wright presided and a dozen others besides Bennet spoke. Whenever Tom Paine's and Bennet's names were mentioned, the cheering was wild. The following among other resolutions was adopted:

*Resolved*, That though religiously, Anthony Comstock is a creature of the church, politically he is a product of the republican party, and that his law is the work of a republican Congress, and that as the "God in the Constitution" proposition comes within two votes of receiving a two-third majority of the Senate in a late Congress (1876), 28 votes, all republican, being cast for it, and 16, all democrat, against it, these measures and this action of the reserve parties should be taken into careful consideration by every voter, unless the party dismiss Comstock.

The *Bulletin*, here says: A large importing house, who have agents in China, have not received any confirmatory advices regarding the reported troubles with Russia, and the price of tea is not affected in the least.

CHICAGO, 3.—The Church of the Latter-day Saints (Mormons) was dedicated at 619 West Lake Street, yesterday, by Jos. Smith, Jr. Mark H. Forscutt will be pastor. Polygamy is not one of the tenets.

## FOREIGN.

LONDON, 1.—The *Times*, in approving the appointment of the Earl of Cowper as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, says: "The worst in Ireland seems to be over. Spring has been seasonable, and the promise of summer excellent. If a good harvest succeeds, the dismal experience of recent years, and the exasperation of temper that comes from want, will die away. The new Irish administration has great difficulty to overcome, but if their counsels are equal to their opportunity, they may do much to remove permanent cases of Irish dissatisfaction."

John William Oakden, 19 years of age, champion 500 yards' shot of England, challenges anybody in the world to shoot 40 shots, distance 500 yards, at a target four feet in diameter, with eight-inch bull's eye, or he will give eight points of 80 shots for £250 a side and 100 guinea challenge cup. He will give or take £50 for expenses to any part of the world.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* prints the following prominently: Frederick Greenwood, who has had the editorial direction of the *Pall Mall Gazette* from the first publication till now, will not be responsible for any political opinions that may appear in its pages after to-day. It is reported that the *Gazette* has a new proprietor.

The situation in Northern Albania is most serious. Combined Albanian clans, numbering 15,000 men, are advancing to attack the Montenegrin positions in the Movatscha Valley, and if possible recover Podgoritza.

The Grosvenor Gallery opened today and the Royal Academy will open on Monday next. This academy numbers about 1,700 pieces. The Grosvenor exhibition is said to be the best gallery that has yet been shown.

A request has been made by this government that the Danish government cause inquiries to be made for any traces of the training ship *Albion* on the Greenland coast.

A committee headed by Pere De Larochford, legionist member of the Chamber of deputies, has been formed to raise a fund for the defense of religious liberties.

The Paris Salon opens to-day, to be illuminated evenings by electric light. Four thousand pictures are on exhibition.

A Portuguese special agent is expected at St. Petersburg to request Russia's support against China in connection with the Macao affair.

Advices from Shanghai state that the position is very unsettled, the future of all business is unsatisfactory and in a critical state, owing to uneasiness caused by affairs at Peking and the probability of war with Russia. All sorts of orders are said to have been issued with reference to doing business with foreigners. The correspondent states that he and his countrymen, who are Englishmen, have been requested from Peking to look after themselves and prepare for any emergency.

Yesterday's rise in the price of silver was in consequence of the announcement that the amount of India bills offered on Wednesday next will be reduced five lacs, making a reduction of one million pounds in the weekly total since the commencement of the India financial year.

## DIPHTHERIA.

LETTER NO. 2.

HOME, April 22, 1880.

