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NOT SETTLED YET

The Result in Several States Still in Doubt.

THE EXACT ELECTORAL VOTE

Can Be Determined Only By An Official Count.

KENTUCKY CLAIMED BY BOTH,

As Also Are South Dakota and Wyoming—Complication in Delaware.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 6.—Chairman Hunt of the Republican committee at 10 o'clock tonight says official returns from 100 counties and unofficial returns from the remaining nineteen counties give 415 Republican plurality.

A late earlier hour Chairman Johnson of the Democratic committee said he was not yet ready to congratulate Chairman Roberts. He believed errors had been made against Bryan in the returns sufficient to turn the scale in his favor on the official count.

With official returns from 100 of 119 counties, and unofficial returns from the remainder, McKinley now leads Bryan in Kentucky by 472 votes. Official returns of thirteen counties are not expected to materially alter the total given. Silver Democrats still are claiming the state, basing their claim on early 13,647 plurality for McKinley to the seventh congressional district.

Complications have arisen that will likely divide the electoral vote in the basis of twelve for McKinley and one for Bryan. This is due to the fact that a large number put the elector mark opposite the name of the first elector instead of under the party device, thus casting the head of each ticket to run ahead of their colleagues. In this way the foremost Democratic elector, W. H. Smith, gets more than all the Republican electors. Bettors on the Bryan and Sewell ticket preventing McKinley men from voting it, and refuse an interpleading plea. However, all bets held up until the state canvassing board's count.

The election county canvassing board at 1 o'clock completed the count in this ward (Louisville) with the result that McKinley gains 55 votes, raising the total of the state to 407.

KANSAS.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 6.—The Republicans have finally given up Kansas, but only conceding the election of the Bryan electors by about 6,000, instead of the whole state. The Populists gain the legislature and five and probably six of the eight congressmen. The Second congressional district is in doubt and claimed by both parties. Accurate returns must come from the state board.

It is the most disastrous defeat the Republicans of Kansas have ever suffered. In former elections since 1860, when they began to meet adversity, they have managed to save something out of the wreck. In 1890 they saved the governor and had a sufficient number from the election of 1888. In 1892 they saved the house, losing the governor and the Senate. John Martin, Democrat, went to the United States Senate to join Peffer, Populist, and a Populist took a seat beside two Republicans on the supreme bench. In 1894 they won the governor and the house, but the state was still Populist, as through the Republicans had a majority in joint ballot which retired Martin from the United States Senate. This year everything has gone—the governor, both branches of the legislature and consequently the United States senator, five of the six judges of the supreme court, and the election of Dinsmoor to be chief justice, gives the Populists a majority on the supreme bench. In addition, all the judicial candidates on the district ticket will be elected this year, having been carried by the minorities, as have also nearly all of the county officers.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—The following congressmen are elected from California: First district, Barham, Republican; Second, Devries, Democrat; Third, Hilborn, Republican; Fourth, Maguire, Democrat; Fifth, Loud, Democrat; Sixth, Barlow, Populist; Seventh, Castle, Populist.

On joint ballot in the legislature the Republicans will have a majority of 28, insuring a Republican senator to succeed Senator Perkins, the latter being a candidate for re-election. The relative strength of the parties in the legislature will be as follows:

Republicans—Senate, 27; Assembly, 46; total, 73.

Democrats—Senate, 8; Assembly, 9; total, 17.

Populists—Senate, 5; Assembly, 24; total, 29.

Populists—Assembly, 1.

Complete returns from every precinct in the Sixth congressional district give McLachlan, Republican, 23,318; Barlow, Democrat and Populist, 23,194. This wipes Barlow up 213 votes.

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 6.—Neither of the parties in this state will have a majority in the next legislature, which will elect a successor to Senator Pettigrew. It will be nearly equally divided between the Democrats, Republicans and Populists, and a lively fight on the senatorial question is expected. The Populist leaders declare that Senator Pritchard's successor must be a silver man. In this city they will be represented by the Democrats, and it now seems probable that the successful candidate will be acceptable to both these parties.

Chairman Hedden of the Republican state committee confirms the electoral vote of the state for Bryan.

NEBRASKA.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 6.—Complete returns to the state gives the following result on President and governor: Bryan, 79,214; Meiklejohn, 72,205. In 1892: Republican, 65,958; union ticket, Populists and Democrats, 67,819.

Governor—Holcomb, Populist, 73,553; MacDonald, Republican, 61,254. Compared with 1894 it stands: Majority, Populist, 61,539; Holcomb, Populist, 63,888.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 6.—Vote of the city of Lincoln: McKinley, 3,600; Bryan, 2,641. McKinley's plurality, 1,019.

MINNESOTA.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 6.—Late returns have modified down Governor Clough's plurality to 4,000, and put McKinley's plurality re-city above 50,000.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 6.—Hon. John Lind, Democratic candidate for governor, this afternoon issued a statement in which he places McKinley's majority in Minnesota a little over 50,000, and admitted Clough, Republican, was elected governor by from 3,500 to 5,000.

He says he believes this to be the result of frauds in the northern part of the state and at St. Paul, but admits he has not had sufficient time or time to investigate such frauds, and will therefore accept the result.

MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 6.—There are yet ten counties in Missouri to be heard from. But the indications are that Bryan will have a majority of 65,000 plurality and Stevens, Democrat for governor, from 45,000 to 50,000.

It is not thought the complete returns will be in before next Tuesday or Wednesday.

OREGON.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 6.—Complete returns from every county in Oregon give McKinley, 38,782; Bryan, 44,758. McKinley's majority, 5,042.

Official returns may change them figures slightly.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

YANKTON, S. D., Nov. 6.—At 10 o'clock tonight South Dakota's vote on Presidential electors is tied, and an official count will be required to determine the result.

The Republican managers have issued their office with the above declaration. Corrections and changes in time prevented the 65,000 heard from may give the electors to either Bryan or McKinley.

The Republican candidates for congressman and governor are ahead of the electors by several hundred votes or so heard from, and they may have a small majority.

YANKTON, S. D., Nov. 7.—With the state complete except Hamlin and McPherson counties, and three unorganized counties on the Sioux reservation, Bryan's majority in South Dakota of 45 Hamlin and McPherson will give McKinley a plurality. The four electoral votes are expected to go for Bryan. It will take a official canvass to designate the electoral vote.

WASHINGTON.

TACOMA, Wash., Nov. 6.—Returns so far received indicate that the silver fusion party will control the Washington legislature by over fifty majority. The returns will say unofficial that the partial returns received on the legislature indicate the complexion as follows:

Senate—Republicans, 15; Silver Republicans (estimated), 2; fusionists, 17; total, 34. Total number Republicans in legislature, 18; total number of fusionists, including silver Republican senators, 19; majority, 35. Twelve of the Republican senators are holdovers.

TENNESSEE.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 6.—Returns from eighty out of ninety-two counties in this state show Taylor, Democratic candidate for governor, 2,653 votes ahead of Tillman, Republican. Sixteen counties to be heard from gave 1,168 Democratic majority two years ago. The Republicans claim through the Republicans had a majority on