PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING. (Sundays excepted). Corner of South Templesand East Temple Streets Salt Lake City, Utah.

Charles W. Penrose. Business Manager Horace G. Whitney, Business Manager

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES (In Advance):

NEW YORK OFFICE. in charge of B. F. Cummings, Manager Foreign Advertising, from our Home Of-fice, 1127 Park Row Building, New York,

CHICAGO OFFICE. In charge of B F Cummings, manager foreign advertising from our Home Office S Washington St. Represented by F S. Webb. Room 515.

SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE. In charge of F. J. Cooper, 36 Geary St.

Correspondence and other reading mat-ter for publication should be addressed to the EDITOR.

Address all business communications and all remittances: and all remittances:
THE DESERET NEWS,
Salt Lake City, Utah.

Entered at the Postoffice of Salt Lake City as second class matter according to the Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

SALT LAKE CITY, - NOV. 30, 1903

DESERET NEWS 'PHONES.

Persons desiring to communicate by telephone with any department of the Descret News, will save themselves and this establishment a great deal of annoyance if they will take time to notice these numbers:

For the Chief Editor's office No. 74, 3 rings.

For Deseret News Book Store, 74. For City Editor and Reporters, 359,

For Business Manager, 389, 3 rings. For Business Office, 389, 2 rings.

THE STRIKE SITUATION.

We are of the opinion that the Governor was quite right in ordering out the militia, to protect miners who desired to work at Sunnyside and places adjacent, and that he and Col, Holmes were right in their endeavors to bring about a peaceful settlement of the dispute between the strikers and the coal company. But we also think that Vice President Kramer has the right of the argument on this question, in refusing to treat with "organizers" who have come into Utah from another State and have fomented discord and stirred up strife.

What business had those outside trouble-breeders here? Why should they be recognized by anybody, official or otherwise? They impudently assame to dictate affairs here, and pose as important personages to treat with companies and officials as though they had authority which is bound to be acknowledged. They should be let severely alone unless they break the law, and then they should be lawfully tried and punished

If some arrangement can be made by which the men who have been employed by the coal companies can meet with the representatives of their employers, and a settlement of difficulties be brought about, which we believe was the intent of Col. Holmes' proposition, there would be some sense in that, but it is too much to expect recognition of the "organizers" who have no legitimate business in connection with the matter. Let us have peace, but let it be effected with honor and consistency.

BOOK OF MORMON DISPUTE.

We intended to print to day, from the columns of the Salt Lake Tribune an anonymous communication which appeared in its columns of Sunday, Nov. 2, attacking the Book of Mormon, on the mistaken ground that Elder B. H. Roberts had publicly issued a challenge to the world on that question, and the response of Elder Roberts that appeared in that paper on Sunday, November 29. But the lengthy report on the Postal Inquiry, which our readers will find in this issue of the "News," has taken too much space to give roon for the discussion referred to. In fairness to Mr. Perry S. Heath we have also given place to his statement concerning his alleged implication in the irregularities complained of, that both may be read together.

In order, however, that the public may also have both sides of the con Froversy on the Book of Mormon, we will publish them in our next Saturday evening's edition. The alleged "challenge" by Elder Roberts consisted simply of a declaration that no one could successfully account for the predictions on page 122 of the Book of Mormon and their direct fulfilment on any other hypothesis than that the writer was inspired. However, it does not matter much, except that public speakers ought not to be misrepresented.

We may say, in passing, that while some people may have imagined that the anti-"Mormon" presentation was something new, or at least difficult to meet, to the older members of the Church, and particularly the Elders in the field from thirty to fifty years ago, there was nothing in it, apart from sarcasm and ribaldry, but what was fully ventilated during that period, pro and con. Elder Roberts' reply is in his well-known clear and forcible style, and will prove an attraction for the Saturday Evening News of December 5, 1903.

THE CAUSE OF PEACE.

The visit of upwards of 100 members of the House of Commons, with ladies, to Paris, is justly regarded as an important event. The distinguished visitors will remain in the French capital until Dec. 10, and many festivities have been planned in their honor. The yisit is to return the compliments recently paid by French senators and

Baron de Constant, who is very much

interested in the international arbitration movement, thinks this interchange of courteries will result in the enlarges. ment of the scope of the agreement entered into between France and Great Britain. He also expects that the arbitration movement will grow in popularity, and that Italy, Holland, the Scandinavian countries, and others, will sign arbitration treaties. In this way the idea underlying the establishment of the Hague tribunal will take form.

