

LIAO YANG HAS BEEN CAPTURED.

Japanese Drove the Russians Out And They Are Now Pursuing Them.

GEN. KUROPARKIN "WITHDREW"

War Office at St. Petersburg Does Not Regard His Withdrawal As A Retreat.

Tokio, Sept. 2.—There is a report current here that the Japanese captured Liao Yang today.

According to telegraphic advices received at headquarters this afternoon the Japanese army corps on the left, by force and repeated assaults, took possession of the heights which the Russian right occupied. Thereupon all the enemy south of Liao Yang began retreating. The Japanese army is now pursuing.

RUSSIAN EVACUATE LIAO YANG.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 2, 1:28 a. m.—The news of the Russian evacuation of Liao Yang and the right bank of the Russian army to the right bank of the Taitse river reached only a small section of the people of St. Petersburg at a late hour and caused intense excitement and disappointment.

The majority of the inhabitants refused to believe that the Russian army had again been successful and that the Japanese attacks had been repulsed.

Legit suspicions, however, have been given during the day, owing to the absence of press telegrams from Liao Yang, leading to the belief that communication had been cut off by Gen. Kuroki. The following statement was obtained by the Associated Press from the war office at 10 o'clock Thursday night:

KUROKI CROSSES RIVER.

Gen. Kuroki's army crossed in force to the right bank of the Taitse river, and it therefore became necessary for the Japanese to be in a position to repel a blow in this direction.

The evacuation of this development in the operations, Gen. Kuropatkin decided to abandon his position on the left bank and to concentrate his whole army on the other side of the river. This position is the strongest both in character and in position. The great issue will be finally decided there.

NOT LOOKED ON AS RETREAT.

By withdrawing to this position the Russian army avoids the danger of being driven by the river and enjoys the advantage of compactness. Gen. Kuropatkin's move, therefore, is not to be considered as a retreat, but rather as the carrying out of a well defined idea.

The withdrawal of the Russians to the right bank involved the abandonment of Liao Yang, which is situated on the left bank. The Japanese took advantage of this to occupy the city, but the strongest part of the fighting is still before them. Gen. Kuropatkin decides at the last hour to again fall back to the northward.

WILL FIGHT TO A FINISH.

It is more than likely, however, that he will decide to fight to a finish. The cards are all in his favor, it is believed, now that he has the Japanese divided by the river, thus effectually turning the tables upon his foe.

The determined pursuit by the Japanese of the Russian outposts when Gen. Kuropatkin gave the first order to withdraw was probably due to their anxiety to keep the Russians south of Liao Yang until Gen. Kuroki should be able to strike from the northeast. Gen. Kuropatkin, however, saw the trap and cleverly avoided it.

FIGHTING WAS FIERCE.

Up to the hour of filing this dispatch the war office has not given the details of the fighting of Sept. 1, but it is believed that the fighting exceeded in fierceness that of any previous day. The absence of press telegrams from Liao Yang on Sept. 1 aroused suspicions that changes of importance were proceeding, which the telegraphic censors did not wish to be made known.

A telegram from the Associated Press correspondent at Mukden, filed at 3:27 on the evening of Sept. 1, states that the train service between Mukden and Liao Yang has been interrupted, but the dispatch does not mention whether telegraphic communications are open.

CROSSING THE TAITSE.

According to a dispatch from Liao Yang Gen. Kuroki made his first attempt to cross the Taitse river late in



Many women are denied the happiness of children through derangement of the generative organs. Mrs. Beyer advises women to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered with stomach complaint for years. I got so bad that I could not carry my children but five months, then would have a miscarriage. The last time I became pregnant, my husband got me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. After taking the first bottle I was relieved of the sickness of stomach, and began to feel better in every way. I continued its use and was enabled to carry my baby to maturity. I now have a nice baby girl, and can work better than I ever could before. I am like a new woman."—Mrs. FRANK BEYER, 22 S. Second St., Meriden, Conn. — \$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO WOMAN.

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham. She will understand you and write to you perfectly, and will tell you with kindness. Her advice is free, and the address is Lynn, Mass. No woman ever regretted having written her, and she has helped thousands.

The evening under cover of a heavy bombardment of the extreme Russian left. The Japanese artillery, which has been firing uninterruptedly for 14 hours, ceased about daylight, and then resumed about 11 o'clock to conceal attacks had to be invalided home for the same reason. Yet the artillery fire at Vafangow was far inferior in intensity to that at Liao Yang.

These preparations necessitated the establishment of a pontoon bridge, as the river was not fordable, and the pontoons must have been floated down the stream. The efforts of the Japanese to cross the river on Aug. 20 were not successful, and Gen. Kuroki therefore ordered a portion of his army to ford it at Sakankankvuntan.

