

for the range stockmen. The range interest was not even hinted at, and we found ourselves as an association in debt. The convention appointed a committee to meet a like committee from the competing city of Chicago; they met at Springfield, Illinois, and agreed to have both associations meet in Chicago, dissolve, and meet and form a national association; each member to pay twenty-five dollars; all our money was lost to each and every association."

Reporter.—What do you intend to do as President of the Utah Cattle and Horse-growers' Association?

I cannot consistently ask the stockmen to go east of the Missouri River and spend their money to please eastern stockmen and large cities.

What do you propose to do?

I will call the executive committee together soon, and it is for them to consider what the stockmen want to do about going to the Inter-Mountain Convention to be held at Denver, in January, 1887, which takes in all the range interest between Colorado, Wyoming and the Pacific Coast.

How is the stock interest now in Utah?

It is better than with our neighbors. The stock is healthy, beef is bringing a good price, with a good outlook for those that feed for spring.

What about fine stock?

Well, we have imported more this year than last. The farmers are beginning to wake up to their own interests.

Is Utah not ahead of everything?

That depends; if you mean fine stock, no. The Cherokee Indians are ahead of us. You see so many people brought Brin, Pidge, Roan and Speck with them across the plains, and they have to keep their calves; that is now the greatest trouble. But I am not discouraged, and ere long Utah stockmen and farmers will be aristocrats.

Here our reporter left the veteran, with his baton on the back of his head, believing that he sometimes thinks of others than himself.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, NOV. 8.

**The New Pen.**—A dispatch from Washington, received this morning, says the commission appointed on the matter of the new penitentiary for Utah, for which Congress made an appropriation of \$60,000, has sent its opinion to the Secretary of the Interior. It suggests that an addition be made to the present building. The plans and specifications are now being considered by the Secretary, with a view to selecting the best.

**Horse Recovered.**—Mr. David Lambert was passing Commercial Street to-day, when his eye rested on a horse which was stolen from him about two years ago. It was in the possession of M. Lewis, a second-hand dealer, who, after the identification of the animal, restored it to the owner. Mr. Lewis purchased the horse from Chas. Palmer, of East Mill Creek, from whom he has a bill of sale. Mr. Palmer (or Mr. Parr, as it is said his true name is) will have an opportunity to tell where he obtained it.

**Rands vs. Brain.**—Shortly after 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon the jury in the suit of J. W. Rands et al. vs. Edward Brain returned with their verdict. The plaintiffs asked for seven-sevenths of the property on which Mr. Brain's brickyard is situated, but the jury found that only two of the plaintiffs were entitled to recover—Elizabeth Rands and Sarah Leigh—and gave a verdict for them of two-sevenths of the property. Ten days' stay of proceedings was granted in which the defendant may perfect an appeal.

**C. W. Shaffer Arrested.**—On Saturday night another step was taken in the cattle dispute in which the Indiana Land and Live Stock Company and Messrs. Orth, of Ogden, are concerned. On complaint of Mr. E. A. Orth, Chas. W. Shaffer was arrested at McGregor, Millard County, and taken to Ogden, where he was to have a preliminary hearing to-day. The defendant is accused of unlawfully holding some cattle belonging to the Indiana Company. He claims to have possession of them under instructions of a deputy marshal.

**Fort Duchesne.**—Mr. B. H. Young arrived Saturday evening from Fort Duchesne, in the Uintah reservation. He reports trading with Indians and generally as tolerably lively; probably three million pounds of freight will go over the road from Price this winter, and considerable has already been taken. An immense amount of lumber work will be done on the government contracts, and bids are being prepared lively. The Indians are on their good behavior, and everybody seems prosperous.

**Dwelling Destroyed.**—Yesterday forenoon the dwelling house of Mr. George Bishop, near the Warm Springs bath house, was burned to the ground. Mr. Bishop was engaged in boiling tar on the stove in the kitchen, when the contents of the kettle took fire. The flames quickly caught the roof, under which some sheeting was stretched for a ceiling, and the whole building was soon enveloped. The neighbors quickly gathered, and saved some of the furniture, but the house, which was frame, was burned, with much of the clothing, furniture, etc., leaving the family destitute. The loss is about \$500.

