A CHAMPION EGYPTIAN CYCLIST.

Jean George Timmerie is Coming to America to Match with Its Leading Riders.

JEAN GEORGE TIMMERIE.

The Latest Photograph of the Successful Egyptian Champion.

Bicycle circles are in a flutter of excitement over the coming American tour of Jean George Timmerie, the champion Egyptian rider. Sporting enthusiasts have been treated to exhibitions of "Turkish" Turks, strong men, and professional athletes of various descriptions, but up to this time we have not had the pleasure of seeing the qualities of a cyclist from the East. All the foreign champions have hailed from Europe.

Timmerie is only 19 years of age, and made his debut in the athletic world in the fall of '97. Since then his principal races have been run in Cairo, and season has he met with reverses. Previous to his appearance in competition the young rider had been an ardent devotee of the wheel for five years.

On July 16th there was a race for the championship of Egypt, which embraced all the best talent of the country. Timmerie entered and won so easily that all doubts previously entertained regarding his ability were dispelled.

Besides the Egyptian, Timmerie holds the Brassard d'or Egyptian, which carries with it a weekly income. Depending upon his success on the thirty-mile race, Timmerie backed himself to win several hundred dollars from his friends, and one third. Negotiations are now being transacted for an extended American tour, and it is not at all improbable that he will appear in some of the sixty-day and century races during the coming season.

The "sword of honor," shown in the accompanying picture is emblematic of the championship, and its inscription on the arm represents the Brassard's possession.

EXIT THE HEAVY VILLAIN.

At Noon Today the Curtain Rises on a New Act.

Uncle Sam Takes Possession of Porto Rico U. S. A.—Spanish Rule Ceases at the Stroke of Twelve.

Ponce, Porto Rico, Oct. 17.—By permission of Gen. Guy V. Henry, Col. J. H. Castleman of the First Kentucky volunteers has arranged to assemble all the regimental bands to take part at noon tomorrow in the celebration at that hour of the final and formal surrender of the island of Porto Rico to the United States.

The bands of the First Kentucky volunteers, the Third Wisconsin volunteers, the volunteer engineers and the Nineteenth regular infantry are to play the "Star Spangled Banner" in succession immediately after the firing of the forty-four guns from the batteries.

In consequence of the intense heat, however, Gen. Henry after a further conference with Col. Castleman, has decided not to allow a review of the troops, considering the extended difficulty of the task, but there will be speeches and other forms of celebration.

CHANGE OF PROPRIETOR.

Preparations for the Event in Porto Rico.

San Juan de Porto Rico, Oct. 17.—The final ceremony on the delivery of the island and the raising of the United States flag upon the capital gravely passed off today. The flag was raised on the palace, the barracks and the public buildings of San Juan will take place tomorrow at noon. National salutes will be fired by the American military and the fleet. There will be special masses. All the leading officers and the Foreign Consuls have received invitations to attend the festivities.

The United States cruiser Newark is daily expected. The New Orleans passed other for the United States.

Two batteries of the Fifth regular artillery arrived today on transports from Ponce. They were followed by the Seventh regular infantry from Margarita and Arecibo. This regiment will garrison San Juan.

The Sixth cavalry regiment, under Col. Theaker, is marching today and is being sent by boats to relieve vedettes. Four companies go to Carolina between San Juan and Arecibo, four to Aguadilla and another four to Cape Rojo at Arecibo. The five Spanish guards now remaining at San Juan are quartered together and are to be removed today.

Gen. Brooke's headquarters are being removed from Rio Piedras, a suburb of San Juan, to the city proper.

To Disarm Indians.

Duluth, Minn., Oct. 17.—Word was received here tonight from Chase Mering, Indian agent at Grand Portage, in command of the troops at that point, had received from Gen. Brooke, through A. Jewett Quartermaster, a proclamation which he had posted in place in towns where might soon be guards going north or west, and to disarm Indians from Canada in accordance with the treaty. Col. Mering's command of 70 regulars, stationed at Bangor, Florida and Cuba.

