Coalville, The Thriving Seat of Summit County O

ERY often one hears people complain of the lack of opportunity that confronts the youth of this day, but the wise

man knows that there are fields just as green, mines just as golden awaiting his coming, now, as there were for his father far back in 1847 when Brigham Young and his followers crossed the Rockies into Utah's fertile valleys.

It was in the year 1858 that A. B. Williams, W. H. Smith, Henry B. Wiles and g man named Lewis wintered in the valley of the Upper Weber river, and endured the self-sought burdens of those early days. The country was wild: the black bear and the grizzly reamed unstraid and undisturbed in the neighboring hills; and thousands of ducks in summer swam contentedly in the sparkling waters of the Weber, Indians, too, aproached the camps of the ploneers and looked with dislike and suspicion upon their evident inten-tion to stay in the neighborhood. Deep snow manthed the coarse shacks of the settlers, and many a heart was shaken. A child was born to Mrs. W. H. Smith—the first white baby in the valley. It was in the year 1858 that A. B.

valley. A man named Spriggs was prospect-ing the next summer, when he chanced upon vein after veln of coal. The news spread, thus giving the settle-ment its name. In 1860 Edmond and Alma Eldredge came to Coalville: af-ter them others until, finally, the lone-liness of the first years disappeared in that brotherly interest and mutual pro-tection characteristic of those times.

## CITY OF IMPORTANCE.

Coalville has now grown to be a city of importance in the mining and commercial world. It is situated on the upper Weber valley about six miles south of the Union Pacific railway station at Echo and on a spur that runs from the main line to Park City. Coal-ville is really the business center of a marrow valley about 40 miles long. narrow valley about 40 miles long, though of course, many people living beyond the parallel ridges of moun-tains enclosing the valley, come to Coatville for their supplies. The Weber river rens through the city: Chalk Creek enters through Chalk Creek canyon on the northeast coat other smaller streams flow from

nd other smaller streams not the other smaller streams flow from valley.

soil is an excellent rich sandy loam; and the mountain sides are cov-ered with verdure suitable for cattle and sheep grazing.

Coalville is really closer by rail to Ogden than to Salt Lake; and, there-for, many of the leading people of the vicinity are from Weber county. The present population of the town is over 1,000 though this is of course exclu-sive of the ranchmen and farmers who do their business at Coalville but reside borond the mounteins or up the valbeyond the mountains or up the val-

Coalville is the county seat of Summit county and has a fine courthouse erected at a cost of \$30,000.

COALVILLE CITY OFFICIALS. The present city officials include Frank Croft, mayor; James Calder-wood, treasurer; Jos. Hartley, justice, and J. H. Ball, Frank Demming, O. W. French, Wm. Frost and J. W. Wilde, council. The mayor, Frank Croft, is now in

his fourth term of office.

The resources of Coalville are varied The resources of Coalville are varied indeed, farming, timbering, mining, stock raising as well as centent mak-ing, coming within the category of industries. The mountains are covered with just that variety of grass and delicate weeds that pleases the taste of sheep and for that reason many of Coalville's prominent citizens attribute their business success to the raising of these animals. Among the men who own herds varying in size from one to fifteen thousand head may be men-tioned G. G. Reddon & Sons, David Rees, J. B. Rhead, Bloomquist Broth-ers, Salmon Brothers, Wm, Bagnell. ers, Salmon Brothers, Wm, Bagnell, Wm, Rigby and Walter Calderwood. It is usually during the summer that the sheep are allowed to run on the ranges about Coalville, for in the win-ter they are either taken away to Wyo-ming or fed in the yards at home.

There are two timber companies in Coalville, the principal one being the Chalk Creek Timber company, of which R. N. Balley is president, W. L. Hansen vice president and Frank Croft manager. The other is owned by the Co-op and the Peoples' Mercantile Co. The leading timbers taken from the mountains of this vicinity are native white pine and tamarac; much of the sawed wood is used locally in timber-ing the mines. There are two sawmills near Coalville and the two together do an annual business of about \$50,000. There are two timber companies in an annual business of about \$50,000.