**The Territorial Official Cases.**—The Supreme Court of the United States has given a decision in the

cases of "The People of the Territory of Utah, by District Attorney W. H. Dickson, ex rel. Bolivar Roberts and Arthur Pratt, against James Jack and N. W. Clayton." The complainants moved to dismiss the appeal, heretofore granted the defendants by two Justices of the Court of last resort. A private dispatch states that the motion was denied. The contest will consequently be carried up through the courts until it reaches the Supreme Court of the United States, and will reach a final decision on its merits.

**Held to Answer.**—Last evening Marshal Dyer returned from Cheyenne, bringing with him William Harter, the young man who departed from this city a week ago, taking with him \$220 of his employer's money. He was arraigned before Commissioner McKay to-day, and waived examination. He was placed under \$1,000 bonds to await the grand jury's action on the charge of grand larceny.

The parents of the accused reside in this city and have always borne an excellent character. The course that their son is accused of having pursued recently is a source of great sorrow to them.

**Court Notes.**—Proceedings in the Third District Court to-day:

F. Wertheimer vs. C. V. Whiting et al.; default and judgment for plaintiff.

E. D. Egan vs. James T. Clabsey; plaintiff allowed until Dec. 15th to file motion for new trial.

Frank Wright vs. M. S. Ascheim et al.; trial before jury in progress.

Timothy Spray was admitted to citizenship.

Max Lipman was excused from further service as petit juror.

Frisco Consolidated Mining Company vs. D. N. Swan; twenty days from date to file statement for new trial.

Daniel Eyer vs. Daniel Bateman; same order.

**Barn Burned.**—About six o'clock yesterday morning the nightwatchman from the City Hall was going down the State Road on his way home, when he happened to look toward the Twenty-first Ward, where he observed that a building was in flames. He immediately returned and gave the alarm, and the firemen hastened to the place—a barn on the premises of M. R. Evans. The flames had made such headway that there was no prospect of saving anything, and the pressure on the mains so far up the hill was so light that a stream could not be turned on the burning building until the life engine arrived at the place. By active work the firemen saved a barn close by, belonging to Bishop W. L. N. Allen, which was scorched. The loss to Mr. Evans is about \$500. The fire is supposed to be the work of tramps who slept in the barn.

**The Wrong Man.**—Last evening an officer from Nebraska arrived in this city for the purpose of taking back with him the murderer who escaped from custody there last September, and was supposed to have been arrested by deputy marshals in Utah. As soon as he set eyes on Mr. Maier, who was believed to be the man wanted, he saw that an error had been made. Mr. Maier was accordingly released, and will return to Ogden, where he has quite a number of friends who have never doubted his innocence, and have declared it a case of mistaken identity.

It is understood that E. A. Franks, "detective and ex-deputy marshal," worked up the case against Mr. Maier, and there was some dispute about who was to get the reward. But as the "detective" was "off," he will probably have to be content with nothing for his trouble.

The description given of the escaped murderer tallied closely with that of Maier, but the latter is slightly the taller of the two.

#### ANOTHER RAID.

MILL CREEK AND BIG COTTONWOOD VISITED BY DEPUTY MARSHALS.

About 7 o'clock on Saturday night the home of

LORENZO STUTZ,

at Mill Creek, Salt Lake County, was encompassed about by deputy marshals, with a warrant of arrest for William Stutz, on a charge of unlawful cohabitation. The warrant was served on Mr. Lorenzo Stutz, who was brought before Commissioner McKay to-day, and pleaded not guilty to the complaint, signed by D. W. Kench, and charging him with unlawfully cohabiting with Mrs. Wm. Stutz and Jane Doe Stutz as his wives. The Commissioner charged the name "William" to that of the defendant. The preliminary examination was waived, and Mr. Stutz gave \$1,500 bail for himself, and \$200 for each of four witnesses for the prosecution.

At the time of the visit of the deputies, Mrs. Stutz was in a very weak condition, her babe being but nine days old, and the shock to her system has been quite serious.

