

cane of its foliage, thereby earning means to make themselves comfortable. They also have free access to the fisheries, game, and timber.

A Meeting house has been erected, which will soon be too small to accommodate the Saints here. During laboring days the natives are instructed in regard to the most advantageous course to pursue in labor and economy, and, on the Sabbath, suitable teachings and counsel are given which, if observed, will redeem this people from the vices into which they have fallen. Already the effects of the true gospel are manifest, for we can show, by statistics, a greater increase by births, according to the population, than in any other district.

With kind love to yourself, Brothers Joseph F. Smith and Nebeker, in which the brethren join, I remain, Most respectfully,  
H. H. Cluff.

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

## By Telegraph.

Per WESTERN UNION Telegraph Line.

### GENERAL.

CHICAGO, 9.—The returns from the State election, as far as received, indicate a success for the Republican State Ticket by a reduced majority from last election. The Democrats claim to gain two and perhaps three Congressmen. Ingersoll, Republican, is defeated in the 5th District by Stevens, Independent and Democrat, by a 1,000 to 1,500 majority. Robinson, Democrat, is probably elected in the 8th District; and the Democrats also claim the election of Cable in the 4th District, over Hawley, by a small majority. The probabilities are, however, that Hawley is re-elected.

The Legislature is probably Republican, but the returns are too meagre to tell certainly. In many Senatorial and Representative Districts there were three or more candidates in the field; and especially in the northern part of the State there were many split tickets. In this District, Farwell, for Congress, has about 5,000 majority. All the Republican candidates of both branches of the Legislature, and for State and County officers, are elected. The Republicans have also elected all the city officers, except three Aldermen.

MINNEAPOLIS, 9.—The Republican majority in the State will be about 1,200. Both the Republican candidates to Congress are elected by 3,000 to 4,000 majority.

ST. PAUL, 9.—Ramsey county, including this city, gives a Republican majority of 400. The Republicans have gained some in the State Legislature.

NASHVILLE, 8.—The election to-day passed off quietly. Brown, Democrat, for Governor, carried Nashville and Davidson county by a large majority. Prosser, Republican, for Congress, carried Nashville by a majority of 725, and is ahead in the city and county 694, with seven districts to hear from. The total vote, as far as heard from, gives Prosser 2,884; Golladay 2,190; Peyton 1,438. The returns from the other counties will make Golladay's election certain. Hamilton elects a Democratic member of the Legislature, but gives Stokes 200 majority for Congress. Brown is elected Governor, running ahead of the Congressional ticket. The 1st, 2nd and 3rd Congressional districts are doubtful; the remainder are Democratic.

MEMPHIS, 8.—The official vote of this city gives Brown, Democrat, for Governor, 3,650. Vaughan, Democrat, is elected to Congress from this district by probably 5,000 majority.

NEW JERSEY.—In New Jersey Hazelton's majority in the 1st district is 4,000.

Halsey, Republican, is elected in the 5th district, giving the Republicans four or five members.

The Republicans carry both branches of the Legislature.

LOUISIANA.—Sypher, Republican, is elected to Congress for the 1st district.

DETROIT, 8.—The Republican majority in Michigan is about 25,000. In the 1st district it is somewhat reduced, but Waldron is elected by a respectable majority. In the 5th district the Democrats claim to have reduced Conger's majority; in the 6th, Sutherland, Democrat, is certainly elected over Driggs, by from 300 to 400 majority.

MILWAUKEE, 8.—Alexander Mitchell, Democrat, President of the Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, is elected to Congress by a handsome majority.

The Republican majority in the State is about 6,000. Mitchell, Democrat, is elected in the 1st Congressional district,

by 3,500 majority. The rest of the Wisconsin Congressional delegation is unchanged.

DETROIT.—The returns come in slowly, owing to the storms. The Republican State ticket is elected by 20,000 majority. Waldron, Republican, is elected to Congress in the 1st district by 1,000 to 1,200; Stockton, Republican, 2nd district, by 3,000 to 4,000; Blair, Republican, 3rd district, by 2,500 to 3,000; Ferry, Republican, 4th district, by 8,000 to 10,000; Conger, Republican, 5th district, by less than 500; Sutherland, Democrat, 6th district, defeats Briggs by 2,000 and upward.

ST. LOUIS.—Unofficial returns of this County, with the exception of three precincts, gives Brown 15,425 and McClurg 4,149. The remaining precincts probably increases Brown's majority 15,000. Wells' majority, for Congress, is 800 to 1,000. The Congressional delegation stands: 1st district, Wells, Democrat; 2nd, Finklenburg, Liberal; 3rd, McCormick, Democrat; 4th, Gilmore, Liberal; 5th, Burdett, Regular Republican; 6th, Cummings, Democrat; 7th, Parker, Regular Republican; 8th, Blair; 9th, King, Democrat.