### COAL MINING INDUSTRY.

The mines of Coalville have tunnels underneath the city; and for a radius of several miles one can find occasional works and operations. Most of the mines, however, are just north of the city. Among the large companies are the following: The Weber Coal Co., The Union Fuel Co., The Rees Grass Creek Coal Co., and The Utah Steam Of course the principal industry in this neighborhood is coal mining, for ever since the velns were discovered in 1859, Coalville has had a constantly increasing prestige as a coaling center. Being one of the earliest known sources



Photo by Baird.

#### BIRD'S EYE VIEW OF COALVILLE. Looking Down Weber Valley.

Coal company. In most of the mines, two shifts are run, thus necessitating the employment of many men, all of splendid train to splend the splendid school SYSTEM. of coal supply in the state, it was the scene of much of the activity of early days. Coal was then hauled by

whom do their trading at Coalville. There are good stone quarries just north of the city, already great quantities of white stone and sandstone hav-ing been shipped out by J. H. Salmon. In this industry there is great opportunity for capital. Coalville has many fine business in

stitutions, the First National bank especially being worthy of great praise

In an educational way Coalville ranks In an educational way Coalville ranks high. It has one large building de-voted to the grades. There are nine teachers with W. M. Boyden as prin-cipal. The Summit Stake academy overlooks the city from the north; and is in many ways a credit to Coal-ville. It has been in existence for five years and has given courses in most

The lights cost the citizens 50 cents each per month, each light being of 16 candle power. The whole plant is owned by the city and is satisfactory in every respect. It was begun un-der the Croft administration. The Latter-day Saints Tabérnacle at Coalville is one of the finest of its bird in the state having been erected

kind in the state, having been erected at a cost of \$50,000. It is built of brick and is modern and convenient.

at a cost of wood. It is onvenient. Brick and is modern and convenient. Frank Croft, J. W. Lamb and Thos. L. Beech compose the bishopric and Moses W. Taylor, who lives at Coalville is president of the stake. There is everything to please the heart of the homeseeker in the fer-tile little valley which nestles Coalville. Not only are there opportunities for farming, stock raising, and the invest-ing of capital, but there is diversion of the wildest kind. When this was written, the writer had just seen an enormous chamon bear lying dead on a sheep herder's wagon at Echo a few miles away; and he was told that many more were in the hills. Rabbits, prai-rie chickens and deer are quite plenti-ful and ducks abound on the Weber. ful and ducks abound on the Weber. Chalk Creek near by is noted for its fine trout fishing; and each year many a weary office-worn city man comes to this refreshing stream. There is good sleighing all whiter, a large opera hous and two dance halls. In fact there is much dry farming land for sale; and the homeseeker could not do better than enter this delightsome lit-tle valley and grow with a thriving tle valley and grow with a thriving energetic people.

JOHN BOYDEN & SON.

THIS is the name of one of the finest

with the largest retail room of any drug store in the einter-mountain re-

drug stores in the state, equipped

## THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF COALVILLE

T was on May 10, 1905 that a bank was organized in Coalville-an in-1 was organized in Coalville—an institution long meeded and at last provided by men of tbility and integrity. James Pingree, the Ogden banker, was made president, Alfred Blonquist of Coalville vice president, Frank Pingree, cashler and the following directors; O B. Glison, M. S. Browning, E. G. Blackman, James Pingree and Frank Pingree, and the following directors; O B. Glison, M. S. Browning, E. G. Blackman, James Pingree and Frank Pingree, and Alfred Blonquist of Coalville. The capitalization is \$25,000 and on account of the excellent business manggement of the company and the keen ability of the young cashier, there is now a surplus of 55,000 and deposits of \$22,00. A regular dividend of 12 per cent is paid. The bank has the reputation of haying paid cashier's checks for only 15 days during the panic of last year and in fact on account of prudent management from 45 to 50 per cent of the total deposits were actually on hand during the whole trouble. The First National is considered one of the most solid of the young banks of the state. It draws its patronage from districts would althe young was constructed upon the organization of the company and the game and in factore of the solid of the young banks of the state. It draws its patronage from districts would althe young the the wole trouble. The First National is considered one of the most solid of the young banks of the state. stitution long needed and at last pro-

