[BY AUTHORITY.] AN ACT

To provide for the election of a Delegate to the House of Representatives of the United States.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Governor and Legislative Assembly of the Terribory of Utah: That an election shall be held on the first Monday of February, 1867, at the usual places of holding elections in the several Counties of the Territory, for the election of a Delegate to the House of Representatives for the Fortieth Congress. The election shall be held, conducted, and returns thereof made agreeable to an "Act regulating elections," "approved Jan. 3, 1853." The Delegate for the Forty-first Congress shall be elected at the general election on the first Monday of August, 1868, and biennially thereafter.

SEC. 2. This act shall be in force from and after the passage thereof. Approved Jan. 10, 1867.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, SS Utah Territory,

I hereby certify that the above is a true copy of a law on file in this office. AMOS REED,

Secretary of Utah Territory.

#### AN ACT

To Provide for the election of a Representative to the Congress of the United States.

SEC. I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Deseret: That an Election shall be held on the first Monday of February, 1867, at the usual places of holding elections in the several counties, for the purpose of electing one Representative to the Fortieth Congress. Said election shall be held, conducted and returns made to the Secretary of State, agreeable to an "Act of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah regulating elections." Approved Jan. 3, 1853.

SEC. II. The Representatives for the Forty-first Congress shall be elected at the general election on the first Monday in August, 1868, and biennially thereafter.

Approved Jan. 22, 1867.

# CONSTITUTION

## STATE OF DESERET.

AS PROPOSED TO BE AMENDED.

We, the people, grateful to the Supreme Being for the enjoyment of life and mercy, and feeling our dependence on. Him for a continuation of those blessings, do ordain and establish the following Constitution:

> ARTICLE I. BOUNDARY AND NAME.

All that part of the Territory of the United States bounded as follows: beginning on the 37th parallel of north latitude where it intersects the 32d meridian of longitude west from Washington or the 109th meridian of longitude west from Greenwich, thence west on said parallel to the 37th meridian of longitude west from Washington, or be vested in a General Assembly conmeridian to its intersection with the | be elected by the people. 42d parallel of north latitude, thence | SEC. 2. The sessions of the General from Greenwich, thence south on said after provided. meridian to the place of beginning, is State, and named DESERET.

## ARTICLE II.

## DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

erty, acquiring, possessing, and protect- | tion. ing property, and of seeking and obtaining their safety and happiness.

ments are founded in their authority, fore they have an inalienable and indefeasible right to institute government, and to alter, reform, or change the same, when their safety, happiness, and the public good require it.

of this State, shall be equally under the protection of the laws, and no subordination or preference of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law; nor shall any religious test be ever required for any office of trust under this Constitution.

SEG. 4. Every person may speak, write and publish his sentiments on of absent members in such manner and terests of the State require it. all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right; and no law shall be passed to abridge the liberty of speech or of the press.

SEC. 5. The people shall be secure General Assembly of a sovereign State. in their persons, houses, papers, and possessions, from unreasonable searches and seizures.

SEC. 6. The right of trial by jury to and returning from the same. shall remain inviolate; and all prisoninfamous crime, unless on presentment | sitting. or indictment of a grand jury; nor

SEC. 7. All penalties and punish- minister oaths. ments shall be in proportion to the offence; and all offences, before conviction, shall be bailable, except capital | Assembly, except on bills which, when offences where the proof is evident or reconsidered, shall be again passed by a the presumption great. Excessive bail majority of two-thirds; and any bill shall not be required.

shall not be suspended, unless in case provided by legislative enactment.

SEC. 9. Treason against this State shall consist in levying war against it or adhering to its enemies, or giving them aid and comfort.

SEC. 10. The General Assembly shall | ment. pass no bill of attainder, or ex-post-facto law, nor law imparing the obligation of contracts.

SEC. 11: The law shall not be suspended but by legislative authority. SEC. 12. The right of petition by the people shall be preserved inviolate.

shall not be questioned.

be taken for public use without just law. compensation.

and the militia shall at all times and in all places be in strict subordination | the United States and of this State. to civil power.

SEC. 16. The enumeration of certain rights shall not be construed to impair or deny others retained by the people.

## ARTICLE III.

The powers of Government of the State of Deseret shall be divided into three distinct departments, viz., legislative, executive, and judicial.

