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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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GEORGE Q. CANNON,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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(SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.)

By Telegraph.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 2.—Nye presented the constitution adopted by the Utah State convention, to accompany their application for admission as a State.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 2.—Hooper, of Utah presented the memorial of the constitutional convention of Utah, praying for the admission of that Territory into the Union under the name of Deseret—referred.

Representative Voorhees introduced in the house to-day, and had referred to the judiciary committee, of which he is a member, a bill to aid in the enforcement of the laws in the Territory of Utah.

On motion of Slatler a bill was reported to grant a right of way in the public lands for a railroad from Great Salt Lake City to Portland, Oregon.

Dunnell on committee on lands reported a bill to incorporate the Great Salt Lake and Colorado River Railway Company and grant the right of way through the public lands. The bill was postponed till next Tuesday, and the steamboat bill was taken up.

GENERAL.

NEW YORK, 1.—A new season of Italian opera, with a combination of Parepa Rosa, Wachtel and Adeline Phillips, opened to-night. The audience was the largest in the Academy of Music this winter. The opera was "Il Trovatore." The receipts were over \$10,000.

HARRISBURG, 1.—It is reported here that the following gentlemen have signified their intention to attend and support the action of the Cincinnati convention: Senator McClure, J. H. Moorehead, Judge Pettis, D. Phelps, Geo. H. Irwin, J. M. McClure, and Gen. Joseph Coke.

NEW ORLEANS, 1.—The messenger of the Citizens' Bank was robbed to-day, of a pocket-book containing \$67,000. The robbery was effected by exchanging books while the messenger was in the bank. No arrests.

SCRANTON, Pa., 1.—There was a terrible accident at Carbondale this afternoon. The trestle work of a coal breaker 100 feet high, was blown down by a furious gale, conveying with it a number of men and boys at work on it. Two men and a boy were fatally injured. The ruins caught fire almost at once, from some cause, and the breaker was saved with the greatest difficulty. It is believed but not known that several boys were burned to death. A miner

was killed to-day in the same mine by falling coal.

ST. LOUIS, April 1.—Thomas Russell, superintendent of some public works, was this morning struck on the head by Barney Lane, a laborer, and killed. Lane escaped.

NEW YORK, 2.—Among the indictments yesterday was Judge Pratt, of Brooklyn, who held the collectorship of internal revenue in 1867 and '8; but Judge Davis, the district attorney, thinks the indictment against him was found under a total misapprehension of the facts.

In conversation with a reporter yesterday, De Kay, the clerk of the District Attorney's office, whose appointment is due to General Butler, and who is specially instructed in this branch of the District Attorney's office, said, replying to an interrogatory whether the grand jury had investigated the recent custom house frauds, that it was a question whether any custom house frauds had recently been exposed by the investigating committee, that no instructions had been sent from Washington, to investigate the customs bribery cases.

About eighty indictments were found yesterday, a number of prominent persons being mentioned in the list, the names of most of the parties being subordinate ex-revenue officers and dealers in whiskey. The indictments are principally on affidavits made in 1867-8. On this account, and also by reason of the lapse of time it is thought many of them will be quashed at the outset. It is proposed on the part of the government to make a test case of the one in which the evidence is strongest, and be governed in the others by the results therein as to the continuance of the prosecutions; and at any rate the trials can't be reached for a long time inasmuch as there are at present four thousand untried cases in the courts of this city.

OROVILLE, 1.—A severe hail storm of one hour's duration occurred here this morning, the hail was from one to two inches in diameter. It is thought that great damage will be done to the crops along the track of the storm.

WASHINGTON, 2.—At the cabinet meeting to-day the letter of Earl Granville in reply to Secretary Fish occupied nearly two hours of the session. The particulars of the letter cannot be ascertained, but it is known from a reliable source that it is in the character of an elaborate argument against the claim of the United States for indirect damages. It is firm yet friendly in tone, and expresses the hope that both nations will be able to come to an understanding. The Secretary of State will not answer Granville for some time.

VISALIA, 2.—From Lone Pine we have further particulars of the earthquake. Sixty buildings were thrown down, and but seven buildings on one side and three on the other of Main St. were left standing. Four more deaths have resulted from the injuries, making a total of twenty seven.

On Wednesday afternoon, while the survivors of Lone Pine were interring their dead, the cemetery was in a constant tremor. The excitement still continues, many are preparing to leave the country as soon as they have the means. Four miles south of Lone Pine a small lake entirely disappeared. Owen's river has largely decreased in volume, and since the shake a large creek, with a swift current, has appeared where formerly not a drop of water ran. The shakes were still erupting on Friday morning when our informant left. Three slight shocks were felt here last evening.

SAN DIEGO, 2.—In Osoquites Valley the earthquake opened the springs to such an extent that the flow has increased over four feet, and there is now sufficient water to irrigate one valley.

Near the head waters of the San Diego river, about 40 miles distant there has been discovered natural falls 100 feet high; the water is not large, but is described as being extremely beautiful.

SAN FRANCISCO, 3.—To-day G. Reilly, of the South Pacific Railway Co., was fearfully injured by giant powder exploding. His left leg was torn to pieces and his shin bone was blown some distance from the spot. His right

leg is also badly injured. Dr. Lane amputated the left leg.

Colonel Whipple arrived from Lone Pine last night and proceeded to Valero to visit his family. He will call on the Mayor to-day and ask an appeal to the citizens on behalf of the sufferers by the great earthquake.