The world does not look very peaceful at the present time. The conditions in Asia, both eastern and western, are threatening; but notwithstanding the seeming instability of the poitical world and the threatening catastrophe, the friends of peace are incessantly at work, and with excellent results. Some time ago a peace congress was held at Rouen, France. Among the conspicuous figures there present were Mrs. Camille Flammarion, and Baroness Bertha von Suttner. Mrs. Flammarion, the wife of the celebratd astronomer, is one of the founders and vice presidents of the International League of Women for General Disarmament. She has also founded the Asociation of Peace and Disarmament by the Women. Among the members of this latter society are two market vomen of the great Halles of Paris who go about in the suburbs preaching the message of peace, "Thou shalt not kill."

Baroness Suttner is a noted novelist Her work "Down With Arms," is comparable, in effect, to "Uncle Tom's Cabin." Before Czar Nicholas II had publicly suggested the peace conference, his foreign minister, Count Muravleff, talked with the baroness about the project. The peace cause has many able advocates, and Baron de Constant is, perhaps, one of the ablest. As an influential member of the French parliament he has exceptional opportunities for carrying out his ideas, and he is doing so with signal success. The peace cause is growing in importance.

A COMMON-SENSE VIEW.

Amidst the numerous misrepresenta lons of affairs in Utah, set affoat by religious fanatics and unprincipled preachers, it is pleasing to note the independent and rational position taken by a number of influential papers, on the question presented to the United States Senate. Divested of the unsupported statements and sentimental verbiage in the charges preferred against Senator Smoot, there is little if anything left of a substantial This is perceived by inquiring and unbiased editors, and some of them are not afraid to face the excited and unthinking enthusiasts, who imagine they are doing great things by clamoring for the exclusion of a Senator, whose life and principles are beyond reproach and who, as a stalwart representative of monogamic relations and Republican politics, ought to be particularly acceptable to the majority of his assailants. We have copied a few sensible comments from eastern journals, and we now take the following from the Burlington (Iowa) Journal of Nov. 21. The editorial is headed, "The Case of Mr.

"It is beginning to appear that the efforts that have been made to induce the senate to deny a seat in that body o Mr. Smoot, the newly elected senator from Utah, will fail of accomplishment When the announcement was made that When the announcement was made that Utah's senator was a "Mormon" and a dignitary of that Church the concusion was jumped at that if he was a "Mormon" and an officer of the Church he must, of necessity, be all that any member of that Church ever was, and protests, based upon that assumption, were made against his being recognized as a member of the United States was

a member of the United States sen-Petitions poured into the senate, mak-Petitions poured into the senate, making various charges against him, and ing various charges against him, and several religious and secular societies took up the case. These protests came before the senate committee on elections, and it has given more or less attention to the papers that have been filed and has called upon those who filed them for proofs substantiating the charges made. The declaration was made against him that he was a polynamist, but when called upon for the proofs in support of the charge they have not been forthcoming. Possibly they may be in existence and obtainable but so far his accusers have not prebut so far his accusers have not pre-sented the senate with a particle of evi-dence in support of the charge that has en made with so much assurance. Mr moot himself says he is not now and

smoot nimself says he is not how and never was a polygamist and his veracity has not been impugned,
"Another charge is that he regards his oath and obligation to his church as paramount to that he will assume on his admission to the senate. The senator denies this count in the in-lictment and his accusers have not been able to present evidence show-ing that he is not telling the truth in the matter. The opponents of Mr. Smoot seem to have made wholesale charges against him that they are so far wholly unable to substantiate, vhatever they may be able to do later

'In all due fairness, appearances indicate that the persons who are mov-Smoot from the senate are over-zealous religonists who, because that gentleman is a member in and officer of the "Mormon" Church, believe he must be guilty of all that has brought must be guilty of all that has brought that organization into disrepute in this country. It may be regretted that Mr. Smoot is a "Mormon" and that the legislature of Utah sent him to Congress, but the constitution prohibits any religious tests being applied as a criterion of official qualifications. A Buddhist or Atheist could not be excluded because of his belief, if legally elected to Congress, any more than could a Baptist or Methodist. Possibly these enthusiasts who have been mancould a Bantist or Methodist. Possibly these enthusiasts who have been managing the crusade against Mr. Smoot supposed the evidence desired would be easily obtainable but they have been disappointed, and it is probable little ,if anything, more will be done in the controversy by the senate than to admit the Utah senator to all the privileges to which he seems to be justly entitled."