I will now present the course of treatment used in my home practice; we must always be governed by the symptoms, which generally present in two forms—the first from chill, and second from disordered stomach. If called while there is yet chilliness and a feeling of prostration, give two drops of first decimal attenuation of camphor on sugar every 20 minutes, until reaction is established. Should there be fever, hot skin, quick pulse, thirst, with slight soreness in the throat, aconite is the remedy,—a dose every half hour until the fever is reduced; two drops of tincture in a teaspoonful of water. If the tonsils and palate are inflamed and quite sore, then other remedies are indicated. Capsicum, when the inflammation involves the mucous membrane, chiefly three to six pellets every 20 minutes, in water, until relieved. Belladonna when the inflammation is deeper and more nervous excitement; the same as capsicum. In all cases of inflamed throat, use a gargle of hot water and alcohol, equal parts. As stated before, sore throat might arise from disordered stomach as well as from cold. When the stomach is the seat of the trouble, there will be sore throat of less acute and painful character, little or no swelling at first, but a white deposit on the tonsils or walls of pharynx, cheesy, rough but not very prominent or persistent. In this form, our best remedy is nitric acid, which we will use in first decimal attenuation. The indications for it are as follows: Burning of the tongue, mouth or pharynx, redness and soreness of the mucous membrane, white and ulcerated spots in the mouth and throat, obstruction in the nose, a putrid smelling breath, wanting to urinate frequently, red or whitish deposits in urine, hoarseness, dry barking cough, worse at night, earache, pains in various parts like rheumatism, swelling of face, loss of appetite and aversion of food, nausea, pain in stomach, paleness, perspiration, miliary eruption with

itching, sloughing and gangrene in throat.

Here we have a picture of diphtheria in some of its worst forms, not alone in its first stages, but its last as well. We put 20 drops of the acid, as before mentioned, into six tablespoonfuls of water, and give to a patient over ten years of age, two teaspoonfuls every one, two or three hours, as the case may require, and to one under ten, half the above dose. We will use the capsicum, or belladonna, if called for as intercurrent between the doses of acid.

Arsenicum is indicated when there is great prostration and pallor, vomiting and thirst, using the second or third decimal trituration; dose, same as before. Now let us see about the fungus, the entrance of which characterizes the real disease or diphtheria in its second stage. When its presence is indicated by the peculiar membrane and its attendant symptom, some other means are required besides those already mentioned. Alcohol is indicated by the symptoms and also the pathology. So far as we can understand it, and has been proven by chemical experience, it quickens the circulation of the parts affected, hastens the detachment of the false membrane and is death to fungus. Alcohol and spirits of camphor entirely kill the membrane, while nitrate of silver, caustic potash, corrosive sublimate, etc., only deaden it for the time being. Remember alcohol kills the membrane, and leaves no ulcer or wound to be cured afterwards. Where the patient is old enough use a gargle pure or diluted one half with warm water. For young children make a toddy strong as they can swallow; use every hour until relieved. My experience has proven that paralysis is not so apt to follow diphtheria as in cases treated without it.

I would say I have never found any good from using flours of sulphur, having tried it in all its forms. In cases where there were in addition to the indications, for nitric acid, cough, irritation of throat, with tough, stringy discharge from the nose, especially where croup seems threatening, I have given kali bichromicum and nitric acid, in lateration. When the larynx or trachea is the seat of trouble, the ordinary symptoms of croup are presented, except that there is more disturbance of the general health, more mucous irritation and more glandular engorgement and swelling. In diphtheric croup the windpipe is seldom first invaded, but is occupied by an extension of the membrane from the pharynx passing below the epiglottis. In several cases where the membrane had entirely disappeared, I have known a slight exposure to cold to so irritate the larynx as to occasion its rapid development there. The crupid form of diphtheria is generally considered incurable and the common prognosis is death in 99 cases out of a 100. But with proper treatment such prognosis is not necessary. We can cure a good part of such cases with spongia and kali bichromicum. The special indications for this last remede are croupy cough, with general catarrhal irritation in throat and nasal ducts, discharge from nose is tough and stringy, pain in ears, ulcers in fauces, white patches, swelling of parotid glands, red, raw tongue, an eruption like measles.

This remede used in alternates with spongia and hepar sulphur, will cure over 75 per cent. of the most malignant form in connection with the alcohol gargle and toddy. Give the spongia every hour, first decimal attenuation. With advancing relief increase the intervals between doses. When there is a discharge of thick, tough, stringy mucus from the mouth or nose or both, then use the kali, second decimal trituration, in place of the spongia. You will find many times great relief by allowing the patient to inhale the fumes of alcohol. I will now bring this letter to a close for fear of tiring your patience. I will continue the subject in my next. Until then I remain truly yours,

TRUTH.

A man named Veal, near Calistoga, California, put strychnine in an egg to poison some animals that were robbing the hens' nests. By some chance the egg was taken to the house, put among the good eggs, and used to make custard. Mr. Veal and others were made quite ill, and felt worse when they discovered they were poisoned. Antidotes were taken, a doctor sent for and the sick men recovered. Veal will not put poison into eggs again.