#### ARTICLE IV. OF THE LEGISLATIVE.

SEC. 1. The legislative authority shall the 114th meridian of longitude west sitting of a Senate and House of Reprefrom Greenwich, thence north on said sentatives, the members of which shall

east on said paralled to the 32nd meri- Assembly shall be annual, until otherdian of longitude west from Washington | wise provided by legislative enactment; or the 109th meridian of longitude west | and the first session shall be as herein-

SEC. 3. The members of the House of hereby formed into a free and sovereign | Representatives shall be chosen biennially, by the qualified electors of their respective districts, and their term of office shall continue two years from the day of their election.

SEC. 1. In republican governments | SEC. 4. Senators shall be chosen in all men should posses their natural | thesame manner as the Representatives, rights, among which are those of en- and their term of office shall continue joying and defending their life and lib- | four years from the day of their elec- |

SEC. 2. All political power is in- | be a citizen of the United States, and | herent in the people, and all free govern- an inhabitant of this State one year preceding the time of his election, and and instituted for their benefit, there- has at his election a residence in the rized to administer oaths. district he may be chosen to represent.

SEC. 6. The General Assembly shall have power to prescribe the number and make an apportionment of Senators and Representatives:-Provided the number shall make no law respecting an shall respectively be divided by lot as respective offices.

establishment of religion, or prohibiting equally as may be into two classes; the the free exercise thereof, or to disturb | seats of the Representatives of the first | for the faithful execution of the laws. any person in his religious worship or class shall be vacated at the expiration

own officers, and judge of the qualification, election, and return of its own members.

SEC. 8. A majority in each House shall constitute a quorum to do business: but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance under such penalty as each House may

provide. powers necessary for a branch of the

SEC. 10. Each member of the General

SEC. 11. Neither House shall, without by proclamation. ers shall be heard by self or counsel, at the consent of the other, adjourn for be held to answer a capital or otherwise | place than that in which they may be |

SEC. 12. The members of the General shall any person be subject for the same | Assembly shall take an oath or affir- | power to grant reprieves and pardons offence to be twice put in jeopardy of mation to support the Constitution of and commute punishments, except in life or limb, nor be compelled in any the United States and of this State, cases of impeachment. criminal case to be a witness against | which may be administered by each | SEC. 13. There shall be a seal of this other, or by any person qualified to ad-

vernor shall be allowed by the General | Deseret." vetoed by the Governor shall be return-SEC. 8. The writ of habeas corpus ed within ten days (Sundays excepted) with his objections, otherwise it shall | State. of rebellion, or invasion, or the public | become a law, unless the General Assafety shall require it, and then only as sembly, by adjournment, prevent its return.

General Assembly shall take effect from | tinue in office for the term of four years, and after its publication, unless otherwise provided at the time of its enact-

SEC. 15. At the first election under this Constitution the voters of this State shall elect thirteen Senators and twentysix Representatives, in the manner members are now elected to the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah, and according to the apportion-SEC. 13. The right of citizens to keep | ment made by the Legislative Assembly and bear arms for common defence during its eleventh annual Session in 1861-62. All subsequent elections shall SEC. 14. Private property shall not | be held and conducted as prescribed by

SEC. 16. The Legislative power of the SEC. 15. No standing army shall be General Assembly of this State shall exkept up in this State in time of peace, | tend to all rightful subjects of legislation consistent with the Constitution of

> SEC. 17. It shall be the duty of the General Assembly to elect two Senators to Congress, as prescribed in Sec. 3, Article 1, of the Constitution of the United States.

> SEC. 18. The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment, and the Senate shall have the sole power to try impeachments. When the Governor or Lieutenant Governor is tried under impeachment, the Chief Justice shall preside. No person shall be convicted under impeachment, without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

> > ARTICLE V. OF THE EXECUTIVE.

SEC. 1. The executive power shall be vested in a Governor, whose term of office shall be four years, and until his successor is elected and qualified. A Lieutenant Governor shall be elected at the same time, and for the same

SEC. 2. No person shall be eligible to | State, shall be entitled to vote. the office of Governor or Lieutenant preceding his election.