Gen. Kuropatkin was unable to prevent the passage, owing to the distance from Liao Yang, about 20 miles, but for the same reason the Japanese were unable to bring the forces which gained the right bank immediately into action. Kuropatkin heard of the passage of the Taitse at Sakankankvuntan after 6 o'clock on the evening of Aug. 21, and immediately gave orders for his men to fall back on the outer position. This move is explained by the desire to collect a strong force with which to repel a flanking movement from the northeast.

JOY REIGNS IN TOKIO.

Tokio, Sept. 1, (2 p. m.)—Tokio rings with shouts and cheers for the victory of Liao Yang. Lamenting crowds swing through the streets and surge around the staff offices, shouting "Banzai!"

The details of today's fighting are scanty. It is only known that at dawn the Japanese army, which was hurried against the Russian right center on the southern line, and that the Russians were forced to abandon their line and positions and retreat. Their pursuit is now in progress.

The result of this pursuit and the result of the fierce battle waged on the eastern line, where Gen. Kuroki is assaulting the force which has long screened Liao Yang, together with the abandonment of the Russian right center on the southern line, exposes the Russian left. But here the Russian force is so heavy that it may possibly be able to protect and extricate itself.

The question of the occupation of Liao Yang by the Japanese is in doubt. The official dispatches do not make mention of such occupation but it is assumed that the Russians are withdrawing through Liao Yang and that the Japanese possibly occupied it late today.

Tonight no estimates are obtainable of the losses on either side. Field Marshal Oyama describes his losses in the morning assault as heavy. The early success of the attack was somewhat unexpected on account of the strength of the Russians and the nature of the Russian defenses.

It is confidently believed that Field Marshal Oyama will press the pursuit with desperate vigor and inflict on Gen. Kuropatkin the most crushing blow possible. It is believed that his trophies will prove valuable.

RUSSIANS RETREATED TOO LATE.

London, Sept. 2.—Commenting upon the situation in the far east, all the morning newspapers discuss the problem as to whether Gen. Kuropatkin will be able to extricate his forces or whether Marshal Oyama will succeed in completing the victory by enveloping and destroying the Russian army. The consensus of opinion is that Gen. Kuropatkin's position is most perilous.

The absence of telegrams from Liao Yang, together with the news that the railway is interrupted, the newspapers regard as showing that Gen. Kuropatkin has begun his retreat too late.

STEAMER STRIKES MINE.

Tokio, Sept. 2, 10 a. m.—Admiral Hosoya, commander of the third Japanese squadron, reports that last Wednesday morning a number of vessels emerged from Port Arthur and engaged in clearing away mines. The Japanese watched their operations from seaward. At 2:25 p. m. a steamer struck a mine and was blown up. The disaster occurred one mile below Cheungtungshan and it was plainly visible. The number of lives lost is unknown.

Samuel L. Dana Released.

New York, Sept. 1.—Samuel L. Dana, the young bank clerk who was found in Central park a few weeks ago suffering from a bullet wound in the right breast and who has been hovering between life and death was discharged by Magistrate Whitman today and will be allowed to go to his home in Iowa. There was no evidence to show who had shot him and he refused to make any statement today.

UNPRECEDENTEDLY HARD FIGHTING.

Valor of the Japanese in Their Assaults Was Something Wonderful.

RUSSIAN RESISTANCE GREAT.

Whole History of Warfare Tells of No Such Mighty Bombardments.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 1.—The fighting at Liao Yang has beaten all records for the desperate valor of the assailants and the invincible stubbornness of the defenders. The whole history of warfare tells of no such bombardments, no such carnage and no such persistence. Day after day the fight has been resumed at daybreak and kept up with hardly a moment's intermission until after midnight.

War-scarred veterans scarce believe the stories which come from the seat of war, and declare that it is beyond human endurance for an army to fight without respite for a week, each day of which has exceeded its predecessor in intensity of struggle and carnage of slaughter. Day after day the thousands of dead bestrewn the battlefield have to be removed.

The Japanese have invented new methods to incinerate the heaps of dead comrades, removing the ashes for the honor of burial in Japan. The wounded present a most serious problem, as they tax the transportation capacities on both sides to the utmost. The most difficult problem which has occurred in the bringing up of supplies, food and ammunition to every point of the fighting line, which extends from 10 to 20 miles.

Never has such a bombardment been known. An eye-witness of the battle of Vafangow told the Associated Press that many officers suffered from nervous prostration following the terrible roar of the artillery, and one military attaché had to be invalided home for the same reason. Yet the artillery fire at Vafangow was far inferior in intensity to that at Liao Yang.