The news reflect has been received by Lieut. Moore, commanding the detachment of Third infantry regulars at Lake Lake, Lake Superior, received the following dispatch: "Go Whitemouth for the detachment of the Third regulars at Whitemouth Lake, Minn." Lieut. D. Libby, commanding infantry at Minnetonka, at Cass Lake and Cass Depot, commanding Lieutenant D. state militia, at Deer River.

Since a few days after the arrival of the regulars and volunteers along this coast, the preparations made by the militia, in obedience to the orders of Gen. Brooke, have made it plain that he is preparing for an active and prolonged campaign against the Indians. Tonight's orders make it certain that the trouble is by no means over if any and most efforts to resist the execution of this latest order.

Sioux Broke in Charge.

Washington, Oct. 17.—Gen. Brooke has plenary powers in Porto Rico and will have sole charge of the government of the island until some other arrangement is made. It is possible that when the President returns he may designate a military governor for the island, or he may put the island under civil rule, provide for a territorial form of government.

Mr. Jefferson's have been sent to Gen. Brooke, requesting his return tomorrow, when the island formally passes over to the United States and all Spanish officials are to withdraw, but he is accompanied with the instructions of the President regarding the management of affairs.

Gen. Brooke, it is understood, intends to return to the Ponce Porto as soon as the affairs of the island become more settled. He is probably leaving that time a military government will be named, as was done at Santiago.

South Dakota Storm.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 17.—Dispatches from Huron, Watertown and other points in South Dakota say the snow has been falling throughout the state all day. The wind blew almost a gale from the north, its velocity at times attaining a velocity of forty miles an hour.

Gen. Brooke in Charge.

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Encouraging Words for Others.

"My gratitude for the benefit received from Dr. Miles' Nervine prompts me to write, that others may learn of the efficacy of this great medicine. I suffered extreme nervous exhaustion, which confined me months. A friend kindly recommended Nervine. My nerves seemed to be on edge and I had much trouble. I began taking Dr. Miles' Nervine and steadily improved and now am enjoying good health."

Mrs. Geo. H. Lee, Danville, Ind. T.

DR. MILES' Nervine

Sold by all druggists on guarantee, first bottle benefits, 25 doses 25c. Book on heart and nerves sent free. Dr. Miles Medical Company, Elkhart, Ind.

FARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

A Morning Dose of Farrant's Effervescent Seltzer Aperient insures good digestion and regular action of the bowels. It cures **headache**, too, in the most pleasant and effective way. 50 cents and $1.

FARRANT & CO., Chicago, New York.

Our Most Dangerous Enemies in Cuba.

No, sir! no foreign army has ever faced more fearful enemies than our soldiers under the conditions before Santiago. They were facing bullets, sometimes, but they were facing a foe in the tropical sun, facing the tropic rains, facing a fever as far more than any bullets as mosquitoes are than bees. Bullets are sometimes fatal, but so far as appears, no climatic precautions were taken to dodge a bullet.

While some of the volunteer first aid men in the regular army were armed and the American belligerents retired out to shoot at the Spaniards, they were armed with a bullet which did more credit to the mauve rank in the trade of our best mauvais, were out and about with chance as the best of wit, beating with them danger and infection, they were seen their morning in the Spanish army than ever the troops of Spain. They mingled with our friendly soldiers. They filed the deserted villages of Cuba and Siboney, crowded as it seemed to us at first at the fact that the few ambulances in use by us were used to convey refugees away of whom some were invalids. And the same ambulances were then used to carry our own sick and wounded men.

Here, again, it is instructive to compare the results of the army to cope with circumstances with the efficiency of the army. It was on June 16 that the marines landed at Guantanamo. As soon as they were in possession of the shore every hut on the beach was burned and the fields were knocked out of all the cases of Spanish wine. Camp was then pitched and rigidly policed. The camp was small and was near the shore, but the Cubans missed it and camped there too, and the hardships caused by the marines were great. Camp discipline was maintained. The Cuba Libre was respected and complied to over the rules of the camp—rules which were not only made, but enforced, in the latter. Thirty-five days later, on July 11, there had not been a case of yellow fever at Camp McCalla and that camp, free from disease, it is, was virtually blockaded against the army camp at Siboney, where yellow fever was raging with immense strides.—American Monthly Review of Reviews.