cost om \$6,600. The fixtures are modern in every respect, including a Mosled safe and vault, adding machines and other things found in an up-to-date bank. The cashier, Frank Pingree, is a man admirably fitted by education and nature to handle the institution. There must af the hould is being event

drug store in the einter-mountain re-gion. It is certainly a credit to Coal-nature to handle th Just north of the bo-dof it. It was 19 years ago that John Boyden set up a drug business here, but he having passed away on Man 22, 1905, the enterprise was transferred to the bands of his sons, J. L. and W. M. Boyden, both of whom are leading spirits in the valley. In 1906 a new building was erected on the leading business corner of the city, the total Just north of the bank is being crect-ed what promises to be the largest department store in the valley. The department store in the valley. The Summit Furniture company. The build-ing will cost \$15,000 and groceries, fur-niture, dry goods-almost anything needed in Coalville will be kept in stock. John C. Paskett is president or stock. John C. Paskett is president of the company and Frank Pingres secre-



country is undoubtedly a land for the homeseeker.

In previous years mention has been made of the history of Tooele; of its inhabitants and hardships; of its getting its name from the Indian word for cat-tall, "tooele," many swamps and lowlands in that day being filled with them, and of many other interesting details dear to the hearts of the older people and fascinating to the youth of today.

Among the many things worthy of note of Tooele today is the fact that the fruit industry is felt to have many things of exceptional advantage, things which heretofore have not been appreciated. Apples, peaches, prunes are all easy to raise in this vicinity, and it is expected that this industry will gradually assume large proportions. J. W. Tate is really the pioneer fruit man, the first shipment of fruit to go out of the city being a carload of prunes sent by him to Omaha this fall. He has 16 acres of orchard land under cultivation, and William McLaws and Andrew Russel both have orchards of considerable size.

Of the peaches, Elberta, Craw-ford and Orange Cling seem to do well,



wagon to Salt Lake.

The mines of Coalville have tunnels

are constantly employed. Mr. Tate has been stake clerk since 1887: Sunday school superintendent since 1894, and ward clerk for a much

longer time. For over 20 years he has been school trustee, and it was under his direction that the \$20,000 schoolhouse was erected. He is one of the ploneers of the region, having come to the valley in 1853. He moved to Tooele in 1865, and is without doubt among the leading promoters of the fruit industry in this vicinity.

# **VOWLES & EVANS.**

S UCCESS is contagious, and in all the city of Tocele there is no more prosperous commercial enterprise than that of Vowles & Evans, the popular meat market of the upper valley. The last year has been one of marked improvement with this firm for it has not provement with this firm for it has not only increased its facilities for handling meat but also has installed a full line of groceries. Four men are constantly employed; and there is always a busy aspect about the place. W. H. Vowles is a member of the city council, and both he and Mr. Evans are active in promoting the altive interacts promoting the city's interests. The store is situated in the very cen-

The store is situated in the very cen-ter of Tooele's activity, next door to the new bank, and for this reason ex-pects to do a constantly increasing business. The Christmas turkey will taste all the better if purchased from Vowles & Evans,

Hot Springs, north of Salt Lake in the ploneer year 1847, little did he think that in half a century the land lying north of his wagon would be considered the vegetable garden of the state, the paradise of the industrious suburban. Such, however, is the Bountiful of today for many of the fruit wagons that line West Temple street early in the mornings of spring and summer are driven to the city by Bountiful farmers.

days of hardship on forbidding, sagebrush covered slopes, lived in a dug-out at a point just north of the present Salt Lake & Ogden railroad station, on land that is worth now upwards of \$500 per acre. Other men came; other huts were hastily constructed; and the wonderful fertility of the soil was put to practical test. A city was finally organized with J. L. Holbrook as mayor and the growth of the present thriving commercial center well begun.