ANOTHER HOLY ALLIANCE.

tien, Booth, of Salvation Army fame, in an interview, speaks a good word for the establishment of permanent peace upon the earth. His idea is that two great powers, say England and the United States, or England and France-should unite for permanent peace. This would be a tremendous step, he said. Then let them urge a third state to join them. When this is done, other governments would be forced to do the same.

Gen. Booth takes the same view as did the noble woman, Lady Kruedener te whose efforts it is believed the socalled Holy Alliance was, very largely

due. That was also for the establishment of peace upon the earth. Russia, Prussia, and Austria were the three powers that first signed the remarkable agreement. Other countries joined, and finally also Great Britain and France: but neither treaties, nor signatures were powerful enough to preserve the peace. Gen. Booth asks whether it would be hard for two great nations to be so generous as to say, in case of a dispute, "Let them have it, we can do without it If they want it," instead of saying, "No, rather than surrender one square yard of teritory, we'll fight, we'll shed blood, we'll make widows

and orphans?" He adds: "If two nations would resolve to act as civilized beings should act they would treat each other in the way of Christ, and in this respect the Salva-tion Army, I believe, is doing its work, It is a great combining force. It is reaching out into all the world and teaching a lesson of sacrifice and love."

That is precisely the principle that was embodied in that "Holy Alliance," which was signed by Franz, Frederick Wilhelm and Alexander, in September, 1815. The history of Europe since then furnishes the answer to Mr. Booth's

ZIONIST ENTHUSIASM.

The sentiments and hopes that inspire the Zionists may be judged of to some extent by the following, which is part of an address delivered by Israel Zangwill in London:

"Never since the days of Bar-Cochba, Palestine stood so near our hopes as it tands today. . . . Whether we establish a colony in British East Africa or not is a small issue compared with the unquestionable fact that ours is now a serious political movement, offi ally recognized by two of the greatest wers of the world, England and Rusia, that we have lifted the status of he Jewish people to a height from which it must never go back.'

The leaders of this movement are very much in the position of Moses and Joshua, anciently. They see before them, clearly, a goal, and they know that the promise is given that it shall be reached. But between them and the goal is a desert, full of difficulties, of enemies, and but poorly provided with facilities for subsistence. They have to overcome indifference, disbelief, scorn, and opposition. What they need, in order to reach the promised land is the Divine presence in the flery cloud, that can guide them by day and by night, and prepare the way as they ad-

The leaders of that great movement are capable of creating enthusiasm among their hearers, perhaps not equal. ed since the days of Demosthenes. When they speak, shouts and cheers greet them, and their ideas take form. But success will never be achieved without such aid as was given the people of Israel at the time of the exodus from Egypt. The problems before the Zionists are too tremendous for mere human wisdom and power.

Daniel Frohman has just been married. A Daniel come to judgment.

Shooting Moros doesn't make the soldiers morose as might be expected.

General Reyes' offer of the Panama canal route for nothing, looks like dying

Surely, he had no need to go anywhere nd kiss the Blarney stone. Yale cleared over fifty thousand dol-

Mr. Bryan is going to visit Ireland.

ars on the football season. That's what scientific development of the feet

Mr. Bristow's report on the postoffice frauds is so long that few if any will ever read it. Take our word for it (we have read every line) it is quite inter-

Princess Alice of Schoenberg-Waldenburg denies that she eloped with her coachman. Of course not. If she eloped at all it was doubtless with her chauf-

Last week's marriage licenses showed the oldest groom to be aged seventytwo and the youngest twenty. Cupid makes no distinction, throwing his darts allke into old and young.