MEMPHIS, 9.—Dr. A. B. Newkirk, Internal Revenue Assessor, claims that an attempt was made to assassinate him, yesterday, by a young man with whom he met at the polls, and who subsequently met him in the road and shot at him.

LOUISVILLE.—The returns from the 8th and 9th districts have not yet been received. It is thought that Adams, Democrat, is elected in the 8th District. The Republicans claim the defeat of Rice, Democrat, in the 9th District. It will be several days before official returns are received from those districts.

CHICAGO.—The result of the election in this State, as far as known, shows the election of the Republican State ticket, and candidate for Congress at large. The Republicans claim the legislature by twenty, on the joint ballot. The Democrats gain a Congressman in the 18th district, Robinson, Democrat, being elected by 1,200 majority, over Merriam. Ingersoll, Republican, in the 8th district is defeated by Stephens, Democrat, by about 1,000. The Democrats also claim the election of Hartzell in the 12th district, over Hay, sitting member. The 4th district is contested so closely that it will take an official Court to decide. The 7th district is also close. The Democrats are hopeful of the election of Hunter, over Moore, the present member.

SAN FRANCISCO, 9.—Nevada is still in doubt. The election of Bradley, Democrat, for Governor, is conceded. Fitch, Republican, for Congress, has carried the State by a small majority. The Republican State ticket, with the exception of Governor will probably be elected.

NEW ORLEANS, 9.—A dispatch to the *Picayune* from Baton Rouge says, the city is in the hands of the Federal troops, who are making arrests of white citizens on affidavits of negro rioters. On the night of the 7th the negroes with arms in their hands, and uttering threats of violence, were quietly sent home, while the whites without arms and inoffensive in all particulars, were arrested and placed in close confinement. Yesterday and to-day further arrests were made. Several persons arrested were absent at the time of the riot. Martial law is practically in operation.

U. S. Marshal Packard, of New Orleans, has received the following telegram regarding the riots of Monday night at Baton Rouge: "The supervisors and counters of ballots were attacked by an armed mob, but the ballots were saved. Four persons were killed and two wounded. They were all Republicans. Marshal Schonmacker was wounded. A candidate for the Legislature was killed. More trouble is anticipated. About thirty of the leaders have been arrested." Signed, Henry Schorten, Deputy Marshal.

The Republican will, to-morrow, publish a letter giving a full account of the Baton Rouge riot, which makes it appear it has been a premeditated affair. It would have been much more serious, it is said, but for the prompt action of Captain Meyer, in moving two companies of infantry to the scene and restoring order by arresting thirty of the ring leaders. Marshal Packard has directed these prisoners to be removed from Baton Rouge for security.

Trouble is apprehended at Donaldsonville, and two companies of troops from Greenville have been sent on at requisition of the Governor.

CHICAGO, 10.—A rumor is in circulation here, based on a private dispatch from New York, that peace has been

declared between France and Prussia, on the basis of the cession of territory, as proposed by the latter. Russia and England guaranteeing the treaty on the part of France.

ST. LOUIS, 10.—A special from Little Rock, Arkansas, says it is believed the Republicans have carried the State by a handsome majority.

Returns from the Missouri election come in slowly and show generally a majority for Brown, who is undoubtedly elected.

NEW YORK.—A cable to the *Herald*, London, 9. A special correspondent gives an account of an interview with Napoleon at Wilhelmshöhe on the 6th. The Emperor says that when the press was freed entirely by him, it was siezed by demagogues and unscrupulous politicians, who openly preached disobedience to laws, and were but too successful in preventing the minds of the people. On the subject of the recognition of the French Republic by the United States, the Emperor said: I supposed the Americans would naturally sympathize with republican institutions, but all the conditions requisite to a true republican form of government are absolutely wanting in France. Those who have boldly grasped the reins of government, have already shown their inability to establish such a government. That for which they blamed others most severely they have been compelled to do themselves, and impose still more obnoxious restraints upon the press. The Republic of America and the Republic of France are as different as white and black. Your country people submit to the law, and a spirit based upon public intelligence and morality dictates and controls society. If your theatres should treat the public to the performances of impure and offensive pieces, what would the consequence be? The press would denounce, nobody would go to see them, and they would be condemned by the verdict of the public. But in France the greater the departure from morality, the greater will be the crowd flocking to delight in it. It is no easy matter to curb such an extravagant spirit in a country so often unhappily shaken by revolution.

The correspondent said, such a condition of affairs does not argue stability to a republican form of government. The views of your Majesty, who is such an able judge, will deeply interest the American people.