Enthusiasm Over the Colored Troops.

One of the most gratifying incidents of the Spanish war has been the enthusiasm that the colored regiments of the regular army have aroused wherever they have come in contact with people of their own country. Their appearance at Santiago was magnificent, the men seemed physically perfect, the soldiers showed military bearing, and the officers were intelligent, well educated, gentlemanly men, and it is not at all improbable that the enthusiasm manifested good order and the most generous disposition toward all concerned in camp, on the march and in battle, the numerous rough jokes have come back singing the praises of the colored troops. There is a deeper ring to the sound than that of praise. It has been remarked with frequency and with pleasure that one of the best results of the war has been the first meeting of an impending national prejudice between the North and the South. General Wheeler, of Confederate fame, rushed out of the Cuban campaign one of the most popular national heroes. The South is as proud of Roosevelt as the North is proud of Wheeler. It is further to be remarked, however, that the taken was by the colored troops must also have a profound effect in helping to solve the race question. Men who can fight for their country as did these colored troops ought to have their full share of gratitude and honor. If the South will not give them the rights of citizenship, it might well turn out that we could find a large vote there as well as military material. The Cuban Libre, by the universal testimony, is not in a good position. It is at least contested by many on the ground that the colored troops can shield the Cuban and the Spaniard, which shows how little our white troops. We may also do well to calculate many results from experience gained in Cuba and in the Philippines, where thousands of men who have served under Spanish or insurgent flags could be glad to join the uniform of Uncle Sam in a regular military sense.—From the "Progress of the World" in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for October.

Progressive Influence of Cities.

A highly developed political life is found only in a relatively dense population. The participation of liberty means a discussion of the affairs of local as well as general government, and in city life the discussion by men of varied interests coming from different standpoints that has been distinctively the event of modern times, and the organization of government that has ever sprung up in the hopeful. It is strange to relate that all attempts to reproduce the city life in the rural districts have failed, and have sprung up in towns and not in country places. The conditions of political government in the South prior to the war was a striking example of what a city life was capable of in a region of scattered communities. And as soon as there had sprung some of education and political development that a large population in towns were sent to the North to be educated. Even now the South is surely receiving from the progressive political, social and economic influence of the North. The cities are the centers of civil government and it is some consolation to us that far behind the northern and western population, the South is in the cities. But we have an illustration of the diffusion of local and city government when we turn our attention to the vastly superior political life of the western part of the state of Kansas. Give these sparsely settled counties a relatively dense population and they will turn with new life. Political power will increase, better lines of government will prevail, schools, colleges, churches, newspapers, public buildings and public improvements will flourish where now today it is with difficulty that a government is maintained by a population so scattered and so poorly supported.—Review of Reviews.

HEALTH IS WEALTH.

DR. H. O. WESTON, NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, FOR ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.

In and under positive Written Guarantee, to cure Nervous Debility, Nervous Headache, Dizziness, Sleeplessness, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Rheumatism, Nervous Weakness, Lost Manhood, Impotency and all Wasting Diseases. Also Piles, Fistula and Rupture, with written guarantee of cure or money refunded. Sample package containing enough medicine to convince any sufferer of its wonderful curative powers, 10 cents. Regular package, enough for one month's treatment, $1.00. Sold by druggists everywhere. Address, DR. H. O. WESTON, Lock Box 2, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Mention Utah Evening News and Utah Weekly Deseret Evening News.

Standard Square Inch Tailor System of Dress Cutting.

This is the only system in the world that is guaranteed to cut a PERFECT fitting garment for ALL forms without CHANGE or ALTERATION. Scholars taught the COMPLETE art of cutting all kinds of garments at this school. Terms very reasonable. Call and examine the work.

328 South Main Street

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

WOODMANSEE'S LIFE-GIVING . . ELIXIR, ...

For All the Affections With Which Humanity Was Ever Afflicted.

Prepared by D. WOODMANSEE, 234 North First West

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT.

West Buckeye Mining Co.