tiful at the east and Woods Cross at The present Bountiful-how happy a the west. name! (of Book of Mormon origin)-There are many fine residences in is the largest of Davis county's towns; Bountiful, the latest addition to the list being a fine brick structure, owned

E XAGGERATION is difficult in writ-ing of an enterprise so progressive, and so popular as the Bountiful Co-op., which is one of the leading institutions of Davis county. It was established in 1869; and has always been a leading spirit in the business growth of Bountiful. Eight men are employed and although the capital of the corporation is only \$25,000, the business last year amounted to \$125,000. It is

have pronounced it one of the finest of its kind. The total cost was between \$18,000 and \$19,000. Before it was built Bountiful had nine schoolhouses: but now all the pupils are gathered

Perigreen Sessions, in those carly

and being the nearest to Salt Lake, is

citizens. This structure made from the plans furnished by William Loder, architect is built partly of rock gathered from the old Indian wall which in early days was made as a fort about the village, and partly of brick. It has 12 rooms, two hot air furnaces and is so admirably ventillated that many

will be \$15,000.

and the Gano, Jonathan and Wolf River are the favorite apples.

If one irrigates at all he can get three times as much profit from fruit raising as from oats or wheat. No one has as yet tried the raising of fruit without irrigation, but with persistent and repeated cultivation—an experiment emi-nently successful with Dr. Summer Gleason's orchard at Kaysville—the vast area of dry farming land in Tooele valley will undoubtedly be utilized in some such manner by the thrifty homesome such mainler by the turning home seeker. Land with a waterright is sell-ling now from \$100 to \$200 per acre; but without the water it can be purchased for \$25 upward. There is plenty of mean is the county and the population room in the county and the population could well be doubled without discomcould well be doubled without discour-fort. Undoubledly Toole is one of the coming fruit regions of this state; and no little credit is due to Mr. Tate and others who have had the foresight to promote the industry.

#### PROSPEROUS CITY.

New residences are constantly in process of erection in Tooele, John A. Limburg and John C. Bryan both de-serving creditable mention in this respect this year.

spect this year. The city itself is in a prosperous condition, and on every hand is heard conversation on new improvements. Alvin A. Walters is mayor; L. E. Eng-land, city recorder: Martha Dunn, city treasurer: Charles Elkington, city were been and the council consists of marshal; and the council consists of John W. Park, L. F. Walters, W. H. Vowles, Andrew Russell and E. M. At-

kin. The bishopric of the Latter-day Saints church are Silas S. Orme, Al-vin Orme and Peter Clegg; and Rev. vin Orme and Peter Methodist church. Cook is pastor of the Methodist church.

Ask Your Grocer

"DEFENDER" "SILVER COIN" "BAKER'S No. 1" GERMADE GRAHAM

TOOELE CITY OUR GOODS SPEAK FOR MILLING CO. THEMSELVES TRY THEM 

## TOOELE'S PRETTY SCHOOL BUILDING.

# 

The school system is especially fine, home has been relieved of its mortthe main building being one of the best in the state and the principal, Al-fred M. Nelson, being a man of compe-tency. Archibald Bevan, J. W. 'Tate tency. Archibald Bevan, J. W. Tate and C. R. McBride constitute the board of trustees.

### BIG SMELTER PROPOSITION.

BIG SMELTER PROPOSITION. By far the most interesting subject to write upon in dealing with Tooele at this time is the couning of the new smelter, which is to be constructed by the Utah Consolidated Mining com-pany. The matter has been under con-sideration for over a year but it is during the last eight months that spe-cial activity has been manifest. It is the intention of the company to erect a smelter at the mouth of Pine canyon, just east of the city. The capacity will be 2,000 tons per day and the total cost \$1,500.000. Connection will be made by aerial tramway with the Highland Boy aerial tramway with the Highland Boy mine over the mountain, it being 15,000 feet in a direct line from the site of the smelter.

the smeller. One of the main reasons for believ-ing that the smeller will be constructed is the fact that already the Utah Con-solidated Mining company has paid out to the farmers of Tooele and vicinity for land and casements the munifi-cent sum of \$150,000 in cash. Many a

For the following brands of

FLOUR and FOODSTUFFS

from this. All of the deposits have gone into the local bank—a boost such as few young similar institutions have enjoyed. Conling as it did when the mines were closed and the people of Tooele were to a large extent out of mployment, the money was a godsend. The panic was little felt.