Is the battle of Cowpens to be re peated? It looks like it when a militla sentry fires upon a cow because It did not obey the command to "halt," and the guard is called out and cap-

If our Ogden contemporaries would send exchange copies for the Deseret News on the evening of publication, w might have the benefit of any news or views of interest to us in time for use Friday's issue comes to us on Monday norning, a little too late for a live public journal. "A hint to the wise,"

"Girls with dainty feet. Salt Lake, by actual measurement, surpasses Chicago, Boston, New York, Philadelphia

any articles you may need.

'Frisco," says a contemporary. The girls of Salt Lake haven't bigger feet than those of Chicago, New York, or any other place by actual measurement, or otherwise. In the name of the girls of Salt Lake we repudiate the vile slander put upon them by our contem-

AS SEEN IN MEXICO.

The Mexican Herald. Somebody will dig a ship canal across the lower part of Central America either by the malaria-and-mosquito route of Nicaragua or by way of the Changres-fever route at Panama. The world's commerce, high political de-signs, the potent spirit of adventure, and all that, demands a canal. Colom-bia cannot make the canal; France has had all the "Panama" she wants for 1,000 years: Uncle Sam would not look 1,000 years: Uncle Sam would not look kindly on the undertaking of the work by either the British or the Germans, and it looks as if he would have to do it himself. He has been temporarily, but not very successfully, treated to a Bogota bluff; it has made him very wrathy. Hence we agree with the Tiempo that our uncle may have been up to a little game of devilish diplomacy with the party of the other part, a revolutionary group in Panama.

RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

Everybody's Magazine for December is full of good stories, excellent pic-tures, and articles of interest. Among the conspicuous features are: Booth Tarkington's "Boss Gorgett," the first piece of short fiction the author of "Monsieur Beaucaire" has written in "Monsieur Beaucaire" has written in the last three years. It is a political story, giving the young champion of reform from the standpoint of the boss; also Eugene Burnand's pictures of Bible scenes, reproduced for the first time in America. Burnand is the greatest painter of sacred subjects since the old masters, and his studies of the Savior and the Last Suppey are of extraordinary interest. In this number a new department, "The Players," a gossipy resume of theatrical doings, by Hartley Davis, set off with superb pictures, is inaugurated,—S8 East, Ninth tures, is inaugurated.—88 East, Ninth St., New York.

In the December number of Pearson's In the December number of Pearson's the opening article is one on the "Social Duties of Mrs. Roosevelt," by Mrs. Abby G. Baker, and others of interest are: "Modern Methods of Financo," "Example I—Copper: Part I, The Blind Pool," written by Henry George, Jr.; "Young Men in Congress—Brief Fen Sketches of the Younger Generation of Statesmen powers, the Even of the Pub-Sketches of the Younger Generation of Statesmen now in the Eye of the Public," contributed by Mr. North Overton Messenger; "The Automobile; Its Powers and Possibilities," by Mr. C. J. L. Clarke: "The Alaska Boundary Question—The Ground for the Dispute Between the United States and Canada, and its Final Settlement," by Richard V. Oulahan; "The Autobiography of an Australian Kangareo," by Mr. A. J. Dawson; and "Modern Comedy and Ancient Atmosphere—some Aspects of the cient Atmosphere—some Aspects of the Present Dramatic Season." There are clever short stories, poems, etc. The il-lustrations are good as always.—Astor Place, New York,



If a man tells you he has cold, ask him what kind of underolothing he wears. He will probably say wool. Tell him to try Dr. Deimel Underwear and you won't have to ask him how his cold is again.

Booklet telling all about it and the garments may be had.

Brown, Terry, Woodruff Co. Walker Bros. Dry Goods Co.

And Leading Druggists Everywhere.

Wednesday Matinee and Night!

MAGIC! MIRTH! MYSTERY!

The Great.

EVERYTHING NEW IN MAGIC. MARVELOUS, BEWILDERING ILLU-SIONS.

The Bride Elect. The Queen of Flame, Princess Mahomeda.

HERMANN'S DISTILLERY, and MILITARY MUSICIANS, THE LASKYS. Prices, 25c to \$1.00; mailnee, 25c and 50c

NEXT ATTRACTION: Jefferson DeAngelis and company in "The Torcador."

Present Needs MAIN.

Good Warm Clothes.