Principal place of business, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors of West Buckeye Mining Co., held at Salt Lake City, Utah, Sept. 26, 1898, an assessment of one cent per share was levied on the capital stock of the company, payable at once to R. E. Miller, secretary, at 242 State st., Salt Lake City, Utah, to pay assessments and cost of advertising and expense of sale.

R. E. MILLER, Secretary.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

The Wasatchie Mining Company.

Location of Principal Place of Business, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Location of Mines and Works, Cassia County, Idaho.

There are delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of Assessment No. 1, levied on the 10th day of September, 1898, the amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders as follows:

NAME.	Certificate.	Shares.	Amount.
Allen, J. W.	7	184	$ 18
Allen, J. W.	108	36	36
Christensen, M.	4	12,500	12.50
Christensen, M.	114	2,000	2.00
Dorius, M. F.	32	216	21.60
Dorius, M. F.	36	14	14
Dorius, M. F.	37	10,641	41.87
Dorius, M. F.	110	2,759	2.76
Fox, J. W.	12	3,000	12.00
Fox, J. W.	109	500	2.00
Hardy, J. W.	2	6,000	12.00
Hardy, J. W.	107	500	2.00
Hardy, J. W.	32	3,000	12.00
Harris, M. Y.	35	14,151	75.13
Harris, M. Y.	40	2,000	12.00
Harris, M. Y.	111	2,000	2.00
Harris, M. Y.	116	4,151	16.46
Hancock, John	14	160	40
Hancock, John	41	32	32
Hancock, John	113	25	25
Scarr Dan	39	300	1.25
Scarr Dan	112	60	20
Young, E. L.	10	3,000	12.00
Young, E. L.	11	600	2.00
Young, E. L.	38	132	34
Young, E. L.	108	71	35

And in accordance with law and order of the Board of Directors made on the 10th day of September, 1898, so many shares of each parcel of such stock is may be necessary will be sold at the company's office, Room 14, Atlas Block, South Street, Salt Lake City, Utah, on Friday, November 4, 1898, at 2 o'clock p. m., to pay the delinquent assessment thereon, together with cost of advertising and expense of sale.

ALEX. BUCHANAN JR., Secretary.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Office of the Board of Public Works, Room 206 City Hall, Salt Lake City, October 17th, 1898.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2 o'clock p. m. on Monday, October 24th, 1898, for the work of reshaping the surface of cement sidewalk pavements.

Instructions to bidders, together with specifications and form for contract and bond can be obtained upon application at the office of the City Engineer.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board of Public Works.

F. C. KELSEY, Chairman.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Office of the Board of Public Works, Room 206 City Hall, Salt Lake City, October 17th, 1898.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2 o'clock p. m. on Monday, October 24th, 1898, for the work of repairing street and sidewalk pavements for a term of 3 years from and after the 1st day of November, 1898.

Instructions to bidders, together with specifications and form for contract and bond can be obtained upon application at the office of the City Engineer.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board of Public Works.

F. C. KELSEY, Chairman.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

NOTICE is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Atlantic Mining and Milling Company, a corporation of Utah, Monday, the 31st day of October, 1898, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the principal office and place of business of said company, in room No. 210 Daly Block, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Said meeting will be held for the purpose of electing a board of directors for said company for the ensuing year, and for such other business as may regularly come before said meeting.

C. F. WARNER, President of Board of Directors.

Dated Oct. 10, 1898.

ASSESSMENT NO. 1.

Joe Bowers Mining Company. Office and Principal Place of Business Salt Lake City, Utah.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the directors held on the 10th day of October, 1898, an assessment of one cent per share was levied on all the shares of the capital stock of the corporation issued and outstanding, payable at or before Nov. 14, 1898, to the secretary, at the office of T. R. Jones & Co's bank, No. 159 Main street, Salt Lake City, Utah. Any stock upon which the assessment may remain unpaid on the 17th day of November, 1898, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before so many of the shares thereon as may be necessary to pay the delinquent assessment on any stock shall be sold at the front door of the Dooly Court House, in Salt Lake County, Utah, on the 22d day of December, 1898, at 11 o'clock a. m., to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the cost of advertising and expense of sale.

W. F. LYON, Secretary.

By order of the board of directors.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Oct. 15, 1898.