#### MUCH LAND PURCHASED.

The company has purchased much land at the mouth of the canyon and easements over a vast territory beyond. The easements are liberal, most of the risk being upon the company. If the smelter smoke does injury, the company is constrained to purchase the land so affected at a price agreed upon now and written in the contract. Every man knows now exactly how much he will receive for his land in case the smeller smoke should compel him to sell. He is in no case, however, con-strained to envey to the smelter com-pany for if land values greatly increase he may sell to anyone, subject of course to the continuance of the ease-ment. Furthermore, there is no limit to the time of effect of the easement: when the damage is done, then will the company be responsible

As to the smelter's being erected, of course there is some doubt. Some other smelter may make the mining company such an offer that it will be willing to relinquish its plans with regard to Tooele. If the company is not thus persuaded the new plant will be in operation by March, 1910, as the present smelting contract extends only until

that time. Surveys are all made and plans are under way for the erection of an elec-tric car line from the mouth of the anyon to the city. Toocle being the esidence district, Judged from almost any business standpoint, Tooele is a city of oppor-

tunity, a city astir! J. W. TATE.

THE wellbeing of a city is usually I dependent upon its leading business men, for not only do they largely control the progress of the town's commercial importance but also they usually fill the positions of public responsibillty and honor. Mr. Tate entered the mercantile business in 1895, moving into the Co-op. building in 1898, which he at present leases from that company. He carries a large line of merchandise, including dry goods, groceries, hardware and other goods usually found in a large country store. He does an exceedingly large business, amounting ed here.

# TOOELE COUNTY STATE BANK

THE welfare of a city is no better A attested than by the presence of a prosperous bank, and Tooele has, such an establishment, backed by men of an establishment, backed by men of unquestioned integrity and buginess acumen. The organization was effect-ed on May 1 of this year, the capitali-zation being placed at \$15,000. Follow, ing are the officers: Peter Clegg, presi-dent; Charles E. Green, vice president; Edwin M. Orme, cashier, and Peter Clegg, Charles E. Green, Charles S. Burton, L. L. Baker, Archibaid Bevah, Gustav Anderson and Charles Ander-son, directors. Mr. Clegg, whose pho-tograph appears herewith, is one of the

PETER CLEGG.

President Tooele Co. State Bank.

econd term as county treasurer.

drug store.

well situated for the industries for which it is noted.

CHERRIES AT \$800 AN ACRE. Its resources are varied, gardening,

of course, being chief. Peas, beans, early potatoes, peaches and cherrles are raised mostly on the gravel slopes of the Wasatch at the east side, while asparagus, rheubarb and other later products are grown on the lowlands many other points of interest and ditowards the Great Salt lake. John H. version. Barlow, Jr., Samuel S. Holt and John

A. Walte are among the largest producers of vegetables, though many more have orchards and grain. W. Holbrook this year received \$800 from one acre of cherries, the fruit finding ready sale in Salt Lake's markets.

As most of the land in the vicinity f Bountiful is used for gardening, there are few cattle and sheep grazing about except near the lake side. There are in the city, however, some of the wealthiest sheep owners in the country, most of their herds being in Wyoming.

The ground immediately south of Bountiful is of that clay texture suitable for the making of the finest oricks; and therefore there are some of the largest brick yards in the state in this neighborhood. In fact most of the brick used in Salt Lake comes from either Bountiful or Kaysville, another Davis county town.

Land values about Bountiful are of course high-from \$300 to \$500 per acre for irrigable sections and \$75 to \$100 for dry farming districts.. Scientific farming has had such an effect in Utah that the homeseekers will do well to take up a non-irrigable tract and proceed to raise peaches of cherries, the only necessary substitute for irrigation being an assiduous and frequent cultivation of the soll.