COPPERPOLIS, 3.—A Frenchman named Sekgoie, sixty-two years of age, eloped with an adopted daughter, aged 14 years, named Lucy Gallagher. He took her from the Catholic orphan asylum of San Francisco, four years ago, and has been intimate with her for two years. He left here with a pair of dark brown American horses and spring wagon. He had about \$200 in coin, and leaves a wife to whom he has been married 35 years. She is in destitute circumstances. We hope the press will publish the villain.

LOS ANGELES, 3.—Geo. Fouth, aged thirty-five years, a native of Bavaria, was found dead yesterday in a cañon. He was driving a team with a load of wood, and in descending a steep grade the brake broke, throwing him under the wheels, crushing his breast in.

Numbers of refugees from Sonora and other border States of Mexico are arriving, most from the rebel side, who represent the cause as hopeless on the border.

The earthquake has had a marked effect on artesian wells near here, some stopped entirely others partially.

The spring wool clip is coming in and is freely judged below average, owing to the scarcity of feed last year. It is estimated that one million dollars will be paid to this county for wool this season.

PORTLAND, 3.—A man here has sued his father and mother-in-law for \$5,000 damage, on account of his wife turning out sickly and peevish after being represented as strong and healthy by them.

VISALIA, 3.—There were two sharp shocks of earthquake early this morning, the last of which, at 4.40 a.m., was most severe since the 26th. Many persons are yet too timorous to sleep in brick buildings.

A Paris dispatch says a great Bonapartist reaction is now in progress throughout France. There has been an unusually large influx of Bonapartist leaders within a short time. The reaction is greatly aided by the results of the libel suit against *Figaro*, which showed that the ex-emperor was not responsible for many of the disasters to France.

The obsequies of the late Gen. Robt. Anderson in this city this a.m. were of a very imposing character. The military were in line at 10 a.m. and in half an hour after the procession was fairly en route, the cavalcade being formed as follows—

The police escort, under the lead of Gen. W. G. Ward; 71st, 9th and 7th Regiments; two batteries of the 1st artillery, which were in Fort Sumpter with Gen. Anderson; artillery, next the corpse, under the Fort Sumpter flag, on an artillery wagon; after which followed the pall bearers and many miscellaneous organizations.

The procession passed through Fourteenth St. to 23d, then to 24th St. ferry, where the body was placed on a steamer for West Point. The streets were lined with crowds densely packed. Flags along the route were dropped to half-mast.

President Grant is in the city to see his wife and daughter off for Europe.

ST. LOUIS, 3.—At the city election, the Democrats elected nine out of twelve Aldermen, and six out of eight school directors.

The parade of colored citizens to celebrate the anniversary of the 15th amendment to-day numbered about 4,000.

FOREIGN.

PARIS, 2.—Thiers informs the committee appointed to represent the assembly during its recess, that there is difficulty between Algiers and Tunis, which he is endeavoring to arrange with the Tunisian government. He also holds England responsible for Russia restoring her fortifications in the Black sea.

the "battle of Dorking." The troops in

the field, including 20,000 volunteers, were divided into two armies, one of invasion and the other of defense, and the enemy was supposed to have effected a landing at Shoreham harbor. A sharp mock fight closed at 1 o'clock, and both sides were impartially beaten.

By the breaking down of the stand at the Tyrone, Ireland, races, 200 were precipitated to the ground; thirty injured, some fatally.

MANCHESTER, 2.—A large deputation of conservatives marched in procession to Pomona gardens, where they presented an address to Disraeli expressing the hope that he would soon come into power again. In spite of heavy snow and rain the attendance was immense. Disraeli was repeatedly cheered.

LONDON, 2.—Bradlaugh, in a lecture in Glasgow last night, stated that he was in favor of a Republican form of government for Great Britain. Parliament he said bestowed the crown on William and Mary, and what it had the right to give it certainly had the right to withhold. These utterances gave rise to considerable disorder and an attack on the lecturer. A number of windows and street lamps were broken and several policemen were stoned by the rioters; no one was seriously injured.

LONDON, 3.—A convention has been signed by Maintenance Construction Co., for a cable from Lisbon to Brazil, via Maderia and Cape Verde Islands.

MADRID, 3.—The authorities of towns in the province of Badajoz and other places have coalesced on the initiation of a measure for the restoration of Gibraltar to Spain.

Correspondence.

LOGAN, Cache Co.,

March 28th, 1872.

Editor Deseret News:

The business men of the county have been desirous for some time, to place the produce raised here, in the hands of consumers, without the aid of peddlers and middlemen, who have generally bought up everything for which a market could be found, and hauled it off to points on the railway, where it has been disposed of to merchants carrying on business with California, Nevada and the various mining camps in the surrounding territories.

The eggs and butter produced here have been especially sought after, and though fetching a good price in markets east and west of us, the profits realized by the people have been very small.

A meeting of the Presidents and business managers of the Co-operative stores was called a few days ago to take into consideration the propriety of adopting measures to remedy the evils complained of. A board of trade was organized, consisting of the presidents and business managers of the Co-operative stores. Wm. B. Preston was elected president, and E. Stratford secretary of the board, and the board pledged themselves to act as a unit in all measures adopted for the benefit of the community.

An offer was made by one of the board for all the eggs taken in by the stores during the next thirty days, which would raise the price of them and give the people the profits hitherto received by peddlers and others. The board determined to use their influence with the people to have them take more care in making up the butter offered for sale, being well aware that a good quality of butter would always command a remunerative price, when an inferior article was a drug in the market.

Some spirited remarks were made upon the advantages of an organization of this kind by which the produce business could be made profitable to the people by regulating prices and making them uniform throughout the county, and finding markets for a greater variety of articles raised by the people.

The board expect to hold monthly meetings, in order to carry out the measures that may be presented for their consideration.

Respectfully Yours, etc.,

EDWIN STRATFORD.