

capsized. Both caught hold of the keel, and then they drifted all over the bay. The wind blew them back toward Redwood City, and all night long they suffered in the darkness. When day broke they were too weak to shout or raise themselves up high enough on the boat to give a signal. They were missed by the other fishermen, and as soon as the wind died down six boats put out. The men were finally discovered by some comrades between Angel and Alcatraz islands. Bartali was more dead than alive. He could not move nor speak. Both men were brought ashore, given some whisky and taken to their homes.

THREE SCORE AND TEN.

OGDEN, Utah, May 17, 1894.—Shortly after 8 o'clock last evening a large number of ladies and gentlemen met at a rendezvous previously designated, and thence silently wended their way to the residence of our highly esteemed friend and fellow citizen—Hon. D. H. Peery, and sprung on him a genuine surprise. The 16th of May is a memorable day in the history of our valued friend. On that day in the year of our Lord 1824 he made his advent on this mundane sphere; hence he has now attained the honorable age of three score and ten. This host of friends had filed into the spacious parlors of his house to congratulate him on the important event and to sincerely wish him many happy returns of the day.

Among those present on the occasion were Governor Caleb W. West, Secretary C. C. Richards and wife, Hon. F. D. Richards and wife, Hons. Lorin Farr, L. W. Shurtliff and their wives, Ex-Mayor David Eccles, H. S. Young, Esq., and Mrs. Young, of Salt Lake City, Judge C. F. Middleton, John Watson, Esq., Manager Z. C. M. I. Ogden, the Bishops of the city wards and many others.

After he had recovered from the first effects of the sudden invasion and welcoming his visitors, the company settled down to an evening's social enjoyment. Bishop Robert McQuarrie acted as master of ceremonies. For several hours the time was spent in mirth and music, song and sentiment, and brief congratulatory addresses, in which some of the speakers recounted many interesting incidents in the history of D. H. Peery. He was a victim of the civil war, in which his home was burned and much other valuable property was destroyed, and he was reduced financially during the fratricidal strife. In 1864 he came to Utah, where by his activity and under the blessings of divine Providence he amassed a large fortune, rose to distinction and established a character for truth and intelligence, integrity and honor. He has done much to build up this city. He has used his accumulated wealth well, having spent many thousands of his money to provide employment for the industrious poor. At the present time he has in course of erection or nearing completion, a large mansion, on which he is spending heavy sums, the major portion of which finds its way to many of the laboring classes of Ogden city, and who otherwise would have been living in enforced idleness,

and their comforts and even necessities of life would have been much abridged. By his upright course he has established himself in the confidence and love of those who know him best. He has filled many offices of trust and responsibility in city, county and Territory, civil and ecclesiastical, in all of which he has acquitted himself with honor. Such were the testimonies borne and congratulations offered by many distinguished citizens who greeted him on the seventieth anniversary of his natal day.

Our friend, in attempting to respond to the spontaneous expressions of the good will of his guests, was so far overcome by his emotions that it was with difficulty that he was able to express his heartfelt appreciation of their manifestations of affectionate regard for him.

After partaking of a hospitable repast, bountifully prepared by his amiable wife, and listening to several recitations charmingly rendered by his talented daughter, Miss Lulu, the company dispersed, each one feeling that it was an occasion never to be forgotten. SPECTATOR.

SHEEP OVER THE BORDER.

There is one very prominent feature in all of the clatter and din raised by over-apprehensive Coloradoans on account of a few herds of Utah sheep crossing the state line from this Territory, that has never, for some reason, been brought out, and that is that a great many Colorado sheep graze on the ranges of Utah from four to six and even eight months in the year, without any talk, trouble or noise being raised over the matter.

A News reporter Wednesday evening met Mr. John A. Sharp, a well known Salt Lake county sheep man who has just returned from another trip to his flocks on the eastern borders of the Territory. He reports that they are doing very well as are the herds of other Utah men in that vicinity. Mr. Sharp is of the opinion that Colorado has acted altogether unbecomingly a neighbor in the recent attempt to prevent Utah men from crossing the state line with their herds.

Mr. Sharp says he knows personally of two or three different Colorado sheep men who winter from 15,000 to 20,000 head in Utah every year; that there has never been any objection raised on this side of the line to such a proceeding, at least as far as he knows, not even when such herds are taxed in Colorado, as they invariably are. Large herds of cattle are likewise brought on to Utah domain to graze, and while interested citizens in this Territory have felt that their rights were trampled on to a certain extent they have never created a hullabaloo about it.

In the face of these facts he cannot understand why a hue and cry has been raised about two herds of Utah sheep that were driven into Colorado territory. The Utah sheep now there are owned by B. T. Clark, of Provo, and Hyrum Bardin, of Pleasant Valley. Those gentlemen, like other Utah men, are willing to pay tribute in the shape of taxes for the few months each year they would keep their herds in Colorado.

To remove those two flocks Governor

Waite at one time proposed to call out the state troops, and armed bodies of men have kept vigil along the dividing line of the two commonwealths during the entire spring for fear that a stray lamb raised in the valleys of the Wasatch or on the great desert might turn its nose towards Pike's Peak for summer grazing.

DELEGATE RAWLINS AT HOME.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY, MAY 19.

Among the Utonians who came in from the East on this morning's Union Pacific passenger train were Hon. Joseph L. Rawlins, Utah's Delegate in Congress, and his family. Mr. Rawlins's arrival this time was not unexpected as is usually the case when he takes occasion to cut loose from his official duties at the Nation's capital and run home for a few days to attend to private business matters. The announcement of his coming, however, was not given publicly by himself but was rather the work of Washington newspaper men, who are very alert in securing information that will interest everyone.

Mr. Rawlins says that his stay will be brief and that he will return to Washington in a week or ten days. He was found at his office by a representative of the News early in the day and in the absence of his partner, Mr. Critchlow, who is on a visit to California, he was working away as though he had some important legal case in hand. He readily and pleasantly yielded to an interview.

Concerning the Utah statehood question Mr. Rawlins said: "All things considered it is in a very promising and satisfactory condition."

"How did it happen that such unexpected action as that which occurred a few days ago was taken?" in regard to it asked the newspaperman.

Mr. Rawlins smiled as he responded:

"There was nothing unexpected or surprising about it so far as I was concerned, as I have been assured all along that the bill would pass the Senate this session. Four weeks ago I called upon Senator Faulkner, chairman of the Senate committee on territories, and he informed me at that time that the measure would be reported in three weeks, and it was, I have no reason whatever to doubt its passage before Congress adjourns. In fact I am sure that it will pass as is indicated in the amendment providing for the election of delegates to the constitutional convention in November next. The report upon it was unanimous. No senator claims to have any objection to early admission for Utah. Very many urge that there shall be no delay and will shape their efforts accordingly."

"When, in your opinion, Mr. Rawlins," asked the reporter, "will the bill receive attention again?"

"At the earliest possible moment after the tariff question has been disposed of."

"And when is that likely to be?"

"Not later, I think, than the first of July next. Positive and unqualified promises have been made to me that it will receive consideration at that time."

"What has caused the delay thus far and why have you been despondent