Early this morning, Big Cottonwood ten miles south of this city, was also visited by a force of deputy marshals, among the number being two whom their chief organ in this city delights to designate by the euphonious titles of "Arturus Fabricius" Pratt and "Momanus Cicero" Cannon. The first named served a warrant of arrest upon

GIDEON M. MUMFORD,

who was seated at breakfast when the call was made. He was brought to this city to answer to the charge preferred against him by D. W. Kench, before Commissioner McKay, of having lived, from Dec. 1, 1883, to Nov. 3, 1886, with Mrs. Gideon Mumford and Jane Doe Mumford as his wives. The defendant waived examination, and was required to give \$1,500 bail to await the result of the grand jury's investigations. Six witnesses were also ordered to furnish bonds in the sum of \$200 each.

All of the witnesses in these cases were ordered to appear before the grand jury on Monday, November 22.

#### PROVO POINTS.

THE PEARSON TRIAL.

On Thursday afternoon the prosecution offered rebutting evidence.

Mr. Alvares Rose was the first witness. I live at Diamond, Tintic; business, mining; am 19 years of age; I saw the defendant about a year ago, about four miles from Diamond; Phil Cauton was with me; A man by the name of Green was with Mr. Pearson.

Q.—What was the defendant's condition when you met him, as to sobriety?

Objected to by defense, that the reputation of the defendant cannot be met with evidence so remote; it is not in rebuttal of any evidence yet produced, and the testimony in its strictest sense is not competent.

The prosecution said they intended to prove acts of violence and intoxication both prior to and after the homicide, as the testimony on the part of the defendant was to show that he was not aware as to what effect drinking would have on him. Also, as to whether it was voluntary intoxication.

The jury were excused, and the question was argued at great length to settle it once and for all. The afternoon and most of Friday was spent in the argument of the question, and a number of witnesses were called.

The argument on the point of admissibility of evidence for the purpose of rebuttal, was still going on at 3 p. m., the defense making the closing argument. It admitted, the case would not be finished until next week, and probably not before the end of the term.

The litigation of the county is at a standstill. Last term the big Bullion-Beck mining suit occupied the term, and now this murder case crowds out what was then laid over, and new cases are away in the future. Some local attorneys are getting discouraged and about to leave the district if not the Territory.

The People vs. Horace Holt, grand larceny, was argued Thursday night. Demurrer taken under advisement.

The United States vs. Barnett, post-office account, taken under advisement.

#### CONFERENCE ON THE SANDWICH ISLANDS—HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS.

LATE, Oct. 10th, 1886.

Editor Deseret News:

Our semi-annual Conference, with its attendant labors, cares, anxieties and pleasures, has come and gone. The Elders all returned here from Honolulu a few days before the time appointed for conference, in good health and spirits—glad to have a short respite from their labors, and taste a "white meal" again.

On Friday, October 1st, the conference of Y. M. M. I. Associations convened, but was not very well represented from the other islands. The work among the young, however, is still going on with some evidences of improvement.

Saturday was devoted to the conference of the Relief Societies, a number of which have been organized on the different islands, but are not in so prosperous a condition as could be desired, none of the white sisters at present being able to travel in that interest.

Sunday, the day appointed for the opening of Conference, was ushered in by the glorious sun shining through the breaking cloud that lay heavily upon the bosom of the distant sea, as if pleased to see again the grassy slopes and wooded hills. The soft sea breeze wafted the ever welcome sound of the distant surf whispering to us peace.

Sunday and Monday were occupied in hearing reports from the presidents of the different conferences and branches and general instruction from others in regard to duties, etc.

To break the monotony for our native brethren and give them a little recreation, Tuesday was dedicated to amusements. At 10 o'clock a. m. a concert was announced under the management of Elder Matthew Noall. Under his able direction the native talent was finely exhibited, some very creditable pieces of vocal music being rendered. The late brass band assisted also in the programme. Mention of Brother Enoch Farr, Jun., legerdemain must not be omitted and was quite a feature of the affair, creating much amusement and a great deal of wonder among the natives. The concert closed with an exhibition by some of the older natives of their ancient mode of singing and dancing, which was appreciated by them and enjoyed by the white sisters, many of whom had never heard or seen such before. The afternoon was

spent in outdoor sports, in which all participated, both young and old.