NO CITY TAXES.

Bountiful as a municipality is well most prominent men in the county, managed, there being as yet no city having served in the state legislature having served in the state legislature and filled other positions of trust and responsibility, besides managing his large stock farm. Mr. Green is man-ager of the Clark Electric Power com-pany and the Tooèle Lyceum, and Mr. Baker is an attorney. Mr. Orme has been county assessor and now, besides managing the local mill, is serving his second term as county treasurer. He tax, and yet it has all of the modern improvements. Electric lights are furnished by a local company which leases the service from the Telluride company. The city itself owns the water works, the supply coming from a tunnel in the mountains that stretch along the east of the town. A reser is one of the bright young men of the community. Gustav Anderson is of Grantsville and Charles Anderson of voir has been constructed at a cost of \$1,000 and there is sufficient water at Vernon, both well known stock men. Archibald Bevan is the manager of the present to supply 125 families. The stream taken from the tunnel is larger than the capaciy of the reservoir; The bank now has quarters in the The bank now has quarters in the county courthouse, but a fine brick building of two stories is being con-structed at a cost of \$2,500 with mod-ern equipment such as Hall safe, burg-larproof chest and other banking appli-ances. With the coming of the new smelter the bank will become one of Tacable, leading institutions and albut the city council is contemplating the improvement of the whole system. At present the city officers are Jed H. Stringham, mayor; William Loder, Leo Muir, Charles R. Mable and Sam uel Sessions, council; Richard Sedg-Tooele's leading institutions and al-ready most of the money received from wick, city · recorder: Walter Barlow, treasurer and Orson Sessions, marshal the smelter by local farmers is deposit-In an educational way Bountiful

by A. H. Perkins. In many ways Bountiful is one of Utah's most pleasant places in which

together under one supervision.

NEW SCHOOL BUILDING.

In the western part of the city a

similar school building is nearing com-

pletion: It has eight rooms and is

heated with steam. The total cost

Bountiful covers such a wide stretch

of fertility that this division of the

school system is essential, and, in fact,

there are practically two towns-Boun-

to make a home. All of the people are prosperous; Salt Lake is only 10 miles away; there is ample land for sale at a reasonable rate: there is fine duck hunting at the mouth of the Jordan river a few miles to the west, and



UNDOUBTEDLY the largest business building in Davis county Is that occupied by the C. H. Rampton Mercantile company. The original cost of the structure was \$14,500. The upper portion is at present used as an opera house under the management of C. H. Rampton and the lower part for his large store. The store carries a general line of merchandise and fresh

meat, flour, grain, farm produce, groseries, hardware, hats, shoes, etc. Mr. Rampton is in every sense

self-made man. He has lived in this vicinity for years but it was seven vicinity for years but it was seven years ago that he bought the Centeryears ago that he bought the Center-ville Co-op, which he sold three years ago. He then purchased the present business which has become one of the largest in the county. Mr. Rampton handled as many garden seeds last year as did some of Salt Lake's jobbers, but in every way be is a leader and his In every way he is a leader and his business a success.

The expensiveness of our hotels keeps many Europeans of moderate means from visiting this continent (America). The other day an Englishman, who had been traveling for three years in all parts of the world, chiefly playing golf, said: "At home I am in easy circumstances; on the Continent (of Europe) I am a prince; in America **P** am a pauper." He meant that we are wasteful.—Cana-dian Courier.



C. H. RAMPTON MERC. CO., BOUNTIFUL.



MR. JOHN STOKER, MGR. BOUN-TIFUL CO-OP.

in reality a department store, carrying dry goods, shoes, groceries, hardware and the like, in distinct portions of the

large building it occupies. Since the appointment of John Stoker as manager, the business has had phenomenal growth. He is young, experienced, careful and popular, striving always to please. Though only 24 when he took charge of the business, he has enlarged the establishment, in-

stalled modern appliances and in every way brought the business up to date. One seldom sees a more prosperous concern than the Bountiful Co-e

EXPENSIVE AMERICA.