The Emperor replied: "I know them to be a frank-hearted and generous nation, and cannot believe they approve the strenuous accusations now preferred against me. Have you read the vile statements published in the *Independence Belge* and other journals, to the effect that I had appropriated the public funds and conjured up war to conceal such illegal transactions. I wish to state emphatically that the commission of such a breach of trust of my government in France, even if desired, was an utter impossibility. Not a single franc was expended without severe checks on the part of the administration. This is well known to every intelligent man in France. I could hardly attempt to contradict all the base, vile calumnies, though they have been believed by a few, in order to show that by far the largest part of my own civil list has been expended by me for the benefit of the public institutions of the country. You may have seen the statement published by my order, signed by Mons. Thelin, my treasurer, to contradict the unfounded assertions of a Mons. Pal. I have some property in Italy, which was left to me by my father. My wife has a private dowry and her jewelry. With these exceptions we have nothing.

I have no property of any kind or description in New York. And the story concerning it is unfounded, and as untruthful as are all the rest. The correspondents' accusations, with which the press is teeming, are not confined to this fault. Treason is charged, and strange to say, the French soldiers, prisoners in Germany, utter the same word. Poor men! It is their mistake. They are naturally loth to acknowledge or even to believe that they have been conquered. My ministers would not listen to me when I told them we could not compete with Prussia's military establishment; that our effective strength as compared to hers was insufficient. This was the deception, the fault of which must be shared more or less by all of us, and which led to the most disastrous results. We were to have ready at a moment's notice 200,000 reserves when needed. Not more than half of them were at hand and these only after a delay of weeks. Thus the Prussians got the start of us. Notwithstanding the bravery of our troops, with double our numbers,

they obliged us to yield them each victory.

Two of the Toano railroad robbers have been captured. There is a prospect of arresting the remainder. About twenty thousand dollars, of the first robbery, are recovered.

## THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, It is our duty to acknowledge at all times our absolute dependence upon Almighty God, and to thank and praise Him for His manifold blessings, and

Whereas, We should individually, and as a people, show our gratitude to Him, for His many mercies, and supplicate a continuance of the same,

Now, therefore, I, VERNON H. VAUGHAN, Governor of the Territory of Utah, do hereby appoint THURSDAY, the 24th day of this, the month of November, to be observed as a day of Public Thanksgiving, Prayer and Praise. Remember with humble, loving and grateful hearts, that the Great Jehovah saved unto us abundant crops from the pestilence of last summer; that we have been permitted to discover beds of coal and iron ore, deposits of copper and gold, and silver mines of unparalleled richness; that our population has increased; that new churches and seminaries of learning have been built, and that we are blessed with a Government that protects all true and faithful citizens and punishes all disturbers of peace, unity and prosperity.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of said Territory to be affixed. Done at Salt Lake City, this 9th day of November, A. D. 1870, and of the Independence of the United States the ninety-fifth.

VERNON H. VAUGHAN,  
By the Governor: Governor.  
GEORGE A. BLACK,  
Secretary of Utah Territory.

## Special Notices.

FATHERS, HUSBANDS, BROTHERS, harden not your hearts, but give a kindly and indulgent ear to the pathetic appeals of your daughters, wives and sisters. When they lift to you their bleached and bleeding hands and ask you to buy one of Doty's Washing Machines and a Universal Wringer, unloose your purse strings. If you do so you will not regret it, for they will dole on you because of the labor you will thus save them. Those valuable machines are for sale at Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution. See the advertisement. d296 I

ALL should be prepared for the cold of winter, which is fast approaching. In order to have good bread it must be well baked. Both of those contingencies can be provided for by purchasing one of W. Resor & Co's "Monitor" or "Farham" Stoves, which possess great advantages. For particulars see advertisement. The above are for sale at Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution. d299 s81 w 41 lea

### NOTICE!

TELEGRAPH OFFICES are now open at Dry Creek, Salt Lake County, and at Lehi and Pleasant Grove, Utah County.

A. MILTON MUSSER,  
d301 s82 w 41 lea Superintendent.

# ELGIN (ILLINOIS) Watches!

OFFICE CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY R.R., }  
CHICAGO, January 15, 1870. }

D. W. WHITTLE,  
Gen'l Agent National Watch Co., Chicago, Ill.

Dear Sir:—Yours of 14th received. I take great pleasure in saying that the "Elgin" Watch is all that can be desired in the way of a perfect time-keeper. Its character in this respect is unexceptionable.

Yours truly,  
SAMUEL POWELL,  
Gen. Ticket Agent.

Call on your Jeweler and ask to see the Elgin Watches.  
Business Office and Salesroom National Watch Company,  
159 and 161 Lake Street, Chicago.  
1 Maiden Lane, New York,

d301 s82 w 41 l