Conference closed on Wednesday, all feeling well repaid for their short visit to Laie.

Before the close of the week our little village had regained its accustomed quiet aspect, all those from other parts having returned home.

The statistical report of the mission shows our strength to be 3336, 181 persons having been baptized this term. Quite a number are enrolled in the Y. M. M. I. Associations and there are 451 members in the Sunday School.

The appointments for the term are as follows: Elders R. B. T. Taylor and James Oswald to the island of Kauai. H. S. Harris and Elihu Barrell to Maui. Molokai and Lanai. Matthew Noall and E. Farr, Jr., to the districts of Hilo, Hamakua and Kohala, on Hawaii. A. J. Merrill to Puna, Kau and Koua, Hawaii. Elders J. E. Gates, G. A. Wilcox and J. S. Hyde were appointed to labor on this island, Oahu, but being also required to labor on the plantation as "sugar boiler," "sugar drier" and bookkeeper. Most of their time will necessarily be spent in the latter calling. Elder Sanford Alfred takes care of the stock, of which we have a fine herd.

A few days ago we finished our semi-annual drive and branded 161 head of calves under six months old. The herd now numbers over one thousand.

We are all busy at present fixing up fences around pasture and field, repairing machinery, carts, etc., preparatory to starting the sugar mill. The screech of our steam whistle will be heard on or about the 1st of December when we will start up for the season, with the expectation of turning out about 200 tons of sugar. This would be but a small amount for some of the mills here, a matter of not more than two or three days' work, but it will keep us very busy for several months.

We have facilities for a very extensive plantation, plenty of land and water, but our policy is to look first to the spiritual welfare of our people, and for this reason we have not devoted our energies to develop the many resources of wealth that lay around us.

The *ramie* has recently been introduced here on the islands, and grows finely where attention is given to its cultivation.

The *cinchona*, the tree from which quinine is extracted, has also been planted with encouraging results. The rich volcanic soil and tropical climate of these islands are adapted to the cultivation of many other plants that may greatly add to the wealth of this kingdom in the future.

In regard to the affairs of this government, considerable anxiety is felt and severe criticism indulged in by the liberal party, on account of what they consider a prodigal expenditure of the public funds by the present legislature. The appropriation bill has run up to over \$1,500,000, exceeding the amount of the recent loan by \$2,000,000. This sum would be but a wash bill for some of the kingdoms of our "glorious civilization," but if it be remembered that the whole of the present population of these islands is but 80,000, the cause of the anxiety of the few planters and merchants here is apparent. It provokes a scowl, and finally an outburst of indignation, when, looking down the list of appropriations, the planter sees among other equally senseless expenditures, \$40,000 for the army. The forces of the Hawaiian kingdom number but 250 men exclusive of the commander-in-chief, brigadier, major, etc. Does not this mighty array of forces seem to be of about the same utility as a war on a man's nose? In the army are companies facetiously called "King's Own," "Queen's Own," "Prince's Own." However, a king must have an army to prop up his throne, and if this one does remind us of the famous legions of Bombastes Furioso, we must tuck our smiles in our sleeves, and uncover our heads as the king goes by.

With *aloha nui* from those here to all the Saints in Zion, I will close.

J. F. GATES,  
Clerk of Conference.

#### PRIESTHOOD MEETING.

There was good attendance at the Priesthood meeting held in the Assembly Hall on Saturday last.

All the Wards of the Stake (41 in number) were properly represented, excepting the 5th, 8th and 13th of the city, and Mountain Dell and Riverton of the country wards.

There were only three out of seventeen quorums of Elders who did not respond to the roll call viz.: the 3rd, 7th and 16th.

The quorums of the lesser Priesthood were well represented from the country wards.

Twelve young men were recommended for ordination to the office of Elder.

A number of speakers addressed the meeting, and a variety of subjects were presented. The necessity of observing the law of the Lord in every particular was strongly advocated; the setting of our houses in order in accordance with the revelation given to President John Taylor, October 13th, 1882, and the purification of Zion was urged.