We have them to your liking in style, in quality, in Fabric and

If we can not convince you of if we do not wish you to buy our

Pattern, SUITS and OVERCOATS of the famous Alfred Benjamin &

Co. make are sold only at this store in Salt Lake. We say they are

clothes. A satisfied customer is the kind we want, and our best ad-

vertisement Suits are Priced \$12.50 and up to \$35. Overcoats \$10.00

and up to \$40,00. Our store contains everything good in Men's Wear-

ables; fine Underwear, fine Shirts, fine Hosiery, fine Neckwear, fine

Hats all of latest style creations, at right prices. Pleased to show you

Gray Bros. & Co. A Dollar's Worth For a Bollar.

better clothes than you can get ready to wear, of any other make.



THE FIRST **PRODUCTS**

Direct from the work shops of Santa Claus are now on display at

UTAH'S GREATEST DEPARTMENT STORE.

The stock comprises Shaving Sets, Cuff and Collar Sets, Necktie Boxes, Manicure Sets, Work Boxes, Toilet Cases, Glove Cases, Cuff, Boxes, Brush and Comb Sets, Military Sets, Albums, Writing Sets, Crystal Fleuris Trays, and thousands of like useful articles, in addition to a large and complete

TOY DEPARTMENT,

We invite your inspection.

Z. C. W. I.

The Store of all

One of the Best Shows of the

"Cinderalla."

Or "A DRESS REHEARSAL.")



WHOSE?

ANTON PEDERSEN, Orchestral Di-ector: ROBERT HARRY LOISELLE,

Tuesday, December 1st.

Prices—25c, 50c and 75c. SPECIAL TO CHILDREN (UNDER 12 YEARS) 25 CENTS ANYWHERE IN THE HOUSE. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Seat sale now on. (Ogdon—Grand Opera House, Friday, evening, Dec, 4.)

PRICES: Night-25c, 50c.

TONIGHT! Mason and Mason

"Rudolph and Adolph" "UNCLE JOSH SPRUCEBY."

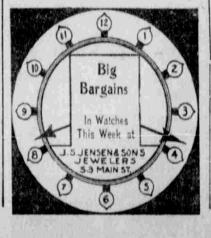
NOVELTY THEATRE

60 W. 2nd So.
REFINED VAUDEVILLE.
Performance every afternoon. 3 and 4 p.
m.; evenings, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30 p. m.
Thursday Amateur Night. SACRED CONCERT SUNDAY.

ADMISSION 10c.

Brokerage House of JOHN C. CUTLER, JR., Investment Bank and Sugar Stocks.

Commercial Stocks and Bonds, Bought and Sold. TEL. 127+3. 36 MAIN ST.



MPORTANT PRICE-CUTS ON

ESTABLISHED 1864

WOMEN'S STYLISH OUTER GARMENTS.

A decided-aggressive-pushing down of prices on coats, skirts and waists. We are determined to make this the banner week of the season and these are the sort of values that will do

PEAU DE SOIE Silk Waists, trimmed with side plaits and madallions, full sleeves, fancy stock collar, come in navy blue, pink, cardinal, pale blue and black, worth \$7.50. Special at

ASSORTMENT of New Dress and Walking Skirts, made up in cheviots, imported venetians and English Tweeds. Many are silk band and self strappe d trimmed, none worth \$6.50 less than \$10.00. Special at.......\$6.50

ELECTRIC SEAL JACKETS 22-in. long, leavy satin lined

Smoking Jackets.

The man, who has nobody to think of but himself, and the man who has somebody to think of and for him, both enjoy the possession of House Coats, or Smoking Jackets. It's mighty comfortable to come home at night, and slip into

a coat that you're not afraid to wrinkle. Fine choosing here now for a man himself-fine choosing, too, for somebody thinking for him.

For \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$9.50, \$11,00, \$12.50 or \$13.50

THERE IS AN FLEGANT ASSORTMENT.

BARTON & CO., 45 and 47

Outfitters to Men and Boys.

SUGAR STOCKS, A LOCAL BONDS.

Bought and Sold.

207 News Building. 'Phone 907k

General Contractors.

FIRE CLAY.

BANK STOCKS. SUCAR STOCKS

Any kind of COAL you want?

WE HAVE IT. Phone Burton Coal & Lumber Co.

68 W. 2nd So.