ASSESSMENT NO. 1.

Silver Cloud Mining Company.

Location of Mines, Tintic Mining District, Juab Co., Utah. Principal Place of Business, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the directors of the Silver Cloud Mining Company, held October 15, 1898, an assessment of one-fifth of one cent per share was levied on the capital stock of the company issued and outstanding, payable to the secretary at the office, Fire Department headquarters, East First South st., Salt Lake City, Utah, at once and before the 30th day of November, 1898. Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the 30th day of November, 1898, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction and unless payment is made before will be sold on the 20th day of November, 1898, at 2 p.m., at the office of the secretary, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with cost of advertising and expense of sale.

L. M. EARL, Secretary.

Approved:

W. H. SIMMONS, President.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

Notice of Sale Under Trust Deed.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Thomas F. Lewis, sheriff of Salt Lake county, Utah, successor to James T. Little, trustee named in a certain deed of trust wherein Lillie G. Schlosser was the party of the first second, then of the city and county of Salt Lake, Territory (now State of Utah), and the Bank of Commerce, a corporation, then of Salt Lake City, Utah, as second party, and H. W. Yates of Omaha, Nebraska, his heirs and assigns, as beneficiary, dated April 8th, 1894, duly executed and delivered the same date and duly recorded on the 9th day of April, 1894, in the office of the county recorder of Salt Lake County, Utah, in book 2 L of mortgages at page 422, reference to which is hereby made and the same is made a part hereof, whereby the first parties conveyed to said Little, trustee, and to his successors and assigns, all of the real estate hereinafter described, in trust to secure the payment of a certain negotiable promissory note, dated April 11th, 1894, for the sum of Two Thousand Dollars, payable to the order of said Yates at the Oregon National Bank of Salt Lake City, Utah, bearing interest at the United States gold coin two years after date, with interest thereon at the rate of nine per cent per annum, payable by quarterly coupons, and duly signed, with before and after judgment, which said note was given for value received, and

Whereas the said promissory note has been duly assigned and endorsed to James Chipman, who is now the owner and holder thereof, and

Whereas said deed provided that should default be made in the payment of said note or any part thereof or any interest that might accrue thereon on the same become due and payable, then said party of the second part, or in the event of the death, liability or absence from Salt Lake City, Utah, or refusal to act or other disqualification of the party of the second part, the sheriff of Salt Lake County, Utah, or any of his deputies then acting, as successors of the party of the second part, might and should sell the property hereinafter described, or any part thereof, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, either of the parties of the first second being at liberty to become purchasers at such sale, at the front door of the County Court House, in Salt Lake County, Utah, first giving twenty days' public notice of advertising in some newspaper printed in the English language and published in Salt Lake City, Utah, and

Whereas the said James T. Little, Trustee as aforesaid, is now dead, and the undersigned, Thomas F. Lewis, Sheriff of Salt Lake County, Utah, has succeeded to and upon all duties of the said James T. Little, Trustee, and

Whereas as part of the principal of said note has been paid or any part of the interest has thereon for long past, except interest, and on the 11th day of November, 1897, and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal sum of twelve hundred dollars and of the interest now due thereon, to wit, eighty hundred fifty-seven and 33-100 Dollars, with the same being now due and payable, and the owner of the same has notified me of the default in the payment of said principal and interest and demanded of me that I sell said property hereinafter described in accordance with the terms of said deed of trust and the proceeds of said sale to be used to pay said principal and interest payable and the costs of this sale, including reasonable compensation for trustee and the services of said Trustee in connection as aforesaid, incurred in the execution of this deed.

Now therefore, in exercise of the power in me vested by said trust, notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 31st day of October, A. D. 1898, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon of said day at the West front door of the County Court house of Salt Lake County, situated in Salt Lake City, Utah, situated between Fourth and Fifth South on State Street, for the purpose of satisfying said said note, and all the expenses of said sale, I will sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash all the right, title, and interest that said Lillie G. Schlosser had on the said 8th day of April, 1894, the time of the execution of said trust deed or thereafter, and acquired since, in and to the following described real property to be sold separately and severally, to wit:

Lots 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62,