Many are sickly in consequence of a violation of one of God's commandments wherein it says: "And now, behold, this is a commandment which I give unto you, that ye shall not suffer any one, knowingly, to partake of my flesh and blood unworthily, when ye shall minister it; for whoso eateth and drinketh my flesh and blood unworthily

eateth and drinketh damnation to his soul;

"Therefore if ye know that a man is unworthy to eat and drink of my flesh and blood, ye shall forbid him." (See 3rd Book of Nephi, 18th chap. 28 and 29 verses, latest edition.)

In dispensing the sacrament of the Lord's Supper the Elder or Priest, or whoever officiates, should see that it is properly done. If any member of the Church has ill feelings against another, let the parties be reconciled before they partake of this sacred ordinance.

Bishops should see that no iniquity exists in their Wards, and Teachers, to magnify their calling in an acceptable manner before the Lord, are required to see that there is no evil in their districts. If Bishops and Teachers will not attend to their respective duties let them resign their office.

The drunkard, seducer, Sabbath-breaker and the profaner of the name of Deity have no fellowship with the Holy Spirit, and if these things are known to be indulged in by any one professing to be members of the Church, and no action taken, then the Teachers and Bishops will be held accountable for a dereliction of their duties.

Every one should be severed from the Church of God if he practices iniquity. It is a reflection upon the people of God if such things exist.

Again, we have a great many children who require proper instruction, and the word of the Lord is very explicit concerning the training of our offspring.

Every parent in Israel will be held accountable for the acts of their children. If they have not been properly instructed while in their infancy, and should depart from the ways of the Lord, then the parents are amenable.

There are over 11,300 children of school age in this county alone. The trustees of our day schools are not as energetic as they should be. There are many things that require their attention about the school rooms and grounds, that should be attended to. Let fathers and mothers know what their children are doing; become familiar with their acts; make home pleasant for them, and see that they are beneath their roofs at a proper hour in the evening.

Some of the Bishops of this city have and others are making arrangements to hold district meetings during the evenings of the week, this coming winter, such meetings to be held on the blocks where the people reside. The Bishop or some person whom he may appoint, should preside at such meetings.

It is necessary that the Bishop should visit every family in his ward, and also attend the meetings of the various quorums of the priesthood when it is at all practicable, and become familiar with the spirit of every member of the Church who is or may be under his jurisdiction.

Again the Lord requires us to maintain every righteous principle, and contend for our rights before every tribunal of the land. After we have importuned all officers or tribunals from the lowest to the highest authority, and they refuse to redress our grievances, then we are justified in making an appeal to God, who will avenge us of our wrongs.

There is a principle that the Latter-day Saints seem to have measurably lost sight of, and that is the "Mormon creed," which is as follows: "Mind your own business." This was uttered by the Prophet Joseph Smith by inspiration of the Lord, and should be observed according to the spirit, meaning and intent thereof by every member of the Church.

Brother David R. Lyon was unanimously sustained as First Assistant to Brother John C. Cutler, Superintendent of the Sunday Schools in the Salt Lake Stake of Zion, and Brothers Evan Stephens, Jesse W. Fox, Jr. E. F. Parry and J. B. Barlow were unanimously sustained to act as Missionaries in the same organization.

J. D. S.

#### Sleeplessness.

Narcotics and sedatives murder sleep; the unnatural stupor is soon followed by ill effects. Simmons Liver Regulator removes the cause of restlessness by regulating the bowels, by establishing good digestion and by quieting the nerves.

"I have been a great sufferer from dyspepsia and loss of sleep. As soon as I feel the least nervous I take a dose of Simmons Liver Regulator, and sleep all night."

Mrs. R. BRYANT, Griswoldsville, Ga.

#### The Verdict Unanimous.

W D Salt, Druggist, Bippus, Ind., testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles, and was cured of Rheumatism of 10 years' standing." Abraham Hare, druggist, Bellville, Ohio, affirms: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my 20 years' experience, is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony, so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters cure all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys or Blood. Only a half dollar a bottle at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store. 2

Angostura Bitters were prepared by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert for his private use. Their reputation is such to-day that they have become generally known as the best appetizing tonic. Beware of counterfeits. Ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.