SEC. 3. When the Governor elect has and returning therefrom. received his certificate of election, he SEC. 5. No person shall be a member affirmation to support the Constitution | danger. of the General Assembly except he of the United States and of this State, and to faithfully discharge the duties of naval or marine service of the United be administered by any person autho-

mander in chief of the naval and mili- for by law. tary forces of this State.

SEC. 6. He shall use all due diligence

SEC. 7. When any office shall from sentiments, and all persons demeaning of one year, and of the Senators of the any cause become vacant, and no mode themselves peaceably, as good members first class at the expiration of two years. is prescribed by the constitution or laws SEC. 7. Each House shall choose its for filling such vacancy, the Governor shall have power to fill such vacancy by appointment, which shall expire when such vacancy shall be filled by due course of law.

SEC. 8. He shall also have power to convene the General Assembly by proclamation, when, in his opinion, the in-

SEC. 9. He shall communicate by message to the General Assembly at every SEC. 9. Each House shall have all session, the condition of the State, and recommend such measures as he in his wisdom shall deem expedient.

SEC. 10. In case of disagreement in Assembly shall be privileged from civil the General Assembly with regard to arrest during any session, and in going | the time of adjournment, the Governor shall have power to adjourn the session

SEC. 11. No person shall, while holdtheir own election; and no person shall more than three days, nor to any other ing any lucrative office under the United States or this State, execute the office of Governor.

SEC. 12. The Governor shall have

State, which shall he kept by the Governor and be used by him officially, and SEC. 13. The veto power of the Go- be called "Great Seal of the State of

SEC. 14. All grants and commissions shall be "in the name of the State of Deseret," shall be sealed with the Great Seal of State, be signed by the Governor, add countersigned by the Secretary of

SEC. 15. A Secretary of State, Treasurer, Auditor of Public Accounts, and Attorney General shall be elected by SEC. 14. Every law passed by the the General Assembly, and shall conand shall perform such duties as may be assigned them by law.

SEC. 17. In case of impeachment of the Governor, his removal from office, death, resignation, or absence from the State the powers and duties of the office shall devolve upon the Lieutenant Governor, until such disability shall cease or the vacancy be filled.

#### ARTICLE VI. OF THE JUDICIAL.

SEC. 1. The judicial power shall be vested in a Supreme court, Circuit courts, Probate courts, and such other courts as the General Assembly may from time to time establish, which shall have such jurisdiction and exercise such powers as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 2. The Supreme court shall consist of a chief justice and two associate justices, two of whom shall bela quorum to hold courts.

SEC. 3. The Supreme judges shall be elected by the General Assembly for the term of six years after the first election under this Constitution. At said first election one shall be elected for two years, one for four years, and one for six years.

Sec. 4. The judges of the Supreme court shall be conservators of the peace throughout the State, and shall exercise such other jurisdiction and appellate powers as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 5. The style of all process shall be "State of Deseret," and all criminal prosecutions shall be "In the name of the State of Deseret."

### ARTICLE VII. . OF ELECTIONS.

SEC. 1. All male citizens of the United States over twenty-one years of age, having a residence of six months in this

SEC. 2. Electors shall in all cases, ex-Governor, unless he has been a citizen | cept treason, felony, or breach of the of the United States six years and a peace, be privileged from arrest on the resident of this State four years next | days of election, during their attendance at such election, and while going to

SEC. 3. No elector shall be obliged to shall qualify for entering upon the du- perform military duty on the day of ties of his office by taking an oath or election, except in time of war or public

SEC. 4. No person in the military, his office; said oath or affirmation may States, by being stationed in any garrison, barrack, military or naval place or station within this State, shall be en-SEC. 4. The Governor shall be Com- titled to vote, unless otherwise provided

Sec. 5. The first general election SEC. 5. He shall transact all executive | under this Constitution shall be held on business with theofficers of government, the first Monday in March next (1867), SEC. 3. All men have a natural and of Senators shall not be less than one- civil and military, and may require in- for the presentation of this Constitution inalienable right to worship God ac- third or more than one-half of the Re- formation in writing from the officers of to be accepted or rejected by the electors, cording to the dictates of their own con- presentatives; and at its first session the Executive department upon any and for the election of a Governor, sciences; and the General Assembly each House of the General Assembly subject relating to the duties of their Lieutenant-Governor, Representative to the Congress of the United States,