REINFORCEMENTS ON WAY.

London, Sept. 2.—The Daily Mail's Japanese correspondent, filing under date of Aug. 31, says that 35,000 Japanese are en route from Daini to Halcchong by railway. Originally they were intended to reinforce the besiegers of Port Arthur, the correspondent adds, but Field Marshal Oyama, commander-in-chief of the Japanese forces in Manchuria, was satisfied that they were not required there and therefore sent them north.

A special dispatch from St. Petersburg, which is not confirmed from any other source, reports that Gen. Linievich, from Vladivostok, is within 20 miles' march of Mukden with 20,000 troops.

The Standard's Tokyo correspondent says that dispatches received there from Peking to the effect that China is constantly increasing her military forces on the neutral side of the Liao river and that she has ordered Gen. Ma to firmly enforce the rights and duties of neutrality in the event of the Russians being defeated at Liao Yang and attempting to enter neutral territory.

The Daily Mail's Shanghai correspondent says that Chaplain Okonotschneff of the Russian cruiser Rurik, which was recently sunk by the Japanese, has arrived there. The chaplain says that after a vain attempt to repair the Rurik's engine, he and his crew, who succeeded to the command of the Rurik, tried to blow up the vessel, but that all the fuses were destroyed and that he then opened the sea-cocks. The wounded, he says, were placed on cork mattresses and thrown overboard, the other survivors followed and the cruiser sunk, turning completely over.

Wisconsin Democratic Ticket.

Oshkosh, Wis., Sept. 1.—The Democratic state convention tonight nominated the following ticket:

Governor—George W. Peck.
Lieutenant-Governor—Dr. H. A. Lathrop.
Secretary of State—James P. Nolan.
Treasurer—Andrew Jensen.
Attorney-General—William F. Wolfe.
Railroad Commissioner—Edward L. Hanlon.
Insurance Commissioner—Henry Fetzner.

Former Gov. Peck was nominated by acclamation, amid much enthusiasm. There were contests on the other offices. The platform approves the national platform and ticket and condemns the temporary election law passed by the last legislature.

A WOMAN'S SAD PLIGHT.

For Weeks Lived on Scraps Thrown Away by Picknickers.

New York, Sept. 2.—The arrest of Harriet Barnes in Central park has developed a peculiar case of destitution. The woman is 33 years old, a stenographer, and says her parents reside in Toledo, Ohio. Three weeks ago she ran out of funds, and since then has lived in the park, subsisting on scraps thrown away by picknickers. When arrested for vagrancy she was almost famished and slightly out of her mind from exposure.

Miss Barnes said she came here a year ago and worked steadily until April, when she lost her position. Unable to procure another, her furniture was soon seized for debt, and finally

If there were any Tea to be had that is better than Tree Tea — it would be selected for Tree Tea.

Interesting reports come from Tientsin and Chong that the Japanese have effected a landing of troops and the capture of two small forts near Tiger's Tail, three-quarters of a mile from Port Arthur, and near the lighthouse at Liaotai mountain, and that the attack is being vigorously pressed.

TEA



TEA

Do you think the only difference in tea are a few cents a pound?

PANAMA'S MILLIONS.

Investment Agents Have About Completed Their Work.

New York, Sept. 2.—Agents of the Panama republic entrusted with investing nearly \$10,000,000 here for their government have nearly completed the task. The fund is a part of the \$40,000,000 paid by the United States for the Panama canal.

About \$5,000,000 have been invested in mortgages on improved property on Manhattan Island, yielding four and a half per cent. Two millions are in deposits in four local trust companies drawing three per cent interest and about a million has been subject to payments for improvements under construction or contracted for on the isthmus. The disposition of the remainder of the \$10,000,000 has not been definitely decided upon.

The payment of \$10,000,000 to Panama was made last May through a large banking house here. As the republic had no pressing need for the money it was left on deposit but netted only two per cent, so it was decided to invest in American real estate on bond and mortgage. A commission of two was sent to this city from Panama and since June 1 have accomplished their task.

Grain Contracts Clearing House.

New York, Sept. 2.—Members of the New York Produce exchange have held a special meeting to discuss the establishment of a clearing house system for grain contracts. The plan now in operation on the Minneapolis chamber of commerce seemed to find most favor, and a committee was appointed to further investigate its details.

Fire in Gem, Idaho.

Spokane, Wash., Sept. 2.—A special to the Spokesman Review from Wallace, Ida., says:

Fire which started shortly after 9 o'clock last night swept the entire business portion of Gem and a large part of the residence district, entailing a loss of \$100,000, destroying nearly 100 houses and rendering scores of people homeless. The houses were occupied for the most part by miners, many of whom moved to Gem after the Black Bear conflagration three months ago.

Telephone, telegraph, electric light and the lines of the Washington Water Power company were destroyed. Both the Oregon Railway & Navigation and Northern Pacific companies suffered some damage, having rails and flatcars derailed. The former company lost a bridge over Canyon creek near the center of the stream.

Child Kills His Little Sister.

Redding, Cal., Sept. 1.—Four-year-old John Conrad Sholand killed his sister Clara, aged five years, this morning, at Cassell in the northeastern part of Shasta county, 43 miles from Redding. It was a terrible tragedy. An older brother, William, had been out hunting. When he returned he took the shells from the shotgun and placed them on a table in the room. John loaded the gun, pointed it out of the window and discharged it. The shot killed his sister instantly.

Arthur F. Millard Discharged.

New York, Sept. 2.—Arthur F. Millard, a young draftsman of Duluth, Minn., who wrecked the interior of a Broadway hotel room a few nights ago and stabbed a policeman before he was subdued, has recovered and has been discharged, because the policeman did not care to prosecute him. Before dismissing the draughtsman, the magistrate lectured him severely for his conduct.

Building Trades Fight.

New York, Sept. 2.—On both sides of the building trades fight here there are strong indications that a settlement is in sight, and it is possible that thousands of the skilled mechanics now on strike will be at work under a revised plan of arbitration within the next two weeks.

At the suggestion of several prominent builders and union men, a joint conference is being arranged with this object in view and the leaders express the hope that a settlement may be reached soon after Labor day.

Desperate Convicts Escape.

Tacoma, Wash., Sept. 1.—Harry Chester and W. Weinberg, two desperate convicts, escaped from the federal penitentiary on McNeil's island this afternoon. They have been traced some distance in the woods and bloodhounds put on the trail. Both convicts were sentenced at Nomi.

Indians Threaten to Revolt.

Durango, Colo., Sept. 1.—A report has reached here that the Winuche Indians at Navajo threaten to revolt if not accorded better treatment by the federal government.

Their leader, Chief Ignacio, claims the interior department has repeatedly broken faith with his people, and that none of the treaties made with them are being lived up to. He asserts that the Indians are not receiving enough ration allowance to live on and the irrigation ditches promised have not been built.

SAVED THE BOY.

But the Automobile Smashed His Machine and Broke Arm.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—In saving a newsboy who had run in front of his automobile, Robert E. Fouse has driven his machine into a telegraph pole. His left arm was broken and his vehicle wrecked.

Mr. Fouse is president of the Illinois Sausage Casing company, and was on his way to visit friends. His wife occupied the rear seat. At the north approach to the Clark street bridge the small boy ran in front of the automobile, which was going too fast to be stopped. Without hesitation, the owner turned it to the sidewalk, and it rammed into the telegraph pole. The front part of the machine was torn away and both occupants were thrown to the sidewalk. Mrs. Fouse was only slightly injured. Her husband was taken home in an ambulance.

LOGGING TRAINS COLLIDE.

Boy Killed and Four Men Seriously Hurt.

Astoria, Or., Sept. 2.—Two logging trains came together on the same track at Deep river logging camp late yesterday afternoon, and as a result of the collision which followed four men were seriously injured and a boy 11 years old is dead.

DEAD.

Boy, name unknown.

INJURED.

— Finn.
Wm. Judd.
John Brown.
James Harney.

The injured men were brought to this city at midnight. One of the trains was loaded with logs, while the other carried freight. Just how the trains

came to be on the same track cannot be stated, as the men refuse to commit themselves pending an official inquiry. The boy was riding on one of the engines when the collision occurred. The little fellow was badly injured, but was conscious up to the time he was placed on the operating table. He died while being operated upon. The injured men will probably recover.

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Commissioner Arfax says it is expected interior revenue, taxes and imports of one sort and another and the customs receipts will suffice, together with the interest received from the investments made here to keep the government going.

HIG POWER MICROSCOPES.

All who use the microscope are aware that the limit of its magnifying power is soon reached. Beyond a certain point the image becomes indistinct, large but not clear, and the imperfections of the instrument are magnified as well as the object. Prof. Doherty has observed that "the powers of a microscope are not limited by the lens, but by the light which enters the eye. The child is told about his behavior at school. Take off thy hat at entering and bow to thy teacher. Rise and bow at entrance of any stranger. Bawl not in speaking. Walk with check by foot, but fall respectfully behind and always give the way to elders and superiors.—New York Tribune.

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